

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT INCLUDING AUDITORS' REPORTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,

2013

Prepared by Department of Finance
Steve Corbeille, Finance Director
Anthony Scherer, Assistant Finance Director

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN December 31, 2013

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June 13, 2014

Honorable Mayor Justin M. Nickels Common Council City of Manitowoc Citizens City of Manitowoc Manitowoc, Wisconsin 54220

Mayor Nickels,

Wisconsin Statute Section 86.303(5)(g) requires that all municipalities having a population of 25,000 or more must publish within seven (7) months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, submitted herewith is the comprehensive annual financial report of the City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013. This report was prepared by the City's Finance Department.



This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Manitowoc. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City of Manitowoc has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Manitowoc's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City of Manitowoc's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City of Manitowoc's financial statements have been audited by Schenck SC, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Manitowoc for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the City of Manitowoc's financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP.

The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report. The independent audit of the financial statements of the City of

CITY **HALL** • 900 Quay Street • Manitowoc, WI 54220-4543 Finance (920) 686-6960 • Treasurer (920) 686-6965 • FAX: (920) 686-6969 www.manitowoc.org Manitowoc was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the Single Audit Section of this report.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Manitowoc's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Government

The City of Manitowoc is the County Seat of Manitowoc County, located in east central Wisconsin. The City is approximately 75 minutes north of Milwaukee, 20 minutes southeast of Green Bay and 150 minutes north of Chicago, Illinois. The City encompasses 18.302 square miles totaling 11,713.28 acres. It is located on Lake Michigan in a natural harbor formed by an outlet of the Manitowoc River. The City was incorporated on March 12, 1870. With an estimated 2013 population of 33,685, the population of Manitowoc has decreased .15% since the 2010 Census report of 33,736 and 1.08% since the 2000 Census report of 34,053. The population and square mile statistics combine to produce a population density of 1,845 persons per square mile. This indicates ample land for future growth and orderly development. The City of Manitowoc is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries. It also is empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which occurs periodically when deemed appropriate by the governing council.

The City of Manitowoc operates under the council-mayor form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a governing council consisting of a mayor who is elected at large to a four-year term, and council of 10 members elected to two-year staggered terms on the basis of district representations. The council is elected on a non-partisan basis. The governing council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing department head officials, and approval of mayoral member appointments to council committees, various boards and commissions. The mayor is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the governing council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the government, economic development, monitoring and lobbying state and federal legislation, and compilation of an executive budget recommendation.

The City provides a full range of municipal services contemplated by statute or character, including public safety, streets, sanitation, parks-recreation-culture, public improvements, planning and zoning, transit, water and electric systems, and general administrative services. Public safety is provided with four fire stations and 53 firefighters, a rescue squad manned by 48 members trained to paramedic skill level and a police department with 66 sworn officers. The Public Works Department is responsible for the engineering, designing and inspection of City construction projects, and maintenance of public roadways within the City. The City owns the Manitowoc Public Utilities, which is governed by a seven-member commission. The Department of Parks and Recreation maintains the City's parkland and recreational buildings and coordinates a year-round recreation program for Manitowoc residents. Total full time equivalent municipal employment numbers 367 and part time numbers 10. The School District of Manitowoc services the City and provides a comprehensive program for students in kindergarten through the twelfth grade. The district facilities consist of one comprehensive high school, an alternative high school (operating as a charter school), a specialized school for a

handful of children in grades 1-8 with significant emotional/behavioral disabilities (operating as a charter school), two junior high schools, six grade 1-6 elementary schools and an early childhood center. Higher education is provided by the University of Wisconsin-Manitowoc, which specializes in freshmen/sophomore curriculum for students to begin their studies before transferring to four-year undergraduate public or private colleges, and Silver Lake College an independent four-year college with career directed programming. Within commuting distance, Lakeshore Technical College in Cleveland, Wisconsin is a public, non-profit college. The college has evolved from mainly offering basic skill courses to the need of technical skills and offering technical courses in computers and other sophisticated equipment.

The annual operating budget serves as the foundation for the City of Manitowoc's financial planning and control. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them and is legally enacted by council action no later than November 30. The budget as enacted includes total expenditures at the organization level. An organization can be a department, division, fund or other activity. Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations at this level. The general fund, special revenue funds, debt service fund and capital projects funds have legally adopted budgets. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each of these funds. For the general fund, this comparison is presented as part of the basic financial statements for the governmental funds. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, with appropriated annual budgets, this comparison is presented in the other supplemental information subsection of this report.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City of Manitowoc operates.

Long-Range Financial Plan. The City of Manitowoc prepares and publishes a Five-Year Capital Improvement Plan (CIP). The plan contains capital and infrastructure costs of \$5,000 or more based on the City's capitalization policy. The CIP details annual funding sources, expenditures, and narrative descriptions for the capital improvements. The CIP is updated on an annual basis and is used as a planning document during the annual budget process.

Financial Policies. The City of Manitowoc has adopted a comprehensive set of financial policies as guidelines for the annual budget process. The policies consist of the following: Unassigned General Fund Balance; Debt Management; Capitalization Threshold; Major Equipment and Vehicle Acquisition; and Disposal of Surplus Equipment.

Economic Information/Outlook. The City of Manitowoc is a growing community with an estimated 2013 population of 33,685 and a 2013 equalized valuation of \$1,868,987,700. The equalized valuation has grown by 10.86% since 2003 and 210.43% since 1993. Between 2012 and 2013, the City lost 2.37% in the full value of its real and personal property, with the largest actual dollar decrease in residential and commercial properties.

The City of Manitowoc has experienced economic stability with our labor force and appears to be poised for growth in 2014. In 2013, the City's top employer is Holy Family Memorial Medical Center, a health care provider, with 1400 employees. The Manitowoc Public School District is the City's second largest employer at 918 employees. The Manitowoc Company - Crane & Food Service Equipment Divisions have a workforces of 895 workers with 640 persons employed with Federal-Mogal Powertrain Systems, a manufacturer of piston rings and other automotive parts.

The unemployment rate for the City of Manitowoc in December 2013 was 7.6% up from 7.5% in November and was lower than the 8.6% rate for December 2012. The city's

unemployment rate was the 7th highest of 31 cities monitored by the state Department of Workforce Development. The state's December unemployment rate was 5.8%, with a U.S. unemployment rate of 6.5%.

The Lake Michigan Carferry Service based in Ludington, Michigan, began service to Manitowoc in May of 1992. The City renovated the dock facility to accommodate the Carferry Service. The Carferry Service is currently in the midst of a twenty year lease agreement with the City for the use of the facility. Tourism remained strong in 2013, with the Carferry Service transporting passengers between Ludington, MI and Manitowoc. The local economic impact from this operation is currently estimated at \$15-\$20 million.

Planning, Housing and Economic Development Activities

The City completed one (1) annexation in 2013 for a total of 1.85 acres. There were no residents residing in the annexation area. Since 1990, the City has annexed 3.477 square miles of area. The total area of the City as of December 31, 2013 is 18.335 square miles.

In 2013, there were no new residential subdivisions added to the City's housing inventory. In 2012, there was one (1) new residential subdivision added to the City's housing inventory creating 16 new residential lots.

The Department received, reviewed, and approved site plans for 25 development projects in 2013, including eight (8) with construction values estimated in excess of \$500,000 per project (compared to 16 in 2012). In 2013, there were a total of 121 commercial, industrial or governmental buildings for which construction permits were issued (compared to 96 in 2012). The estimated cost of all 2013 projects was \$24.7mm (compared to \$16.8mm in 2012). Some of the major development projects in 2013 are listed below.

Construction of a 7,500sf retail strip center in Harbor Town Centre. The estimated cost of construction is \$1.1mm.

Construction of a 44,647sf manufacturing building expansion in the Manitowoc I-43 Industrial Park. The estimated cost of construction is \$2.9mm.

Construction of a 3,243sf fast food restaurant. The estimated cost of construction is \$364,000.

Construction of a 20,000sf boat storage building. The estimated cost of construction is \$749,000.

Construction of a 3,160sf fast food restaurant. The estimated cost of construction is \$472,500.

Construction of a 35,386sf, 10 screen multiplex movie theater. The estimated cost of construction is \$6.3mm.

Renovation of a former bank office and retail space into a franchise restaurant use. The estimated cost of construction is \$945,000.

Construction of a 7,968sf medical office building. The estimated cost of construction is \$1mm.

Construction of a 15,144sf, 26-bed assisted living facility. The estimated cost of construction is \$1.3mm.

Building expansion 12,000sf to a manufacturing facility. The estimated cost of construction is \$500,000.

The Department, in conjunction with the City Plan Commission, reviewed and approved 36 Certified Survey Maps ("CSM") in 2013 (compared to 30 CSM's reviewed in 2012). Additionally, the Department facilitated the completion of five (5) rezonings, nine (9) conditional use or special use permits, one (1) annexation, three (3) animated sign Special Permits, two (2) requests for a street vacation, and five (5) requests for changes to the Official Map, as well as 30 other miscellaneous projects ranging from releasing easements, to accepting or issuing of Quit Claim Deeds.

The City continued its investment in Mainly Manitowoc, Inc.; the entity that coordinates the City's Main Street Program in downtown as part of the Wisconsin Main Street Program. The Department disbursed \$27,462 in payments to the organization in 2013 pursuant to an amended "Services Agreement" between Mainly Manitowoc and the City, which details a public funding match of \$3 private:\$1 public dollar, up to a maximum of \$40,000 in public funding per calendar year.

In late 2011 and through all of 2012, the Department received and administered a \$64,000 Wisconsin Coastal Management Grant. The Department working in coordination with the City Public Infrastructure Department, partnered with the Wisconsin Maritime Museum on the grant to design, administer and construct a pedestrian walkway below the 8th Street Bridge in historic downtown. The project also included the design, administration and construction of the "Maritime Museum's Commons Area" which converted an underused outdoor area, into a public space which will be used to host gatherings and events. In 2013, the Department closed out this grant. Total project cost was \$160,000 with the City paying \$96,000 of the cost, which leveraged \$64,000 of non-City investment.

In 2012, the Department authored and submitted a Wisconsin Coastal Management Grant application applying for 2013 funding to create a preliminary design and engineering study to investigate the logistics and feasibility of constructing a sheet wall system with an adjoining river walk trail along 2,200 linear feet of the Manitowoc River. The proposal was funded in 2013 at a total project cost of \$80,000, with the City's share being \$48,000 which leveraged \$32,000 of non-City investment.

Residential construction in the City in 2013 added a total of 12 new residential construction projects of which nine (9) were single family, and three (3) were two-family dwellings. In 2012, there were 15 new residential construction projects of which nine (9) were single family, five (5) were two-family dwellings, and one (1) was a 16 unit dwelling. The estimated construction cost for 2013 housing was \$2.0mm (compared to \$4.9mm in 2012, \$5.7mm in 2011, \$4.4mm in 2010, and \$5.8mm in 2009.

Direct financing support in the amount of \$1.2mm was provided by the Department to one (1) industrial business in 2013. These funds were provided through the City's industrial revolving loan fund program. These public monies were part of an \$18.1mm capital expansion project of facility and equipment. The public funding leveraged \$16.9mm in private capital, and the business will ultimately create 133 new jobs. In addition, the Department facilitated the participation of the Wisconsin Economic Development Corporation ("WEDC") in the same project, with WEDC ultimately providing \$620,000 in economic development tax credits to the company. This transaction also included the sale by the City of 8.1-acres to this company in 2013 for a total purchase price of \$163,800, which increased the company's total land in the Manitowoc I-43 Industrial Park to 29.9-acres.

In 2013, the Department also completed the sale of a 1.0-acre parcel of land at Dewey and So. 42nd Street for a total purchase price of \$215,000. Subsequent to the sale, this property is currently being developed into a fast food restaurant.

In 2013, the Department completed a vacant land donation to the City for 2.78-acres in the Manitowoc I-43 Industrial Park. This land was offered to the City by its owner, which

the City originally sold to this party to in 2000. The land had been determined by the owner to be in excess of their needs. The City accepted the land donation, and intends to re-sell this property in the future. The property has an estimated market value of \$91,000.

In 2013, the Department executed a "Cooperative Agreement" with US EPA for a \$1mm EPA Revolving Loan Fund grant award; one (1) of 13 awarded nationally. This grant runs for a five (5) year term through September 30, 2018, with \$869,500 of the monies to be used to capitalize a community brownfields loan fund to be used for remediation of hazardous substance or petroleum-impacted brownfield sites.

Additionally, the Department, in 2013 continued to implement a 2011, \$400,000 grant from US EPA under its "Community-Wide Assessment" program to support environmental assessment activities at hazardous substance and petroleum brownfield sites throughout the City. This funding to date, has been applied toward the preparation of environmental studies on several brownfields in the City, as well as towards area-wide planning related to the blighted Lakeview Centre mall north of downtown. In 2013, Phase I environmental assessment were completed for three (3) properties, and Phase II environmental assessments for four (4) properties in the City. In 2013, the Department completed the integration of brownfield data layers into the City's Geographic Information System ("GIS).

The Department continued to administer the City's farmers' market, which registered nearly 80 vendors for the 2013 season.

Geographic Information Systems

The City's overall Geographic Information System ("GIS") is maintained by the Department. The Department maps daily, using information from all assets of the City.

The Department updates the City's zoning, Official Map, aldermanic districts, and annexation maps as changes occur.

GIS layers that are linked to the Assessor's CLT database are now regularly being used by several departments. These layers are used continuously to query fields in the database, and to create mailing lists for the Department, as well as the Public Infrastructure, Parks & Recreation, Assessors, Building Inspection, Public Works, Police and Fire Departments, and the Manitowoc Public Utilities ("MPU"). The City also queries, on a quarterly basis, for Mainly Manitowoc, Inc.; operator of the Main Street Program in historic downtown.

All GIS software and maintenance agreements were upgraded by the Department. One (1) Department staff, two (2) Public Infrastructure staff, and one (1) Assessor employee used GIS on a daily basis in 2013; down from a total of 7 (seven) users in 2011. The Department sent the Associate Planner to the Wisconsin Land Information Associate Annual Conference, ESRI Wisconsin User Group meetings and ESRI ArcGIS Desktop III, ArcGIS for Server and ESRI Designing Maps with ArcGIS Online class in 2013.

The Department completed several mapping and graphic arts projects for use by the Department and the City's Plan Commission, as well as the City Council, Mayor, Public Infrastructure, Assessor, Cemetery, Parks, Police, Fire, Building Inspection, Clerk, Rahr-West, Maritime Metro, and Finance Departments. Some examples of these projects are the mapping of a fire response district map, future park land use/planning maps, and a map of commercial real estate sales in the southwest portion of the City. Additionally, the Department has utilized GIS to assist the Police Department in its annual reporting of crimes and sex offender release maps. The Police Department has continued the use of a twice a week report of mapping crimes from the AeGIS reporting system using the City GIS. Other interesting projects that the Department assisted using GIS with were: Clerks' SVRS district boundary changes for registered voters and addressing; polling place maps

for each district; Farmers' Market vendor mapping; assisted with GIS data compilation with the EPA grant to create a geodatabase containing Sanborn maps and old aerials scanned in and georeferenced; and Harbor Town Center concept plan map updates and related tables for valuations of properties. Finally, the Department has walk-ins for hard copy maps and customer orders for digital data output, resulting in \$1,124.50 in revenue in 2013.

The City's property address system is a Department function. The staff coordinates with Manitowoc County's E-911 system on maintaining all City addresses for the purpose of dispatch. The addresses are also a part of the City's GIS geodatabase.

The Department maintains ArcIMS and Adobe PDF maps which are accessed from the City's website. All maps are accessed from the main City website by clicking 'Maps' button. The process of updating maps on the internet includes linking the City/County merged parcel shape files to the City/County joined Access database. This database is updated daily, and runs on a scheduled routine every evening.

The Department continues its partnership with Manitowoc County to provide mapping and assessment information on the internet via ESRI's ArcIMS and ArcGIS Server software. The City and County took all the tie sheets, plats and section corners for the City and County, and created a new ArcGIS website for the public to use Public Land Survey System ("PLSS") corners, which are the cornerstones for GIS mapping. The Associate Planner assisted City Hall employees, MPU and Police management on the ArcIMS employee access website, allowing them to create mailing lists and custom maps, and to search the parcel database by name.

City's Website

The Department administers the City's website and oversees three (3) subsites-- Lincoln Park Zoo, Manitowoc Family Aquatic Center and the Rahr-West Art Museum. All four (4) websites are hosted with an outside consultant, CivicPlus.

As administrator, the Associate Planner's supports and trains other staff throughout the City organization to their appropriate department website pages and content. Also the 'emergency alert notification' website training was taught by the website administrator to the Public Works staff for snow emergencies.

The Department spearheaded the reformatting of the City's Municipal Code in 2010 in conjunction with Code Publishing Company. This project reformatted years of written regulation, to a standardized and consistent format for all 30 chapters of the Code. The project was completed in the spring of 2011, and the contract continues through 2015. The new Municipal Code is available online in a new, easy to search, print and use format. The Department staff downloads updates to the chapters on a regular quarterly basis provided by Code Publishing. Also the Department works as the liaison between Code Publishing and staff when issues arise with ordinances passed and sent to be published as part of our online

Marketing

On a daily basis, the Department updates and maintains the two (2) electronic message signs which are located in the I-43 Technology and Enterprise Campus.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) award Certificates of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports. The City of

Manitowoc was selected as a recipient of the GFOA Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2012.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such CAFR's must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year. The City of Manitowoc has received the Certificate of Achievement for fiscal years ended 1997, consecutive years 1999 thru 2009 and 2011, 2012. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of all City Departments. I would like to express my appreciation to City department staff members who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. I would also like to thank the Mayor and City Council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Manitowoc's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Steven A Corbeille

Finance Director/Treasurer



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Manitowoc Wisconsin

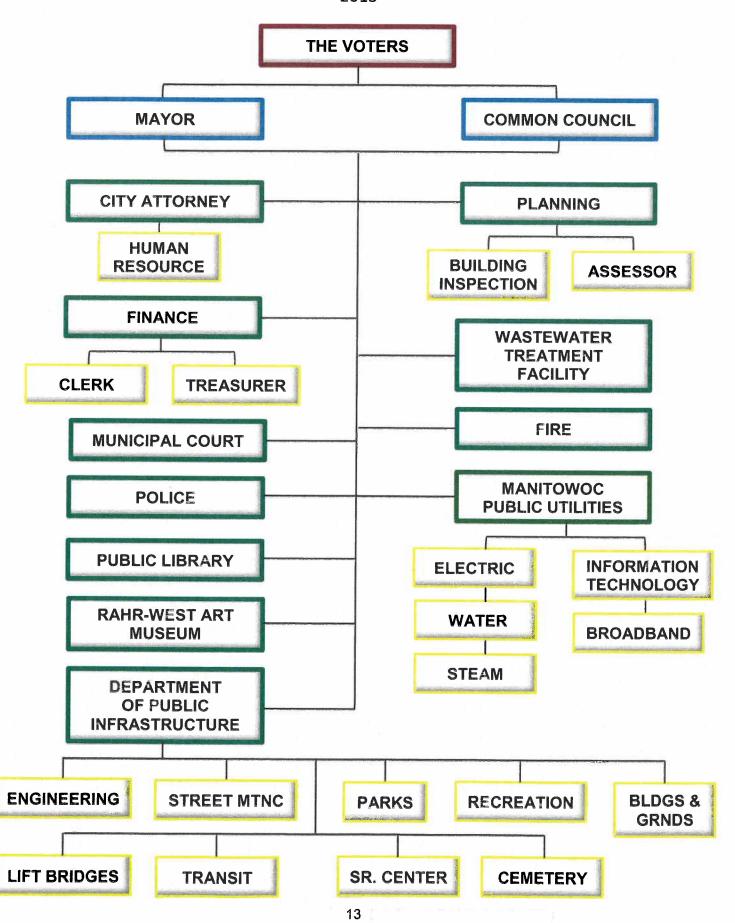
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2012

Executive Director/CEO

CITY OF MANITOWOC

TABLE OF ORGANIZATION 2013



CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN

General Information

ELECTED OFFICIALS

December 31, 2013

		Term Expires
Mayor	Justin M. Nickels	April, 2017
Common Council President	Jill Hennessey	April, 2014
Aldermanic District		
1	Mike Howe	April, 2015
2	Scott McMeans	April, 2015
3	Christopher T. Able	April, 2015
4	James N. Brey	April, 2014
5	Tyler Martell	April, 2014
6	Eric J. Sitkiewitz	April, 2014
7	Jill Hennessey	April, 2015
8	David W. Soeldner	April, 2014
9	Allan Schema	April, 2014
10	Jason Sladky	April, 2015

CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN

General Information

Department Heads/Appointed Officials

December 31, 2013

			Length of
		Length of	Employment
		Time in	With City of
		This Position	Manitowoc
Finance Director/Treasurer	Steven A. Corbeille	1.67 years	1.67 years
City Clerk	Jennifer B. Hudon	17.00 years	22.00 years
City Attorney	Straun W. Boston	1.33 years	1.33 years
Municipal Judge	Steven R. Olson	5.67 years	5.67 years
Director of Public Infrastructure	Daniel Koski	.50 years	.50 years
City Assessor	Sarah C. Hoppe	8.17 years	8.17 years
Police Chief	Oscar A. Dick	5.17 years	31.38 years
Fire Chief	Vacant	0.00 years	0.00 years
City Planner	David J. Less	26.00 years	26.00 years
Superintendent Wastewater Treatment Facility	Brian M. Helminger	9.68 years	9.68 years
Director Rahr-West Art Museum	Jon G. Vadney	2.25 years	2.25 years
General Manager Public Utilities	Nilaksh J. Kothari	12.25 years	22.00 years
Director Public Library	Cherilyn Stewart	3.92 years	3.92 years
Transit and Facilities Manager	James W. Muenzenmeyer	16.00 years	25.00 years
Emergency Government Coordinator	Timothy R. Herzog	7.50 years	30.50 years

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Schenck SC, Green Bay, Wisconsin

BOND COUNSEL

Quarles & Brady, Milwaukee, Wisconsin

FINANCIAL CONSULTANTS

Robert W. Baird & Co., Inc., Milwaukee, Wisconsin

FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Mayor and City Council City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin ("the City") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of December 31, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note E.6, the City recorded a prior period adjustment of \$2,850,749 in the proprietary funds' statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position and the business-type activities' statement of activities. This adjustment was to correct the valuation method of the City's ownership interest in American Transmission Company, LLC to include reinvested dividends earned. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the schedule of funding progress and the schedule of employer contributions on pages 18 through 31 and 73 through 74 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The financial information listed in the table of contents as supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and schedule of state financial assistance, as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and the *State Single Audit Guidelines* issued by the Wisconsin Department of Administration, and the other information, such as the introductory and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information and schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information, the schedules of expenditures of federal awards and the schedule of state financial assistance are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 13, 2014, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

5 am De SC

Certified Public Accountants Green Bay, Wisconsin June 13, 2014

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin, we offer readers of the City of Manitowoc's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages 4-11 of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City of Manitowoc exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$261,117,016 (net assets). Of this amount, \$17,163,584 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The net assets of governmental activities increased \$4,357,741 and business type activities increased by \$10,008,253 for a total increase in net assets of \$14,365,994. The increase in governmental activities is mainly attributable to the repayments of long-term debt exceeding the issuance of on long-term debt and capital outlay exceeding depreciation expense. The increase in business activities is mainly attributable to positive operating results and contributions.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Manitowoc's governmental funds and fiduciary funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$5,222,416 an increase of \$835,217 in comparison with the prior year. Only the general fund balance of \$1,184,321 is available for spending at the government's discretion due to deficits contained within the entities capital project accounts associated with several Tax Incremental Finance (TIF) districts. The City has and will continue taking steps to rectify this situation over the next couple of years. Plans already implemented include restructuring debt service obligations and designation of donor and distressed TIF districts to allow a cross pollination of tax increments between the donor and distressed TIF districts.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$1,184,321, or 4.9 percent of total general fund expenditures.
- The City of Manitowoc's total debt decreased by \$11,203,984 (6.89 percent) during the current fiscal year. The factors in this decrease were the issuance of \$9,995,000 in general obligation bonds and notes, retirement of outstanding general obligation bonds and notes amounting to \$15,630,000, and retirement of outstanding revenue bonds amounting to \$5,568,984.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Manitowoc's basic financial statements. The City of Manitowoc's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Manitowoc's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all the City of Manitowoc's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Manitowoc is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in the future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Manitowoc that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Manitowoc include general government, public safety, public works, health and human services, conservation and development, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the City of Manitowoc include the Manitowoc Public Water, Electric, Steam, and Broadband Utility, a Wastewater Treatment Plant, and a Transit System.

The government-wide financial statements include the City of Manitowoc itself (known as the *primary government*). The Water, Electric, Steam, and Broadband Utility are managed by an independent commission, but are departments of the City of Manitowoc, and therefore have been included as an integral part of the primary government.

The government-wide statements can be found in the financial section of this report immediately following management's discussion and analysis.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Manitowoc, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Manitowoc can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar

information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City of Manitowoc maintains 42 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund and the debt service fund, which are being considered major governmental funds. Data from the other 40 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The City of Manitowoc adopts an annual appropriated budget for the general fund, debt service fund and certain special revenue and capital project funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for each of these funds to demonstrate compliance.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found in the financial section of this report immediately following the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds. The City of Manitowoc maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Manitowoc uses enterprise funds to account for the Manitowoc Public Electric, Water, Steam, and Broadband Utility, Wastewater Treatment Plant, and the Transit System. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City of Manitowoc's various functions. The City of Manitowoc uses internal service funds to account for its data processing, health self-insurance, and liability self-insurance. Because these services predominately benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Manitowoc Public Water, Electric, Steam, and Broadband Utility, the Wastewater Treatment Plant and Transit System, all are considered to be major funds of the City of Manitowoc. Conversely, the internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in the report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found in the financial section of this report immediately following the basic governmental fund financial statements.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the City of Manitowoc's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found in the financial section of this report immediately following the proprietary fund financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the fiduciary fund financial statements.

Other supplemental information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report presents the combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds, nonmajor enterprise fund and internal service funds. Also included is information on capital assets used in the operation of government funds. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found immediately following the notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Manitowoc, assets exceeded liabilities by \$261,117,016 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the City of Manitowoc's net assets (69.2 percent) reflects its investments in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure), less accumulated depreciation and any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City of Manitowoc uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City of Manitowoc's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

City of Manitowoc's Net Assets

	Governmental		Business-type		Total	
	activities		activities			
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
Current and other assets	\$59,702,183	\$61,280,533	\$102,096,117	\$92,454,404	\$161,798,300	\$153,734,937
Capital assets	134,245,813	134,916,707	169,675,517	175,885,966	303,921,330	310,802,673
Total assets	193,947,996	196,197,240	271,771,634	268,340,370	465,719,630	464,537,610
Deferred outflows of resources		-	1,381,250		1,381,250	<u> </u>
Long-term liabilities outstanding	70,022,137	75,211,499	76,250,876	81,872,111	146,273,013	157,083,610
Other liabilities	31,062,393	32,477,705	11,502,663	11,077,167	42,565,056	43,554,872
Total liabilities	101,084,530	107,689,204	87,753,539	92,949,278	188,838,069	200,638,482
Deferred inflows of resources	16,894,292	16,896,603	251,503	251,503	17,145,795	17,148,106
Net assets:						
Invested in capital assets,						
net of related debt	84,679,258	81,463,401	95,999,724	96,412,488	180,678,982	177,875,889
Restricted	8,114,185	3,350,548	55,160,265	52,918,667	63,274,450	56,269,215
Unrestricted	-16,824,269	-13,202,516	33,987,853	25,808,434	17,163,584	12,605,918
Total net assets	\$75,969,174	\$71,611,433	\$185,147,842	\$175,139,589	\$261,117,016	\$246,751,022

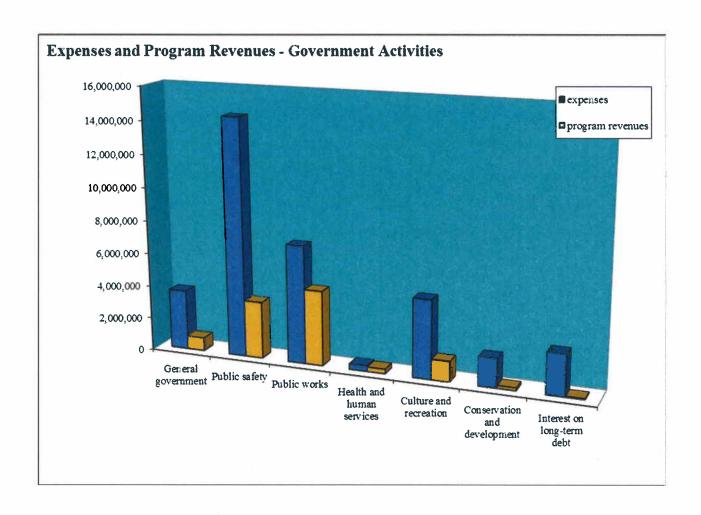
An additional portion of the City of Manitowoc's net assets (24.3 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balances of *unrestricted net assets* (\$17,163,584) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

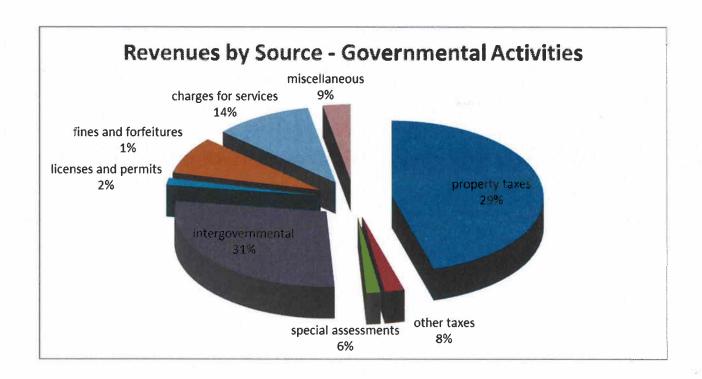
At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Manitowoc is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

Governmental activities. Property taxes increased by \$41,940 (0.298 percent) during the year. Property tax increases were levied for capital projects (\$719,077), enterprise (\$8,673) and debt service (\$651,272). Property tax decreases were levied for general purposes (\$1,330,787) special revenue funds (\$6,295).

The net assets of governmental activities increased by \$4,357,741. This increase is mainly attributable to the principal payments on long-term debt exceeding the issuance of long-term debt and depreciation expense exceeding capital outlay for 2013. Key elements of this increase are shown on the chart found on the following page.

City	of Manitov	voc's Chang	ges in Net A	Assets			
	Govern	ımental	Busine	ss-type	Total		
	activities		activities				
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Revenues:						The second secon	
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$5,550,698	\$5,234,025	\$80,352,363	\$79,702,163	\$85,903,061	\$84,936,188	
Operating grants and contributions	3,637,937	4,640,641	1,621,962	1,807,210	5,259,899	6,447,851	
Capital grants and contributions	1,256,237	1,467,078	173,697	1,499,199	1,429,934	2,966,277	
General revenues:				27			
Property taxes	16,896,523	17,145,312	-	-	16,896,523	17,145,312	
Other taxes	770,332	415,842	_	-	770,332	415,842	
Grants and contributions not							
restricted to specific programs	6,124,673	6,038,857	_	_	6,124,673	6,038,857	
Other	676,222	843,077	1,472,125	1,446,871	2,148,347	2,289,948	
Total revenues	\$34,912,622	\$35,784,832	\$83,620,147	\$84,455,443	\$118,532,769	\$120,240,275	
Expenses:					Parameter and the second secon		
General government	3,611,218	3,938,219	÷	-	3,611,218	3,938,219	
Public safety	14,380,253	14,445,022	-	_	14,380,253	14,445,022	
Public works	7,123,677	11,045,943	-	_	7,123,677	11,045,943	
Health and human services	337,553	271,019	_	-	337,553	271,019	
Culture and recreation	4,726,866	4,922,559	-	-	4,726,866	4,922,559	
Conservation and development	1,760,407	1,572,350	-	_	1,760,407	1,572,350	
Interest on long-term debt	2,499,847	2,268,177	-	_	2,499,847	2,268,177	
Water	-	_	5,504,372	5,468,625	5,504,372	5,468,625	
Electric		-	59,503,436	58,697,745	59,503,436	58,697,745	
Steam	_	-	374,930	285,953	374,930	285,953	
Broadband	-	-	76,631	73,837	76,631	73,837	
Sewer	-	-	4,889,792	4,433,388	4,889,792	4,433,388	
Transit	_	_	2,228,542	2,306,296	2,228,542	2,306,296	
Total expenses	34,439,821	38,463,289	72,577,703	71,265,844	107,017,524	109,729,133	
Increase in net assets before transfers	472,801	(2,678,457)	11,042,444	13,189,599	11,515,245	10,511,142	
Transfers	3,884,940	3,772,312	(3,884,940)	(3,772,312)	_	-	
Special Item - disposal of plant				(346,664)		(346,664)	
Change in net assets	4,357,741	1,093,855	7,157,504	9,070,623	11,515,245	10,164,478	
Prior Period Adjustment			2,850,749		2,850,749	_	
Net assets - 1/1	71,611,433	70,517,578	175,139,589	166,068,966	246,751,022	236,586,544	
Net assets - 12/31	\$75,969,174	\$71,611,433	\$185,147,842	\$175,139,589	\$261,117,016		

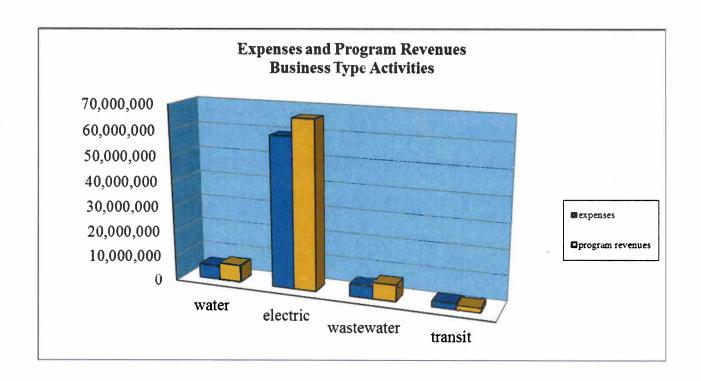


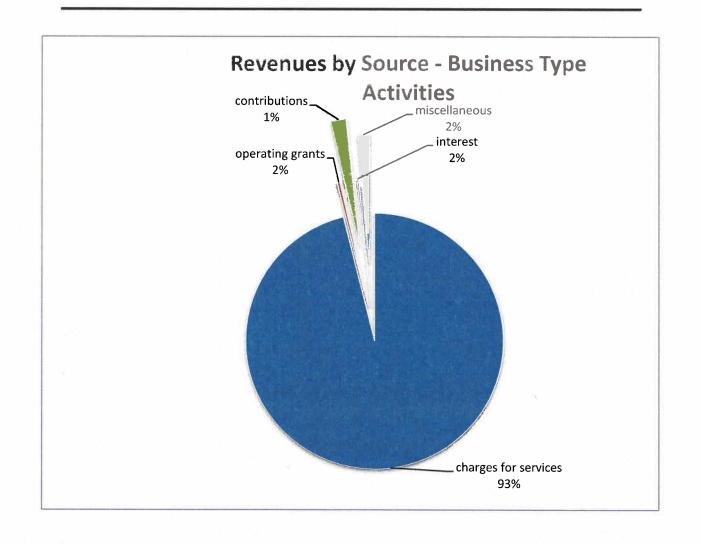


Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the City of Manitowoc's net assets by \$7,157,504. Key elements of this increase are as follows.

- The Water Utility increased net assets by \$335,862.
- The Electric Utility increased net assets by \$5,394,219.
- The Steam Utility increased net assets by \$121,271.
- The Broadband Utility increased net assets by \$114,029.
- The Wastewater Treatment Plant increased net assets by \$1,557,056.
- The Transit System decreased net assets by \$364,933.

The increases in net assets above were due to positive operating results and contributions.





Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Manitowoc uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City of Manitowoc's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Manitowoc's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of December 31, 2013, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$5,204,842, an increase of \$836,092 in comparison with the prior year. With the implementation of GASB #54, the breakdown of fund balance is: Nonspendable \$5,260,345, Restricted \$4,123,460, Committed \$1,028,596, Assigned \$1,202,187 and Unassigned \$(6,409,746). The Nonspendable portion of fund balance includes Inventories and prepaid items and Notes and Interfund receivables (amounts that are not in cash and not available for current expenditure or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact). Restricted fund balance represents resources that have constraints placed on their use imposed by external sources such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Committed fund balance represents resources that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority. In contrast to a fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, amounts in the committed fund balance classification may be redeployed for other purposes with appropriate due process. Assigned fund balance represents amounts constrained by the government with the intent that the funds be used for specific purposes within the fund. Unassigned fund balance represents the residual classification (amount) that has not been assigned, committed, or restricted.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Manitowoc. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance was \$1,184,321 while total fund balance was \$5,553,993. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 4.9 percent of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 23.01 percent of that same amount.

The fund balance of the City of Manitowoc's general fund decreased by \$187,306 during the current fiscal year. The key factors in this increase are as follows:

• The main reason for the decrease was due to under collecting of Ambulance Revenue by the Fire Department. The budget estimates have been recalculated for the 2014 budget and should more closely represent actual revenue. The actual under collected portion from Ambulance Revenue was \$1,427,000 under 2013 budgetary estimates. The situation was identified and corrective action was taken to mitigate most of the shortfall by the end of the year. This was the result an extremely conservative fiscal approach to

spending by city leaders. The intention of city leadership is to build the general fund balance back to comply with our policy targeting an unassigned balance of 15-25% of general fund expenditures. This will take approximately another 4-5 years to again be in compliance with our general fund policy.

The debt service fund does not typically carry a fund balance. During 2012 the utility prepaid their portion of the debt issue funding the WRS Pension Liability. Therefore, the debt service fund will carry a Nonspendable balance until the WRS debt has been retired. The City levies a property tax for debt service at the beginning of the current fiscal year for the payment of debt service. Revenues to help offset the tax are realized from transfers from other funds and interest earned.

Proprietary funds. The City of Manitowoc's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net assets at the end of the year amounted to the following:

- Water Utility \$2,846,147
- Electric Utility \$26,216,902
- Steam Utility \$866,113
- Broadband Utility \$671,124
- Wastewater Treatment Plant \$3,078,599
- Transit System \$308,968

Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City of Manitowoc's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Actual revenues were less than budgeted revenues by \$1,177,628 primarily from, interdepartmental charges (\$193,028), interest on investments (\$254,108) and public charges for services of (\$1,354,371).

Actual expenditures were less than budgeted expenditures by \$1,328,786 primarily from savings generated by general government expenses of \$349,796, public safety expenditures of \$240,715, public works \$718,667 and a reduction in expenditures to culture and recreation of \$78,470.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City of Manitowoc's investment in capital assets as of December 31, 2013, for its governmental activities amounted to \$134,245,813 and business type activities amounted to \$169,675,517 for total capital assets of \$303,921,330 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, roads, sewers, and bridges.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

Governmental Activities:

- Infrastructure construction (streets and sewers) of \$2,332,222
- Machinery and equipment acquisitions totaling \$886,491

Business-Type Activities:

- Buildings totaling \$579,974
- Improvements other than buildings \$1,304,951
- Machinery and equipment acquisitions totaling \$1,317,961
- Construction in progress (\$1,537,998)

City of Manitowoc's Capital Assets

(net of depreciation)

	Governmental		Busine	ess-type	Total	
	activ	activities		activities		
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
Land	\$7,541,918	\$7,392,718	\$2,023,040	\$1,982,333	\$9,564,958	\$9,375,051
Buildings	18,701,138	18,425,345	30,948,161	31,593,189	49,649,299	50,018,534
Improvements other than buildings	_	_	55,267,302	55,988,202	55,267,302	55,988,202
Machinery and equipment	11,756,621	11,884,302	81,124,392	84,471,622	92,881,013	96,355,924
Infrastructure	96,227,136	97,214,342	_	-	96,227,136	97,214,342
Construction in progress	19,000	-	312,622	1,850,620	331,622	1,850,620
Total	\$134,245,813	\$134,916,707	\$169,675,517	\$175,885,966	\$303,921,330	\$310,802,673

Additional information on the City of Manitowoc's capital assets can be found in Note C(4) of this report's notes to the financial statements.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Manitowoc has total bonded debt outstanding of \$133,480,376. Of this amount, \$63,095,000 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government. The remainder of the City of Manitowoc's debt \$70,385,376 represents bonds secured solely by special revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds).

City of Manitowoc's Outstanding Debt

General Obligation and Revenue Bonds

	Governmental		Busine	ss-type	Total	
	activ	activities		vities		
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
General obligation						
bonds	\$40,200,000	\$54,135,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$40,200,000	\$54,135,000
General obligation						
notes	22,895,000	14,595,000	-	<u> </u>	22,895,000	14,595,000
Revenue bonds		-	\$70,385,376	\$75,954,360	70,385,376	75,954,360
Total	\$63,095,000	\$68,730,000	\$70,385,376	\$75,954,360	\$133,480,376	\$144,684,360

The City of Manitowoc's total debt decreased by \$11,203,984 (7.74 percent) during the current fiscal year. The factors in this decrease were the issuance of \$9,995,000 in general obligation bonds and notes, retirement of outstanding general obligation bonds and notes amounting to \$15,630,000, and retirement of outstanding revenue bonds amounting to \$5,568,984.

During the current fiscal year, the government sold the following bond issues: On May 17, 2013, \$9,995,000 of General Obligation Promissory Notes at interest rates of 2.00% to 2.5% over the life of the notes. On Only \$2,100,000 was "new" debt the remainder was to advance refund prior debt issues to restructure payments and resulted in a net interest savings of \$247,788 over the life of the issues.

The City of Manitowoc maintains an excellent financial rating for general obligation debt of "A1" from Moody's. Moody's has rated the revenue bonds of the Electric and Water Authority "A1".

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a government entity may issue to 5 percent of its total equalized valuation. The current debt limitation for the City of Manitowoc is \$93,449,385, which is significantly in excess of the City of Manitowoc's outstanding general obligation debt of \$63,095,000.

Additional information on the City of Manitowoc's long-term debt can be found in Note C(6) of this report's notes to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following factors were considered in preparing the City of Manitowoc's budget for the 2013 fiscal year.

- The unemployment rate for the City of Manitowoc is currently 7.6 percent, which is a decrease from the rate of 8.6 percent a year ago.
- Inflationary trends in the region compare favorably to the national indices.
- The tax rate included in the budget for city services would be at the allowable level under the State imposed levy limits;
- Salary increases only for bargained contractual agreements.
- Compensation Plan adopted with an implementation date of July 1, 2014.
- Contingency fund established within the general fund budget of \$202,480.

The City of Manitowoc has appropriated \$200,000 of the unassigned fund balance for spending in the 2013 fiscal year budget. The application of \$200,000 within the city's overall budget is predicted to not actually reduce our unassigned fund balance. The application of the unassigned fund balance would only occur if budgeted revenues and expenditures came in exactly according to the 2013 fiscal year budget. Historically the city returns approximately \$400,000 to \$600,000 back to the general fund each fiscal year. Therefore, it is management's opinion that we will still return \$200,000 to \$400,000 even with the application of unassigned general fund balance. The

planned level of unassigned fund balance is set by policy at 15-25% of expenditures. Every effort will be made to again comply as quickly as possible with the unassigned general fund policy.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Manitowoc's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the financial information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Finance Director, 900 Quay Street, Manitowoc, Wisconsin, 54220-4543. The Finance Director/Treasurer's Office may be contacted via the Internet. Please visit us at www.manitowoc.org

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN Statement of Net Position December 31, 2013

	Primary Government				
	Governmental	Business-type			
	Activities	Activities	Totals		
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$ 27,211,554	\$ 17,976,580	\$ 45,188,134		
Receivables Taxes	22,396,801	251,503	22,648,304		
Accounts	1,390,434	11,637,117	13,027,551		
Special assessments	1,251,822	11,007,117	1,251,822		
Loans	4,311,378	820,000	5,131,378		
Internal balances	(2,734,970)	2,734,970	-		
Due from other governments	4,149,369	-	4,149,369		
Inventories and prepaid items	603,944	3,093,402	3,697,346		
Deposit with CVMIC	1,111,426	-	1,111,426		
Restricted assets	10 105	FF 707 0F0	EE 242 422		
Cash and investments	10,425	55,737,052	55,747,477		
Accrued interest Other assets	-	168,013 9,677,480	168,013 9,677,480		
Capital assets, nondepreciable	-	9,077,460	9,077,460		
Land	7,541,918	2,023,040	9,564,958		
Construction in progress	19,000	312,622	331,622		
Capital assets, depreciable	,	,	,		
Buildings and improvements	28,870,150	57,321,191	86,191,341		
Improvements other than buildings	-	90,689,455	90,689,455		
Machinery and equipment	24,704,413	135,863,816	160,568,229		
Infrastructure	185,586,409		185,586,409		
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(112,476,077)	(116,534,607)	(229,010,684)		
TOTAL ASSETS	193,947,996	271,771,634	465,719,630		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred charge on refunding		1,381,250	1,381,250		
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	899,069	5,166,701	6,065,770		
Accrued and other current liabilities	1,631,834	4,923,845	6,555,679		
Accrued interest payable	756,390	796,114	1,552,504		
Due to other governments	27,363,282	377,739	27,741,021		
Deposits	298,746	238,264	537,010		
Unearned revenues	113,072	-	113,072		
Long-term Obligations Due within one year	10,188,404	6,030,564	16,218,968		
Due in more than one year	59,833,733	70,220,312	130,054,045		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	101,084,530		188,838,069		
	101,064,550	87,753,539	100,030,009		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Property taxes	16,894,292	251,503	17,145,795		
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	84,679,258	95,999,724	180,678,982		
Restricted for					
Debt service		42,274,156	42,274,156		
Future loans	7,626,493	40 000 100	7,626,493		
Future capital improvements	487,692	12,886,109	13,373,801		
Unrestricted (deficit)	(16,824,269)	33,987,853	17,163,584		
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 75,969,174	\$ 185,147,842	\$ 261,117,016		

Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

			Program Revenues					
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		pital Grants and ontributions
Primary Government								
Governmental Activities								
General government	\$	3,611,218	\$	461,920	\$	131,166	\$	203,300
Public safety		14,380,253		3,054,210		380,233		
Public works		7,123,677		748,604		2,713,517		1,052,937
Health and human services		337,553		210,096		49,873		-
Culture and recreation		4,726,866		1,000,494		226,613		-
Conservation and development		1,760,407		20,338		136,535		-
Interest on debt		2,499,847		55,036		-		-
Total Governmental Activities		34,439,821		5,550,698		3,637,937		1,256,237
Business-type Activities								
Water utility		5,504,372		6,688,886		-		4,885
Electric utility		59,503,436		66,281,306		-		128,535
Steam utility		374,930		544,992		-		-
Broadband utility		76,631		176,815		-		34,500
Wastewater treatment plant		4,889,792		6,466,960		-		-
Transit system		2,228,542		193,404		1,621,962		5,777
Total Business-type Activities	_	72,577,703		80,352,363		1,621,962		173,697
Total Primary Government	\$	107,017,524	\$	85,903,061	\$	5,259,899	\$	1,429,934

General revenues

Property taxes, Levied for general purposes

Property taxes, Levied for debt service

Property taxes, Levied for special revenue funds

Property taxes, Levied for capital projects

Room tax

Other taxes

Federal and state grants and other contributions

not restricted to specific functions

Interest and investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position - January 1

Prior Period Adjustment

Net position - December 31

			xpense) Reven	n
			ary Governmer	
	vernmental Activities	В	usiness-type Activities	Totals
\$	(2,814,832)	\$		\$ (2,814,832)
	(10,945,810)		-	(10,945,810)
	(2,608,619)		-	(2,608,619)
	(77,584)		-	(77,584)
	(3,499,759)		-	(3,499,759)
	(1,603,534)		-	(1,603,534)
	(2,444,811)		-	(2,444,811)
	(23,994,949)		-	(23,994,949)
			4 400 000	4 400 000
	-		1,189,399	1,189,399
	-		6,906,405	6,906,405
	-		170,062 134,684	170,062 134,684
	-		1,577,168	1,577,168
	_		(407,399)	(407,399)
-	_		9,570,319	9,570,319
	(23,994,949)		9,570,319	(14,424,630)
	4,676,015		-	4,676,015
	6,793,819		-	6,793,819
	1,913,452		-	1,913,452
	3,513,237 536,051		-	3,513,237 536,051
	234,281		_	234,281
			-	
	6,124,673		-	6,124,673
	55,869		1,197,317	1,253,186
	620,353		274,808	895,161
	3,884,940		(3,884,940)	25 020 975
-	28,352,690		(2,412,815)	 25,939,875
	4,357,741		7,157,504	11,515,245
	71,611,433		175,139,589	246,751,022
			2.850.749	 2.850.749
\$	75,969,174	\$	185,147,842	\$ 261,117,016

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2013

	General	Debt Service	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$ 18,478,201	\$ -	\$ 6,669,060	\$ 25,147,261
Receivables				
Taxes	10,636,274	6,793,819	4,966,708	22,396,801
Accounts	906,270	13,759	445,292	1,365,321
Special assessments	1,003,291	248,531	-	1,251,822
Loans	-	320,653	3,990,725	4,311,378
Due from other funds	4,109,555	944,381	N=	5,053,936
Due from other governments	4,149,369	-	-	4,149,369
Inventories and prepaid items	534,358	_	_	534,358
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 39,817,318	\$ 8,321,143	\$ 16,071,785	\$ 64,210,246
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 523,476	\$ -	\$ 327,829	\$ 851,305
Accrued and other current liabilities	1,159,615	T	192,269	1,351,884
Due to other funds	-,,,,,,,,,,	_	5,053,936	5,053,936
Due to other governments	27,363,282	_	-	27,363,282
Unearned revenues	27,000,202	15,711	· ·	15,711
Advance from other funds	_	-	2,734,970	2,734,970
Total Liabilities	29,046,373	15,711	8,309,004	37,371,088
Total Elabilities	23,040,373	10,711	0,303,004	37,371,000
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Property taxes	5,133,765	6,793,819	4,966,708	16,894,292
Loans receivable	5,155,765	320,653	3,990,725	4,311,378
Special assessments	83,187	248,531	96,928	428,646
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	5,216,952	7,363,003	9,054,361	21,634,316
Total Deferred Inflows of Nesources	3,210,932	7,303,003	9,004,001	21,034,310
Fund Balances Nonspendable				
Inventories and prepaid items	534,358	-	-	534,358
Long-term accounts and interfund receivables	3,781,606	944,381	-	4,725,987
Restricted				
Future loans	-	-	3,635,768	3,635,768
Future projects or improvements	-	**	487,692	487,692
Committed for future spending	-	-	1,028,596	1,028,596
Assigned for future projects	53,708	-	1,148,479	1,202,187
Unassigned (deficit)	1,184,321	(1,952)	(7,592,115)	(6,409,746)
Total Fund Balances	5,553,993	942,429	(1,291,580)	5,204,842
	,,-,-	,	1-30	, - ,
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF				
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 39,817,318	\$ 8,321,143	\$ 16,071,785	\$ 64,210,246
				R/

(Continued)

Balance Sheet (Continued) Governmental Funds December 31, 2013

Reconciliation to the Statement of Net Position

Total Fund Balances as shown on previous page		\$ 5,204,842
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		134,226,813
Other long-term assets are not available to pay current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.		
Special assessments Loans receivable		331,285 4,311,378
Internal service funds reported in the statement of net position as governmental activities (see page 41)		2,561,273
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Bonds and notes payable	\$ (63,095,000)	
Bond premium	(214,638)	
Compensated absences and other post-employment benefits	(6,600,389)	/70 000 117
Accrued interest on long-term obligations	(756,390)	(70,666,417)
Net Position of Governmental Activities as Reported on the Statement of Net Position		
(see page 32)	_	\$ 75,969,174

CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	Г				Other	Total
					Governmental	Governmental
		General	D	ebt Service	Funds	Funds
Revenues						
Taxes	\$	4,910,296	\$	6,793,819	\$ 5,962,740	\$ 17,666,855
Special assessments		176,142		378,094	10	554,246
Intergovernmental		8,451,861		-	1,937,827	10,389,688
Licenses and permits Fines and forfeits		1,084,365 550,145		-	-	1,084,365 550,145
Public charges for services		2,375,341		<u>-</u>	265,206	2,640,547
Intergovernmental charges for services		205,065		_	117,096	322,161
Interdepartmental charges for services		1,634,872		_	-	1,634,872
Miscellaneous		491,390		129,733	1,610,567	2,231,690
Total Revenues	-	19,879,477		7,301,646	9,893,446	37,074,569
Expenditures						
Current						
General government		2,707,067		-	189,799	2,896,866
Public safety		13,621,494		-	475,898	14,097,392
Public works		5,286,227		-	2,318,097	7,604,324
Health and human services		319,724		-	2 454 062	319,724
Culture and recreation		1,792,723 410,919		-	3,151,963 1,872,808	4,944,686 2,283,727
Conservation and development Debt service		410,919		-	1,012,000	2,203,121
Principal		_		5,851,520	2,168,480	8,020,000
Interest and fiscal charges		_		1,960,472	354,240	2,314,712
Total Expenditures		24,138,154		7,811,992	10,531,285	42,481,431
	10.			•		
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)						
Expenditures	-	(4,258,677)		(510,346)	(637,839)	(5,406,862)
Other Financine Courses (Hope)						
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Long-term debt issued				7,895,000	2,100,000	9,995,000
Premium on debt issued		_		232,041	2,100,000	232,041
Payment to refunding escrow agent		_		(8,084,027)	_	(8,084,027)
Sale of capital assets		_		(0,004,027)	215,000	215,000
Transfers in		4,071,371		64,143	606,494	4,742,008
Transfers out		-			(857,068)	(857,068)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		4,071,371		107,157	2,064,426	6,242,954
Net Change in Fund Balances		(187,306)		(403,189)	1,426,587	836,092
Fund Balances (Deficit) - January 1	19===	5,741,299		1,345,618	(2,718,167)	4,368,750
Fund Balances (Deficit) - December 31	\$	5,553,993	\$	942,429	\$ (1,291,580)	\$ 5,204,842
2.2.2.2.3.3.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.	_	2,220,000		J .2, .20	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	71-311012
(Continued)						

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds (Continued)
For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Reconciliation to the Statement of Activities Net Change in Fund Balances as shown on previous page	\$ 836,092
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital assets reported as capital outlay in governmental fund statements \$ 4,8	92,774
Net book value of capital assets disposed 2	94,942 <u>77,610)</u> (689,894)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	(834,309)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to the governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the	
Premium on debt issued (2	95,000) 32,041) 30,000 5,402,959
Bond premiums and discounts are reported in the governmental funds as revenues and expenditures. In the statement of activities these costs are capitalized and amortized over the life of the bonds.	
Bond premium amortized	17,403
Internal service funds are used by the City to charge the costs of insurance programs and data processing services to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal services is reported with governmental activities	(384,492)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities as Reported in the Statement of Activities (see pages 33 - 34)	\$ 4,357,741

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual
General Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

				Variance
				Final Budget -
	Budgeted An	nounts	Actual	Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 4,847,965 \$	4,847,965	\$ 4,910,296	\$ 62,331
Special assessments	53,143	165,343	176,142	10,799
Intergovernmental	8,243,247	8,371,219	8,451,861	80,642
Licenses and permits	747,305	747,305	1,084,365	337,060
Fines and forfeits	439,500	439,500	550,145	110,645
Public charges for services	3,727,862	3,729,712	2,375,341	(1,354,371)
Intergovernmental charges for services	184,868	184,868	205,065	20,197
Interdepartmental charges for services	1,827,900	1,827,900	1,634,872	(193,028)
Miscellaneous	721,942	743,293	491,390	(251,903)
Total Revenues	20,793,732	21,057,105	19,879,477	(1,177,628)
Expenditures Current General government Public safety Public works	3,156,944 13,518,815 5,788,073	3,056,863 13,862,209 6,004,894	2,707,067 13,621,494 5,286,227	349,796 240,715 718,667
Health and human services	267,397	273,568	319,724	(46,156)
Culture and recreation	1,849,730	1,871,193	1,792,723	78,470
Conservation and development	402,523	398,213	410,919	(12,706)
Total Expenditures		25,466,940	24,138,154	1,328,786
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(4,189,750)	(4,409,835)	(4,258,677)	151,158
Other Financing Sources				
Transfers in	3,961,750	3,961,750	4,071,371	109,621
Net Change in Fund Balance	(228,000)	(448,085)	(187,306)	260,779
Fund Balance - January 1	5,741,299	5,741,299	5,741,299	<u> </u>
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 5,513,299 \$	5,293,214	\$ 5,553,993	\$ 260,779

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2013

	Enterprise Funds				
	Water Utility	Electric Utility	Steam Utility	Broadband Utility	
ASSETS	Trates outly		_ Ctourn Cumty	+ ,	
Current Assets					
Cash and investments	\$ 3,726,987	\$ 9,647,378	\$ 867,692	\$ 650,895	
Receivables	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
Taxes	_	_	ш	u	
Accounts	924,994	9,658,584	45,152	17,913	
Advance to other funds	_	681,180	_	-	
Inventories and prepaid items	241,343	2,690,851	11,615	24,509	
Restricted assets		, , ,	,	17 10 10	
Cash and investments	4,797,335	41,986,891	_	-	
Accrued interest		168,013	_		
Total Current Assets	9,690,659	64,832,897	924,459	693,317	
Noncurrent Assets		,			
Other assets		9,677,480	-	_	
Notes receivable	:#:	820,000	-	_	
Advance to other funds	2. = 2	2,053,790	_	-	
Deposit with CVMIC	<u>-</u>		_	4	
Capital assets, nondepreciable					
Land	263,008	1,292,079	47,353	-	
Construction in progress	127,316	185,306	-		
Capital assets, depreciable	127,010	100,000			
Buildings and improvements	4,508,655	15,110,743	175,813	_	
Improvements other than buildings	39,338,633	49,632,349	685,364	1,033,109	
Machinery and equipment	24,182,159	104,266,139	1,656,364	210,184	
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(19,020,584)				
Total Noncurrent Assets	49,399,187	111,119,125	1,651,240	751,231	
TOTAL ASSETS	59,089,846	175,952,022	2,575,699	1,444,548	
		110,002,022	2,070,000	1,777,070	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred charge on refunding	706,371	674,879		(#X)	
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities					
Accounts payable	1 101 015	2 625 042	144	1,115	
Accrued and other current liabilities	1,181,815	3,635,943	49,313	21,078	
Accrued interest payable	824,682	4,027,839		21,070	
	6,767	738,033	7,455	-	
Due to other governments	377,739	225 542	-	-	
Deposits	2,722	235,542	44 607	-	
Revenue bonds payable	475,000	4,127,013	41,687	22,193	
Total Current Liabilities	2,868,725	12,764,370	98,599	22,193	
Long-term obligations	222 700	4 040 055			
Compensated absences Revenue bonds payable	322,799	1,613,355	- - - - -	-	
	1,555,000	58,401,800	589,917		
Other post employment benefits	43,791	174,561	1,434	-	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	1,921,590	60,189,716	591,351	_	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	4,790,315	72,954,086	689,950	22,193	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property taxes		*			
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	47,369,187	36,039,042	1,019,636	751,231	
Restricted for	11,000,101	30,030,072	1,010,000	, 01,201	
Debt service	857,285	41,416,871	_	-	
Capital projects	3,933,283		_	*	
Unrestricted	2,846,147	26,216,902	866,113	671,124	
Onicodicted	2,070,147	20,210,002	000,110	071,124	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 55,005,902	\$ 103,672,815	\$ 1,885,749	\$ 1,422,355	

						Go	overnmental
	nterprise Fun	ds (Continued)				/	Activities -
Į v	Vastewater					Inte	ernal Service
Tre	atment Plant	Transit System		Totals			Funds
-		,					
•			•	47.070.500		Φ.	0.074.740
\$	2,983,930	\$ 99,698	\$	17,976,580		\$	2,074,718
	_	251,503		251,503			_
	683,055	307,419		11,637,117			25,113
	-	_		681,180			-
	-	125,084		3,093,402			69,586
	8,952,826	-		55,737,052			-
	<u> </u>			168,013			
-	12,619,811	783,704		89,544,847	6 6		2,169,417
				0.677.400			
	-	-		9,677,480 820,000			<u>-</u>
	-	-		2,053,790			-
		_		2,033,790			1,111,426
	-	_					1,111,420
	330,600	90,000		2,023,040			-
	-	-		312,622			19,000
	35,456,335	2,069,645		57,321,191			-
				90,689,455			-
	2,655,039	2,893,931		135,863,816			-
-	(21,516,075)	(2,673,471)		(116,534,607)			- 4 400 400
	16,925,899	2,380,105		182,226,787	•		1,130,426
-	29,545,710	3,163,809		271,771,634			3,299,843
				4 004 050			
-	_		-	1,381,250	•		
	307,574	40,110		5,166,701			47,764
	- 100	933		4,923,845			578,696
	43,859	-		796,114			-
	-10,000	_		377,739			-
	_	_		238,264			_ I
	1,386,864	-		6,030,564			-
	1,738,297	41,043		17,533,227	-		626,460
	201,354	142,427		2,279,935			112,110
	7,098,512			67,645,229			-
	35,599	39,763		295,148			440 440
	7,335,465	182,190		70,220,312			112,110
	9,073,762	223,233		87,753,539			738,570
	_	251,503		251,503			_
-		201,000		201,000	•		
	8,440,523	2,380,105		95,999,724			-
	, , - ,	,		,,			
	_			42,274,156			-
	8,952,826	-		12,886,109			
)- <u></u>	3,078,599	308,968		33,987,853	-		2,561,273
\$	20,471,948	\$ 2,689,073	\$	185,147,842	=	\$	2,561,273

CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSINStatement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	Enterprise Funds					
	Water Utility	Electric Utility	Steam Utility	Broadband Utility		
Operating Revenues			****			
Charges for services	\$ 6,559,733	\$ 65,993,368	\$ 544,992	\$ 176,815		
Other	132,539	264,460	_			
Total Operating Revenues	6,692,272	66,257,828	544,992	176,815		
Operating Expenses						
Source of supply	9,719	_	_	_		
Pumping	933,347	_	_	_		
Power production	-	9,222,354	231,318	_		
Other power supply	_	37,459,633	201,010	_		
Water treatment	844,250	01,400,000	-	_		
Transmission and distribution	926,813	1,085,298	11,692	2		
Customer accounts	218,297	621,027	11,092	_		
Administrative and general	656,513	2,211,151	20,723	36,425		
	030,313	2,211,131	20,723	30,425		
Combined operation and maintenance	4 744 500	E E00 400	- 00 207	40.000		
Depreciation	1,744,526	5,528,406	80,267	40,206		
Taxes	82,121	298,080	2,142	70.004		
Total Operating Expenses	5,415,586	56,425,949	346,142	76,631		
Operating Income (Loss)	1,276,686	9,831,879	198,850	100,184		
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)						
Property taxes	L	<u> 5</u>	-	_		
Intergovernmental	_	_	_	_		
Interest revenue	8,036	1,198,609	(9,328)	-		
Merchandising and jobbing	(3,386)		-	2.7		
Amortization of debt premium	(-,)	226,413	_	_		
Interest and fiscal charges	(88,786)		(28,788)	_		
Miscellaneous	(00,700)	(672)	(20,700)	_		
Insurance recoveries	_	(0, 2)	=	L.		
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(84,136)	(1,628,987)	(38,116)			
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers	1,192,550	8,202,892	160,734	100,184		
Consider a sustainty discussion	4.005	400 505		04.500		
Capital contributions	4,885	128,535	(00.400)	34,500		
Transfers out	(861,573)	(2,937,208)	(39,463)	(20,655)		
Change in Net Position	335,862	5,394,219	121,271	114,029		
Net Position - January 1	54,670,040	95,427,847	1,764,478	1,308,326		
Prior Period Adjustment		2,850,749	<u>-</u>			
Net Position - December 31	\$ 55,005,902	\$ 103,672,815	\$ 1,885,749	\$ 1,422,355		

Enterprise	Funds ((Continued)		(Sovernmental
		1			Activities -
Wastewat				ln'	ternal Service
Treatment P	lant T	ransit System	Totals		Funds
\$ 6,461,	392 \$	102 404	\$ 79,929,704	\$	2 764 902
		193,404		Ф	3,764,892
6,466,	568	102 404	402,567		2 764 902
0,400,	900	193,404	80,332,271		3,764,892
	21	-	9,719		_
	-	-	933,347		_1
	-	-	9,453,672		-
	-	-	37,459,633		-
	_	_	844,250		-
	_	_	2,023,803		_
	_	_	839,324		_
	_	_	2,924,812		-
3,779,	819	1,935,325	5,715,144		4,439,613
832,		293,217	8,519,148		-,400,010
002,	-	200,217	382,343		976
4,612,	3/15	2,228,542	69,105,195		4,440,589
4,012,	343	2,220,342	09,100,190	_	4,440,369
1,854,	615	(2,035,138)	11,227,076		(675,697)
	-	251,503	251,503		-
	2	1,370,459	1,370,459		-
	-	-	1,197,317		_
	-	•	20,092		=
	_	-	226,413		-
(277,	447)	-	(3,471,836)		_
	929	42,466	47,723		_
-,	-	-	-		291,205
(271,	518)	1,664,428	(358,329)		291,205
	/	.,,,	(000,000)		
1,583,	097	(370,710)	10,868,747		(384,492)
	_	5,777	173,697		_
(26	041)	-	(3,884,940)		_
(20	041)		(3,004,940)	-	
1,557	056	(364,933)	7,157,504		(384,492)
18,914	892	3,054,006	175,139,589		2,945,765
?! ************************************	-		2,850,749		-
\$ 20,471	948 \$	2,689,073	\$ 185,147,842	_\$	2,561,273

Statement of Cash Flows
Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	Enterprise Funds							
		Water Utility		Electric Utility	St	team Utility		Broadband Utility
Cash Flows from Operating Activities								
Cash received from customers	\$	6,745,867	\$	61,671,867	\$	546,399	\$	173,707
Cash paid to suppliers		(2,604,888)		(47,668,442)		(212,373)		(57,810)
Cash paid to employees		(1,007,990)		(1,964,060)		(31,731)		-
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	_	3,132,989		12,039,365		302,295		115,897
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities								
General property taxes		-		-		_		_
Cash transferred to other funds		(861,573)		(2,937,208)		(39,463)		(20,655)
Operating grants		-		(=,00.,=00)		(00, 100)		(=0,000)
Advance payment to City		_		675,222		_		_
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital	-			0,0,222				
Financing Activities	6	(861,573)		(2,261,986)		(39,463)		(20,655)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities								
Principal paid on debt		(455,000)		(3,732,300)		(37,700)		
Interest and fiscal charges		(90,302)				, ,		-
Customer contributions				(3,118,258)		(31,493)		24 500
		4,885		128,535		(4.040)		34,500
Cost of removal of capital assets		(840)		(158,653)		(1,948)		- 0.70
Proceeds on disposal of capital assets		770		87,540		-		2,379
Acquisition of capital assets	_	(301,481)		(2,014,007)		(45,973)		(22,270)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related		70.77.0020		/= === . / =\		5		
Financing Activities	_	(841,968)		(8,807,143)		(117,114)		14,609
Cash Flows from Investing Activities								
Interest received on investments		8,036		872,348		(9,328)		3273
Cash paid to ATC LLC	_	-		(257,773)				
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	_	8,036		614,575		(9,328)		-
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		1,437,484		1,584,811		136,390		109,851
Cash and Cash Equivalents - January 1	_	7,086,838		50,049,458		731,302		541,044
Cash and Cash Equivalents - December 31	_\$	8,524,322	\$	51,634,269	\$_	867,692	\$	650,895
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to the statement of net position:								
Unrestricted cash and investments	\$	3,726,987	9	9,647,378	\$	867,692	\$	650,895
Restricted cash and investments	Ψ	4,797,335	4	41,986,891	Ψ	001,002	Ψ	-
. Total otto data and any obtained to	\$	8,524,322	9		\$	867,692	\$	650,895
	Ψ	0,024,022	4	01,004,209	Ψ	007,082	Ψ	000,080

(Continued)

	Enterprise Fund (Continued)				1	Governmental				
١.	Montavator				11.	Activities -				
	Vastewater	Transit Custo		Tatala	1	nternal Service				
l re	atment Plant	Transit Syste	m	Totals		Funds				
\$	6,238,145	\$ 235,87	'o \$	75,611,855	\$	4,072,351				
Ψ	(2,861,021)	(728,54		(54,133,083		(4,317,690)				
	(987,431)	(1,182,68		(5,173,899		(440,257)				
-	2,389,693	(1,675,36	_	16,304,873	_	(685,596)				
	2,000,000	(1,070,00	,0,	10,504,675		(000,000)				
	i .	251,50)3	251,503		-				
	(26,041)	-		(3,884,940)	_				
	-	1,473,71	2	1,473,712		-				
	-	-		675,222		-				
				-						
	(26,041)	1,725,21	5	(1,484,503)	-				
	(1,343,984)	-		(5,568,984	•	-				
	(284,594)	-		(3,524,647	•	-				
	-	-		167,920		-				
	-	-1		(161,441	•	-				
	-	-		90,689		-				
	-	-		(2,383,731	<u>) </u>	(19,000)				
	(1,628,578)			(11,380,194)	(19,000)				
-	(1,020,010)			(11,000,101	_	(10,000)				
	-			871,056		-				
66	-	-		(257,773)_::	-				
	<u> </u>	-		613,283		~				
	735,074	49,84	19	4,053,459		(704,596)				
	11 201 602	40.04	10	69,660,173		2 770 244				
	11,201,682	49,84	19	09,000,173		2,779,314				
\$	11,936,756	\$ 99,69	98 \$	3,713,632	\$	2,074,718				
	, , ,			, -,	= =					
•	0.000.000	Φ 55.5			_	0 0 - 1 - 1 -				
\$	2,983,930	\$ 99,69	8 \$			2,074,718				
	8,952,826	-		55,737,052	_					
\$	11,936,756	\$ 99,69	8 \$	73,713,632	= <u>\$</u>	2,074,718				

Statement of Cash Flows (Continued)
Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	Enterprise Funds								
		Vater Utility	E	lectric Utility	Ste	eam Utility	В	Broadband Utility	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net									
Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities									
Operating income (loss)	\$	1,276,686	\$	9,831,879	\$	198,850	\$	100,184	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)									
to net cash provided (used) by operations									
Depreciation		1,744,526		5,528,406		80,267		40,206	
Depreciation charged to operating accounts		80,930		70,631		-		-1	
Insurance recoveries		-		-		-		-	
Merchandising and jobbing		(3,386)		23,478		-		-	
Miscellaneous income		-		-		_		-	
Changes in assets and liabilities									
Accounts receivable		54,791		(4,464,558)		1,407		(3,108)	
Inventories and prepaid items		(49,692)		1,088,407		8,141		(21,742)	
Deferred charges		-		_				-	
Accounts payable		469,219		74,808		(14)		367	
Accrued and other liabilities		(49,062)		(179,658)		13,616		(10)	
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-	
Unearned revenues		(394,065)		54,983		-		-1	
Compensated absences and employee									
benefits		852		155,870		28		-	
Deposits	70	2,190		(144,881)					
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	3,132,989	\$	12,039,365	\$	302,295	\$	115,897	
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities									
Capital assets transferred from other funds	\$		\$	=	\$	-	\$		

Er	nterprise Fun	ds (Continued)			Γ	Gov	/ernmental
								ctivities -
	astewater							nal Service
Trea	tment Plant	Tr	ansit System		Totals	L		Funds
œ	4.054.045	•	(0.005.400)	Φ.	44 007 070		Φ.	(075 007)
\$	1,854,615	\$	(2,035,138)	Ф	11,227,076		\$	(675,697)
	832,526		293,217		8,519,148			-
	-		-		151,561			-
	-		_		-			291,205
	-		-		20,092			-
	5,929		42,466		48,395			_
	(627,704)		=		(5,039,172)			16,254
	-		3,994		1,029,108			192
	-		-		5			7,991
	(101,126)		(2,389)		440,865			(71,547)
			-		(215,114)			(223,487)
	392,960		-		392,960			. =
			-		(339,082)			-
	32,493		22,484		211,727			(30,507)
	JZ, T JJ		22,404		(142,691)			(30,307)
\$	2,389,693	\$	(1,675,366)	\$	16,304,873	-	\$	(685,596)
			, , , - 5 - 1		,	=		
_								
<u>\$</u>		\$		\$		=	\$	-

CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Poor Relief Fiduciary Fund December 31, 2013

ASSETS	Poor Relief
Cash and investments	<u>\$ 17,574</u>
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	\$
NET POSITION Restricted for Trust activities	\$ 17,574

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Poor Relief Fiduciary Fund Year Ended December 31, 2013

A 1 100	Poor Relief
Additions Interest on investments	<u>\$</u>
Deductions Benefits	875_
Change in Net Position	(875)
Net Position - January 1	18,449
Net Position - December 31	<u>\$ 17,574</u>

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2013

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin ("the City") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the City are described below:

1. Reporting Entity

The City of Manitowoc is a municipal corporation governed by an elected ten member council. Included in the City's operations (the primary government) are the City's water, electric, steam and broadband utilities managed by a separate commission appointed by the City Council. In accordance with GAAP, the basic financial statements are required to include the City (the primary government) and any separate component units that have a significant operational or financial relationship with the City. The City has not identified any component units that are required to be included in the basic financial statements in accordance with standards established by GASB Statement No. 61.

2. Related Organization

The City's officials are also responsible for appointing the members of the board of another organization, but the City's accountability for this organization does not extend beyond making the appointments. Therefore this organization is not included in the City's reporting entity. The City Council appoints the members of the following related organization:

The Housing Authority of the City of Manitowoc - The Housing Authority was established by the City to administer the low and moderate income housing program funded by federal grants and rental income. Although board members of the Housing Authority are appointed by the City Council, there is no financial interdependency with the City of Manitowoc nor does the City have any significant influence over Housing Authority operations. The City does not provide funding for the Housing Authority. Additionally, the City does not hold title to any of the Housing Authority assets, nor does it have any right to the Housing Authority's surpluses. The City has no legal obligation to fund Housing Authority programs should grant funding no longer be available.

3. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which are primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Governmental funds include general, special revenue, debt service and capital projects funds. Proprietary funds include enterprise and internal service funds. Major individual governmental funds and individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2013

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

GENERAL FUND

This is the City's main operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund.

DEBT SERVICE FUND

This fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

WATER UTILITY

This funds accounts for the provision of water service to City residents, public authorities, and business entities.

ELECTRIC UTILITY

This fund accounts for the provision of electric service to City residents, public authorities, and business entities.

STEAM UTILITY

This fund accounts for the provision of sales of steam to public authorities and business entities.

BROADBAND UTILITY

This fund accounts for the provision of broadband communication services to public authorities.

WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT

This fund accounts for the provision of sewage treatment service to City residents, public authorities, and business entities.

TRANSIT SYSTEM

This fund accounts for the provision of mass transit services to residents of the Cities of Manitowoc and Two Rivers.

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted for specific purposes.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

Capital projects funds account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities or equipment other than those financed by proprietary funds.

Internal service funds account for health and liability self-insurance and data processing services provided to other departments of the City on a cost reimbursement basis.

The *private-purpose trust fund* is used to account for resources legally held in trust to provide annual holiday donations to area not-for-profit organizations. Generally, only the earnings on the invested resources are used to make the donations.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2013

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

4. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund (other than agency funds) financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Agency funds follow the accrual basis of accounting, and do not have a measurement focus.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Revenues susceptible to accrual include governmental grants, intergovernmental charges for services, public charges for services and interest. Other revenues such as licenses and permits, other fines and forfeits, and miscellaneous revenues are recognized when received in cash or when measurable and available.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the City's water, electric and sewer function and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, and fees and fines, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2013

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

5. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows and Net Position or Fund Balance

a. Cash and Investments

Cash and investments are combined in the financial statements. Cash deposits consist of demand and time deposits with financial institutions and are carried at cost. Investments are stated at fair value. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all cash deposits and highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less are considered to be cash equivalents.

b. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are recorded at gross amount with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that the amount of such allowance would not be material to the basic financial statements.

c. Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" and "due to other funds" in the fund financial statements. Noncurrent portions of the interfund receivables for the governmental funds are reported as "advances to other funds" and are offset by nonspendable fund balance since they do not constitute expendable available financial resources and therefore are not available for appropriation.

The amount reported on the statement of net position for internal balances represents the residual balance outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities.

d. Inventories

Inventories are recorded at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in, first-out method. Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are consumed rather than when purchased.

Inventories of governmental funds in the fund financial statements are offset by nonspendable fund balance amounts to indicate that they do not represent spendable available financial resources.

e. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors that will benefit periods beyond the end of the current fiscal year are recorded as prepaid items.

Prepaid items of governmental funds in the fund financial statements are offset by nonspendable fund balance amounts to indicate that they do not represent spendable available financial resources.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2013

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

f. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or higher and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Governmental Business-Type

	Activities	Activities
	Ye	ars
<u>Assets</u>		
Buildings	50	25 - 50
Improvements other than buildings	-	25 - 100
Machinery and equipment	5 - 20	3 - 10
Infrastructure	50 - 100	-

g. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave benefits in accordance with bargaining unit agreements. All vacation and sick leave is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds in the fund financial statements only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

h. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has one type of item that qualifies for reporting in this category, property taxes. This amount will be recognized as an inflow of resources in the subsequent year for which it was levied. The City also has an additional type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from two sources, loans receivable and special assessments. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2013

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

i. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds, if material. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Issuance costs are expensed during the current period.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

j. Fund Equity

GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance Amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory, prepaid items, or long-term receivables) or are legally or contractually required to remain intact.
- Restricted fund balance Amounts that are constrained for specific purposes by external parties (such as grantor or bondholders), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance Amounts that are constrained for specific purposes by action of the Common Council either through the passage of an ordinance or resolution. These constraints can only be removed or changed by the Common Council using the same action that was used to create them.
- Assigned fund balance Amounts that are constrained for specific purposes by action of City management. The Common Council has authorized the Finance Director to assign fund balance. Residual amounts in any governmental fund, other than the General Fund, are also reported as assigned.
- Unassigned fund balance Amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive unassigned amounts are only reported in the General Fund.

The City has not adopted a fund balance spend-down policy regarding the order in which fund balance will be utilized. When a policy does not specify the spend-down policy, GASB Statement No. 54 indicates that restricted funds would be spent first, followed by committed funds, and then assigned funds. Unassigned funds would be spent last.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2013

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND PROPRIETARY FUND STATEMENTS

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- Net investment in capital assets Amount of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, less
 outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to
 the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted net position Amount of net position that is subject to restrictions that are imposed by 1) external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position Net position that is neither classified as restricted nor as net investment in capital assets.

6. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE B - STEWARDSHIP AND COMPLIANCE

1. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- a. Prior to November, City management submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the calendar year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. After submission to the governing body, public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments. Following the public hearings, the proposed budget, including authorized additions and deletions, is legally enacted by City Council action.
- b. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the governmental funds. Budget is defined as the originally approved budget plus or minus approved amendments. Budget appropriations not expended during the year are closed to fund balance unless authorized by the governing body to be forwarded into the succeeding year's budget.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2013

NOTE B - STEWARDSHIP AND COMPLIANCE (Continued)

- c. During the year, formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for the general fund, debt service fund, room tax, parking meters, mandatory recycling, Tax Increment Districts No. 7, and 8, transit capital grant, library, enhanced EMS, and aquatic center special revenue funds, and sanitary and storm sewers, streets, harbor improvements, capital equipment, environmental remediation, buildings and other capital improvements, and Tax Increment Districts No. 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16 and 17 capital projects funds. Amendments to the budget during the year are initially reviewed by management and are subsequently authorized by the City Council. Management does not have authority to amend the legally adopted budget. Supplemental amendments were necessary during the year but were not material in relation to the original appropriation.
- d. The budget as enacted includes total expenditures at the organization level. An organization can be a department, division, fund or other activity. Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations at this level.

The City did not have any material violation of legal or contractual provisions for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013.

2. Deficit Fund Equity

The following funds had deficit fund equity as of December 31, 2013:

Fund		eficit Fund Equity
Capital Projects Funds	•	
Sanitary and Storm Sewers	\$	2,191,389
Streets		3,088,380
Tax Increment District No. 9		721,951
Tax Increment District No. 12		134,574
Tax Increment District No. 14		340,800
Tax Increment District No. 16		1,228,975
Tax Increment District No. 17		35,539
Internal Service Fund		
Data Processing		82,548

The above deficits are anticipated to be funded from future operations of the respective funds, proceeds of debt, or from available resources of the general fund.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2013

NOTE C - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

Cash and Investments

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The City maintains various cash and investment accounts, including pooled funds that are available for use by all funds. Each fund's portion of these accounts is displayed in the financial statements as "Cash and investments."

Invested cash consists of deposits and investments that are restricted by Wisconsin Statutes to the following:

Time deposits; repurchase agreements; securities issued by federal, state and local governmental entities; statutorily authorized commercial paper and corporate securities; and the Wisconsin local government investment pool.

In addition, investment of most trust funds including cemetery perpetual care funds is regulated by Chapter 881 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Investment of library trust funds is regulated by Chapter 112. These sections give broad authority to use such funds to acquire various kinds of investments, including common stock.

The carrying amount of the City's cash and investments totaled \$100,953,185 on December 31, 2013 as summarized below:

Petty cash funds	\$	18,922
Deposits with financial institutions		27,414,632
Investments		
U.S. Treasury Notes		4,969,847
Government National Mortgage Association		531,804
Federal National Mortgage Association		3,019,612
Federal Home Loan Bank		7,474,290
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association		14,265,574
Federal Farm Credit Bank		7,134,289
Small Business Administration		340,778
Money market mutual funds		10,539,947
Corporate obligations		15,992,681
Wisconsin local government investment pool		9,250,809
	\$	100,953,185
Reconciliation to the basic financial statements:		
Government-Wide Statement of Net Position		
Cash and investments	\$	45,188,134
Restricted cash and investments	Ψ	55,747,477
Fiduciary Funds Statement of Net Position		00,7 17,171
Private-purpose trust fund		17,574
Tirate purpose tractains	\$	100,953,185
	_	.00,000,100

Deposits and investments of the City are subject to various risks. Presented below is a discussion of the specific risks and the City's policy related to the risk.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2013

NOTE C - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. Wisconsin statutes require repurchase agreements to be fully collateralized by bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government or its instrumentalities. All security transactions, including collateral for repurchase agreements, entered into by the City of Manitowoc shall be conducted on a delivery-versus-payment (DVP) basis. Securities will be held by a third party custodian designated by the Finance Director/Treasurer and Mayor and approved by the Finance Committee and Common Council.

Deposits with financial institutions within the State of Wisconsin are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) in the amount of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all time and savings deposits and \$250,000 for interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing demand deposits per official custodian per insured depository institution. Deposits with financial institutions located outside the State of Wisconsin are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all deposit accounts per official custodian per depository institution. Deposits with credit unions are insured by the National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund (NCUSIF) in the amount of \$250,000 per credit union member. Also, the State of Wisconsin has a State Guarantee Fund which provides a maximum of \$400,000 per public depository above the amount provided by an agency of the U.S. Government. However, due to the relatively small size of the State Guarantee Fund in relation to the Fund's total coverage, total recovery of insured losses may not be available.

As of December 31, 2013, \$21,341,837 of the City's deposits with financial institutions were in excess of federal and state depository insurance limits and uncollateralized.

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Wisconsin statutes limit investments in securities to the top two ratings assigned by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The City does not have an additional credit risk policy. Presented below is the actual rating as of yearend for each investment type.

	Г			Exempt							
				From							Not
Investment Type		Amount	[Disclosure	AAA	AA		Α		Rated	
U.S. Treasury Notes	\$	4,969,847	\$	4,969,847	\$ (#)	\$	-	\$	*	\$	() ()
Government National Mortgage		531,804		531,804	4		-		-		(- €)
Federal National Mortgage		3,019,612		<u></u>	3,019,612		-		2		(SE)
Federal Home Loan Bank		7,474,290		<u>=</u>	7,474,290		-				*
Federal Home Loan Mortgage		14,265,574		2	14,265,574		74		7.5		1075
Federal Farm Credit Bank		7,134,289		#	7,134,289		= 1		*:		() *)
Small Business Administration		340,778		×	340,778		+:		*		-
Money market mutual funds		10,539,947		. 4	-		2		2		10,539,947
Corporate obligations		15,992,681		-	120,400		8,737,476		7,134,805		7727
Wisconsin local government											
investment pool		9,250,809									9,250,809
Totals	\$	73,519,631	\$	5,501,651	\$ 32,354,943	\$	8,737,476	\$	7,134,805	\$	19,790,756

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2013

NOTE C - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City's investment policy states that it will diversify its investments by security type and institution. With the exception of U.S. Treasury securities and authorized pools, no more than 50% of the City's total investment portfolio will be invested in a single type or with a single financial institution. The City had the following investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represent 5% or more of total City investments.

	Reported
Issuer	Amount
Federal National Mortgage	\$ 3,019,612
Federal Home Loan Bank	7,474,290
Federal Home Loan Mortgage	14,265,574
Federal Farm Credit Bank	7,134,289
Small Business Administration	340,778
Corporate obligations	15,992,681
	\$ 48,227,224

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. In accordance with its investment policy, to the extent possible, the City of Manitowoc will attempt to match its investments with anticipated cash flow liquidity requirements. Unless matched to a specific cash flow, the City of Manitowoc will not invest in securities maturing more than 5 years from the date of purchase. Reserve funds may be invested in securities exceeding 5 years if the maturity of such investment is made to coincide as nearly as practicable with the expected use of funds. In no event will the City invest in securities with maturities exceeding 7 years. Because of the inherent difficulties in accurately forecasting cash flow requirements, a portion of the portfolio should be continuously invested in readily available funds such as Local Government Investment Pools, money market funds or overnight repurchase agreements to ensure that appropriate liquidity is maintained to meet ongoing obligations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity:

	Remaining Maturity (in Months)						
		12 Months	13 to 24	25 to 60	More Than		
Investment Type	Amount	or Less	Months	Months	60 Months		
U.S. Treasury Notes	\$ 4,969,847	\$ 611,367	\$ 1,814,745	\$ 2,543,735	\$ -		
Government National Mortgage	531,804	-	-	-	531,804		
Federal National Mortgage	3,019,612	1,960,008	212,188	597,032	250,384		
Federal Home Loan Bank	7,474,290	4,479,610	2,042,575	952,105	-		
Federal Home Loan Mortgage	14,265,574	8,570,945	2,406,749	1,314,060	1,973,820		
Federal Farm Credit Bank	7,134,289	3,921,151	2,520,116	~	693,022		
Small Business Administration	340,778	=	_	14,989	325,789		
Money market mutual funds	10,539,947	10,539,947	-	-	_		
Corporate obligations	15,992,681	10,153,146	4,313,867	1,525,668	-		
Wisconsin local government							
investment pool	9,250,809	9,250,809			-		
Totals	\$ 73,519,631	\$ 49,486,983	\$ 13,310,240	\$6,947,589	\$ 3,774,819		

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2013

NOTE C - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Investments with Fair Values Highly Sensitive to Interest Rate Fluctuations

The City's investments include the following investments that are highly sensitive to interest rate fluctuations (to a greater degree than already indicated in the information provided above):

	Fair Value
Highly Sensitive Investments	at Year End
Government National Mortgage	\$ 531,804
Federal National Mortgage	3,019,612
Federal Home Loan Bank	7,474,290
Federal Home Loan Mortgage	14,265,574
Federal Farm Credit Bank	7,134,289
Small Business Administration	340,778
Corporate obligations	15,992,681
	\$ 48,759,028

Investment in Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool

The City has investments in the Wisconsin local government investment pool of \$9,250,809 at year-end. The Wisconsin local government investment pool (LGIP) is part of the State Investment Fund (SIF), and is managed by the State of Wisconsin Investment Board. The SIF is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, but operates under the statutory authority of Wisconsin Chapter 25. The SIF reports the fair value of its underlying assets annually. Participants in the LGIP have the right to withdraw their funds in total on one day's notice. At December 31, 2013, the fair value of the City's share of the LGIP's assets was substantially equal to the carrying value.

2. Property Taxes

Property taxes consist of taxes on real estate and personal property. They are levied during December of the prior year and become an enforceable lien on property the following January 1. Property taxes are payable in various options depending on the type and amount. Personal property taxes are payable on or before January 31 in full. Real estate taxes are payable in full by January 31 or in four equal installments on or before January 31, March 31, May 31, and July 31. Real estate taxes not paid by July 31 are purchased by the County as part of the August tax settlement. Delinquent personal property taxes remain the collection responsibility of the City.

The City bills and collects its own property taxes and also levies and collects taxes for the Manitowoc School District, Manitowoc County, Lakeshore Technical College and the State of Wisconsin. Collections and remittances of taxes for other entities are accounted for in the general fund.

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets on December 31, 2013 totaled \$55,915,490 and consisted of cash and investments of \$55,747,477 and accrued interest receivable of \$168,013 held for the following purposes:

Special Revenue Fund	
Centennial Fund	
Future projects and improvements	\$ 10,425
Enterprise Funds	
Water Utility	
Retirement of waterworks system revenue bonds	864,052
Membrane replacement	3,933,283
Electric Utility	
Retirement of electric system revenue bonds	41,986,891
Accrued interest	168,013
Wastewater Treatment Plant	
Plant replacement	8,952,826
Total Restricted Assets	\$ 55,915,490

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2013

NOTE C - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2013 was as follows:

	E	Beginning		. 7				Ending
Governmental activities:		Balance		Increases		Decreases		Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	7,392,718	\$	150,500	\$	1,300	\$	7,541,918
Construction in progress		-	*	19,000	Ψ.	-	Ψ	19,000
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		7,392,718		169,500		1,300		7,560,918
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings		28,674,629		195,521		-		28,870,150
Machinery and equipment		23,817,922		1,096,835		210,344		24,704,413
Infrastructure		83,254,187		3,449,918		1,117,696		185,586,409
Subtotals	2	235,746,738		4,742,274		1,328,040	-	239,160,972
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		10,249,284		574,928		655,200		10,169,012
Machinery and equipment		11,933,620		1,188,068		173,896		12,947,792
Infrastructure		86,039,845		4,114,614		795,186		89,359,273
Subtotals	1	08,222,749		5,877,610		1,624,282		112,476,077
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	1	27,523,989		(1,135,336)		(296,242)		126,684,895
total capital accord, comig doprociatos, mot		_,,0_0,000		(1,100,000)		(200,212)		120,00 1,000
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 1	34,916,707	\$	(965,836)	\$	(294,942)		134,245,813
Less related long-term debt outstanding								49,566,555
Net investment in capital assets							\$	84,679,258
Business-type activities:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated:		7 1 2 2 2 2 2 2	•		_			
Land	\$	1,982,333	\$	40,707	\$	-	\$	2,023,040
Construction in progress	_	1,850,620		2,315,488	_	3,853,486		312,622
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	_	3,832,953		2,356,195	_	3,853,486		2,335,662
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings		56,741,217		579,974		_		57,321,191
Improvements other than buildings		89,384,504		1,608,631		303,680		90,689,455
Machinery and equipment	1	34,545,855		1,719,631		401,670		135,863,816
Subtotals	2	280,671,576		3,908,236		705,350		283,874,462
Less accumulated depreciation for:		OF 440 000		1 005 000				00 070 000
Buildings Improvements other than buildings		25,148,028 33,396,302		1,225,002		202 600		26,373,030
Machinery and equipment		50,074,233		2,329,531 5,045,424		303,680 380,233		35,422,153 54,739,424
Subtotals	1	108,618,563		8,599,957	_	683,913	_	116,534,607
Cubicitals		100,010,000		0,000,007		000,510		110,554,007
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	1	72,053,013		(4,691,721)	_	21,437		167,339,855
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 1	75,885,966	\$	(2,335,526)	\$	3,874,923		169,675,517
Less related long-term debt outstanding						,		73,675,793
Net investment in capital assets							\$	95,999,724
comon in capital accosts							Ψ_	00,000,124

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2013

NOTE C - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the City as follows:

Governmental activities	
General government	\$ 197,298
Public safety	369,499
Public works	4,720,249
Health and human services	11,488
Culture and recreation	533,126
Conservation and development	45,950
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 5,877,610
Pusings two paticities	
Business-type activities	4 = 44 = 50
Water utility	\$ 1,744,526
Electric utility	5,528,406
Steam utility	80,267
Broadband utility	40,206
Wastewater treatment plant	832,526
Transit system	293,217
Depreciation charged to operating accounts and other adjustments	80,809
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 8,599,957

5. Interfund Receivable, Payables, and Transfers

Interfund receivables and payables between individual funds of the City, as reported in the fund financial statements, as of December 31, 2013 are detailed below:

	Ι ΄	nterfund eceivables	Interfund Payables
Temporary Cash Advances to Finance Operating Cash Deficits of Other Funds	-		
General Fund	\$	4,109,555	\$ -
Debt Service Fund		944,381	Ŷ
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		-	5,053,936
Advances Between Funds			
Electric Utility Enterprise Fund		2,734,970	-
Sanitary and Storm Sewers			
Capital Projects Fund		-	2,312,187
Streets Capital Projects Fund		-	422,783
Totals	\$	7,788,906	\$ 7,788,906

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, (3) payments between funds are made, and (4) long-term advances have been made.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2013

NOTE C - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2013 were as follows:

	Transfers in:								
		General		Debt		Nonmajor			
Transfers Out:		Fund		Service	G	Sovernmental		Total	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds									
Special Revenue Funds	\$	201,432	\$	38,102	\$	30,000	\$	269,534	
Capital Projects Funds		11,040		-		576,494		587,534	
Proprietary Funds									
Water Utility		861,573		-		-		861,573	
Electric Utility		2,937,208		-		-		2,937,208	
Steam Utility		39,463		-		-		39,463	
Broadband Utility		20,655		-		I=		20,655	
Wastewater Treatment Plant				26,041		-		26,041	
Totals	\$	4,071,371	\$	64,143	\$	606,494	\$	4,742,008	

Transfers are used to: (1) move unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations; (2) move revenues from the fund that is required to collect them to the fund that is required or allowed to expend them; and (3) move receipts restricted to or allowed for debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service funds as debt service payments become due.

6. Long-term Obligations

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations of the City for the year ended December 31, 2013:

		Outstanding			0	utstanding	Ε	Due Within
	L	1/1/13	Issued	Retired		12/31/13		One Year
Governmental activities:								
General Obligation Debt								
Bonds	\$	54,135,000	\$ -	\$ 13,935,000	\$	40,200,000	\$	5,155,000
Notes	_	14,595,000	9,995,000	1,695,000		22,895,000		3,010,000
Total General Obligation Debt		68,730,000	9,995,000	15,630,000		63,095,000		8,165,000
Bond premium		-	232,041	17,403		214,638		23,204
Compensated absences		5,587,493	2,086,830	2,041,946		5,632,377		2,000,000
Other post employment benefits		894,006	249,373	63,257		1,080,122		
Governmental activities								
Long-term obligations	_\$_	75,211,499	\$ 12,563,244	\$ 17,752,606	\$	70,022,137	\$	10,188,204
Business-type activities:								
Revenue bonds	\$	75,954,360	\$ -	\$ 5,568,984	\$	70,385,376	\$	5,801,864
Unamortized premium		3,519,118	, -	228,701		3,290,417		228,700
Compensated absences		2,125,603	154,332	-		2,279,935		-
Other post employment benefits		273,030	25,861	3,743		295,148		_
Business-type activities								
Long-term obligations	\$	81,872,111	\$ 180,193	\$ 5,801,428	\$	76,250,876	\$	6,030,564

Total interest paid during the year on long-term debt totaled \$5,409,030.

For governmental activities, long-term obligations other than debt are generally funded by the general fund.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2013

NOTE C - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

General Obligation Debt

General obligation debt currently outstanding is detailed as follows:

Bonds	
\$4,305,000 capital improvement and development bonds issued 4/1/04; \$380,000	
due in 2014; interest 4.0%	\$ 380,000
\$4,760,000 capital improvement and development bonds issued 4/15/05; \$435,000	
to \$440,000 due annually through 2015; interest 3.75% to 4.15%	875,000
\$4,390,000 capital improvement and revaluation bonds issued 5/22/06; \$365,000	
to \$330,000 due annually through 2018; interest 4.125% to 4.15%	1,880,000
\$8,220,000 capital improvement bonds issued 4/9/07; \$515,000 to \$755,000	
due annually through 2022; interest 3.875% to 3.9%	5,750,000
\$5,600,000 capital improvement bonds issued 6/27/08; \$335,000 to \$495,000	
due annually through 2023; interest 3.25% to 4.00%	4,170,000
\$6,225,000 capital improvement bonds issued 2/17/09; \$355,000 to \$550,000	,
due annually through 2024; interest 3.0% to 4.125%	4,935,000
\$5,850,000 capital improvement bonds issued 2/16/10; \$370,000 to \$520,000	,, ,
due annually through 2025; interest 1.25% to 5.1%	5,250,000
\$10,615,000 refunding bonds issued 2/16/10; \$225,000 to \$1,695,000 due	0,200,000
annually through 2021; interest 2.0% to 4.0%	7,355,000
\$3,280,000 capital improvement bonds issued 4/25/11; \$130,000 to \$305,000	.,000,000
due annually 2013 through 2026; interest 1.5% to 3.65%	3,150,000
\$6,690,000 refunding bonds issued 11/28/11; \$90,000 to \$905,000 due	0,.00,000
annually through 2023; interest 1.1% to 3.95%	6,455,000
Total Bonds	
TOIALDONGS	40.700.000
Total bonds	 40,200,000
	 40,200,000
Notes	 40,200,000
Notes \$475,000 capital improvement notes issued 4/1/04; \$60,000	\$
Notes \$475,000 capital improvement notes issued 4/1/04; \$60,000 due in 2014; interest 3.25% to 3.75%	\$ 60,000
Notes \$475,000 capital improvement notes issued 4/1/04; \$60,000 due in 2014; interest 3.25% to 3.75% \$525,000 capital improvement notes issued 4/15/05; \$55,000 to \$55,000	\$ 60,000
Notes \$475,000 capital improvement notes issued 4/1/04; \$60,000 due in 2014; interest 3.25% to 3.75% \$525,000 capital improvement notes issued 4/15/05; \$55,000 to \$55,000 due annually through 2015; interest 3.60% to 3.95%	\$
Notes \$475,000 capital improvement notes issued 4/1/04; \$60,000 due in 2014; interest 3.25% to 3.75% \$525,000 capital improvement notes issued 4/15/05; \$55,000 to \$55,000 due annually through 2015; interest 3.60% to 3.95% \$1,780,000 capital improvement notes issued 4/9/07; \$175,000 to \$175,000	\$ 60,000 110,000
Notes \$475,000 capital improvement notes issued 4/1/04; \$60,000 due in 2014; interest 3.25% to 3.75% \$525,000 capital improvement notes issued 4/15/05; \$55,000 to \$55,000 due annually through 2015; interest 3.60% to 3.95% \$1,780,000 capital improvement notes issued 4/9/07; \$175,000 to \$175,000 due annually through 2017; interest 3.75% to 3.8%.	\$ 60,000
Notes \$475,000 capital improvement notes issued 4/1/04; \$60,000 due in 2014; interest 3.25% to 3.75% \$525,000 capital improvement notes issued 4/15/05; \$55,000 to \$55,000 due annually through 2015; interest 3.60% to 3.95% \$1,780,000 capital improvement notes issued 4/9/07; \$175,000 to \$175,000 due annually through 2017; interest 3.75% to 3.8%. \$3,660,000 capital improvement notes issued 5/23/08; \$360,000 to \$420,000	\$ 60,000 110,000 700,000
Notes \$475,000 capital improvement notes issued 4/1/04; \$60,000 due in 2014; interest 3.25% to 3.75% \$525,000 capital improvement notes issued 4/15/05; \$55,000 to \$55,000 due annually through 2015; interest 3.60% to 3.95% \$1,780,000 capital improvement notes issued 4/9/07; \$175,000 to \$175,000 due annually through 2017; interest 3.75% to 3.8%. \$3,660,000 capital improvement notes issued 5/23/08; \$360,000 to \$420,000 due annually through 2018; interest 3.25% to 3.75%	\$ 60,000 110,000
Notes \$475,000 capital improvement notes issued 4/1/04; \$60,000 due in 2014; interest 3.25% to 3.75% \$525,000 capital improvement notes issued 4/15/05; \$55,000 to \$55,000 due annually through 2015; interest 3.60% to 3.95% \$1,780,000 capital improvement notes issued 4/9/07; \$175,000 to \$175,000 due annually through 2017; interest 3.75% to 3.8%. \$3,660,000 capital improvement notes issued 5/23/08; \$360,000 to \$420,000 due annually through 2018; interest 3.25% to 3.75% \$2,955,000 capital improvement notes issued 2/17/09; \$140,000 to \$165,000	\$ 60,000 110,000 700,000 1,970,000
Notes \$475,000 capital improvement notes issued 4/1/04; \$60,000 due in 2014; interest 3.25% to 3.75% \$525,000 capital improvement notes issued 4/15/05; \$55,000 to \$55,000 due annually through 2015; interest 3.60% to 3.95% \$1,780,000 capital improvement notes issued 4/9/07; \$175,000 to \$175,000 due annually through 2017; interest 3.75% to 3.8%. \$3,660,000 capital improvement notes issued 5/23/08; \$360,000 to \$420,000 due annually through 2018; interest 3.25% to 3.75% \$2,955,000 capital improvement notes issued 2/17/09; \$140,000 to \$165,000 due annually through 2019; interest 3.0% to 3.25%	\$ 60,000 110,000 700,000
Notes \$475,000 capital improvement notes issued 4/1/04; \$60,000 due in 2014; interest 3.25% to 3.75% \$525,000 capital improvement notes issued 4/15/05; \$55,000 to \$55,000 due annually through 2015; interest 3.60% to 3.95% \$1,780,000 capital improvement notes issued 4/9/07; \$175,000 to \$175,000 due annually through 2017; interest 3.75% to 3.8%. \$3,660,000 capital improvement notes issued 5/23/08; \$360,000 to \$420,000 due annually through 2018; interest 3.25% to 3.75% \$2,955,000 capital improvement notes issued 2/17/09; \$140,000 to \$165,000 due annually through 2019; interest 3.0% to 3.25% \$1,605,000 capital improvement notes issued 2/17/09; \$100,000 to \$210,000	\$ 60,000 110,000 700,000 1,970,000 925,000
Notes \$475,000 capital improvement notes issued 4/1/04; \$60,000 due in 2014; interest 3.25% to 3.75% \$525,000 capital improvement notes issued 4/15/05; \$55,000 to \$55,000 due annually through 2015; interest 3.60% to 3.95% \$1,780,000 capital improvement notes issued 4/9/07; \$175,000 to \$175,000 due annually through 2017; interest 3.75% to 3.8%. \$3,660,000 capital improvement notes issued 5/23/08; \$360,000 to \$420,000 due annually through 2018; interest 3.25% to 3.75% \$2,955,000 capital improvement notes issued 2/17/09; \$140,000 to \$165,000 due annually through 2019; interest 3.0% to 3.25% \$1,605,000 capital improvement notes issued 2/17/09; \$100,000 to \$210,000 due annually 2013 through 2021; interest 3.0% to 3.25%	\$ 60,000 110,000 700,000 1,970,000
Notes \$475,000 capital improvement notes issued 4/1/04; \$60,000 due in 2014; interest 3.25% to 3.75% \$525,000 capital improvement notes issued 4/15/05; \$55,000 to \$55,000 due annually through 2015; interest 3.60% to 3.95% \$1,780,000 capital improvement notes issued 4/9/07; \$175,000 to \$175,000 due annually through 2017; interest 3.75% to 3.8%. \$3,660,000 capital improvement notes issued 5/23/08; \$360,000 to \$420,000 due annually through 2018; interest 3.25% to 3.75% \$2,955,000 capital improvement notes issued 2/17/09; \$140,000 to \$165,000 due annually through 2019; interest 3.0% to 3.25% \$1,605,000 capital improvement notes issued 2/17/09; \$100,000 to \$210,000 due annually 2013 through 2021; interest 3.0% to 3.25% \$7,655,000 capital improvement notes issued 7/11/12; \$25,000 to \$1,330,000	\$ 60,000 110,000 700,000 1,970,000 925,000 1,505,000
Notes \$475,000 capital improvement notes issued 4/1/04; \$60,000 due in 2014; interest 3.25% to 3.75% \$525,000 capital improvement notes issued 4/15/05; \$55,000 to \$55,000 due annually through 2015; interest 3.60% to 3.95% \$1,780,000 capital improvement notes issued 4/9/07; \$175,000 to \$175,000 due annually through 2017; interest 3.75% to 3.8%. \$3,660,000 capital improvement notes issued 5/23/08; \$360,000 to \$420,000 due annually through 2018; interest 3.25% to 3.75% \$2,955,000 capital improvement notes issued 2/17/09; \$140,000 to \$165,000 due annually through 2019; interest 3.0% to 3.25% \$1,605,000 capital improvement notes issued 2/17/09; \$100,000 to \$210,000 due annually 2013 through 2021; interest 3.0% to 3.25% \$7,655,000 capital improvement notes issued 7/11/12; \$25,000 to \$1,330,000 due annually 2013 through 2022; interest 2.0% to 3.0%	\$ 60,000 110,000 700,000 1,970,000 925,000
Notes \$475,000 capital improvement notes issued 4/1/04; \$60,000 due in 2014; interest 3.25% to 3.75% \$525,000 capital improvement notes issued 4/15/05; \$55,000 to \$55,000 due annually through 2015; interest 3.60% to 3.95% \$1,780,000 capital improvement notes issued 4/9/07; \$175,000 to \$175,000 due annually through 2017; interest 3.75% to 3.8%. \$3,660,000 capital improvement notes issued 5/23/08; \$360,000 to \$420,000 due annually through 2018; interest 3.25% to 3.75% \$2,955,000 capital improvement notes issued 2/17/09; \$140,000 to \$165,000 due annually through 2019; interest 3.0% to 3.25% \$1,605,000 capital improvement notes issued 2/17/09; \$100,000 to \$210,000 due annually 2013 through 2021; interest 3.0% to 3.25% \$7,655,000 capital improvement notes issued 7/11/12; \$25,000 to \$1,330,000 due annually 2013 through 2022; interest 2.0% to 3.0% \$9,995,000 capital improvement notes issued 5/17/13; \$770,000 to \$1,570,000	\$ 60,000 110,000 700,000 1,970,000 925,000 1,505,000 7,630,000
Notes \$475,000 capital improvement notes issued 4/1/04; \$60,000 due in 2014; interest 3.25% to 3.75% \$525,000 capital improvement notes issued 4/15/05; \$55,000 to \$55,000 due annually through 2015; interest 3.60% to 3.95% \$1,780,000 capital improvement notes issued 4/9/07; \$175,000 to \$175,000 due annually through 2017; interest 3.75% to 3.8%. \$3,660,000 capital improvement notes issued 5/23/08; \$360,000 to \$420,000 due annually through 2018; interest 3.25% to 3.75% \$2,955,000 capital improvement notes issued 2/17/09; \$140,000 to \$165,000 due annually through 2019; interest 3.0% to 3.25% \$1,605,000 capital improvement notes issued 2/17/09; \$100,000 to \$210,000 due annually 2013 through 2021; interest 3.0% to 3.25% \$7,655,000 capital improvement notes issued 7/11/12; \$25,000 to \$1,330,000 due annually 2013 through 2022; interest 2.0% to 3.0% \$9,995,000 capital improvement notes issued 5/17/13; \$770,000 to \$1,570,000 due annually 2014 through 2023; interest 2.0% to 2.5%	\$ 60,000 110,000 700,000 1,970,000 925,000 1,505,000 7,630,000 9,995,000
Notes \$475,000 capital improvement notes issued 4/1/04; \$60,000 due in 2014; interest 3.25% to 3.75% \$525,000 capital improvement notes issued 4/15/05; \$55,000 to \$55,000 due annually through 2015; interest 3.60% to 3.95% \$1,780,000 capital improvement notes issued 4/9/07; \$175,000 to \$175,000 due annually through 2017; interest 3.75% to 3.8%. \$3,660,000 capital improvement notes issued 5/23/08; \$360,000 to \$420,000 due annually through 2018; interest 3.25% to 3.75% \$2,955,000 capital improvement notes issued 2/17/09; \$140,000 to \$165,000 due annually through 2019; interest 3.0% to 3.25% \$1,605,000 capital improvement notes issued 2/17/09; \$100,000 to \$210,000 due annually 2013 through 2021; interest 3.0% to 3.25% \$7,655,000 capital improvement notes issued 7/11/12; \$25,000 to \$1,330,000 due annually 2013 through 2022; interest 2.0% to 3.0% \$9,995,000 capital improvement notes issued 5/17/13; \$770,000 to \$1,570,000	\$ 60,000 110,000 700,000 1,970,000 925,000 1,505,000 7,630,000
Notes \$475,000 capital improvement notes issued 4/1/04; \$60,000 due in 2014; interest 3.25% to 3.75% \$525,000 capital improvement notes issued 4/15/05; \$55,000 to \$55,000 due annually through 2015; interest 3.60% to 3.95% \$1,780,000 capital improvement notes issued 4/9/07; \$175,000 to \$175,000 due annually through 2017; interest 3.75% to 3.8%. \$3,660,000 capital improvement notes issued 5/23/08; \$360,000 to \$420,000 due annually through 2018; interest 3.25% to 3.75% \$2,955,000 capital improvement notes issued 2/17/09; \$140,000 to \$165,000 due annually through 2019; interest 3.0% to 3.25% \$1,605,000 capital improvement notes issued 2/17/09; \$100,000 to \$210,000 due annually 2013 through 2021; interest 3.0% to 3.25% \$7,655,000 capital improvement notes issued 7/11/12; \$25,000 to \$1,330,000 due annually 2013 through 2022; interest 2.0% to 3.0% \$9,995,000 capital improvement notes issued 5/17/13; \$770,000 to \$1,570,000 due annually 2014 through 2023; interest 2.0% to 2.5%	\$ 60,000 110,000 700,000 1,970,000 925,000 1,505,000 7,630,000 9,995,000

Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2013

NOTE C - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Annual principal and interest maturities of the outstanding general obligation debt of \$63,095,000 on December 31, 2013 are detailed below:

Year Ended	Governmental Activities						
December 31	Principal		Interest		Total		
2014	\$ 8,165,000	\$	1,891,302	\$	10,056,302		
2015	8,290,000		1,660,705		9,950,705		
2016	7,705,000		1,431,652		9,136,652		
2017	7,295,000		1,203,630		8,498,630		
2018	6,415,000		988,035		7,403,035		
2019 - 2023	22,780,000		2,393,117		25,173,117		
2024 - 2026	 2,445,000		111,374		2,556,374		
	\$ 63,095,000	\$	9,679,815	\$	72,774,815		

Legal Margin for New Debt

The City's legal margin for creation of additional general obligation debt on December 31, 2013 was \$31,296,814 as follows:

Equalized valuation of the City			\$ 1,868,987,700
Statutory limitation percentage			(x) 5%
General obligation debt limitation, per Section 67.03 of the			
Wisconsin Statutes			93,449,385
Outstanding general obligation debt applicable to debt limitation	\$	63,095,000	
Less amount available in debt service fund	2	942,429	62,152,571
Legal Margin for New Debt	8		\$ 31,296,814

Revenue Bonds

Revenue bond debt service requirements are financed from operations of the enterprise funds. Revenue bonds outstanding on December 31, 2013 totaled \$70,385,376 and were composed of the following issues:

Water Utility \$3,720,000 issued 3/5/07; \$475,000 to \$540,000 due annually through 2017;	
interest 4.0% to 4.25%	\$ 2,030,000
Electric and Steam Utilities	
\$69,550,000 issued 2/25/04; \$1,665,000 to \$3,940,000 due annually through 2029; interest 5.00% to 5.25%.	41,940,000
\$4,715,000 issued 12/1/05; \$235,000 to \$365,000 due annually through 2025;	
interest 3.75% to 4.2%.	3,535,000
\$21,740,000 issued 11/23/09; \$1,955,000 to \$3,750,000 due annually through 2019;	
interest 3.00% to 5.00%.	14,395,000
Wastewater Treatment Plant	
\$19,739,053 State of Wisconsin Clean Water Fund Loan issued 1999;	
\$1,386,864 to \$1,422,608 due annually through 2018; interest 3.245%.	6,679,749
\$1,772,798 State of Wisconsin Clean Water Fund Loan issued 12/23/02;	
\$91,785 to \$115,531 due annually through 2022; interest 2.918%.	929,340
\$1,000,000 State of Wisconsin Clean Water Fund Loan issued 03/24/10;	
\$43,065 to \$61,001 due annually through 2030; interest 2.668%.	876,287_
Total	\$ 70,385,376

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2013

NOTE C - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

The annual principal and interest maturities of the above outstanding revenue bonds are detailed below:

		Business-type Activities						
Year Ended								
December 31	Principal			Interest	Total			
2014	\$	5,801,864	\$	3,294,678	\$	9,096,542		
2015		6,041,118		3,055,215		9,096,333		
2016	6,301,788		2,795,889			9,097,677		
2017	6,578,922			2,519,875		9,098,797		
2018		6,307,566	2,237,001			8,544,567		
2019-2023		18,493,716		7,701,612		26,195,328		
2024-2028		17,019,712		3,636,289		20,656,001		
2029-2030		3,840,690		197,970		4,038,660		
	\$	70,385,376	\$	25,438,529	\$	95,823,905		

Utility Revenues Pledged

The City has pledged future water, electric, steam and wastewater customer revenues, net of specific operating expenses, to repay the water, electric, steam and wastewater system mortgage revenue bonds. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the construction or acquisition of capital assets used by the utilities. The bonds are payable solely from the water, electric, steam and wastewater customer net revenues and are payable through 2030. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$95,823,905. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$9,093,278 and \$21,426,406, respectively.

Advance Refunding

On May 17, 2013, the City issued general obligation promissory notes and also utilized cash on hand to call outstanding portions of the 2004, 2005 and 2006 general obligation bonds. As a result, the called notes are considered to be paid and the liability has been removed from the Statement of Net Position. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments by \$197,826 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments of the refunded and refunding debt) of \$247,788.

7. Conduit Debt Obligations

From time to time, the City has issued Industrial Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the City, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

As of December 31, 2013, there were a number of Industrial Revenue Bonds outstanding, the aggregate principal amount payable is undetermined.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2013

NOTE D - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description - The City provides health care insurance coverage for employees who retire until they reach the age of 65. The retired employee contributes 100% of the premium for family coverage or 100% of the premium for single coverage. There are 328 active and 42 retired employees in the plan.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation - The City's annual other post-employment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC), and the amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the Utilities' annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the Utilities' net OPEB obligation.

Component Amou			
Annual required contribution	\$	314,692	
Interest on net OPEB		37,338	
Adjustment to annual required contribution		(58,616)	
Annual OPEB cost (expense)		293,414	
Contributions made		67,000	
Change in net OPEB obligation		226,414	
OPEB obligation - beginning of year		1,148,856	
OPEB obligation - end of year	\$	1,375,270	

The annual required contribution for the current year was determined as part of the January 1, 2012 actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 4.0% discount rate, and (b) projected salary increases at 3%.

The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effect of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with a long-term perspective of the calculations. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized in level dollar payments on an open basis. The remaining amortization period is 30 years, and the remaining amount is \$3,185,366.

Trend Information - The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of the annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2010 through 2013 is as follows:

	T		Percentage			
Fiscal	1	Annual	Of Annual			
Year	1	OPEB	OPEB Cost	N	et OPEB	
Ended		Cost	Contributed		Obligation	
12/31/2010	\$	310,984	29%	\$	725,066	
12/31/2011		293,824	32%		923,890	
12/31/2012		344,733	29%		1,167,036	
12/31/2013		293,412	23%		1,375,270	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2013

NOTE D - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Funded Status and Funding Progress - As of January 1, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the City's unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) was \$3,185,366. The annual payroll for active employees covered by the plan for the 2013 fiscal year was \$20,874,890 for a ratio of the UAAL to covered payroll of 15.3%.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future, such as assumptions about future terminations, mortality, and healthcare cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actuarial results are compared with past experience and new estimates are made about the future.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions - Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effect of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the January 1, 2012 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a rate of 3.25% to discount expected liabilities to the valuation date and an inflation rate of 4%. The initial healthcare trend rate was 1.2%, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 4.7% after 40 years. The UAAL is being amortized in level dollar payments on an open basis. The remaining amortization period was 30 years.

NOTE E - OTHER INFORMATION

1. Retirement Commitments

All eligible City employees participate in the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit, public employee retirement system. All employees initially employed by a participating WRS employer prior to July 1, 2011, expected to work at least 600 hours a year (440 hours for teachers and school district educational support employees) and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire, are eligible to participate in the WRS. All employees initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, and expected to work at least 1200 hours a year (880 hours for teachers and school district educational support employees) and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS. Employees hired to work nine or ten months per year, (e.g. teachers contracts), but expected to return year after year are considered to have met the one-year requirement.

Effective the first day of the first pay period on or after June 29, 2011, the employee required contribution was changed to one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for employees in the General category, including Teachers, and Executives and Elected Officials. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement. Contribution rates are as follows:

		2013
	Employee	Employer
General (including Teachers)	6.65%	6.65%
Executives & Elected Officials	7.00%	7.00%
Protective with Social Security	6.65%	9.75%
Protective without Social Security	6.65%	12.35%

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2013

NOTE E - OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

The payroll for City employees covered by the WRS for the year ended December 31, 2013 was \$20,442,682; the employer's total payroll was \$20,874,890. The total required contribution for the year ended December 31, 2013 was \$3,074,130, which consisted of \$1,714,416 or 8.4% of covered payroll from the employer, and \$1,359,714 or 6.7% of covered payroll from employees. Total contributions for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 were \$3,094,528 and \$3,420,272, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

Employees who retire at or after age 65 (62 for elected officials and 54 for protective occupation employees with less than 25 years of service, 53 for protective occupation employees with more than 25 years of service) are entitled to receive a retirement benefit. Employees may retire at age 55 (50 for protective occupation employees) and receive actuarially reduced benefits. The factors influencing the benefit are: (1) final average earnings, (2) years of creditable service, and (3) a formula factor. A final average earnings is the average of the employee's three highest year's earnings. Employees terminating covered employment and submitting application before becoming eligible for a retirement benefit may withdraw their contributions and, by doing so, forfeit all rights to any subsequent benefit. For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998 and prior to July 1, 2011 are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011 must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees. Eligibility and the amount of all benefits are determined under Chapter 40 of Wisconsin Statutes.

The WRS issues an annual financial report that may be obtained by writing to the Department of Employee Trust Funds, P.O. Box 7931, Madison, WI 53707-7931.

2. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; employee health and accident claims; or acts of God. The City has chosen to retain a portion of the risks through a self-insurance program and has also purchased insurance to transfer other risks to outside parties. A description of the City's risk management program is presented starting on the next page.

Liability Self-Insurance Fund

The City, together with certain other units of government within the State of Wisconsin, created the Cities and Villages Mutual Insurance Company (CVMIC) to provide liability insurance services to its members. At that time, the City issued \$1,111,426 in general obligation bonds for its share of the initial capitalization of CVMIC. The City is partially self-insured for liability insurance and pays premiums to CVMIC for its excess liability insurance coverage. The actuary for CVMIC determines premium charges to its members required to pay the expected claims and loss adjustment expenses. CVMIC's ongoing operational expenses, other than loss adjustment expenses, are apportioned pro rata to each member. CVMIC provides general liability, police and nurses professional liability, public official's liability and vehicle liability coverage for the City. The City's self-insured retention limit is \$50,000 for each occurrence with a maximum limit of \$200,000 annually. Premiums paid to CVMIC for insurance coverage are recorded in a self-insurance internal service fund. The self-insurance internal service fund charges various City departments and operations for their portion of insurance coverage for the year. A separate financial report is issued annually by CVMIC. Since the City considers it probable that its initial capitalization contribution in CVMIC will be returned upon either dissolution of CVMIC or the approved withdrawal from CVMIC, the initial capitalization amount of \$1,111,426 has been recorded as a deposit in the liability self-insurance internal service fund.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2013

NOTE E - OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

Health Self-Insurance Fund

City employees, retirees and employee dependents, other than those of the water, electric and broadband enterprise funds and the data processing internal service fund are eligible for medical and dental benefits from a health self-insurance fund. Employees, retirees and employee dependents of the water, electric and broadband enterprise funds and the date processing internal service fund are covered under a separate health insurance plan. Funding is provided by charges to City departments, employees and retirees. Retirees are billed monthly premiums for health benefits based on actual costs for providing such benefits. The program is supplemented by stop loss protection, which limits the City's annual liability. The limit is \$100,000 per specific claim. Fund expenses consist of payments to a third-party administrator for medical and dental claims, stop loss insurance premiums and administrative fees. On December 31, 2013, the health self-insurance internal service fund had established a reserve of \$1,532,395 for future unreported claims. The claims liability of \$229,746 reported in the fund at December 31, 2013 is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Changes in the fund's claims liability amount for 2013 and 2012 follow:

		Liability January 1		urrent Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	Claim Payments	Liability December 31		
2013 2012	\$ \$	397,806 309,621	\$	3,953,210 4,094,377	\$ 4,121,270 4,006,192	\$ \$	229,746 397,806	

Transit System Liability Insurance

The City's transit system is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. The transit system is a member of the Transit Mutual Insurance Corporation of Wisconsin (TMI). TMI was created by several governmental units within the State of Wisconsin to provide liability insurance services to its members. The transit system pays premiums to TMI for its liability insurance coverage. The actuary for TMI determines charges to its members for the expected losses and loss adjustment expenses on which premiums are based.

Other Risk Management Programs

The City also purchases commercial insurance policies for various property and other liability risks. Payments of premiums for these policies are recorded as expenditures or expenses in various other funds of the City. Insurance settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for each of the past three years. There have been no significant changes in insurance coverage from the prior year.

3. Tax Incremental Districts

The City has established nine separate capital projects funds for Tax Incremental Districts (TID) Nos. 9 - 17. Two special revenue funds record transactions for TID No. 7 and No. 8. The TID's were created by the City in accordance with Section 66.1105 of the Wisconsin Statutes. At the time the Districts were created, the property tax base within each District was "frozen" and increment taxes resulting from increases to the property tax base are used to finance District improvements, including principal and interest on long-term debt issued by the City to finance such improvements. Except for certain exceptions under Section 66.1105(6)(am)(2), the Statutes allow eligible project costs to be incurred up to five years prior to the maximum life of the district. The intent of the City is to recover all project costs from future TID surplus funds, if any, prior to termination of the respective District.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
December 31, 2013

NOTE E - OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

Additional information about the City's TID's follows:

	Creation	Construction	Termination		
TID	Date	Period Ends	Date		
7	1/1/89	2011	2015		
8	1/1/94	2016	2020		
9	1/1/95	2017	2021		
10	1/1/97	2015	2019		
11	1/1/97	2015	2019		
12	1/1/99	2017	2021		
13	1/1/00	2018	2022		
14	1/1/01	2019	2023		
15	1/1/02	2020	2024		
16	1/1/03	2021	2025		
17	1/1/07	2025	2029		

4. Property Tax Levy Limit

Wisconsin state statutes provide for a limit on the property tax levies for all Wisconsin cities, villages, towns and counties. For the 2013 and 2014 budget years, the increase in the maximum allowable tax levy is limited to the percentage change in the City's January 1 equalized value as a result of net new construction. The actual limit for the City for the 2013 budget was 0.37%. The actual limit for the City for the 2014 budget was 0.54%. Debt service for debt authorized after July 1, 2005 is exempt from the levy limit. In addition, Wisconsin statutes allow the limit to be adjusted for the increase in debt service authorized prior to July 1, 2005 and in certain other situations.

5. Contingencies

- a. The City participates in a number of federal and state assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. An audit under OMB Circular A-133 and the State Single Audit Guidelines has been conducted but final acceptance is still pending. Accordingly, the City's compliance with applicable grant requirements will be established at some future date. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.
- b. From time to time, the City is party to other various pending claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecast with certainty, it is the opinion of management and the City Attorney that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the City's financial position or results of operations.

6. Prior Period Adjustment

In previous years, the electric utility enterprise fund valued its ownership interest in American Transmission Company, LLC (ATC) at the original cost plus any additional capital contributions. This valuation method did not account for dividends earned on the ownership interest which were retained by ATC. Beginning in 2013, the electric utility enterprise fund changed its method of accounting for the ownership interest by including the dividends earned but retained by ATC. A prior period adjustment of \$2,850,749 was made to account for prior years' dividends earned but retained by ATC.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN Schedule of Funding Progress Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Actuarial Valuation Date January 1,	V	(1) ctuarial ⁄alue of Assets	(2) Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Projected Unit Credit	F	(3) Inded Ratio) / (2)	(4) Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (2) - (1)	(5) Covered Payroll	Per of (UAAL as a centage Covered Payroll 4) / (5)
2012 2010 2008	\$	-	\$ 3,593,008 2,795,170 3,465,544	C	0.0% 0.0% 0.0%	\$ 3,593,008 2,795,170 3,465,544	\$ 22,543,331 24,890,559 24,830,782		15.9% 11.2% 14.0%

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 45 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008. Information for prior years is not available.

Schedule of Employer Contributions Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Year Ended	Employer	Annual Required	Percentage
December 31,	Contributions	Contribution (ARC)	Contributed
2008	\$ 116,200	\$ 367,591	31.61%
2009	116,200	357,283	32.52%
2010	88,700	313,255	28.32%
2011	95,000	316,469	30.02%
2012	101,587	362,106	28.05%
2013	67,000	314,692	21.29%

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 45 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008. Information for prior years is not available.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

General Fund

Schedule of Budgeted and Actual Revenues For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

(With comparative actual amounts for the year ended December 31, 2012)

Budgeted Amounts Budget Prior Positive Year
Budgeted Amounts Positive (Negative) Year Actual Taxes General property \$ 4,676,015 \$ 4,676,015 \$ 4,676,015 \$ - \$ 5,957,221 Tax roll over run - - - 15 15 (268 Occupational - grain 2,750 2,750 499 (2,251) 1,865 Occupational - coal 1,700 1,700 1,000 (700) 1,702 Omitted taxes 500 500 43 (457) 36,517 Mobile home 50,000 50,000 43,145 (6,855) 47,609
Taxes General property \$ 4,676,015 \$ 4,676,015 \$ 4,676,015 \$ 4,676,015 \$ - \$ 5,957,221 Tax roll over run - - - 15 15 (268 Occupational - grain 2,750 2,750 499 (2,251) 1,865 Occupational - coal 1,700 1,700 1,000 (700) 1,702 Omitted taxes 500 500 43 (457) 36,517 Mobile home 50,000 50,000 43,145 (6,855) 47,609
Taxes General property \$ 4,676,015 \$ 4,676,015 \$ 4,676,015 \$ - \$ 5,957,221 Tax roll over run 15 15 (268 Occupational - grain 2,750 2,750 499 (2,251) 1,865 Occupational - coal 1,700 1,700 1,000 (700) 1,702 Omitted taxes 500 500 43 (457) 36,517 Mobile home 50,000 50,000 43,145 (6,855) 47,609
General property \$ 4,676,015 \$ 4,676,015 \$ 4,676,015 \$ - \$ 5,957,221 Tax roll over run - - - 15 15 (268 Occupational - grain 2,750 2,750 499 (2,251) 1,865 Occupational - coal 1,700 1,700 1,000 (700) 1,702 Omitted taxes 500 500 43 (457) 36,517 Mobile home 50,000 50,000 43,145 (6,855) 47,609
Tax roll over run - - - 15 15 (268 Occupational - grain 2,750 2,750 499 (2,251) 1,865 Occupational - coal 1,700 1,700 1,000 (700) 1,702 Omitted taxes 500 500 43 (457) 36,517 Mobile home 50,000 50,000 43,145 (6,855) 47,609
Occupational - grain 2,750 2,750 499 (2,251) 1,865 Occupational - coal 1,700 1,700 1,000 (700) 1,702 Omitted taxes 500 500 43 (457) 36,517 Mobile home 50,000 50,000 43,145 (6,855) 47,609
Occupational - coal 1,700 1,700 1,000 (700) 1,702 Omitted taxes 500 500 43 (457) 36,517 Mobile home 50,000 50,000 43,145 (6,855) 47,609
Omitted taxes 500 500 43 (457) 36,517 Mobile home 50,000 50,000 43,145 (6,855) 47,609
Mobile home 50,000 50,000 43,145 (6,855) 47,609
Retained sales tax 129
Payments in lieu of taxes 35,000 35,000 42,681 7,681 40,230
Other taxes - 73,936 73,936 -
Interest 82,000 82,000 72,962 (9,038) 72,645
Total Taxes 4,847,965 4,847,965 4,910,296 62,331 6,157,650
Special Assessments
Seal coating 41,143 41,143 21,818 (19,325) 1,814
Dust palliatives 2,000 2,000 1,934 (66) 1,954
Housing code 40
Weed cutting 10,000 10,000 46,842 36,842 4,055
Snow removal - 112,200 105,548 (6,652) 104,215
Total Special Assessments 53,143 165,343 176,142 10,799 112,078
Intergovernmental
Shared taxes from state 5,403,811 5,403,811 5,398,138 (5,673) 5,403,812
Expenditure restraint payment 413,518 413,518 414,941 1,423 320,989
Exempt computer aid 90,000 90,000 101,292 11,292 95,089
Payment for municipal services 40,134 40,134 42,301 2,167 40,134
Fire insurance tax 74,000 74,000 71,253 (2,747) 71,943
Highway aids 1,733,130 1,733,130 1,732,118 (1,012) 1,844,157
Connecting street aid 224,958 224,958 - 224,578
Lift bridge aid 250,196 250,196 (90,040) 243,929
Highway safety grants 2,000 2,000 42,760 40,760 6,972
Public safety grants 11,500 11,500 11,344 (156) 23,436
Other grants - 127,972 252,600 124,628 62,772
Total Intergovernmental 8,243,247 8,371,219 8,451,861 80,642 8,337,811

General Fund

Schedule of Budgeted and Actual Revenues (Continued)
For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

(With comparative actual amounts for the year ended December 31, 2012)

				Variance	
				with Final	
				Budget	Prior
	Budgeted A	mounts		Positive	Year
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Licenses and Permits					
Licenses					
Liquor and malt beverages	59,800	59,800	52,117	(7,683)	52,520
Nonfermented malt beverages	200	200	5	(195)	160
Operators	25,800	25,800	20,330	(5,470)	23,725
Cigarettes	4,000	4,000	4,100	100	3,900
Soda water	1,500	1,500	1,265	(235)	1,335
Bowling alley	250	250	250	-	250
Adult entertainment	2,000	2,000	2,150	150	2,000
Mobile home park	375	375	375	-	375
Taxicab	300	300	-	(300)	270
Taxicab drivers	700	700	950	250	1,105
Ambulance and hearse	150	150	240	90	-
Garbage collectors	900	900	1,380	480	480
Theater	450	450	600	150	600
Bicycle	300	300	211	(89)	456
Dog and cat	15,120	15,120	24,956	9,836	14,281
Amusement	100	100	100	-	100
Direct sellers	1,200	1,200	8,785	7,585	1,330
Christmas tree dealers	200	200	150	(50)	150
Pawn broker	900	900	1,515	615	-
Electrical	3,000	3,000	185	(2,815)	7,835
Change of agent/transfer	50	50	60	10	70
Cable television	260,000	260,000	272,745	12,745	273,420
Permits					
Sidewalk cafe	75	75	_	(75)	75
Building	160,000	160,000	473,976	313,976	143,917
Sign	8,800	8,800	6,632	(2,168)	8,117
Electrical	80,000	80,000	77,895	(2,105)	75,835
Plumbing	50,000	50,000	55,630	5,630	58,470
Heating	42,000	42,000	46,168	4,168	51,426
Zoning Board of Appeals	1,500	1,500	600	(900)	1,300
Housing code	8,000	8,000	7,841	(159)	7,820
Well operation	300	300	70	(230)	100
Alarm ordinance	60	60	165	105	360
Sprinkler system	3,500	3,500	3,565	65	3,665
Street opening	10,000	10,000	14,580	4,580	10,260
Driveway/sidewalk	4,000	4,000	1,660	(2,340)	2,840
Storm water	1,750	1,750	3,089	1,339	3,589
Fire Department permits	25	25	25	, <u>-</u>	25
Total Licenses and Permits	747,305	747,305	1,084,365	337,060	752,161
	1	•			

General Fund

Schedule of Budgeted and Actual Revenues (Continued)
For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

(With comparative actual amounts for the year ended December 31, 2012)

Budgeted Amounts Budget Prior	
Budgeted Amounts Positive Year Original Final Actual (Negative) Actual Fines and Forfeitures Parking violations 104,000 104,000 147,797 43,797 106,0	
Fines and Forfeitures Parking violations Original Final Actual (Negative) Actual 104,000 104,000 147,797 43,797 106,00	
Fines and Forfeitures Parking violations 104,000 104,000 147,797 43,797 106,0	
Parking violations 104,000 104,000 147,797 43,797 106,0	
	eitures
Municipal court fines 330 500 330 500 305 551 65 051 327 0	lations
1810 - 1810 - 1810 - 1810 - 1810 - 1810 - 1810 - 1810 - 1810 - 1810 - 1810 - 1810 - 1810 - 1810 - 1810 - 1810 -	ourt fines
Late fees dog licenses 1,000 1,000 2,777 1,777 12,4	og licenses
Other 4,000 4,000 4,020 20 3,9	
Total Fines and Forfeitures 439,500 439,500 550,145 110,645 509,5	and Forfeitures
Public Charges for Services	for Services
Clerk 16,000 16,000 15,309 (691) 12,4	
Treasurer 60,000 60,000 55,588 (4,412) 61,4	
Attorney 20,166 22,016 - 34,4	
Assessor 200 200 626 426 9	
Engineer - 3,415 3,415 4,6	
GIS land record management 250 250 1,125 875 8	ecord management
Planning 8,400 8,400 13,187 4,787 8,1	
Police Department 4,500 4,500 7,524 3,024 6,2	artment
Police service fees 2,500 2,500 6,152 3,652	ice fees
Impounded vehicles 175 - (175)	l vehicles
Rescue squad 3,164,139 3,164,139 1,736,653 (1,427,486) 1,430,0	uad
Inspection and zoning fees 200 200 220 20 1	and zoning fees
Sealer 14,500 14,500 296 (14,204) 14,8	
Museum 3,000 3,000 11,958 8,958 7,3	
Recreation building 18,000 18,000 27,573 9,573 10,2	building
Recreation team sports 55,000 55,000 37,140 (17,860) 36,8	team sports
Recreation program fees 32,400 32,400 33,806 1,406 23,8	program fees
Recreation rentals 34,000 34,000 38,747 4,747 37,9	rentals
Recreation concessions 1,600 1,600 3,314 1,714 3,0	concessions
Recreation other 8,900 8,900 7,119 (1,781) 20,7	other
Special events 5,500 5,500 7,058 1,558 2,8	ents
Senior citizens 20,000 20,000 17,849 (2,151) 18,5	ens
Street permit repairs 70,000 70,000 99,867 29,867 74,8	nit repairs
Transit system 1,334 1,334	tem
Columbarium sales 6,472 6,472 4,262 (2,210) 7,0	
Sale of cemetery lots 50,155 50,155 50,288 133 33,3	netery lots
Foundations 10,905 10,905 13,785 2,880 13,7	
Burial fees 100,400 100,400 135,510 35,110 128,0	
Fire Department Fees 20,500 20,500 23,620 3,120 28,2	lment Fees
Total Public Charges for Services 3,727,862 3,729,712 2,375,341 (1,354,371) 2,020,6	c Charges for Services

General Fund

Schedule of Budgeted and Actual Revenues (Continued)
For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

(With comparative actual amounts for the year ended December 31, 2012)

				Variance with Final	
				Budget	Prior
	Budgeted	Amounts		Positive	Year
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Intergovernmental Charges for Services		, ,,,,,,,,		()	
Counties and municipalities	33,500	33,500	45,680	12,180	62,837
City administrative fees	33,347	33,347	37,476	4,129	34,187
Schools and special districts	1,500	1,500	1,143	(357)	2,079
Police - school liaison	116,521	116,521	120,766	4,245	124,158
Total Intergovernmental Charges					
for Services	184,868	184,868	205,065	20,197	223,261
Interdepartmental Charges for Services					
TIF administrative fees	13,800	13,800	2,536	(11,264)	-
Street department labor	141,230	141,230	126,463	(14,767)	148,015
DPW materials	1,347,596	1,347,596	1,294,765	(52,831)	1,240,515
Sewer major repairs	12,500	12,500	-	(12,500)	
Sewer maintenance	312,774	312,774	211,108	(101,666)	282,601
Total Interdepartmental Charges			,		
for Services	1,827,900	1,827,900	1,634,872	(193,028)	1,671,131
Miscellaneous					
Interest on investments	308,801	308,801	54,693	(254,108)	175,975
Rent	21,500	21,500	25,842	4,342	22,929
Sale of general capital assets	15,000	15,000	16,139	1,139	22,034
Sale of salvage and waste products	6,800	6,800	7,666	866	9,287
Marina lease	142,000	142,000	156,913	14,913	146,290
Carferry lease	40,000	40,000	40,000	-	40,000
Other leases	60,360	60,360	60,845	485	60,402
Sale of photo copies	1,250	1,250	794	(456)	1,537
Donations	67,231	67,774	79,641	11,867	37,205
Other	59,000	79,808	48,857	(30,951)	86,157
Total Miscellaneous	721,942	743,293	491,390	(251,903)	601,816
Total Revenues	\$ 20,793,732	\$ 21,057,105	\$ 19,879,477	\$ (1,177,628)	\$ 20,386,104

General Fund

Schedule of Budgeted and Actual Expenditures For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

(With comparative actual amounts for the year ended December 31, 2012)

				Variance	
				with Final	
				Budget	Prior
	Budgeted	d Amounts		Positive	Year
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
General Government					
Council	\$ 57,563	\$ 57,563	\$ 54,368	\$ 3,195	\$ 54,876
Mayor	134,992	135,467	137,940	(2,473)	140,683
Clerk	250,295	243,279	248,115	(4,836)	249,935
Elections	57,998	57,998	43,864	14,134	120,028
Postage	40,000	40,000	37,628	2,372	39,996
Board of review	1,330	1,330	287	1,043	250
Assessor	101,372	145,972	123,892	22,080	97,263
Finance	272,939	268,562	227,921	40,641	219,838
Treasurer	192,849	199,065	193,590	5,475	183,523
Data processing	454,670	454,670	479,042	(24,372)	372,368
Payroll	114,252	111,952	101,823	10,129	112,862
Attorney	285,646	290,340	286,650	3,690	315,334
Cable television	1,075	1,075	1,045	30	2,005
Personnel	120,165	141,650	137,553	4,097	109,844
Municipal court	93,240	91,227	91,221	6	95,112
Duplicating	25,317	25,317	18,794	6,523	44,433
City hall	198,028	194,688	187,192	7,496	177,067
Buildings and grounds shop	5,625	5,625	4,807	818	3,554
Property insurance	84,356	84,356	72,884	11,472	-
Other insurance	316,327	316,327	243,161	73,166	458,420
Miscellaneous	348,905	190,400	15,290	175,110	97,967
Total General Government	3,156,944	3,056,863	2,707,067	349,796	2,895,358
	<u> </u>				
Public Safety					
Police	7,060,808	•	7,099,558	181,043	7,255,361
Fire	6,204,789		6,248,412	85,707	6,320,222
Building inspection	248,268		270,972	(28,433)	
Civil defense	4,950		2,552	2,398	1,799
Total Public Safety	13,518,815	13,862,209	13,621,494	240,715	13,852,906
5					
Public Works	500.040	500,000	500.000	70.000	E04.00E
Engineer	592,910	583,630	503,808	79,822	564,835
Streets administration	224,131	220,784	165,864	54,920	151,144
Street repairs	483,162	•	555,441	(15,249)	
Seal coating	50,000	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	55,200	(5,200)	
Alley and local roads	8,119		9,926	(1,787)	
8th St. bridge	197,141	197,825	172,297	25,528	179,173
10th St. bridge	28,055		13,973	14,108	10,706
Other bridges	1,009	1,010	566	444	1,046

General Fund

Schedule of Budgeted and Actual Expenditures (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

(With comparative actual amounts for the year ended December 31, 2012)

				Variance	
				with Final	
				Budget	Prior
	Budgeted	Amounts		Positive	Year
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Public Works (Continued)					
Curb and walks	20,754	20,827	9,704	11,123	6,775
Street cleaning	-	-	-	-	35,520
Snow and ice removal	634,355	760,294	792,795	(32,501)	351,274
Traffic control	202,968	203,617	125,230	78,387	178,871
Street lighting	783,100	783,100	769,571	13,529	776,453
Docks and harbors	81,444	81,475	37,721	43,754	47,340
Gravel pit	6,661	6,666	4,191	2,475	1,758
Solid waste disposal	7,000	7,000	4,725	2,275	3,948
Sanitary sewers	281,574	282,184	156,599	125,585	220,409
Weed cutting	96,309	96,375	48,769	47,606	48,653
Tree and brush removal	-	-	-	-	81,183
Storm sewers	776,726	778,165	620,446	157,719	556,190
Lift stations	40,972	41,087	46,572	(5,485)	68,921
Interdepartmental charges	7,087	7,123	11,487	(4,364)	10,311
Other	1,264,596	1,307,320	1,181,342	125,978	1,325,503
Total Public Works	5,788,073	6,004,894	5,286,227	718,667	5,210,652
Health and Human Services					
Evergreen cemetery	267,397	273,568	319,724	(46,156)	271,483
Culture and Recreation					
Rahr West Museum	327,969	326,294	312,289	14,005	301,359
Marine band	18,000	18,000	18,000	_	18,000
Civic orchestra	7,200	7,200	7,200	_	7,200
Recreation	.,	.,	,,		.,
Administration	78,331	76,400	109,843	(33,443)	140,298
Buildings and grounds	787,199	791,626	774,343	17,283	758,488
Recreational programs	194,158	209,873	125,037	84,836	108,115
Senior citizens center	165,628	167,492	163,769	3,723	159,235
July 4th picnic/fireworks	25,000	25,000	4,189	20,811	20,799
Special events	240,645	243,708	272,928	(29,220)	239,541
Banners and decorations	5,600	5,600	5,125	475	282
Total Culture and Recreation	1,849,730	1,871,193	1,792,723	78,470	1,753,317
Total Guitare and Necreation	1,040,700	1,071,100	1,102,120	10,110	1,100,011
Conservation and Development					
Planning	401,823	397,513	385,775	11,738	358,721
Community Development Authority	700	700	25,144	(24,444)	575
Total Conservation and Development	402,523	398,213	410,919	(12,706)	359,296
Total Expenditures	\$ 24,983,482	\$ 25,466,940	\$ 24,138,154	\$ 1,328,786	\$ 24,343,012

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

To account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects or expendable trust) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. The City utilizes Special Revenue Funds to record financial transactions pertaining to the following activities:

Room Tax

To account for collections of room tax from City businesses and record disbursements to the Manitowoc Area Visitor and Convention Bureau, Inc. and other area promotional and development expenditures.

Farmer's Market and Community Gardens

To account for rents received from individuals for space to sell agricultural products.

Parking Meters

To account for parking meter collections and parking stall rental receipts used to finance related disbursements for personnel, supplies and equipment charges.

Mandatory Recycling

To account for all transactions relating to the City's recycling program.

Tax Increment Districts

To account for tax increment revenues of Tax Increment Districts No. 7 and No. 8 for which the construction period for eligible projects has elapsed. All project expenditures were originally recorded in Capital Projects Funds.

Revolving Loans

To account for transactions relating to the commercial, industrial and housing revolving loan programs. Additional loans are made as previous loans are repaid.

Grants

Funds have been established to account for transactions of the City's various grant programs.

Transit Capital Grant

To account for the acquisition of capital assets for the City's Transit System.

Library

To account for all transactions relating to the operation of the Manitowoc Public Library.

Manitowoc International Relations Association

Funds have been established to account for transactions relating to the sister-city relationship with Kamogawa, Japan.

Donations

Funds have been established to account for the accumulation and subsequent disbursement of donations received by the City from individuals and businesses for the Rahr West Museum, Police Department, Senior Center, Parks and Zoo.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

To account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by Proprietary Funds. The City utilizes Capital Projects Funds to record financial transactions pertaining to the following activities:

Sanitary and Storm Sewers

To account for transactions relating to sanitary and storm sewer construction other than that accounted for in the Proprietary Funds.

Streets

To account for transactions relating to street construction.

Harbor Improvements

To account for transactions relating to harbor and dock improvements.

Capital Equipment

To account for transactions relating to equipment purchases of the City.

Environmental Remediation

To account for transactions relating to the City's share of the investigation and clean-up of the Lemberger Landfill site (a private landfill) and gravel pit.

Cemetery Improvements

To account for transactions relating to capital improvements of the City's cemetery.

Buildings and Other Improvements

To account for transactions relating to building improvement projects.

Tax Increment Districts

To account for activity of Tax Increment Districts No. 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16 and 17.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2013

				Spe	cia	l Revenue Fu	nds		 	
	F	loom Tax	Farmer's Market	Parking Meters		Mandatory Recycling		TID 7	TID 8	ommercial Revolving Loan
ASSETS Cash and investments Receivables	\$	304,011	\$ 35,959	\$ 364	\$, - , ,	\$	149,493	\$ 環以	\$ 717,978
Taxes Accounts Loans	-	- 205 -	1 <u>42</u> 24	64,570 - -		- 117,096 -		-	23,706	- - 38,392_
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	304,216	\$ 35,959	\$ 64,934	\$	117,096	\$	149,493	\$ 23,706	\$ 756,370
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	16,390	\$ -	\$ 364	\$	12,000	\$	-	\$ -	\$ <u> </u>
Accrued and other current liabilities Due to other funds				-		- 105,096		-	#1 #1	
Advance from other funds				-		-		-	-	
Total Liabilities		16,390	-	364		117,096		-	-	
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Property taxes		Ū	1	64,570		-		-	23,706	-
Loans receivable Special assessments		-	-	-		Ħ		-	-	38,392
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources				64,570		-			23,706	38,392
Fund Balances (Deficits) Restricted										
Future loans		ω.	-	(-)		*		-	-	717,978
Future projects or improvements		-	-	(E ()		-		-	-	- 1
Committed for future spending Assigned for future projects		287,826	35,959	.=0				-	-	Ū
Unassigned		-	-	_				149,493	_	1-
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	_	287,826	35,959	•		4		149,493	· · ·	717,978
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	304,216	\$ 35,959	\$ 64,934	\$	117,096	\$	149,493	\$ 23,706	\$ 756,370

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2013

					Special R	ever	nue Funds (C	Cont	tinued)			
	Fransit ital Grant	ı	Housing Revolving Loan		CDBG	HCRI Revolving Loan			Industrial Revolving Loan		Library	Mani ternational Relations Assoc
\$	27,924	\$	236,044	\$	16,937	\$	26,631	\$	2,655,115	\$	249,738	\$ 7,83
	# 1 #		- - 2,893,162		- 5,905 -		- - 141,914		- - 917,257		1,370,425 - -	- - -
\$	27,924	\$	3,129,206	\$	22,842	\$	168,545	\$	3,572,372	\$	1,620,163	\$ 7,83
\$	2	\$	_	\$	11,712	\$	-11	\$	-	\$	50,069	\$ _
*	_1	*	-	*	(4)	•	_		-	•	-	-
	-		-		-		-		=		-	-7
	-		-		11,712		-		# =		50,069	
	-1		- 2,893,162		- -		- 141,914		- 917,257		1,370,425	-
			2,893,162				141,914		917,257		1,370,425	-
	- 27,924 -		236,044 - -		- 11,130 -		26,631 - -		2,655,115 - -		- - 199,669	- - 7,83
	-		-		- 44 400						100.000	7,83
\$	27,924 27,924	\$	236,044 3,129,206	\$	11,130 22,842	\$	26,631 168,545	\$	2,655,115 3,572,372	\$	199,669 1,620,163	\$ 7,83

ASSETS Cash and investments Receivables Taxes Accounts Loans
TOTAL ASSETS
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued and other current liabilities Due to other funds Advance from other funds Total Liabilities
Deferred Inflows of Resources Property taxes Loans receivable Special assessments Total Deferred Inflows of Resources
Fund Balances (Deficits) Restricted Future loans Future projects or improvements Committed for future spending Assigned for future projects Unassigned Total Fund Balances (Deficits)
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES

CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN
Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2013

	Special Revenue Funds (Continued)													
	Rahr West Museum		F	Police Programs		Parkland Dedications		Aquatic Center		Senior Center		X Sports Complex		Eternal Flame
ASSETS Cash and investments Receivables Taxes Accounts	\$	360,437 - -	\$	63,669 - -	\$	259,135 - -	\$	- - 50,900	\$	109,768 - -	\$	10,695 - -	\$	40,822
Loans		-		-		-		-		-				
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	360,437	\$	63,669	\$	259,135	\$	50,900	\$	109,768	\$	10,695	\$	40,822
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities														
Accounts payable Accrued and other current liabilities	\$	<u></u>	\$	2,261 29,227	\$		\$	583	\$	2,704	\$	•	\$	257
Due to other funds		-		29,221		-		45,559		-		-		-
Advance from other funds	8	-		- 04 400				40.440						- 057
Total Liabilities		-		31,488		<u> </u>	_	46,142		2,704				257
Deferred Inflows of Resources Property taxes		-		-		-		E (3 # 3		-		-
Loans receivable Special assessments		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		_		-		-		-		(4)		-		
Fund Balances (Deficits) Restricted														
Future loans Future projects or improvements		-		- 32,181		- 259,135		-		-		-		- 40,565
Committed for future spending		360,437		52,101		209,100		4,758		107,064		10,695		-
Assigned for future projects Unassigned		-		L.						=		-		-
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	(360,437		32,181		259,135		4,758		107,064		10,695		40,565
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	360,437	\$	63,669	\$	259,135	\$	50,900	\$	109,768	\$	10,695	\$	40,822

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2013

	Special Revenue Funds (Continued) Capital Projects Funds									jects	Funds		
	Се	ntennial		II Diamond provements		Park & Rec Donations		anitary and orm Sewers		Streets		Harbor rovements	Capital quipment
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$	10,425	\$	14,352	\$	106,332	\$	_1	\$	-	\$	30,063	\$ 769,675
Receivables Taxes Accounts Loans		-		- -		-		580,947 147,683		274,944 876		- - -	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	10,425	\$	14,352	\$	106,332	\$	728,630	\$	275,820	\$	30,063	\$ 769,675
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities													
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	*	\$	20,414	\$	=	\$ 174,418
Accrued and other current liabilities Due to other funds		-		-		-		931		2,602,290		-	-
Advance from other funds				_		N e s		2,312,187		422,783		-	
Total Liabilities		5		-		1 .	_	2,313,118		3,045,487		-	174,418
Deferred Inflows of Resources													
Property taxes		-		71-		: -		580,947		274,944		-	-
Loans receivable		-		-		-		- 25,954		- 43,769		-	_
Special assessments Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		- 22		-		380		606,901		318,713		-	-
Fund Balances (Deficits) Restricted													
Future loans		-		-		-		-		-		-	-
Future projects or improvements		10,425		-		106,332				-		-	-
Committed for future spending Assigned for future projects		=		14,352		2		-				30,063	595,257
Unassigned for future projects		-				-		(2,191,389)		(3,088,380)		-	-
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		10,425		14,352		106,332		(2,191,389)		(3,088,380)		30,063	595,257
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	10,425	\$	14,352	\$	106,332	\$	728,630	\$	275,820	\$	30,063	\$ 769,675

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2013

				Сар	ital Project	s Funds (C	ontinue	∋d)		
		vironmental mediation	Cemetery Improvements	0	ings and other vements	TID 9		TID 10	TID 11	TID 12
ASSETS										
Cash and investments	\$	113,474	\$ 32,852	\$	290,863	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 28,468
Receivables						170.6	C1	110.024	88,590	127,908
Taxes Accounts		-	-		122,627	179,6	01	110,034	00,090	127,800
Loans		-	-		-	_		-	-	_
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	113,474	\$ 32,852	\$	413,490	\$ 179,6	61 \$	110,034	\$ 88,590	\$ 156,376
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities		Total Control							110	
Accounts payable	\$	4,386	\$ -	\$	32,271	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Accrued and other current liabilities		-	-			7010	- 4	-	-	163,042
Due to other funds		-	-		(**)	721,9	51	-	-	-
Advance from other funds Total Liabilities		4,386			32,271	721,9	51	-	-	163,042
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Property taxes		-	-		11461	179,6	61	110,034	88,590	127,908
Loans receivable		-	-		: 4	-		=	-	-
Special assessments		-	<u> </u>		-				-	-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-	-		120	179,6	61	110,034	88,590	127,908
Fund Balances (Deficits) Restricted										
Future loans		-	-		(-	-		-	-	-
Future projects or improvements		-			-	-		-	120	-
Committed for future spending Assigned for future projects		- 109,088	32,852		- 381,219	-		_		-
Assigned for future projects Unassigned		109,000	32,032		-	(721,9	51)		-	(134,574)
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	-	109,088	32,852		381,219	(721,9			1180	(134,574)
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	113,474	\$ 32,852	\$	413,490	\$ 179,6	61 \$	110,034	\$ 88,590	\$ 156,376

CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN
Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
December 31, 2013

Capital Projects Funds (Continued)

					-,-	*** (-						
		TID 13		TID 14		TID 15		TID 16		TID 17		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
ASSETS	-											
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	*	\$		\$	6,669,060
Receivables		400 700		20.220		4 400 007		074.054		175 000		4 066 700
Taxes Accounts		186,780		39,336		1,469,887		274,051		175,869		4,966,708 445,292
Loans		_		_		_				15		3,990,725
	·		_		•	4 400 007	_	074054	_	475.000		
TOTAL ASSETS	_\$_	186,780	\$	39,336	\$	1,469,887	\$	274,051	\$	175,869	\$	16,071,785
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities												
Accounts payable	\$	*	\$	-1	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(無)	\$	327,829
Accrued and other current liabilities				-		-		-		-		192,269
Due to other funds		. 100		340,800		3 8 2		1,228,975		8,334		5,053,936
Advance from other funds	_	<u>√</u>		-				- 4 000 075		- 0.004		2,734,970
Total Liabilities	_	- 7		340,800		-		1,228,975	-	8,334	_	8,309,004
Deferred Inflows of Resources												
Property taxes		186,780		39,336		1,469,887		274,051		175,869		4,966,708
Loans receivable		-		-		:#X		-		-		3,990,725
Special assessments		-		_		-		-		27,205		96,928
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		186,780		39,336		1,469,887		274,051		203,074		9,054,361
Fund Balances (Deficits) Restricted												
Future loans		-		-		()		-5-		-		3,635,768
Future projects or improvements		-		-		•		-		-		487,692
Committed for future spending		-		-		-		-		_		1,028,596
Assigned for future projects		-		2		-		(w. 1		(<u>4</u>)		1,148,479
Unassigned	_	-	_	(340,800)		<u>₩</u> X		(1,228,975)		(35,539)		(7,592,115)
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	-	-		(340,800)		-		(1,228,975)		(35,539)		(1,291,580)
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	186,780	\$	39,336	\$	1,469,887	\$	274,051	\$	175,869	\$	16,071,785

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

		Special Revenue Funds									
	Room ⁻	-ax	Farmer's Market	Parking Meters	Mandatory Recycling	TID 7	TID 8	Commercial Revolving Loan			
Revenues											
Taxes	\$ 536	5,051	5 -	\$ 82,898	\$ -	\$ 385,930	\$ 24,199	\$ -			
Special assessments		-	-	-	246 442	635	- 54				
Intergovernmental		-	-		216,442	030	J4 _	20 20			
Public charges for services		-		語: _	117,096	_	1.71 1.44	L			
Intergovernmental charges for services Miscellaneous		_	12,840	17,063	-		-	18,716			
Total Revenues	536	3,051	12,840	99,961	333,538	386,565	24,253	18,716			
Total Nevenues	- 000	,,00	12,010	00,00	j						
Expenditures											
General government		6 2 0	-	-	¥1,		-	-			
Public safety		() 	-	70,058		-	-	2			
Public works			-	17,034	161,932	403	-				
Culture and recreation		-	9,466	7-2	-	-	450				
Conservation and development	430),223	=	-	7	165,419	150	7			
Debt service						20,000	45,000	_			
Principal		-	-	5 - 0	-	3,163					
Interest and fiscal charges	420),223	9,466	87,092	161,932	188,985					
Total Expenditures	431	1,223	9,400	67,092	101,932	100,505	71,121				
Excess of Revenues Over											
(Under) Expenditures	109	5,828	3,374	12,869	171,606	197,580	(23,474)	18,716			
(Orldon) Exponential of	-	· -									
Other Financing Sources (Uses)											
Long-term debt issued		*	-	1 2	-	5	-	-			
Sale of capital assets		-	-	•	-	4	-	-			
Transfers in	nwa.	-	-	-	(474.000)		23,881	-			
Transfers out		3,957)	-	(12,869			23,881				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		5,957)		(12,869	(171,000)		23,001				
Net Change in Fund Balances	88	3,871	3,374	1-1	(#3)	197,580	407	18,716			
Fund Balances (Deficits) - January 1	198	3,955	32,585		<u> </u>	(48,087) (407)	699,262			
Fund Balances (Deficits) - December 31	\$ 28	7,826	\$ 35,959	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 149,493	\$ -	\$ 717,978			

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	Special Revenue Funds (Continued)										
	Transit Capital Gran	F	Housing Revolving Loan		CDBG	HCRI Revolving Loan		Industrial volving Loan		Library	Mani International Relations Assoc
Revenues											_
Taxes	\$ -	\$	-	\$	Y/ = 7	\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,420,425	\$ -
Special assessments	-		-		-	-				-	9 5 1
Intergovernmental	84,247				133,515	-		170		582,369	(S)
Public charges for services	-				•	=		-		60,120	:=:
Intergovernmental charges for services	=		400.044		-	2 070		1 062 469		- 11,101	- 44,310
Miscellaneous	04.04	,	103,044		133,515	3,878 3,878		1,062,468 1,062,468		2,074,015	44,310
Total Revenues	84,247		103,044	_	133,313	3,070		1,002,400		2,074,013	44,510
Expenditures											
General government	-		-7.		=	-				-	
Public safety	-		-		-	<u>_</u>		2		_1	-
Public works	22,314		_1 °		-	μ.		*		-	. *
Culture and recreation	1-1		-		-			-		2,264,842	47,684
Conservation and development	-				133,533	Ξ.		435,259		-	
Debt service											
Principal	-1		:-		-	I-I		=		81 2 3	5
Interest and fiscal charges	=		31			-		-		-	-
Total Expenditures	22,314				133,533	-		435,259		2,264,842	47,684
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	61,933	t .	103,044		(18)	3,878		627,209		(190,827)	(3,374)
(Onder) Experialtures	01,330		100,044	_	(10)	0,010		021,200		(100,02.)	(0,0)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)											
Long-term debt issued	-		-		-	77				•	"-
Sale of capital assets			-		II_	2		니		-	=
Transfers in	~ 1		-		-	:=		-		30,000	-
Transfers out										(68,102)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						*		-	_	(38,102)	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	61,933	3	103,044		(18)	3,878		627,209		(228,929)	(3,374)
Fund Balances (Deficits) - January 1	(34,009)	133,000		11,148	22,753		2,027,906		428,598	11,210
Fund Balances (Deficits) - December 31	\$ 27,92	\$	236,044	\$	11,130	\$ 26,631	\$	2,655,115	\$	199,669	\$ 7,836

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	Special Revenue Funds (Continued)									
	Rahr West Museum	Police Programs	Parkland Dedications	Aquatic Center	Senior Center	X Sports Complex	Eternal Flame			
Revenues					1		<u> </u>			
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Special assessments	-	H	-	I -	-	-	-			
Intergovernmental	-	-	·	-	-	*	•			
Public charges for services	-	1-	78.0	124,410	57,919	550	(5)			
Intergovernmental charges for services		-	•	-	-	-	-			
Miscellaneous	117,118	50		50,000	27,934					
Total Revenues	117,118	50	3 3 1	174,410	85,853					
Expenditures										
General government	_	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Public safety		13,895	-	:=a	_		_			
Public works	-	10,000	-	L	<u>_</u>	-	-			
Culture and recreation	90,423	~ 2		232,527	69,822	l -	6,091			
Conservation and development	-	-	-			-	-			
Debt service										
Principal	-	₹ <u>7</u> 5	-	-	2	-	-			
Interest and fiscal charges	_	4	-		*	_	-			
Total Expenditures	90,423	13,895	-	232,527	69,822	-	6,091			
Excess of Revenues Over				A						
(Under) Expenditures	26,695	(13,845)	-	(58,117)	16,031	-	(6,091)			
011 - 51 - 12 - 0 - 12 - 14 - 15										
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						_	_			
Long-term debt issued	-	-	_		-	-	2			
Sale of capital assets Transfers in	10,000		-	_						
Transfers in	10,000	_	-	-	_	-	-			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	10,000						-			
Total Other Financing Sources (Oses)	10,000									
Net Change in Fund Balances	36,695	(13,845)	-	(58,117)	16,031	-	(6,091)			
Fund Balances (Deficits) - January 1	323,742	46,026	259,135	62,875	91,033	10,695	46,656			
Fund Balances (Deficits) - December 31	\$ 360,437	\$ 32,181	\$ 259,135	\$ 4,758	\$ 107,064	\$ 10,695	\$ 40,565			

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	Special Revenue Funds (Continued)					ed)	Capital Projects Funds					
	Cento	ennial		iamond rements		k & Rec nations		nitary and m Sewers		Streets	-	larbor ovements
Revenues			A									
Taxes	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	580,941	\$	269,799	\$	20
Special assessments		823		-		(iii)		_		10		-
Intergovernmental		18		-		()(()		154,797		1,055		474,774
Public charges for services		-				_		6,068		10,170		-27
Intergovernmental charges for services		-		-		Ц		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		759		2,124		16,728		72,627		23,917		
Total Revenues		759		2,124		16,728		814,433		304,951		474,774
Expenditures												
General government		-		. 16		-		-		-		-
Public safety		-				-		-		-		-
Public works		2.1		-		-		658,240		629,845		474,774
Culture and recreation		-		-		2,413		-		-		
Conservation and development		-		1,344		-		-		-0.		
Debt service												
Principal		-		-		-		-		-		
Interest and fiscal charges		-						7,793		88,703		
Total Expenditures		-		1,344		2,413		666,033		718,548		474,774
Excess of Revenues Over												
(Under) Expenditures		759		780		14,315		148,400		(413,597)		(#/
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Long-term debt issued		o = s		1-				363,481		519,844		-
Sale of capital assets		-		-		2		_		(-		35 4 56
Transfers in		5		-		*		136,709		6,000		(37)
Transfers out		6 7 6				=		(100,000)		(114,404)		(41)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		¥		- 1-		2		400,190		411,440		-
Net Change in Fund Balances		759		780		14,315		548,590		(2,157)		•
Fund Balances (Deficits) - January 1		9,666		13,572		92,017		(2,739,979)		(3,086,223)		30,063
Fund Balances (Deficits) - December 31	\$	10,425	\$	14,352	\$	106,332	\$	(2,191,389)	\$	(3,088,380)	\$	30,063

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	Capital Projects Funds (Continued)									
	Capital Equipment	Environmental Remediation	Cemetery Improvements	Buildings and Other Improvements	TID 9	TID 10	TID 11			
Revenues			-							
Taxes	\$ -	\$	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 181,691	\$ 104,214	\$ 95,575			
Special assessments	' L	-		-1	-	-				
Intergovernmental	-	*		122,627	2,524	1,313	17,990			
Public charges for services		.e.,	6,519	5	#	-	4.			
Intergovernmental charges for services	-	2,	-1	-11	-	-	-			
Miscellaneous	22,390		-	3,500	*	125-525				
Total Revenues	22,390		6,519	126,127	184,215	105,527	113,565			
Expenditures										
General government	45,378	æ.,	-	144,421	5	ā				
Public safety	310,142	4	-	81,803	=	2	-			
Public works	252,303	96,706	-	-	4,546	4	-			
Culture and recreation	59,183	*	-	369,512	-	- 1	-			
Conservation and development	5	-	-	-	150	2,140	150			
Debt service										
Principal	-	•	-	-	92,880	60,600	175,000			
Interest and fiscal charges		-			3,733	7,421	13,935			
Total Expenditures	667,006	96,706	-	595,736	101,309	70,161	189,085			
Excess of Revenues Over										
(Under) Expenditures	(644,616)	(96,706)	6,519	(469,609)	82,906	35,366	(75,520)			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Long-term debt issued	962,675		-	254,000	-	-	_			
Sale of capital assets	-	-	Li.	_	<u> </u>	_	_			
Transfers in	32,195	100,000	-	=		*	168,656			
Transfers out	(31,540)	-	-	(50,000)	-	(35,366)				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	963,330	100,000	-	204,000	-	(35,366)	168,656			
Net Change in Fund Balances	318,714	3,294	6,519	(265,609)	82,906	ā	93,136			
Fund Balances (Deficits) - January 1	276,543	105,794	26,333	646,828	(804,857)	*	(93,136)			
Fund Balances (Deficits) - December 31	\$ 595,257	\$ 109,088	\$ 32,852	\$ 381,219	\$ (721,951)	\$ -	\$			

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	TID 12	TID 13	TID 14	TID 15	TID 16	TID 17	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues	A 400 004	A 404 770	A 40 400	¢ 4 400 445	Ф 200 ECC	¢ 460.470	\$ 5,962,740
Taxes	\$ 102,264	\$ 181,778	\$ 46,486	\$ 1,489,445	\$ 298,566	\$ 162,478	\$ 5,962,740 10
Special assessments Intergovernmental	3,381	78,537	1,464	25,250	33,215	3,638	1,937,827
Public charges for services	5,561	70,557	1,404	-	-	-	265,206
Intergovernmental charges for services	-	_	= 0	-	_		117,096
Miscellaneous	-	-	·*·	-	-	-,	1,610,567
Total Revenues	105,645	260,315	47,950	1,514,695	331,781	166,116	9,893,446
Expenditures				826	127	_	189,799
General government	-	: *	-	-		_	475,898
Public safety Public works	_	-	_	-	_	-	2,318,097
Culture and recreation	_	_	_		_	<u>_</u>	3,151,963
Conservation and development	436	150	150	703,404	150	150	1,872,808
Debt service							
Principal	300,000	80,000	95,000	860,000	385,000	55,000	2,168,480
Interest and fiscal charges	35,981	5,713	8,296	87,498	76,413	13,014	354,240
Total Expenditures	336,417	85,863	103,446	1,650,902	461,563	68,164	10,531,285
France of Paragraph Over							
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(230,772)	174,452	(55,496)	(136,207)	(129,782)	97,952	(637,839)
(Onder) Experialitares	(200,772)	171,102	(50, 100)	(100,201)	(1-51.5-2	,	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Long-term debt issued	15	-	-	-	-	-	2,100,000
Sale of capital assets		-	_	215,000		-	215,000
Transfers in	99,053	-	-	- (04.770)	(=)	-	606,494 (857,068)
Transfers out	- 00.053	(174,452)		(81,772) 133,228			2,064,426
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	99,053	(174,452)		133,220			2,004,420
Net Change in Fund Balances	(131,719)	1 1.	(55,496)	(2,979)	(129,782)	97,952	1,426,587
Fund Balances (Deficits) - January 1	(2,855)	-	(285,304)	2,979	(1,099,193)	(133,491)	(2,718,167)
Fund Balances (Deficits) - December 31	\$ (134,574)	\$ -	\$ (340,800)	\$ -	\$ (1,228,975)	\$ (35,539)	\$ (1,291,580)

Room Tax Special Revenue Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	2013							
	_	Original			ariance			
	and Fina		A ()	199	ositive			
Revenues	Budget		Actual	(Negative)				
Taxes								
Room	\$ 504,00	00 \$	536,051	\$	32,051			
Expenditures								
Conservation and development	488,2	50	430,223		58,027			
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	15,7	50	105,828		90,078			
Other Financing Uses	%4 E =	-01	(40.057)		(4.007)			
Transfers out	(15,7	50)	(16,957)		(1,207)			
Net Change in Fund Balance	-		88,871		88,871			
Fund Balance - January 1	198,9	55	198,955					
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 198,9	55 \$	287,826	\$	88,871			

Parking Meters Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	2013							
		riginal				ariance		
		d Final			- 0	Positive		
	L B	udget		Actual	(N	(Negative)		
Revenues								
Taxes								
Property	\$	82,898	\$	82,898	\$	-		
Miscellaneous								
Parking fees		16,000		17,063		1,063		
Total Revenues		98,898		99,961		1,063		
Expenditures								
Public safety		75,230		70,058		5,172		
Public works		23,668		17,034		6,634		
Total Expenditures		98,898		87,092		11,806		
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		-		12,869		12,869		
Other Financing Uses								
Transfers out		-		(12,869)		(12,869)		
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		_		-		
Fund Balance - January 1		_		_		_		
•								
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_		

Mandatory Recycling Special Revenue Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	2013							
	Original and Final		Variance Positive					
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)					
Revenues Intergovernmental		20						
State aid	\$ 234,000	\$ 216,442	\$ (17,558)					
Charges for services	117,000	117,096	96_					
Total Revenues	351,000	333,538	(17,462)					
Expenditures Public works	144,000	161,932	(17,932)					
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	207,000	171,606	(35,394)					
Other Financing Uses Transfers out	(207,000)) (171,606)	35,394					
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	-					
Fund Balance - January 1	·		-					
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ -	\$ -	\$					

Tax Increment District No. 7 Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Variance		
Positive		
(Negative)		
\$ 360,015		
635		
360,650		
(400)		
(403)		
(165,419)		
-		
2,752		
(163,070)		
4000		
197,580		
\$ 197,580		
\$		

CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN Tax Increment District No. 8 Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	2013						
	Original					ariance	
		nd Final			Positive		
Democratic	Budget Actu			Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues							
Taxes Proporty tox increment	\$	49,819	\$	24 100	\$	(25 620)	
Property tax increment Intergovernmental	φ	49,019	Φ	24,199	Φ	(25,620)	
Exempt computer aid				54		54	
Total Revenues	9	49,819	_	24,253		(25,566)	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		.0,0.0		2 1,200		(20,000)	
Expenditures							
Conservation and development		-		150		(150)	
Debt service							
Principal		45,000		45,000		-	
Interest and fiscal charges		4,819		2,577		2,242	
Total Expenditures		49,819		47,727		2,092	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		-		(23,474)		(23,474)	
Other Financing Courses							
Other Financing Sources Transfers in				23,881		23,881	
Transicis III				23,001		23,001	
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		407		407	
Fund Balance (Deficit) - January 1		(407)		(407)			
Fund Balance (Deficit) - December 31	_\$_	(407)	\$		\$	407	

Transit Capital Grant Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	2013						
	Original				V	ariance	
	and Final					Positive	
	Buc	dget		Actual	(N	egative)	
Revenues							
Intergovernmental			_		_	Wall Distance	
State aid	\$ 10	05,280	\$	84,247	\$	(21,033)	
Expenditures							
Public works	1:	31,600		22,314		109,286	
10		.,,		,		100,200	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2	26,320)		61,933		88,253	
Fund Balance (Deficit) - January 1	1	34,009)		(34,009)			
Tund Dalance (Delicit) - January 1		34,009)		(34,009)			
Fund Balance (Deficit) - December 31	\$ (60,329)	\$	27,924	\$	88,253	

CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN

Library Special Revenue Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	2013						
	Original		Variance				
	and Final		Positive				
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)				
Revenues							
Taxes							
Property taxes	\$ 1,420,425	\$ 1,420,425	\$ -				
Intergovernmental							
County aids	575,898	582,369	6,471				
Public charges for services							
User fees	70,000	60,120	(9,880)				
Miscellaneous		11,101	11,101				
Total Revenues	2,066,323	2,074,015	7,692				
Expenditures							
Culture and recreation	2,328,657	2,264,842	63,815				
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(262,334)	(190,827)	71,507				
Excess of Neverlues Over (Orider) Experialitares	(202,334)	(190,021)	71,507				
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	30,000	30,000	=				
Transfers out	(35,000)	(68,102)	(33,102)				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(5,000)	(38,102)	(33,102)				
Net Change in Fund Balance	(267,334)	(228,929)	38,405				
Fund Delance January 4	100 500	400 500					
Fund Balance - January 1	428,598	428,598					
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 161,264	\$ 199,669	\$ 38,405				

Aquatic Center Special Revenue Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	2013					
	Original				Variance	
	and Final			F	Positive	
		Budget		Actual	(N	legative)
Revenues						
Public charges for services						
User fees	\$	189,300	\$	124,410	\$	(64,890)
Miscellaneous						
Donations		-		50,000		50,000
Total Revenues		189,300		174,410		(14,890)
Expenditures Culture and recreation		242,324		232,527		9,797
Net Change in Fund Balance		(53,024)		(58,117)		(5,093)
Fund Balance - January 1		62,875		62,875		<u> </u>
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	9,851	\$_	4,758	\$	(5,093)

Debt Service Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

							Va	riance with
		Budgeted	Am	ounts	ļ		Fi	nal Budget-
	100				1	Actual		Positive
		Original		Final		Amounts		(Negative)
Revenues								
Property taxes	\$	6,793,819	\$	6,793,819	\$	6,793,819	\$	-
Special assessments		461,095		461,095		378,094		(83,001)
Miscellaneous		136,462		136,462		129,733		(6,729)
Total Revenues		7,391,376		7,391,376		7,301,646		(89,730)
Expenditures								
Principal retirement		5,851,520		5,851,520		5,851,520		-
Interest charges		1,773,057		1,773,057		1,801,632		(28,575)
Bond/Note issuance costs	-	_		_		158,840		(158,840)
Total Expenditures		7,624,577		7,624,577		7,811,992		(187,415)
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures		(233,201)		(233,201)		(510,346)		(277,145)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Long-term debt issued		-		-		7,895,000		7,895,000
Premium on debt		-		-		232,041		232,041
Payment to refunding escrow agent		-				(8,084,027)		(8,084,027)
Transfers in		233,201		233,201		64,143		(169,058)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		233,201		233,201		107,157		(126,044)
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		7		(403,189)		(403,189)
Fund Balance - January 1	_	1,345,618		1,345,618		1,345,618		
Fund Balance - December 31	_\$_	1,345,618	\$	1,345,618	\$	942,429	\$	(403,189)

Sanitary and Storm Sewers Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	Original		Variance
	and Final		Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues			
Property taxes	\$ 580,941		-
Special assessments	611,134	-	(611,134)
Intergovernmental			
Storm water management grant	150,000	154,797	4,797
Public charges for services		0.000	0.000
Sanitary and storm sewers	. 3	6,068	6,068
Miscellaneous Donations	44 202	70.607	24 425
Total Revenues	41,202 1,383,277		31,425 (568,844)
Oldi Nevenues	1,303,211	014,433	(300,044)
Expenditures			
Public works			
Sanitary and storm sewers	1,452,477	658,240	794,237
Debt service	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	000,2 .0	,20.
Interest expense	580,941	7,793	573,148
Total Expenditures	2,033,418		1,367,385
	,	·	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(650,141) 148,400	798,541
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Long-term debt issued	363,481	363,481	-
Transfers in	136,709		-
Transfers out		(100,000)	(100,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	500,190	400,190	(100,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(149,951	548,590	698,541
Fund Balance (Deficit) - January 1	(2,739,979	9) (2,739,979)	
Fund Balance (Deficit) - December 31	\$ (2,889,930) \$ (2,191,389)	\$ 698,541

Streets Capital Projects Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	2013					
	Orig	inal		Vari	ance	
	and F	Final			Pos	itive
	Bud	get		Actual	(Neg	ative)
Revenues						-1
Property taxes	\$ 26	69,799	\$	269,799	\$	=.
Special assessments						
Streets and sidewalks	13	37,172		10	(1	37,162)
Intergovernmental						
DOT grant		-		1,055		1,055
Charges for services						
Public charges for services						
Fees		-		10,170		10,170
Miscellaneous						
Donations				23,917		23,917
Total Revenues	40	06,971		304,951	(1	02,020)
Expenditures						
Public works	_				_	
Streets	54	42,612		160,220		82,392
Curbs and sidewalks		-		315,962		15,962)
Traffic control		-		102,502		02,502)
Pavement markings		-		47,361	((47,361)
Bridges		-		3,800		(3,800)
Debt service						
Interest and fiscal charges		69,799		88,703		81,096
Total Expenditures	8	12,411		718,548		93,863
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(40	05,440)	Œ	(413,597)		(8,157)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-			-10011		
Long-term debt issued	5	19,844		519,844		-
Transfers in	74.	-		6,000		6,000
Transfers out		14,404)	()	(114,404)		C 000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	40	05,440		411,440		6,000
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		(2,157)		(2,157)
Fund Balance (Deficit) - January 1	(3,08	86,223)		(3,086,223)		
Fund Balance (Deficit) - December 31	\$ (3,08	86,223)	\$	(3,088,380)	\$	(2,157)

Harbor Improvements Capital Projects Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	Or	iginal		\	/ariance
	and	l Final			Positive
	Βι	ıdget	Actual	(1	Negative)
Revenues					
Intergovernmental					
Department of Transportation grant	\$		\$ 474,774	\$	474,774
Expenditures Public works Dock improvements			474,774		(474,774)
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	-		-
Fund Balance - January 1		30,063	30,063		
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	30,063	\$ 30,063	\$	

Capital Equipment Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

		2013
	Original	Variance
	and Final	Positive
	Budget A	Actual (Negative)
Revenues		
Sale of property	\$ - \$	22,390 \$ 22,390
Expenditures		
General government		
Data processing	126,076	45,378 80,698
Public safety		
Police	613,235	275,309 337,926
Fire	- ,	34,833 (34,833)
Public works		
Streets	458,561	252,303 206,258
Culture and recreation		
Parks	52,000	59,183 (7,183)
Total Expenditures	1,249,872	667,006 582,866
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,249,872)	(644,616) 605,256
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		
Long-term debt issued	962,675	962,675 -
Transfers in	32,195	32,195 -
Transfers out	(14,500)	(31,540) (17,040)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	980,370	963,330 (17,040)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(269,502)	318,714 588,216
Fund Balance - January 1	276,543	276,543 -
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 7,041 \$	595,257 \$ 588,216

CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN

Environmental Remediation Capital Projects Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	2013				
		Original			Variance
	ar	nd Final			Positive
	E	Budget	Actual		(Negative)
Revenues	\$	-	\$ -	\$	
Expenditures Public works					
Landfill cleanup		150,000	96,70	06	53,294
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(150,000)	(96,70	06)	53,294
Other Financing Sources Transfers in		-	100,00	1 0	100,000
			100,00		100,000
Net Change in Fund Balance		(150,000)	3,29	94	153,294
Fund Balance - January 1		105,794	105,79	94	
Fund Balance (Deficit) - December 31	\$	(44,206)	\$ 109,08	38 \$	153,294

CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN

Cemetery Improvements Capital Projects Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

		riginal		Variance	
		d Final			sitive
	<u> </u>	udget	Actual	(Ne	gative)
Revenues Public charges for services	\$	5,879	\$ 6,519	\$	640
, as a second se		0,0.0	 0,010	Ψ	0 10
Expenditures	:		-		-
Net Change in Fund Balance		5,879	6,519		640
Fund Balance - January 1		26,333	26,333		
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	32,212	\$ 32,852	\$	640

CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN Buildings and Other Improvements Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

		Original			\	/ariance
	a	and Final				Positive
		Budget		Actual	(1)	legative)
Devenues						
Revenues	•		•	400.007	Φ.	100.007
Intergovernmental Miscellaneous	\$	-	\$	122,627	\$	122,627
		450.000		0.500		(4.40.500)
Donations Tatal Passages		150,000		3,500		(146,500)
Total Revenues	-	150,000		126,127		(23,873)
Expenditures						
General government		326,600		144,421		182,179
Public safety		91,147		81,803		9,344
Culture and recreation		454,530		369,512		85,018
Total Expenditures		872,277		595,736		276,541
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(722,277)		(469,609)		252,668
04511041>						**
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0=4000				
Long-term debt issued		254,000		254,000		-I
Transfers out	-	(40,000)		(50,000)		(10,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		214,000		204,000		(10,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(508,277)		(265,609)		242,668
Fund Balance - January 1		646,828		646,828		
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	138,551	\$	381,219	\$	242,668

Tax Increment District No. 9 Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	2013						
		Original				ariance	
	and Final					Positive	
		Budget		Actual	(N	egative)	
Revenues							
Taxes	-		_		_	-111-1.	
Property tax increment	\$	99,860	\$	181,691	\$	81,831	
Intergovernmental							
Exempt computer aid				2,524		2,524	
Total Revenues		99,860		184,215		84,355	
Expenditures							
Public works		-		4,546		(4,546)	
Conservation and development							
City admin fees		-		150		(150)	
Debt service				211			
Principal		-		92,880		(92,880)	
Interest and fiscal charges				3,733		(3,733)	
Total Expenditures				101,309		(101,309)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		99,860		82,906		(16,954)	
Fund Balance (Deficit) - January 1	180	(804,857)		(804,857)			
Fund Balance (Deficit) - December 31	\$	(704,997)	\$	(721,951)	\$	(16,954)	

Tax Increment District No. 10 Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

		Original		Variance		
		nd Final	Actual		Positive	
Revenues Taxes		Budget	 Actual	(IN	legative)	
Property tax increment Intergovernmental	\$	74,477	\$ 104,214	\$	29,737	
Exempt computer aid		_	1,313		1,313	
Total Revenues		74,477	105,527		31,050	
Expenditures Conservation and development Debt service		-	2,140		(2,140)	
Principal		60,600	60,600		-	
Interest and fiscal charges		13,877	7,421		6,456	
Total Expenditures		74,477	 70,161		4,316	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		-	35,366		35,366	
Other Financing Uses Transfers out			(35,366)		(35,366)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	-		-	
Fund Balance - January 1	-	-			-	
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	-	\$ <u> </u>	\$	-	

Tax Increment District No. 11 Capital Projects Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

				2013		
		Original and Final		Actual	F	ariance Positive
Revenues		Budget		Actual	(1)	legative)
Taxes						
Property tax increment	\$	201,058	\$	95,575	\$	(105,483)
Intergovernmental	Ψ	201,000	Ψ	50,075	Ψ	(100,400)
Exempt computer aid		_		17,990		17,990
Total Revenues		201,058		113,565		(87,493)
Expenditures						-
Conservation and development				150		(150)
Debt service				150		(150)
Principal		175,000		175,000		_1
Interest and fiscal charges		26,058		13,935		12,123
Total Expenditures	-	201,058		189,085		11,973
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	-	-		(75,520)		(75,520)
Other Financing Sources						
Transfers in		_		168,656		168,656
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		93,136		93,136
Fund Balance (Deficit) - January 1	-	(93,136)	7	(93,136)		
Fund Balance (Deficit) - December 31	\$_	(93,136)	\$	-	\$	93,136

Tax Increment District No. 12 Capital Projects Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

				2013		
		Original			V	ariance
	6	and Final				Positive
		Budget		Actual	(N	egative)
Revenues						
Taxes	æ	007.000	Φ.	400.004	Φ.	(005.040)
Property tax increment	\$	367,282	\$	102,264	\$	(265,018)
Intergovernmental Exempt computer aid				2 204		2 204
Total Revenues	_	367,282		3,381 105,645		3,381 (261,637)
Total Nevellues	_	301,202		105,645	_	(201,037)
Expenditures						
Conservation and development		,="		436		(436)
Debt service						
Principal		300,000		300,000		-
Interest and fiscal charges		67,282		35,981		31,301
Total Expenditures		367,282		336,417		30,865
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	_			(230,772)		(230,772)
Other Financing Sources						
Transfers in				99,053		99,053
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		(131,719)		(131,719)
Fund Balance (Deficit) - January 1	_	(2,855)		(2,855)		
Fund Balance (Deficit) - December 31	\$	(2,855)	\$	(134,574)	\$	(131,719)

Tax Increment District No. 13 Capital Projects Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

			2013	3		
		Original and Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive
Revenues Taxes		Budget	<u> </u>	Actual	<u> </u>	Negative)
Property tax increment Intergovernmental	\$	90,682	\$	181,778	\$	91,096
Exempt computer aid Total Revenues		90,682		78,537 260,315		78,537 169,633
Expenditures Conservation and development Debt service Principal		80,000		150 80,000		(150)
Interest and fiscal charges Total Expenditures	_	10,682 90,682		5,713 85,863	1	4,969 4,819
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		-		174,452		174,452
Other Financing Uses Transfers out	_	-		(174,452)		(174,452)
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		-
Fund Balance - January 1						
Fund Balance - December 31	\$		\$		\$	

Tax Increment District No. 14 Capital Projects Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

		110,513 47,95 - 15 95,000 95,00							
	a	and Final			F	/ariance Positive			
		Budget		Actual	(1	legative)			
Revenues Taxes									
Property tax increment	c	110 512	æ	16 196	\$	(64.027)			
Intergovernmental	Φ	110,515	Φ	40,400	Φ	(64,027)			
Exempt computer aid		_		1,464		1,464			
Total Revenues		110,513		47,950		(62,563)			
Expenditures Conservation and development Debt service Principal Interest and fiscal charges Total Expenditures		- 95,000 15,513 110,513		150 95,000 8,296 103,446		(150) - 7,217 7,067			
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		(55,496)		(55,496)			
Fund Balance (Deficit) - January 1		(285,304)		(285,304)		-			
Fund Balance (Deficit) - December 31	\$_	(285,304)	\$	(340,800)	\$	(55,496)			

Tax Increment District No. 15 Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

				2013		
	Origin	al			٧	ariance
	and Fi	nal			F	Positive
	Budg	et		Actual	(N	legative)
Revenues						
Taxes						
Property tax increment	\$ 1,023	3,615	\$	1,489,445	\$	465,830
Intergovernmental						
Exempt computer aid		-		25,250		25,250
Total Revenues	1,023	3,615	_	1,514,695		491,080
Expenditures						
Conservation and development		-		703,404		(703,404)
Debt service				,		, ,
Principal	860	000,0		860,000		_
Interest and fiscal charges	163	3,615		87,498		76,117
Total Expenditures	1,023	3,615		1,650,902		(627,287)
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	8	-		(136,207)		(136,207)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Sale of capital assets		-		215,000		215,000
Transfers out		-		(81,772)		(81,772)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		133,228		133,228
Net Change in Fund Balance		L		(2,979)		(2,979)
Fund Balance - January 1		2,979		2,979		
Fund Balance - December 31	_\$ 2	2,979	\$	-	\$	(2,979)

Tax Increment District No. 16 Capital Projects Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	2013					
		Original		Variance		
	a	and Final		Positive		
		Budget	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues	117			3.253		
Taxes						
Property tax increment	\$	527,887	\$ 298,566	\$ (229,321)		
Intergovernmental						
Exempt computer aid			33,215	33,215		
Total Revenues		527,887	331,781	(196,106)		
Expenditures Conservation and development Debt service Principal Interest and fiscal charges Total Expenditures	2	385,000 142,887 527,887	150 385,000 76,413 461,563	(150) - 66,474 66,324		
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	(129,782)	(129,782)		
Fund Balance (Deficit) - January 1		(1,099,193)	(1,099,193)	_		
Fund Balance (Deficit) - December 31	\$ ((1,099,193)	\$ (1,228,975)	\$ (129,782)		

CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN

Tax Increment District No. 17 Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	2013						
		Original				riance	
	4	and Final			Po	ositive	
		Budget		Actual	(Ne	gative)	
Revenues							
Taxes							
Property tax increment	\$	79,336	\$	162,478	\$	83,142	
Intergovernmental							
Exempt computer aid				3,638		3,638	
Total Revenues		79,336		166,116		86,780	
Expenditures Conservation and development Debt service Principal Interest and fiscal charges Total Expenditures		55,000 24,336 79,336		150 55,000 13,014 68,164	4)	(150) - 11,322 11,172	
Net Change in Fund Balance		F		97,952		97,952	
Fund Balance (Deficit) - January 1		(133,491)		(133,491)			
Fund Balance (Deficit) - December 31	\$	(133,491)	\$	(35,539)	\$	97,952	

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

To account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments of the City, or to other governmental units, on a cost reimbursement basis. The City utilizes internal service fund accounting for the following:

Data Processing

To account for electronic data processing services provided to other City departments.

Health Self-Insurance

To account for funds held by the City, generated by charges to other City departments, employees and retirees, to finance employee health claims.

General Liability Self-Insurance

To account for the City's capitalization deposit in the Cities and Villages Mutual Insurance Company (CVMIC).

Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds December 31, 2013

	Data Processing		Health Self Insurance		Lia	General ability Self asurance		Totals
ASSETS								
Current Assets	•				_		_	
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	2,074,718	\$	-	\$	2,074,718
Receivables	-	4		4 0 40				05.440
Accounts		20,764		4,349		-		25,113
Inventories and prepaid items		9,586		-				69,586
Total Current Assets		0,350		2,079,067				2,169,417
Noncurrent Assets						4 4 4 4 4 4 4 0 0		4 444 400
Deposit with CVMIC						1,111,426		1,111,426
Capital assets, nondepreciable Construction in progress	1	9,000						19,000
TOTAL ASSETS	10	9,350		2,079,067		1,111,426		3,299,843
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities								
Accounts payable		5,645		42,119		-		47,764
Accrued and other current liabilities	7	4,143		504,553		_		578,696
Total Current Liabilities	7	9,788		546,672		-		626,460
Noncurrent Liabilities								
Compensated absences	11	2,110		-		-		112,110
TOTAL LIABILITIES	19	91,898		546,672				738,570
NET POSITION								
Unrestricted (deficit)	(8	32,548)		1,532,395		1,111,426		2,561,273
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	\$ (8	32,548)	\$	1,532,395	\$	1,111,426	\$	2,561,273

CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	Data			Health Self	General Liability Self Insurance		Totals
Operating Revenues		500 700			_		
Charges for services	<u>\$</u>	568,739	\$	3,196,153	\$		\$ 3,764,892
Operating Expenses							
Operation and maintenance		486,403		-		=	486,403
Insurance payments and claims		-		3,953,210		-	3,953,210
Taxes		976				-	976
Total Operating Expenses		487,379		3,953,210		-	4,440,589
Operating Income (Loss)	-	81,360		(757,057)		-	(675,697)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) Insurance recoveries	,	-		291,205			291,205
Change in Net Position		81,360		(465,852)		-	(384,492)
Net Position (Deficit) - January 1	16-	(163,908)		1,998,247		1,111,426	2,945,765
Net Position (Deficit) - December 31	\$	(82,548)	\$	1,532,395	\$	1,111,426	\$ 2,561,273

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	Pr	Data ocessing	Health Self Insurance	General iability Self Insurance	Totals
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Cash from interfund services provided Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$	574,885 (180,886) (440,257)	\$ 3,497,466 (4,136,804)	\$ -	\$ 4,072,351 (4,317,690) (440,257)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		(46,258)	(639,338)	-	(685,596)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Acquisition of capital assets	4	(19,000)	_	_	(19,000)
Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(65,258)	(639,338)	-	(704,596)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - January 1		65,258	2,714,056		2,779,314
Cash and Cash Equivalents - December 31	\$		\$ 2,074,718	\$ -	\$ 2,074,718
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	\$	81,360	\$ (757,057)	\$ -	\$ (675,697)
Insurance recoveries Merchandising and jobbing Changes in assets and liabilities			291,205	-	291,205 -
Receivables Inventories and prepaid items		6,146 192	10,108	-	16,254 192
Deferred charges		7,991	-	_	7,991
Accounts payable		(56,013)	(15,534)	_	(71,547)
Accrued and other liabilities		(55,427)	(168,060)	-	(223,487)
Compensated absences		(30,507)	-	-	(30,507)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	(46,258)	\$ (639,338)	\$ **	\$ (685,596)
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities					
None	\$		\$ _	\$ _	\$

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Comparative Schedules by Source December 31, 2013 and 2012

		2013		2012
Capital Assets				
Land	\$	7,541,918	\$	7,392,718
Buildings		28,870,150		28,674,629
Machinery and equipment		24,704,413		23,817,922
Infrastructure		185,586,409		183,254,187
Total Governmental Funds Capital Assets	\$	246,702,890	\$:	243,139,456
Investments in Governmental Funds Capital Assets By Source				
General fund	\$	23,993,720	\$	23,835,087
Federal, state and local grants		7,373,844		6,979,509
Capital projects funds				
General obligation debt	100	215,335,326	:	212,324,860
Total Governmental Funds Capital Assets	\$	246,702,890	\$:	243,139,456

This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds. Accordingly, the capital assets reported in internal service funds are excluded from the above amounts. Generally, the capital assets of internal service funds are included as governmental activities in the statement of net position.

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds
Schedule by Function
December 31, 2013

					Machinery and		
		Total	Land	Buildings	Equipment	1	nfrastructure
Function							
General government	\$	14,059,203	\$ 6,002,065	\$ 7,507,193	\$ 549,945	\$	_
Public safety		9,735,043	347,400	4,604,417	4,783,226		-
Public works		201,474,476	392,240	4,343,364	11,152,463		185,586,409
Health and human services		467,626	-	117,711	349,915		-
Culture and recreation		20,100,350	800,213	11,840,036	7,460,101		-
Conservation and							
development		866,192	_	457,429	408,763		
Total General Capital							
Assets	_\$	246,702,890	\$ 7,541,918	\$ 28,870,150	\$ 24,704,413	\$	185,586,409

This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds. Accordingly, the capital assets reported in internal service funds are excluded from the above amounts. Generally, the capital assets of internal service funds are included as governmental activities in the statement of net position.

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule of Changes By Function For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

	G	overnmental				G	overnmental
	F	unds Capital				F	unds Capital
		Assets					Assets
		1/1/13	Additions	R	etirements		12/31/13
Function							
General government	\$	13,851,080	\$ 209,423	\$	1,300	\$	14,059,203
Public safety		9,645,318	174,725		85,000		9,735,043
Public works		198,488,619	4,206,065		1,220,208		201,474,476
Health and human services		456,933	10,693				467,626
Culture and recreation		19,831,314	291,868		22,832		20,100,350
Conservation and development		866,192	-		-		866,192
Total Governmental Funds		·	·				
Capital Assets	\$	243,139,456	\$ 4,892,774	\$	1,329,340	\$	246,702,890

This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds. Accordingly, the capital assets reported in internal service funds are excluded from the above amounts. Generally, the capital assets of internal service funds are included as governmental activities in the statement of net position.

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Manitowoc's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about Manitowoc's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how Manitowoc's financial performance and wellbeing have changed over time.	124
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess Manitowoc's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	131
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of Manitowoc's current levels of outstanding debt and Manitowoc's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	136
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which Manitowoc's financial activities take place.	149
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in Manitowoc's financial report relates to the services Manitowoc provides and the activities it performs.	151
Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is	

derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant

year.

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Governmental activities Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted (deficit)	\$ 106,284,680 - 1,980,451	\$ 99,544,772 - 3,319,385	\$ 91,651,520 - 4,196,938	\$ 84,351,471 - 5,783,990	\$ 85,055,705 - (4,838,894)	\$ 82,397,585 - (7,338,552)	\$ 78,408,781	\$ 82,948,335 3,318,623 (15,749,380)	\$ 81,463,401 3,350,548 (13,165,749)	\$ 84,679,258 8,114,185 (16,824,269)
Total governmental activities net assets	\$ 108,265,131	\$ 102,864,157	\$ 95,848,458		\$ 80,216,811	\$ 75,059,033	\$ 	\$ 70,517,578	\$	\$ 75,969,174
Business-type activities Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 75,652,591 13,035,466 21,714,871	\$ 82,111,719 11,967,017 17,609,040	\$ 108,717,186 12,744,881 22,053,805	\$ 107,018,216 13,527,007 33,021,269	\$ 103,680,120 14,135,766 43,086,021	\$ 100,181,138 13,872,760 49,214,832	\$ 94,937,833 14,068,192 52,275,971	\$ 93,859,889 50,428,742 21,780,335	\$ 96,411,771 44,375,746 34,352,072	\$ 95,999,724 55,160,265 33,987,853
Total business-type activities net assets	\$110,402,928	\$ 111,687,776	\$ 143,515,872	\$ 153,566,492	\$ 160,901,907	\$ 163,268,730	\$ 161,281,996	\$ 166,068,966	\$ 175,139,589	\$ 185,147,842
Primary government Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 181,937,271 13,035,466 23,695,322	\$ 181,656,491 11,967,017 20,928,425	\$ 200,368,706 12,744,881 26,250,743	\$ 191,369,687 13,527,007 38,805,259	\$ 188,735,825 14,135,766 38,247,127	\$ 182,578,723 13,872,760 41,876,280	\$ 173,346,614 14,068,192 40,905,121	\$ 176,808,224 53,747,365 6,030,955	\$ 177,875,172 47,726,294 21,186,323	\$ 180,678,982 63,274,450 17,163,584
Total primary government net assets	\$218,668,059	\$ 214,551,933	\$ 239,364,330	\$ 243,701,953	\$ 241,118,718	\$ 238,327,763	\$ 228,319,927	\$ 236,586,544	\$ 246,787,789	\$ 261,117,016

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Expenses										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 3,245,903	\$ 4,809,245	\$ 4,986,172	\$ 3,254,368	\$ 4,307,042	\$ 4,295,657	\$ 4,649,699	\$ 3,072,360	\$ 3,938,219	\$ 3,611,218
Public safety	11,317,846	12,795,781	14,641,739	14,269,506	15,193,488	15,299,834	16,553,734	14,665,705	14,445,022	14,380,253
Public works	13,448,041	12,142,877	12,036,480	14,166,272	12,831,693	14,624,459	13,837,037	12,547,700	11,045,943	7,123,677
Health and human services	511,522	446,459	461,828	475,799	523,071	505,417	546,432	539,339	271,019	337,553
Culture and recreation	5,167,581	5,533,273	6,134,585	6,127,795	6,337,825	6,410,617	6,671,335	5,794,316	4,922,559	4,726,866
Development	4,537,594	3,425,300	1,831,028	2,148,368	5,951,961	2,578,143	1,871,549	1,306,096	1,572,350	1,760,407
Interest on debt	2,689,187	2,610,510	2,768,177	2,903,283	3,017,661	2,989,602	3,941,695	2,480,672	2,268,177	2,499,847
Total governmental activities expenses	40,917,674	41,763,445	42,860,009	43,345,391	48,162,741	46,703,729	48,071,481	40,406,188	38,463,289	34,439,821
Business-type activities:	N-							W. Carlotte	***************************************	
Water utility	3,637,679	3,717,492	3,972,955	4,624,516	5,665,651	5,976,464	5,822,531	5,750,971	5,468,625	5,504,372
Electric utility	32,728,601	38,912,665	42,762,568	47,521,200	48,273,428	44,287,845	46,581,595	49,737,531	58,697,745	59,503,436
Steam utility	2,253,794	2,649,182	3,599,632	3,636,524	3,726,855	3,441,973	2,692,941	1,895,580	285,953	374,930
Broadband utility	32,602	88,482	155,984	112,275	121,311	99,484	100,286	58,713	73,837	76,631
Wastewater treatment plant	5,996,621	6,022,139	6,457,444	5,575,906	8,898,944	6,775,626	5,843,812	4,729,671	4,433,388	4,889,792
Transit system	1,381,317	1,346,906	1,936,499	2,202,062	2,476,436	2,304,946	2,458,989	2,474,960	2,306,296	2,228,542
Total business-type activities expenses	46,030,614	52,736,866	58,885,082	63,672,483	69,162,625	62,886,338	63,500,154	64,647,426	71,265,844	72,577,703
Total primary government expenses	\$ 86,948,288	\$ 94,500,311	\$ 101,745,091	\$ 107,017,874	\$ 117,325,366	\$ 109,590,067	\$ 111,571,635	\$ 105,053,614	\$ 109,729,133	\$ 107,017,524

(Continued)

CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Ĭ	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Program Revenues	- 0		*	70	7	ii -	0	**		70
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	\$ 186,604	\$ 193,265	\$ 404,721	\$ 628,488	\$ 364,561	\$ 361,486	\$ 354,642	\$ 470,516	\$ 495,393	\$ 461,920
Public safety	2,442,751	2,563,260	2,815,602	2,750,012	2,907,803	2,470,162	2,456,433	2,332,256	2,375,809	3,054,210
Culture and recreation	490,903	357,049	319,683	302,485	284,979	202,684	581,468	1,084,730	1,030,925	1,000,494
Other activities	1,923,063	1,033,148	2,312,693	1,516,507	2,058,554	1,222,632	1,465,935	3,404,449	1,331,898	1,034,074
Operating grants and contributions	4,793,565	5,196,700	4,024,587	4,129,199	3,975,594	3,811,709	3,760,579	3,575,437	4,640,641	3,637,937
Capital grants and contributions	3,133,716	3,596,333	2,656,238	3,272,031	1,448,952	4,569,538	2,942,698	3,592,144	1,467,078	1,256,237
Total governmental activities program revenue	12,970,602	12,939,755	12,533,524	12,598,722	11,040,443	12,638,211	11,561,755	14,459,532	11,341,744	10,444,872
Business-type activities:		4,1 92 92								
Charges for services:										
Water utility	4,639,685	4,945,177	4,579,587	5,052,775	6,860,998	6,623,124	5,953,586	5,907,447	6,901,030	6,688,886
Electric utility	32,885,848	38,871,385	49,758,451	54,661,738	57,456,101	49,875,214	52,689,004	57,313,333	65,957,316	66,281,306
Steam utility	2,376,692	2,689,657	3,501,244	4,231,300	4,743,307	3,985,780	2,361,255	1,497,632	477,640	544,992
Broadband utility	33,641	163,689	153,390	139,705	167,659	145,932	150,649	162,316	152,309	176,815
Wastewater treatment plant	6,509,482	6,620,727	6,703,344	6,615,654	6,423,450	6,181,047	5,362,958	5,250,862	6,028,570	6,466,960
Transit system	136,239	164,077	161,517	273,440	213,051	208,447	216,506	183,558	185,298	193,404
Operating grants and contributions	920,629	1,058,956	1,462,145	1,975,526	1,955,205	1,948,833	1,967,087	1,972,194	1,807,210	1,621,962
Capital grants and contributions	3,459,888	2,016,280	26,172,711	1,962,388	827,710	609,685	257,491	392,686	1,499,199	173,697
Total business-type activities program revenue	50,962,104	56,529,948	92,492,389	74,912,526	78,647,481	69,578,062	68,958,536	72,680,028	83,008,572	82,148,022
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 63,932,706	\$ 69,469,703	\$ 105,025,913	\$ 87,511,248	\$ 89,687,924	\$ 82,216,273	\$ 80,520,291	\$ 87,139,560	\$ 94,350,316	\$ 92,592,894
Net (expense)/revenue										
Governmental activities	\$(27,947,072)	\$(28,823,690)	\$ (30,326,485)	\$ (30,746,669)	\$ (37,122,298)	\$ (34,065,518)	\$ (36,509,726)	\$ (25,946,656)	\$ (27,121,545)	\$ (23,994,949)
Business-type activities	4,931,490	3,793,082	33,607,307	11,240,043	9,484,856	6,691,724	5,458,382	8,032,602	11,742,728	9,570,319
Total primary government net expense	\$(23,015,582)	\$(25,030,608)	\$ 3,280,822	\$ (19,506,626)	\$ (27,637,442)	\$ (27,373,794)	\$ (31,051,344)	\$ (17,914,054)	\$ (15,378,817)	\$ (14,424,630)

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
General Revenues and Other Changes in										
Net Assets										
Governmental activities:										
Taxes										
Property taxes	\$ 10,482,538	\$ 10,488,321	\$ 10,940,949	\$ 12,066,248	\$ 13,774,903	\$ 14,265,247	\$ 15,286,914	\$ 15,687,287	\$ 17,145,312	\$ 16,896,523
Other taxes	551,360	525,419	534,998	603,072	493,192	533,298	470,540	418,429	415,842	770,332
Unrestricted state and federal aids	6,392,117	6,436,045	6,438,639	6,510,348	6,724,262	6,667,779	6,609,782	6,490,811	6,038,857	6,124,673
Interest earnings	939,800	1,122,596	1,520,526	2,042,220	1,782,827	1,449,891	619,090	275,315	184,573	55,869
Miscellaneous	499,553	934,205	719,805	753,937	939,946	869,195	675,787	305,173	658,504	620,353
Transfers	3,534,405	3,916,130	3,155,869	3,057,847	3,488,518	5,122,330	4,826,511	4,371,291	3,772,312	3,884,940
Total governmental activities	22,399,773	23,422,716	23,310,786	25,033,672	27,203,648	28,907,740	28,488,624	27,548,306	28,215,400	28,352,690
Business-type activities:										
Interest earnings	1,469,704	1,407,896	1,376,658	1,868,424	1,339,077	797,429	810,460	1,078,616	1,159,912	1,197,317
Miscellaneous	182,291	_		<u>-</u>				47,043	286,959	274,808
Special item-gain/(loss) sale of asset		-		-		-	-	-	(346,664)	
Transfers	(3,534,405)	(3,916,130)	(3,155,869)	(3,057,847)	(3,488,518)	(5,122,330)	(4,826,511)	(4,371,291)	(3,772,312)	(3,884,940)
Total business-type activities	(1,882,410)	(2,508,234)	(1,779,211)	(1,189,423)	(2,149,441)	(4,324,901)	(4,016,051)	(3,245,632)	(2,672,105)	(2,412,815)
Total primary government	\$ 20,517,363	\$ 20,914,482	\$ 21,531,575	\$ 23,844,249	\$ 25,054,207	\$ 24,582,839	\$ 24,472,573	\$ 24,302,674	\$ 25,543,295	\$ 25,939,875
Change in Net Assets		Laborat III .								
Governmental activities		\$ (5,400,974)			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		,			
Business-type activities	3,049,080	1,284,848	31,828,096	10,050,620	7,335,415	2,366,823	1,442,331	4,786,970	9,070,623	7,157,504
Special Item (disposal of plant)							(3,429,065)			
Total primary government	\$ (2,498,219)	\$ (4,116,126)	\$ 24,812,397	\$ 4,337,623	\$ (2,583,235)	\$ (2,790,955)	\$ (10,007,836)	\$ 6,388,620	\$ 10,164,478	\$ 11,515,245

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Years Ended 2004 - 2010 (modified accrual basis of accounting)

		2004		2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Conoral fund									
General fund Reserved Unreserved	\$	660,054	\$	833,638	\$ 433,574	\$ 611,795	\$ 726,271	\$ 790,933	\$ 4,907,025
Designated		614,551		594,175	246,457	268,948	319,440	505,594	-
Total general fund	\$	1,274,605	\$ 1	,427,813	\$ 680,031	\$ 880,743	\$ 1,045,711	\$ 1,296,527	\$ 4,907,025
All other governmental funds									
Reserved									
Long-term accounts and receivables Designated, reported in:	\$	-	\$	H	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,104,155
Special revenue funds Undesignated, reported in:		531,559		566,678	430,137	205,466	283,296	117,777	172,809
Special revenue funds	;	3,440,534	3	3,481,066	4,529,840	4,939,578	4,720,504	4,803,639	4,141,080
Debt service fund		-		-	-		-	-	(13,250)
Capital projects funds		2,714,448		(602,387)	778,958	3,004,471	1,348,438	(1,318,561)	 (4,238,225)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ (6,686,541	\$ 3	3,445,357	\$ 5,738,935	\$ 8,149,515	\$ 6,352,238	\$ 3,602,855	\$ 1,166,569
Total governmental funds	\$	7,961,146	\$ 4	I,873,170	\$ 6,418,966	\$ 9,030,258	\$ 7,397,949	\$ 4,899,382	\$ 6,073,594

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Three Fiscal Years* (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	_	2011	2012		2013
General fund					
Nonspendable Inventories and prepaid items	\$	545,077	\$ 572,952	\$	534,358
Long term accounts and interfund receivables	•	3,610,186	3,568,735	*	3,781,606
Restricted		-	-		-
Committed for future spending		-	266,698		
Assigned		-			53,708
Unassigned		1,205,370	1,332,914		1,184,321
Total general fund	_	5,360,633	5,741,299		5,553,993
All other governmental funds Nonspendable Long term accounts and interfund receivables	\$	2,879,773	\$ 1,345,618	\$	944,381
Deltated					
Restricted Debt service		737,778	2,979		-1
Future loans		2,164,446	2,882,921		3,635,768
Future spending		416,399	464,648		487,692
Committed for future spending		1,501,423	1,173,265		1,028,596
Assigned		391,119	1,085,561		1,148,479
Unassigned		(11,377,555)	(8,327,541)		(7,594,067)
Total all other governmental funds	_	(3,286,617)	(1,372,549)		(349,151)
Total governmental funds	\$	2,074,016	\$ 4,368,750	\$	5,204,842

^{*} Not practical to restate fund balances for years prior to 2011 before implementation of GASB #54.

CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Revenues		9	·	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		·				70 - 75
Taxes	\$ 11,098,523	\$ 11,070,987	\$ 11,533,302	\$ 12,584,206	\$ 12,981,862	\$ 12,601,435	\$ 14,974,094	\$ 15,157,110	\$ 17,561,154	\$ 17,666,855
Special assessments	1,829,934	1,473,380	1,775,994	1,522,973	1,354,468	2,894,588	2,267,061	1,099,443	1,081,192	554,246
Intergovernmental	12,581,661	13,668,241	11,630,698	11,436,199	10,885,951	10,595,513	10,997,650	13,555,901	11,646,390	10,389,688
Licenses and permits	769,096	848,121	815,526	893,088	984,614	744,236	786,147	682,477	752,161	1,084,365
Fines and forfeitures	336,432	332,620	277,008	305,283	374,917	398,766	446,068	510,663	509,517	550,145
Public charges for services	2,227,391	2,350,070	2,694,432	3,190,894	3,182,798	2,789,478	3,146,325	2,535,498	2,342,459	2,640,547
Intergovernmental charges for services	108,518	107,011	173,942	158,892	209,276	217,642	234,356	314,421	340,357	322,161
Interdepartmental charges for services	1,882,380	2,529,664	3,095,320	1,867,893	5,487,499	3,840,958	2,513,141	3,344,680	1,671,131	1,634,872
Miscellaneous	3,975,868	3,127,154	3,445,057	3,836,625	3,880,692	4,522,006	1,987,947	3,389,654	2,108,026	2,231,690
Total revenues	34,809,803	35,507,248	35,441,279	35,796,053	39,342,077	38,604,622	37,352,789	40,589,847	38,012,387	37,074,569
Expenditures										
General government	3,114,458	3,115,150	3.060.546	4,260,655	3,746,635	3,759,301	3,524,745	3,322,766	3,018,867	2,896,866
Public safety	11,180,007	12,163,870	13,539,545	14,189,301	14,658,840	15,331,451	14,991,505	15,115,462	14,051,845	14,097,392
Public works	7,505,459	7,757,317	6,776,796	12,730,680	15,025,530	14,135,590	13,024,767	15,046,265	8,765,962	7,604,324
Health and human services	478,143	462,645	324,904	458,436	502,732	535,988	511,120	516,530	271,483	319,724
Culture and recreation	4.904,857	5,042,108	5,472,286	5.827.144	5.808.034	9,135,278	6,291,765	5,855,832	4,731,538	4,944,686
Conservation and development	3,379,069	2,794,638	1,806,069	2,136,426	6,038,371	2,875,858	2,734,168	3,508,398	1,442,368	2,283,727
Capital Outlay	6,895,266	11,942,025	8,011,219		-,,	-				
Debt service		9	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,							
Principal retirement	2,347,377	2,830,993	3,259,721	4,078,643	4,977,735	6,072,116	6,826,840	8,295,000	7,695,000	8,020,000
Interest and fiscal charges	2,629,798	2,529,685	2,609,575	2,798,486	3,062,370	3,071,264	3,085,792	2,990,159	2,400,933	2,314,712
Bond issuance costs	110,216	25,000	77,360	31,750	81,890	42,559	172,179		-	3.43
Total Expenditures	42,544,650	48,663,431	44,938,021	46,511,521	53,902,137	54,959,405	51,162,881	54,650,412	42,377,996	42,481,431
Excess of revenues over										
(under) expenditures	(7,734,847)	(13, 156, 183)	(9,496,742)	(10,715,468)	(14,560,060)	(16,354,783)	(13,810,092)	(14,060,565)	(4,365,609)	(5,406,862)

(continued)

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Other financing sources (uses)										
General obligation debt issued	11,345,000	5,285,000	8,995,000	10,000,000	9,260,000	9,180,000	16,465,000	11,575,569	7,934,930	9,995,000
Note anticipation notes	-		1,005,000	-	-	-		3		
Premium on debt issued	204,905	-	63,936	26,029	47,709	226,302	267,933	-1,	-	232,041
Payment to refunding bond escrow agent	(6,714,805)	-	(2,788,961)		14	(1,591,362)	(10,912,927)	(6,112,782)	(5,046,899)	(8,084,027)
Sale of Capital Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	215,000
Transfers in	7,379,466	8,004,399	8,958,843	9,516,270	11,414,087	13,269,987	12,843,835	14,988,448	6,481,304	4,742,008
Transfers out	(3,976,706)	(3,602,090)	(4,800,069)	(5,795,097)	(7,421,991)	(8,144,079)	(8,715,442)	(10,407,229)	(2,708,992)	(857,068)
Total other financing sources (uses)	8,237,860	9,687,309	11,433,749	13,747,202	13,299,805	12,940,848	9,948,399	10,044,006	6,660,343	6,242,954
Net change in fund balances	\$ 503,013	\$ (3,468,874)	1,937,007	\$ 3,031,734	\$ (1,260,255)	\$ (3,413,935) \$	(3,861,693) \$	(4,016,559) \$	2,294,734 \$	836,092
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	13.6%	14.1%	14.8%	16.4%	16.2%	19.9%	21.3%	23.9%	24.9%	27.5%

CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN

General Governmental Tax Revenues By Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year	Property Tax	Occupational Tax	Mobile Home Tax	Tax Exempt Tax	Room Tax	Other Tax (1)	Total
- I cai	TUA	Idx	Tax	Tun	Tux	Tux (1)	Total
2004	10,482,301	12,517	67,748	67,370	364,635	103,952	11,098,523
2005	10,488,321	8,513	62,204	66,248	372,347	73,354	11,070,987
2006	10,940,949	6,867	61,554	77,686	381,856	64,390	11,533,302
2007	11,919,211	7,981	56,151	67,690	377,805	155,368	12,584,206
2008	12,429,108	8,274	50,047	32,880	401,529	60,024	12,981,862
2009	12,002,377	7,684	46,205	133,198	344,599	67,412	12,601,475
2010	14,417,637	8,561	61,842	24,457	366,098	95,499	14,974,094
2011	14,594,734	4,388	22,732	52,568	394,224	88,464	15,157,110
2012	16,992,173	3,567	47,609	40,230	368,104	109,471	17,561,154
2013	16,896,523	1,499	43,145	42,681	536,051	127,458	17,647,357

⁽¹⁾ Other tax consists of omitted, tax roll over (under), retained sales, interest and closeout of TID (2013).

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal		Real Property		Personal	Pro	perty	Total	Total	Estimated	Assessed
Year		Commercial		Machinery		7(*** - 3)**	Taxable	Direct	Actual	Value as a
Ended	Residential	and		and			Assessed	Tax	Taxable	Percentage of
December 31		Manufacturing	Other	Equipment		Other	Valuation	Rate	Valuation	Actual Value
,									=	
2004	\$ 936,893,500	\$ 387,800,400	\$ 885,700	\$ 36,288,660	\$	6,423,340	\$ 1,368,291,600	\$ 7.4004	\$ 1,716,103,900	79.73%
2005	950,124,210	393,899,500	2,213,400	35,950,440		5,552,160	1,387,739,710	7.4004	1,745,244,100	79.55%
2006	963,406,610	407,623,400	921,800	37,916,950		9,534,000	1,419,402,760	7.8426	1,830,003,400	77.53%
2007	1,289,270,850	559,100,100	307,600	52,553,400		9,686,400	1,910,918,350	8.1483	1,894,017,500	100.84%
2008	1,298,476,600	558,735,900	304,900	55,964,300		10,447,700	1,923,929,400	6.4819	1,943,542,900	98.31%
2009	1,310,653,200	579,190,900	371,800	64,307,600		14,394,400	1,968,917,900	6.7569	2,057,147,400	95.71%
2010	1,314,301,200	587,046,100	317,500	69,633,200		15,545,900	1,986,843,900	6.8616	1,991,325,300	99.77%
2011	1,318,841,800	591,628,600	271,000	64,441,600		14,166,100	1,989,349,100	7.5931	1,976,679,300	100.64%
2012	1,317,694,400	591,216,200	275,300	64,862,200		14,877,600	1,988,925,700	7.5931	1,914,413,300	103.89%
2013	1,319,280,000	595,276,200	288,000	63,199,700		15,796,700	1,993,840,600	7.5931	1,868,987,700	106.68%

Information obtained from Statistical Reports of Property Values, Bureau of Property Tax, Wisconsin Department of Revenue. Wisconsin State Statute 70.05 (5) (b) requires each taxation district to assess property at full value at least once in every 5-year period. In 2006, the City contracted with Cole-Layer-Trumble for a City-wide revaluation to be completed by 2007 fiscal year end.

CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN
Property Tax Rates
Direct and Overlapping Governments
Last Ten Fiscal Years

												12	
		City of M	anitowoc										Total
69		General		Percent				Overlap	ping Rates				Direct &
Fiscal	Operating	Obligation	Total	of Total	State of V	/isconsin	Cou	ınty	School	District	Lakeshore Tech	nnical College	Overlapping
Year	Rate	Debt Rate	Rate	Tax Bill	Rate	Percent	Rate	Percent	Rate	Percent	Rate	Percent	Rates
2004	\$ 5.2481	\$ 2.1523	\$ 7.4004	27.8%	\$ 0.2466	0.9%	\$ 7.1006	26.7%	\$ 9.8334	37.0%	\$ 2.0296	7.6%	\$ 26.6106
2005	5.1489	2.2515	7.4004	26.9%	0.2508	0.9%	7.2378	26.3%	10.6334	38.6%	2.0219	7.3%	27.5443
2006	5.2583	2.5843	7.8426	28.6%	0.2359	0.9%	7.2038	26.3%	10.1571	37.1%	1.9582	7.1%	27.3976
2007	5.2156	2.9327	8.1483	30.2%	0.2264	0.8%	7.1049	26.4%	9.5422	35.4%	1.9397	7.2%	26.9615
2008	4.0373	2.4446	6.4819	31.1%	0.1682	0.8%	5.2895	25.4%	7.4240	35.7%	1.4625	7.0%	20.8261
2009	4.2039	2.5530	6.7569	31.7%	0.1714	0.8%	5.3174	24.9%	7.5824	35.7%	1.4875	7.0%	21.3156
2010	4.0212	2.7357	6.7569	31.1%	0.1773	0.8%	5.3768	24.7%	7.8641	36.3%	1.5577	7.2%	21.7328
2011	4.6891	2.9040	7.5931	35.1%	0.1686	0.8%	5.2668	24.3%	7.0696	32.8%	1.5530	7.2%	21.6511
2012	4.1773	3.4158	7.5931	35.0%	0.1633	0.8%	5.3199	24.5%	7.0606	32.7%	1.5463	7.1%	21.6832
2013	4.3177	3.4074	7.7251	34.6%	0.1591	0.7%	5.2678	23.6%	7.6340	34.3%	1.5463	6.9%	22.3323

Property tax rates are per thousand dollar of assessed valuation.

The 2008 property tax rates reflect the total revaluation of the entire City.

Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and 9 Years Prior

			2013	90	-23		2004	
Taxpayer	Type of Business	Taxable Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Valuation*		Taxable Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Valuation**
								
Manitowoc Public Utilities	Power, water, steam, broadband utility	\$ 212,639,860	*			\$ 108,460,330	 *	
Manitowoc Company, Inc.	Mfg cranes and food service machines	30,728,300	1	1.54%		17,688,400	1	1.29%
Holy Family Memorial, Inc.	Health care provider	26,266,934	2	1.32%		7,292,380	4	0.53%
Great Lakes Energy Technologies	Renewable/Energy Saving Technology	18,629,000	3	0.93%				
Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.	Discount retail	14,321,153	4	0.72%		10,997,600	2	0.80%
Dewey Properties LLC	Retail shopping center	11,971,100	5	0.60%		5,457,400	8	
Menards	Home improvement retail	12,754,276	6	0.64%		6,942,130	5	0.51%
Lowe's	Home improvement retail	10,515,387	7	0.53%				
Lakeside Foods Inc.	Mfg canned vegetables and sauces	10,312,000	8	0.52%				
Northern Labs	Industrial/commercial cleaning products	8,963,600	9	0.45%				
Zetley Real Estate (Holiday Inn)	Hotel services	6,837,555	10	0.34%				
Parker-Hannifin Inc	Motion and control technologies					4,664,500	9	0.34%
Manitowoc Tool & Manufacturing	Tool and die manufacturer					5,485,700	7	0.40%
Jagemann Stamping Co.	Component manufacturing					7,524,400	3	0.55%
Busch Agricultural Resources	Malting plant				_	6,441,300	6	0.47%
Totals		\$ 363,939,165		7.59%	=	\$ 180,954,140		4.90%
* 2013 Assessed Valuation	\$1,993,840,600							

Note: The Manitowoc Public Utilities (MPU) is not among the largest taxpayers as their payment is considered a payment in lieu of taxes and not a property tax payment. MPU is assessed the payment similarly to a taxable entity in such that their asset value is used to determine the payment. MPU's 2012 valuation is \$210,443,275; the 2013 payment in lieu of taxes is \$3,599,149.

Source: City of Manitowoc Official Statements Bond Documents.

** 2004 Assessed Valuation

\$1,368,291,600

Property Tax Levies and Collections
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Total Tax	Collec	ted within the				
Year Ended	Levy for	Fiscal Y	ear of the Levy	Collections in		Total Co	llections to Date
December 31	Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Subsequent Years		Amount	Percentage of Levy
2004	\$ 37,195,534	\$ 37,047,039	99.60%	\$	141,444	\$ 37,188,483	99.98%
2005	38,476,604	38,372,834	99.73%		93,259	38,466,093	99.97%
2006	38,848,065	38,722,330	99.68%		116,579	38,838,909	99.98%
2007	39,138,177	39,014,338	99.68%		116,681	39,131,019	99.98%
2008	40,617,399	40,476,615	99.65%		132,422	40,609,037	99.98%
2009	44,386,670	44,243,157	99.68%		131,855	44,375,012	99.97%
2010	43,551,744	43,386,998	99.62%		145,849	43,532,847	99.96%
2011	45,449,669	45,349,870	99.78%		85,641	45,435,511	99.97%
2012	45,521,769	45,469,731	99.89%		35,785	45,505,516	99.96%
2013	44,504,564	44,433,212	99.84%		-	44,433,212	99.84%

For each fiscal period that appears the tax levy represents the prior year and the levy is collected in the fiscal period that is identified.

In August of each year, the City settles with the County Treasurer for 100% of all real property taxes.

For each fiscal period listed unpaid City special assessments are turned over to the County for collection and unpaid personal property taxes remain the responsibility of the City.

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Gov	ernmental Activ	ities				Business-Ty	pe Activities						
	General	TIF General	General	TIF General	Note	Π	Water	Electric and	Wastewater			Total	Percentage		
Fiscal	Obligation	Obligation	Obligation	Obligation	Anticipation		Utility	Steam Utility	Plant Clean	١	lotes	Primary	of Adjusted	F	Per
Year	Bonds	Bonds	Notes	Notes	Notes		Bonds	Bonds	Water Loan	Pa	ayable	Government	Gross Income (1)	Car	pita (2)
2004	\$ 38,405,118	\$ 16,460,846	\$ 3,806,047	\$ -	\$ -	\$	8,300,000	\$ 80,705,000	\$ 17,964,364	\$	-	\$ 165,641,375	13.19%	\$	4,786
2005	39,662,874	17,717,210	3,645,054	*	300		6,260,000	83,205,000	16,954,248		-	167,444,386	12.64%		4,822
2006	40,435,213	18,714,873	4,880,333	3	1,005,000		5,675,000	81,215,000	15,911,585		-	167,837,004	11.90%		4,834
2007	43,724,331	20,200,669	5,906,690	Ξ.	1,005,000		5,060,000	82,512,780	14,835,327		~	173,244,797	12.05%		5,004
2008	46,708,469	18,786,531	5,708,955	2,910,000	1,005,000		4,400,000	80,046,087	13,724,389		-	173,289,431	12.11%		4,998
2009	47,963,049	17,161,951	7,836,839	2,675,000	1,005,000		3,710,000	78,475,074	12,577,654		_	171,404,567	12.57%		4,940
2010	49,694,668	16,320,332	6,223,203	2,741,797	1,005,000		3,325,000	74,729,313	11,393,967			165,433,280	11.98%		4,754
2011	49,460,000	14,630,000	6,693,328	2,346,672	-		2,915,000	71,012,818	11,131,794			158,189,612	10.99%		4,691
2012	43,555,000	10,580,000	9,751,520	4,843,480	-		2,485,000	67,159,118	9,829,360		-	148,203,478	10.87%		4,391
2013	33,565,000	6,635,000	16,434,638	6,675,000	-		2,030,000	63,160,417	8,485,376		*	136,985,431	N/A		4,067

Note: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.
(1) See the schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for adjusted gross income amounts.
(2) See the schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for population data.

Ratios of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

							1				Net General	Percenta Net Bo	_			
	ı	General	-	TIF General	General	-	ΓIF General	Le	ess Amounts	Less TIF	Obligation	Debt	to	1	Net Bonde	d
Fiscal	1	Obligation		Obligation	Obligation		Obligation	Ava	ilable in Debt	District	Bonded	Estima	ated		Debt Per	
Year		Bonds		Bonds	Notes		Notes	S	ervice Fund	Revenues	Debt	Actual Va	alue (1)		Capita (2)	
2004	\$	38,405,118	\$	16,460,846	\$ 3,806,047	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 16,460,846	\$ 42,211,165		2.46%	\$	1,22	20
2005		39,662,874		17,717,210	3,645,054		-		-	17,717,210	43,307,928		2.48%		1,24	47
2006		40,435,213		18,714,873	4,880,333		-		-	18,714,873	45,315,546		2.48%		1,30	05
2007		43,724,331		20,200,669	5,906,690		-		-	20,200,669	49,631,021		2.62%		1,43	34
2008		46,708,469		18,786,531	5,708,955		2,910,000		-	21,696,531	52,417,424		2.70%		1,5	12
2009		47,963,049		17,161,951	7,836,839		2,675,000		-	19,836,951	55,799,888		2.83%		1,60)8
2010		49,694,668		16,320,332	6,223,203		2,741,797		-	19,062,129	55,917,871		2.81%		1,60)7
2011		49,460,000		14,630,000	6,693,328		2,346,672		-	16,976,672	56,153,328		2.82%		1,66	35
2012		43,555,000		10,580,000	9,751,520		4,843,480		2,979	15,423,480	53,303,541		2.68%		1,57	79
2013		33,565,000		6,635,000	16,434,638		6,675,000		-	13,310,000	49,999,638		2.51%		1,48	34

⁽¹⁾ See the schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable property for property value data.

⁽²⁾ See the schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for population data.

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity General Obligation Bonds December 31, 2013

			Total
Year	Principal	Interest	Requirements
2014	\$5,155,000	\$1,352,220	\$6,507,220
2015	4,940,000	1,198,336	6,138,336
2016	4,675,000	1,046,152	5,721,152
2017	4,095,000	899,843	4,994,843
2018	3,180,000	772,432	3,952,432
2019	3,075,000	658,280	3,733,280
2020	3,220,000	540,568	3,760,568
2021	3,460,000	412,131	3,872,131
2022	3,290,000	279,642	3,569,642
2023	2,665,000	159,544	2,824,544
2024	1,330,000	76,336	1,406,336
2025	810,000	29,468	839,468
2026	305,000	5,566	310,566
			· ·
Total	\$ 40,200,000	\$ 7,430,518	\$ 47,630,518

Note: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Does not included general obligation debt scheduled to be repaid from tax increment revenues. This debt is shown on a separate schedule.

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity
General Obligation Bonds
Scheduled to be Repaid from Tax Increment District Revenues
December 31, 2013

			***		Total
Year		Principal	Interest	Re	equirements
2014	\$	1,185,000	\$ 218,527	\$	1,403,527
2015		1,080,000	180,679		1,260,679
2016		990,000	146,274		1,136,274
2017		945,000	113,859		1,058,859
2018		395,000	90,135		485,135
2019		395,000	75,027		470,027
2020		410,000	59,734		469,734
2021		500,000	42,077		542,077
2022		400,000	24,180		424,180
2023		160,000	12,420		172,420
2024		85,000	6,715		91,715
2025	Gr.	90,000	2,295		92,295
		·			
Total	\$	6,635,000	\$ 971,922	\$	7,606,922

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity General Obligation Notes December 31, 2013

					Total
Year		Principal	Interest	R	equirements
2014	\$	3,010,000	\$ 533,094	\$	3,543,094
2015		3,350,000	458,087		3,808,087
2016		3,030,000	382,929		3,412,929
2017		3,200,000	302,928		3,502,928
2018		3,235,000	215,603		3,450,603
2019		2,255,000	146,627		2,401,627
2020		1,735,000	101,193		1,836,193
2021		1,565,000	60,563		1,625,563
2022		925,000	27,188		952,188
2023		590,000	7,375		597,375
Total	_\$_	22,895,000	\$ 2,235,587	\$	25,130,587

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity
General Obligation Notes
Scheduled to be Repaid from Tax Increment District Revenues
December 31, 2013

	Г					Total		
V		D.:- !!						
Year	Principal			Interest	R	equirements		
2014	\$	955,000	\$	164,131	\$	1,119,131		
2015		1,070,000		139,382		1,209,382		
2016		1,040,000		113,440		1,153,440		
2017		1,080,000		83,862		1,163,862		
2018		1,130,000		49,925		1,179,925		
2019		285,000		29,750		314,750		
2020		195,000		24,950		219,950		
2021		385,000		18,189		403,189		
2022		265,000		10,063		275,063		
2023		270,000		3,375		273,375		
						_		
Total	\$	6,675,000	\$	637,067	\$	7,312,067		

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity Water Mortgage Revenue Bonds December 31, 2013

Year		Principal		Interest	D,	Total equirements
i cai		Ппсіраі	_	IIICICS	176	equirements
2014 2015 2016 2017	\$	475,000 495,000 520,000 540,000	\$	71,700 52,300 32,000 10,800	\$	546,700 547,300 552,000 550,800
	\$	2,030,000	\$	166,800	_\$	2,196,800

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity
Electric Power System Mortgage Revenue Bonds
December 31, 2013

	_			_	
					Total
Year		Principal	Interest	R	equirements
2014	\$	3,940,000	\$ 2,981,950	\$	6,921,950
2015		4,115,000	2,806,850		6,921,850
2016		4,305,000	2,614,226		6,919,226
2017		4,515,000	2,407,301		6,922,301
2018		4,735,000	2,184,650		6,919,650
2019		6,290,000	1,945,300		8,235,300
2020		2,665,000	1,628,013		4,293,013
2021		2,805,000	1,491,788		4,296,788
2022		2,945,000	1,348,245		4,293,245
2023		3,095,000	1,203,875		4,298,875
2024		3,245,000	1,051,805		4,296,805
2025		3,405,000	892,355		4,297,355
2026		3,195,000	725,025		3,920,025
2027		3,360,000	557,288		3,917,288
2028		3,535,000	380,888		3,915,888
2029		3,720,000	195,300		3,915,300
	\$	59,870,000	\$ 24,414,859	\$	84,284,859

CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSINDebt Service Requirements to Maturity Wastewater Treatment Plant Revenue Bonds December 31, 2013

	3,2			Total
Year	Principal	Interest	R€	equirements
2014	\$ 1,386,864	\$ 241,028	\$	1,627,892
2015	1,431,118	196,066		1,627,184
2016	1,476,788	149,663		1,626,451
2017	1,523,922	101,775		1,625,697
2018	1,572,567	52,352		1,624,919
2019	153,996	25,176		179,172
2020	158,145	20,970		179,115
2021	162,407	16,649		179,056
2022	166,786	12,211		178,997
2023	52,382	8,593		60,975
2024	53,535	8,220		61,755
2025	54,712	7,030		61,742
2026	55,916	5,813		61,729
2027	57,146	4,569		61,715
2028	58,403	3,298		61,701
2029	59,688	1,999		61,687
2030	 61,001	671		61,672
	_	_		
	\$ 8,485,376	\$ 856,083	\$	9,341,459

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of December 31, 2013

	Nat Cananal I		
	Net General	Percentage	Amount
	Obligation	Applicable	Applicable
	Bonded Debt	to	to
Governmental Unit	Outstanding	Government	Government
Direct Debt:			
City of Manitowoc	\$ 63,095,000	100.000%	\$ 63,095,000
Overlapping Debt:			
Manitowoc School	6,185,000	77.600%	4,799,560
Manitowoc County	27,195,000	36.500%	9,926,175
VTAE District	25,255,000	13.400%	3,384,170
Total Overlapping Debt	58,635,000		18,109,905
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$ 121,730,000		\$ 81,204,905

Source: Information on overlapping debt was obtained from financial consultant, Robert W. Baird & Co., Inc. The City share percentage was obtained from each jurisdictions tax levy reports as allocated by estimated actual valuations.

CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2004	2005	2006	2006	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Debt limit	\$ 85,805,195	\$ 87,262,205	\$ 91,500,170	\$ 94,700,875	\$ 97,177,145	\$ 102,857,370	\$ 99,566,265 \$	98,833,965 \$	95,720,665 \$	93,449,385
Total net debt applicable to limit	58,672,011	61,025,138	64,030,419	69,831,690	74,113,955	75,636,839	74,980,000	73,130,000	68,730,000	63,095,000
Legal debt margin	\$ 27,133,184	\$ 26,237,067	\$ 27,469,751	\$ 24,869,185	\$ 23,063,190	\$ 27,220,531	\$ 24,586,265 \$	25,703,965 \$	26,990,665 \$	30,354,385
Total net debt applicable to the limit	68.38%	69.93%	69.98%	73.74%	76.27%	73.54%	75.31%	73.99%	71.80%	67.52%

Computation of Legal Debt Margin 12/31/2013

Equalized Value	\$1,	868,987,700
Debt limitation - 5 percent of total equalized value Debt applicable to limitation	\$	93,449,385
Total outstanding general debt \$ 136,985,431 Less: Revenue bonds and notes (73,675,793)		
Total debt applicable to limitation		63,309,638
Legal Debt Margin	\$	30,139,747

Note: Under state finance law, the City of Manitowoc's outstanding debt should not exceed 5% of the total equalized valuation.

Water Mortgage Revenue Bond Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

		0	et Revenue Available						(2)
Fiscal	Gross	(1)	for Debt		D	ebt Service R	equi	rements	
Year	Revenue	Expenses	Service	Principal		Interest		Total	Coverage
2004	\$ 4,622,616	\$ 2,544,409	\$ 2,078,207	\$ 525,000	\$	364,372	\$	889,372	2.34
2005	4,938,596	2,682,381	2,256,215	550,000		297,038		847,038	2.66
2006	4,573,560	3,021,938	1,551,622	585,000		277,437		862,437	1.80
2007	4,995,031	3,274,572	1,720,459	615,000		254,628		869,628	1.98
2008	6,839,041	3,878,535	2,960,506	660,000		190,933		850,933	3.48
2009	6,609,237	4,178,637	2,430,600	690,000		165,316		855,316	2.84
2010	5,914,048	3,826,381	2,087,667	385,000		143,535		528,535	3.95
2011	5,896,990	3,878,375	2,018,615	410,000		126,388		536,388	3.76
2012	6,894,375	3,645,038	3,249,337	430,000		108,538		538,538	6.03
2013	6,692,272	3,671,060	3,021,212	455,000		90,300		545,300	5.54

⁽¹⁾ Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation.

⁽²⁾ Ratio of net revenue available for debt service to total requirements.

Electric Power System Mortgage Revenue Bond Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal		Gross	(1)	N	et Revenue Available for Debt		De	ebt Service R	(equ	irements	(2)
Year	R	Revenue	Expenses		Service	 Principal		Interest		Total	Coverage
2004	\$ 3	2,874,419	\$ 25,912,898	\$	6,961,521	\$ 1,475,000	\$	2,628,608	\$	4,103,608	1.70
2005	3	8,739,692	31,660,432		7,079,260	2,215,000		4,136,233		6,351,233	1.11
2006	4	9,638,028	33,774,365		15,863,663	1,990,000		4,190,221		6,180,221	2.57
2007	5	4,545,071	38,527,039		16,018,032	2,225,000		4,129,875		6,354,875	2.52
2008	5	7,339,434	39,395,933		17,943,501	2,335,000		4,019,125		6,354,125	2.82
2009	4	9,751,603	35,430,629		14,320,974	2,370,000		3,904,563		6,274,563	2.28
2010	5	2,489,003	38,317,392		14,171,611	3,520,000		3,399,928		6,919,928	2.05
2011	5	7,052,023	41,440,217		15,611,806	3,490,000		3,428,475		6,918,475	2.26
2012	6	5,908,750	50,019,043		15,889,707	3,625,000		3,292,000		6,917,000	2.30
2013	6	6,257,828	50,897,543		15,360,285	3,770,000		3,149,400		6,919,400	2.22

⁽¹⁾ Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation.

⁽²⁾ Ratio of net revenue available for debt service to total requirements.

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

		(2)				
		Personal Income	(2)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Fiscal	(1)	(amounts expressed	Per Capita	Unemployment	Median	School
Year	Population	in thousands)	Personal Income	Rate	Age	Enrollment
2004	34,612	\$ 1,255,793	\$ 36,282	6.9%	39.9	5,391
2005	34,727	1,325,148	38,159	5.6%	40.2	5,398
2006	34,720	1,410,847	40,635	6.0%	40.5	5,479
2007	34,620	1,437,976	41,536	5.4%	41.0	5,544
2008	34,670	1,431,490	41,289	6.8%	41.0	5,574
2009	34,700	1,363,779	39,302	11.7%	40.6	5,551
2010	33,736	1,381,219	40,942	9.2%	40.3	5,452
2011	33,721	1,439,212	42,680	8.3%	41.7	5,310
2012	33,750	1,363,298	40,394	8.6%	41.5	5,335
2013	33,685	N/A	N/A	7.6%	N/A	5,210

⁽¹⁾ Wisconsin Department of Administration, Demographic Services Center.

⁽²⁾ Wisconsin Department of Workforce Development.

⁽³⁾ City of Manitowoc Planning Department

⁽⁴⁾ Wisconsin Information System for Education Date Dashboard (wisedash.dpi.wi.gov/dashboard website)

N/A - Information was not available at time of publication

Principal Employers Current Year and Nine years Ago

		2013				2004	
			Percentage				Percentage
			of Total City				of Total City
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	l L	Employees	Rank	Employment
Holy Family Memorial Medical Center	1,400	1	9.02%		1,319	1	7.93%
Manitowoc Public School District	918	2			916	3	5.51%
The Manitowoc Co (cranes & ice)	895	3			855	4	5.14%
Federal-Mogul Powertrain Systems	640	4			540	5	3.25%
Franciscan Sisters - Christian	541	5			010	Ū	0.2070
Manitowoc County	411	6			356	10	2.14%
Wisconsin Aluminum Foundry Co.	350	7	2.26%		380	9	2.29%
St. Mary's Home for the Aged	332	8	2.14%		000	Ŭ	2.2070
Wal-Wart Supercenter	322	9	2.08%				
Lakeside Foods Inc.	312	10	2.01%		522	7	3.14%
City of Manitowoc	286				450	6	2.71%
Northern Labs	275						
Krueger International Inc.	260				271	10	1.63%
Fischer-Hamilton					1,300	2	7.82%
Parker-Hannifin					397	8	2.39%
Total	6,942		30.43%	_	7,306		36.01%
				=		:	
Total City Employment		2013	15,513			2004	16,624

Sources: Employer Contacts January and November of 2003 and 2003 Wisconsin Manufacturers Directory

2013 Wisconsin Manufacturers and Business Directory, the Wisconsin Department of Workforce Development WORKnet website, data tables and employer inquiries March 2013.

CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN

Full-time Equivalent City of Manitowoc Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Function										
General Government										
Assessor	2.75	2.75	2.75	2.75	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	1.00	1.00
Attorney/Personnel	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	4.50	4.50
City Clerk	3.63	3.63	3.63	3.63	3.63	3.93	3.93	4.00	3.50	3.50
Finance/Payroll/Treasury	7.25	7.25	7.25	7.25	7.25	7.25	7.25	7.18	5.50	5.50
Planning	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	3.50	2.50
Mayor	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.50	1.50
Municipal Court	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.10	1.10
Buildings & Grounds	7.00	7.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.30	6.30	8.60	4.45	4.45
Public Safety										
Police/Crossing Guards	78.90	80.00	80.00	80.00	81.00	81.00	81.00	81.60	78.25	78.25
Fire	59.00	59.00	59.00	59.00	59.00	59.30	60.30	61.30	58.00	60.00
Building Inspection	7.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	2.50	2.50
Public Works										
Engineering/DPW	75.32	76.42	76.52	76.52	76.52	76.52	76.52	74.10	39.30	39.30
Transit	15.87	17.79	19.49	19.49	19.49	19.49	19.49	19.70	19.35	19.35
Culture and Recreation										
Park/Recreation	30.60	30.20	30.20	30.20	30.20	30.20	23.50	21.50	12.35	12.35
Rahr-West Art Museum	4.75	4.75	5.25	5.25	5.25	5.25	5.25	5.75	4.30	4.30
Public Library	38.00	38.09	35.39	35.39	34.20	34.20	34.20	34.20	31.70	31.70
Wastewater Treatment Plant	16.00	16.30	16.00	16.00	15.30	15.30	15.30	15.30	15.30	15.30
Public Utilities	92.00	96.00	95.00	96.00	97.00	95.00	90.00	84.00	84.00	84.00
Total	451.32	458.43	455.73	456.73	457.09	456.99	446.29	440.48	370.10	371.10

Source: City of Manitowoc Annual Budget & MPU Annual Report

Operating Indicators by Function Last Eight Fiscal Years

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Function	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	
General Government									
Square miles	18.234	18.237	18.238	18.279	18.279	18.302	18,330	18.330	
Registered voters	19,966	20,251	20,337	18,907	18,776	18,805	20,230	18,082	
Dog licenses issued	2,372	2,392	2,352	2,290	2,277	2,332	2,187	2,110	
Police	2,572	2,002	2,002	2,200	2,211	2,002	2,107	2,110	
Physical arrests	2,647	2,466	2,051	2,274	1,917	2,317	2,296	2,013	
Parking violations	2,727	3,500	3,480	3,721	8,305	6,990	7,079	6,380	
Traffic contacts/stops	3,637	4,077	5,250	6,276	7,773	10,245	8,857	5,865	
Fire	0,007	7,011	0,200	0,210	1,110	10,2.70	0,007	0,000	
Number of structural fires	22	36	31	28	52	33	54	70	
Number of inspections	2,352	2,217	2,553	2174	1518	2046	2,328	1,900	
Emergency medical service calls	4,567	4,219	4,130	4,175	4,238	4,611	4,421	4,708	
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Highways and streets									
Recycled materials (tons)	3,464	4,989	3,241	2,916	2,958	2,727	2,830	2,766	
Yard waste (tons)	11,300	11,059	11,472	11,685	10,872	10,722	11,088	11,044	
Solid waste to landfill (tons)	8,238	7,971	7,921	10,039	8,538	8,186	7,613	7,442	
Culture and recreation									
Fieldhouse/cabin reservations	288	388	370	383	303	330	371	372	
Zoo admissions	51,778	50,554	48,288	50,224	50,949	48,906	49,208	41,179	
Aquatic center admissions	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	51,140	34,927	32,116	27,241	
Electric									
Total avg. number of customers	N/A	N/A	17,780	17,777	17,785	17,793	17,787	17,521	
Annual sales (megawatt hours)	N/A	N/A	770,580	679,101	686,166	659,154	597,874	634,857	
Peak demand (megawatts)	110.0	118.0	106.0	99.5	100.0	115.5	117.2	115.3	
Mater									
Water Total avg. number of customers	13,778	13,848	13,860	13,902	13,836	13,858	13,820	14,989	
Annual sales (billions of gallons)	2.566	2.512	5.178	4.702	4.093	4.069	4.325	4.087	
Ailidai sales (billions of gallons)	2.500	2.012	J. 170	4.702	4.033	4.003	7.020	7.007	
Wastewater									
Annual treatment (in billions of gals)	3.163	3.163	3.121	2.676	2.564	2.371	2.083	2.302	
Avg gals per day (in millions of gals)	8.667	8.667	8.555	7.332	7.025	6.496	5.690	6.309	
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Sources: Various government departments.

Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Eight Fiscal Years

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			Fiscal	rear				
Function	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
			_	-				
Public Safety								
Police Stations	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	1
Patrol Units	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	11
Fire Stations	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Highways and streets								
Street (miles)	186.9	188.2	188.4	188.2	188.2	188.6	190.0	190.0
Traffic Signals	29	34	36	36	36	36	37	37
Public Transportation								
Fixed route coaches	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Human service vehicles	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	6
Culture and recreation								
Developed park acreage	513.7	540.8	565.8	570.91	517.62	517.62	517.62	667.45
Parks	36	37	37	37	37	37	37	37
Tennis Courts (city owned)	20	20	20	20	20	17	17	16
Water								
Water mains (miles)	181.2	183.1	183.5	184.0	184.5	185.0	185.0	185.0
Fire Hydrants	1,316	1,333	1,337	1,345	1,345	1,347	1,349	1,349
Sewers								
Sanitary (miles)	188.5	188.7	189.5	189.6	189.6	189.6	189.8	189.8
Lift Stations	16	16	16	16	16	14	14	14
Storm (miles)	142.0	146.9	148.8	149.5	150.5	150.6	150.8	150.8
Electric								
Substations	6	6	6	6	6	6	7	7
Distribution Line miles	N/A	N/A	225.0	255.0	226.0	225.0	227.0	227.0
Streetlights	4,770	4,773	4,800	4,813	4,810	4,815	4,819	4,819

Sources: Various government departments.

CITY ATTORNEY

The mission of the City Attorney's Office is to provide legal services and representation to the municipal corporation, consisting of the Mayor, the Common Council, and the Departments of the City, Manitowoc Public Utilities and Manitowoc Public Library.

The City Attorney's Office renders legal opinions, drafts ordinances, resolutions, and makes revisions and additions to the Municipal Code. The office also prepares pleadings, contracts, briefs for litigation and represents the City and officials in administrative hearings, civil court proceedings, small claims, ordinance trials and appeals. This Department assists in administration and investigation of municipal liability claims, insurance claims; and serves as parliamentarian at Common Council meetings. Additionally, the office negotiates, acquires and sells real estate on behalf of the City and oversees prosecution of Municipal Code violations. Further, the Office administers the City's liability insurance, both property and employment, workers compensation insurance and ensures compliance with the Federal and State laws, record keeping, and the general administration of all insurance issues.

LIABILITY INSURANCE

The Department handles the City's General Liability Insurance which has been administered through Cities and Villages Mutual Insurance Company (CVMIC) since 1988. The deductible is set at \$50,000 with an aggregate of \$200,000 per year. Total claims paid out for the year 2012 were \$16,940.98 for vehicle claims and \$129 for general liability claims.

Property damage is administered by Wisconsin Local Government Property Fund. The total property and floater premium for 2013 was \$73,667.

AUTO LIABILITY / AUTO PROPERTY DAMAGE

The City Attorney handles the Auto Liability through CVMIC. Frontier Adjusters handles all of the adjusting services on a contractual basis.

RISK MANAGEMENT DIVISION – INSURANCE / SAFETY

The City has not reached its deductible with regard to liability claims paid in any one year for the last three years. The Office arranges annual training for the City's management staff to reduce exposure to liability.

WORKERS COMPENSATION

The City's workers compensation program was switched to Cities and Villages Mutual Insurance for 2013. Our experience modification factor is .81 for January 1, 2014 through January 1, 2015.

STATE AND NATIONAL MEMBERSHIPS

The City Attorney is a member of the Wisconsin State Bar Association, the League of Wisconsin Municipalities, the International Municipal Lawyers Association, and the Manitowoc County Bar Association. She is also admitted to practice before all Wisconsin State Courts and the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Wisconsin.

CITY CLERK'S DEPARTMENT

The basic areas of responsibility of the City Clerk's office are general government, elections, licensing, and other duties.

The City Clerk is responsible for care and custody of the Corporate Seal of the City of Manitowoc and acts as the Corporate Secretary for the City organization. In this role as Secretary, the City Clerk signs contracts, agreements and other official documents as directed by the Common Council. The Clerk acts as Secretary to the Common Council as well as serving as Recording Secretary for Public Utilities and Licensing Committee and Board of Public Works. The Clerk also serves as a member of the Board of Review and Board of Public Works. The Clerk keeps the official record of all Council proceedings, deeds, contracts, and documents, which have been approved by Council, and retains copies of minutes for all city committees. The Clerk administers the Oath of Office to all appointed City officials and elected officials.

The City Clerk's office maintains updated insurance certificates for all contracts with the City and as required for various permits and special events. The Clerk's office keeps permanent city insurance policies and updates various equipment records and property inventories as required.

All aspects of elections are administered by the Clerk's office. This includes publication of legal election notices, arranging for polling places, selecting election equipment, taking voter registrations, arranging for nursing home voting, training poll workers, hiring election custodians, and election inspectors. The Clerk prepares ballots for city elections, takes election returns, conducts the canvass of election, assists with school board elections, and maintains all official election records for the City as required by State Statute. The City Clerk's office maintains the Statewide Voter Registration System (SVRS) as required by HAVA. New modules are implemented as they become available.

Another area of responsibility for the clerk's office is licensing. The City licenses all taverns, liquor stores, bartenders, taxi drivers, taxi companies, garbage trucks, and ambulance drivers. Other types of licenses issued are soda, cigarette, electrical contractors, pawnbrokers, mobile home parks, direct sellers, weights and measures and circus licenses.

The Clerk's office is responsible for posting of mail and distribution of mail received to departments. Special assessments for street improvements and sidewalks are calculated and billed by this office. The City Clerk's office responds to inquiries from the public regarding special assessment payoffs and prepares special assessment letters for title companies and attorneys as requested. The Clerk's office enters the state-manufacturing roll. The Clerk also prepares the Statement of Taxes and calculates the tax rate.

The Clerk's office serves as a liaison between the City and the public in many instances. Information for the Common Council is forwarded to the Clerk for placement on the agenda and distribution to proper committees. The Clerk's office publishes legal notices for public hearings and posts and distributes weekly meeting notices to the media and the public.

The City Clerk's office maintains memberships in the International Institute of Municipal Clerks and the Wisconsin Municipal Clerk's Association.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

The mission of the department is to account for all financial transactions of the City of Manitowoc in accordance with State of Wisconsin Statutes, Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, Government Finance Officers Association Standards, and recommendations from external City auditors.

FINANCE OFFICE

The Finance Office processes and produces the accounts payable and payroll functions on a weekly and bi-weekly basis respectively.

The Finance Office provides accurate financial information as required to all city departments, officials, and outside financial institutions. The office coordinates the preparation of the annual budget, annual borrowing requirements, comprehensive annual financial report, the annual update to the 5-year capital improvement plan and all State and Federal financial reporting requirements.

The Finance Office also directs and coordinates the purchasing function for all City departments including acquisitions, materials, supplies and services. A centralized purchasing function generates savings to the City in the acquisition of materials and supplies.

The Finance Office is comprised of 3.5 full-time equivalent positions and holds memberships in the national Government Finance Officers Association and the Wisconsin Government Finance Officers Association.

TREASURER'S OFFICE

The office collects real and personal property taxes, utility bills, room taxes, license fees, ambulance fees and all general receipts and revenues. Receipts are deposited intact daily into a public depository, and records of all transactions are maintained by the office. Bank accounts are reconciled and citywide accounts receivable schedules are maintained. Additionally, the office issues dog and cat licenses.

It is the policy of the City to invest public funds in a manner that will provide the highest investment return with the maximum safety of principal and interest while meeting the daily cash flow needs of the City. Institutional Capital Management is the City's investment advisor and investment decisions are made in accordance with state statute.

The Treasurer's Office is a division of the Finance Department, with two full-time equivalent positions. The office maintains membership in the Association of Public Treasurers of the U.S. and Canada and the Municipal Treasurer's Association of Wisconsin.

HUMAN RESOURCES/RISK MANAGEMENT

EMPLOYEE AND RETIREE HEALTH INSURANCE

The City's health plan continues to be administered by Auxiant and the prescription drug vendor is Serve You Prescription Service. The Preferred Provider Network was changed from HealthEOS Plus to Trilogy for better in-network pricing.

RISK MANAGEMENT AND SAFETY

The HR Department continued with a mandatory training program for all supervisory personnel. The training program is a series of Employment Practices Liability sessions provided by our liability carrier Cities and Villages Mutual Insurance Company (CVMIC). The programming includes Employment Law: ADA Title I, II and VII, WFEA, FLSA Harassment, and FMLA. Future series will include Supervisor Resources and Tools, Basic Risk Management & Workplace Safety & Health, Coaching Employees, Teams and Process Improvement, Selection and Interviewing, Understanding Employee Differences, and Modifying Unacceptable Behavior & Improving Employee Performance.

Other training provided to affected employees included Anti-harassment, Confined Space Entry, Forklift, Hearing Conservation, LOTO, BBP, Hazard Communications, PPE, Chainsaw Safety, Bucket Truck Safety, Trench Safety and Respiratory Protection.

COMPENSATION ANALYSIS

The Human Resources Department undertook a compensation analysis in 2013 to establish a single pay plan for the City consistent with the marketplace.

MUNICIPAL COURT

There were 4166 new Municipal Court citations filed with the Court in 2013, as opposed to 4368 in 2012. The Court disposed of 4119 cases in 2013, as compared to 4159 cases in 2012. Total revenues for 2013 were \$591,256.32, as compared to \$583,407.65 in 2012. Forfeitures collected in 2013 were \$323,350.34 compared to \$313,507.39 in 2012. Court costs collected in 2013 were \$86,637.74, as compared to \$89,244.40 in 2012.

We continue to hold monthly indigency hearings, the last step before jailing someone for non-payment of a non-traffic ordinance fine, which helps to enhance consistent collection. The threat of jail is stronger than the threat of a driver's license suspension. The suspension of a driver's license is still used as an alternate penalty for non-payment in traffic and juvenile ordinance citations.

Revenue is a by-product of the Municipal Court Justice system, not the driving force. For the most part in Municipal Court, the penalty imposed upon conviction is an order to pay a money amount, known as a forfeiture. Accordingly, since a forfeiture is the primary penalty, collection of that forfeiture is important as that is what creates the deterrent affect for ordinance violations.

OFFICE OF THE MAYOR

The City of Manitowoc employs a Mayor/Common Council form of government. The Mayor of the City of Manitowoc serves as both the Chief Elected Official, and the Chief Executive Officer. The Mayor is elected at-large by the entire city for a four-year term. There are no term-limits for Mayor. An Assistant to the Mayor (Heather Sohlden) staffs the Office of the Mayor, answers phone/e-mail requests from constituents, prepares the Mayor's daily schedule and serves as the Mayor's personal secretary. The Mayor's position is full-time; the ten (10) Common Council members are part-time. The Common Council elects a President once a year who serves as the Interim Mayor in the Mayor's absence. The Common Council is elected to two-year terms and meet twice a month. The Common Council is responsible for adopting laws/policy for the City of Manitowoc. The Mayor is responsible for signing those actions into law (or vetoing) and implementing them.

Mayor Justin M. Nickels, born and raised in Manitowoc, was elected to office on April 7th, 2009, defeating fellow alderman Dave Soeldner by 17 votes out of almost 10,000 votes cast. Nickels is the 27th Mayor of the City of Manitowoc. Nickels served on the Common Council representing District 2 from 2005-2009, being first elected in 2005 defeating a 16-year incumbent at the age of 18, and re-elected in 2007 (no opposition), and 2009 (no opposition). Nickels was elected to both the Common Council and Mayor in 2009 (on the ballot for both positions) and resigned from his Common Council seat to accept the position of Mayor. Mayor Nickels was elected at the age of 22 to become Manitowoc's youngest Mayor in history and the youngest full-time Mayor in the entire nation at the time. Mayor Nickels won re-election on April 2nd, 2013, defeating local businessman Tony Burgarino garnering 84% of the popular vote to secure a second-term. The next Mayoral election is April 4th, 2017.

Like most of Manitowoc's citizens, Mayor Nickels grew up in a working class family with an affinity for helping those around them. Born on January 9th, 1987 to David and Patricia Nickels, Mayor Nickels lived his entire life in Manitowoc with one sister, Jennifer. Mayor Nickels saw the venue of government and public discourse - with its capacity for neighbors and strangers to come together for the collective benefit of everyone - as the perfect place to continue acting on this affinity.

The Mayor's Office has primary responsibility for the day-to-day operations of the City of Manitowoc, overseeing; Police, Fire, EMS, Attorney, Human Resources, Finance, Treasury, Municipal Court (with an elected judge), City Clerk, Rahr-West Art Museum, Wastewater Treatment Facility, Manitowoc Public Utilities, Planning, Building Inspection, Assessor, Community Development, Public Infrastructure, Public Works, Parks, Recreation, Transit, and Library. The Mayor is also responsible for monitoring legislation at the state and federal levels, as well as lobbying legislators on issues of importance to the City. The City of Manitowoc maintains an active membership in the Urban Alliance where Mayor Nickels currently serves on the Board of Directors, and the League of Wisconsin Municipalities, where Mayor Nickels also serves on the Board of Directors.

One of the Mayor's chief responsibilities is economic development. The City of Manitowoc has made tremendous strides in expanding its economic base in all market sectors over the past decade. When Mayor Nickels was elected in 2009, the City of Manitowoc was experiencing a 14.5% unemployment rate, with companies like Koenig and Vits closing their doors, and Anheuser Busch laying off dozens of workers – shutting down 70% of all production and ultimately closing their plant in 2011. Through Mayor Nickels' leadership, along with excellent staff, the City of Manitowoc continued its progressive history with investing in infrastructure and business. Not too long into Mayor Nickels' first year, Dermatology Associates of Wisconsin announced their plans to construct their administrative building in the heart of downtown, adding upwards of 200 well-paying jobs over the next few years. The Common Council approved \$1 million dollars in TIF financing to spur the project along to completion. Other projects during Mayor Nickels' tenure include Skana Aluminum (150 jobs), the purchase of Anheuser Busch by Riverland Ag, and most recently by Briess Malting (headquartered in Chilton, WI), expansion of Federal Mogul (200 plus jobs), Baileigh Industrial, Jagemann Stamping (\$2 million dollar loan from the city adding 100 plus jobs), and continual expansion in Harbor Towne including Qdoba, Menchies, Kay Jewelers, and a 10-screen movie complex on I-43. The City of Manitowoc continues to work with businesses to ensure a strong workforce coupled with continued success. In 2014, Mayor Nickels proposed, and the Common Council adopted, hiring a Community Development Director to oversee all economic development efforts within the City of Manitowoc.

The City of Manitowoc has a long history of being progressive, innovative, creative, and most importantly, looking to the future.

Internal office activities conducted by the Mayor include the annual review of departmental budget requests and the compilation of an executive budget recommendation for review and final confirmation by the Finance Committee and the Common Council. The City of Manitowoc has roughly 250 full-time employees and an annual budget of \$70 million dollars. In addition, the Mayor is responsible for appointing members of the Common Council to committees and various boards and commissions subject to final approval by the Common Council. Other duties include day-to-day operations of the business of the City of Manitowoc, including direct oversight over every Department Head. The Mayor serves as the Chair of the Plan Commission and Board of Public Works, along with a plethora of other boards and commissions as an ex-officio member.

The City of Manitowoc is also a significant player in the Public Power industry. Manitowoc Public Utilities will be celebrating 100 years of operations in 2014 in the electric business. Manitowoc has the largest municipally owned electric generating facility in the State of Wisconsin, and the utility helps offset property taxes to the tune of roughly \$4 million dollars annually in a payment in lieu of taxes. The Mayor sits on the seven-member Manitowoc Public Utilities Commission and is responsible for policy setting there. Manitowoc Public Utilities main functions are water, power and steam with an annual budget of \$70 million dollars.

The Mayor's Office is located on the second floor of City Hall (900 Quay Street). Regular updates from Mayor Nickels can be found on Facebook: www.facebook.com/mantymayor or on Twitter by following: @mantymayor. Mayor Nickels can be e-mailed at: mayornickels@manitowoc.org

CITY PLANNING-ASSESSOR-INSPECTION DEPARTMENT

INTRODUCTION

At the end of 2011, the Mayor and Council completed a process to re-organize City departments. At that time, the Assessor and Building Inspection Departments were adjoined under the Planning Department. As such, 2013 highlighted activities for Planning, Assessor and Building Inspection Departments are described in this narrative.

PLANNING

The Planning staff in 2013 consisted of the three (3) full-time positions—City Planner, Deputy City Planner, and the Associate Planner.

Planning, Housing and Economic Development Activities

The City completed one (1) annexation in 2013 for a total of 1.85 acres. There were no residents residing in the annexation area. Since 1990, the City has annexed 3.477 square miles of area. The total area of the City as of December 31, 2013 is 18.335 square miles.

In 2013, there were no new residential subdivisions added to the City's housing inventory. In 2012, there was one (1) new residential subdivision added to the City's housing inventory creating 16 new residential lots.

The Department received, reviewed, and approved site plans for 25 development projects in 2013, including eight (8) with construction values estimated in excess of \$500,000 per project (compared to 16 in 2012). In 2013, there were a total of 121 commercial, industrial or governmental buildings for which construction permits were issued (compared to 96 in 2012). The estimated cost of all 2013 projects was \$24.7mm (compared to \$16.8mm in 2012). Some of the major development projects in 2013 are listed below.

Construction of a 7,500sf retail strip center in Harbor Town Centre. The estimated cost of construction is \$1.1mm.

Construction of a 44,647sf manufacturing building expansion in the Manitowoc I-43 Industrial Park. The estimated cost of construction is \$2.9mm.

Construction of a 3,243sf fast food restaurant. The estimated cost of construction is \$364,000.

Construction of a 20,000sf boat storage building. The estimated cost of construction is \$749,000.

Construction of a 3,160sf fast food restaurant. The estimated cost of construction is \$472,500.

Construction of a 35,386sf, 10 screen multiplex movie theater. The estimated cost of construction is \$6.3mm.

Renovation of a former bank office and retail space into a franchise restaurant use. The estimated cost of construction is \$945,000.

Construction of a 7,968sf medical office building. The estimated cost of construction is \$1mm.

Construction of a 15,144sf, 26-bed assisted living facility. The estimated cost of construction is \$1.3mm.

Building expansion 12,000sf to a manufacturing facility. The estimated cost of construction is \$500,000.

The Department, in conjunction with the City Plan Commission, reviewed and approved 36 Certified Survey Maps ("CSM") in 2013 (compared to 30 CSM's reviewed in 2012). Additionally, the Department facilitated the completion of five (5) rezonings, nine (9) conditional use or special use permits, one (1) annexation, three (3) animated sign Special Permits, two (2) requests for a street vacation, and five (5) requests for changes to the Official Map, as well as 30 other miscellaneous projects ranging from releasing easements, to accepting or issuing of Quit Claim Deeds.

The City continued its investment in Mainly Manitowoc, Inc.; the entity that coordinates the City's Main Street Program in downtown as part of the Wisconsin Main Street Program. The Department disbursed \$27,462 in payments to the organization in 2013 pursuant to an amended "Services Agreement" between Mainly Manitowoc and the City, which details a public funding match of \$3 private:\$1 public dollar, up to a maximum of \$40,000 in public funding per calendar year.

In late 2011 and through all of 2012, the Department received and administered a \$64,000 Wisconsin Coastal Management Grant. The Department working in coordination with the City Public Infrastructure Department, partnered with the Wisconsin Maritime Museum on the grant to design, administer and construct a pedestrian walkway below the 8th Street Bridge in historic downtown. The project also included the design, administration and construction of the "Maritime Museum's Commons Area" which converted an underused outdoor area, into a public space which will be used to host gatherings and events. In 2013, the Department closed out this grant. Total project cost was \$160,000 with the City paying \$96,000 of the cost, which leveraged \$64,000 of non-City investment.

In 2012, the Department authored and submitted a Wisconsin Coastal Management Grant application applying for 2013 funding to create a preliminary design and engineering study to investigate the logistics and feasibility of constructing a sheet wall system with an adjoining river walk trail along 2,200 linear feet of the Manitowoc River. The proposal was funded in 2013 at a total project cost of \$80,000, with the City's share being \$48,000 which leveraged \$32,000 of non-City investment.

Residential construction in the City in 2013 added a total of 12 new residential construction projects of which nine (9) were single family, and three (3) were two-family dwellings. In 2012, there were 15 new residential construction projects of which nine (9) were single family, five (5) were two-family dwellings, and one (1) was a 16 unit dwelling. The estimated construction cost for 2013 housing was \$2.0mm (compared to \$4.9mm in 2012, \$5.7mm in 2011, \$4.4mm in 2010, and \$5.8mm in 2009.

Direct financing support in the amount of \$1.2mm was provided by the Department to one (1) industrial business in 2013. These funds were provided through the City's industrial revolving loan fund program. These public monies were part of an \$18.1mm capital expansion project of facility and equipment. The public funding leveraged \$16.9mm in private capital, and the business will ultimately create 133 new jobs. In addition, the Department facilitated the participation of the Wisconsin Economic Development Corporation ("WEDC") in the same project, with WEDC ultimately providing \$620,000 in economic development tax credits to the company. This transaction also included the sale by the City of 8.1-acres to this company in 2013 for a total purchase price of \$163,800, which increased the company's total land in the Manitowoc I-43 Industrial Park to 29.9-acres.

In 2013, the Department also completed the sale of a 1.0-acre parcel of land at Dewey and So. 42nd Street for a total purchase price of \$215,000. Subsequent to the sale, this property is currently being developed into a fast food restaurant.

In 2013, the Department completed a vacant land donation to the City for 2.78-acres in the Manitowoc I-43 Industrial Park. This land was offered to the City by its owner, which the City originally sold to this party to in 2000. The land had been determined by the owner to be in excess of their needs. The City accepted the land donation, and intends to re-sell this property in the future. The property has an estimated market value of \$91,000.

In 2013, the Department executed a "Cooperative Agreement" with US EPA for a \$1mm EPA Revolving Loan Fund grant award; one (1) of 13 awarded nationally. This grant runs for a five (5) year term through September 30, 2018, with \$869,500 of the monies to be used to capitalize a community brownfields loan fund to be used for remediation of hazardous substance or petroleum-impacted brownfield sites.

Additionally, the Department, in 2013 continued to implement a 2011, \$400,000 grant from US EPA under its "Community-Wide Assessment" program to support environmental assessment activities at hazardous substance and petroleum brownfield sites throughout the City. This funding to date, has been applied toward the preparation of environmental studies on several brownfields in the City, as well as towards area-wide planning related to the blighted Lakeview Centre mall north of downtown. In 2013, Phase I environmental assessment were completed for three (3) properties, and Phase II environmental assessments for four (4) properties in the City. In 2013, the Department completed the integration of brownfield data layers into the City's Geographic Information System ("GIS).

The Department continued to administer the City's farmers' market, which registered nearly 80 vendors for the 2013 season.

Geographic Information Systems

The City's overall Geographic Information System ("GIS") is maintained by the Department. The Department maps daily, using information from all assets of the City.

The Department updates the City's zoning, Official Map, aldermanic districts, and annexation maps as changes occur.

GIS layers that are linked to the Assessor's CLT database are now regularly being used by several departments. These layers are used continuously to query fields in the database, and to create mailing lists for the Department, as well as the Public Infrastructure, Parks & Recreation, Assessors, Building Inspection, Public Works, Police and Fire Departments, and the Manitowoc Public Utilities ("MPU"). The City also queries, on a quarterly basis, for Mainly Manitowoc, Inc.; operator of the Main Street Program in historic downtown.

All GIS software and maintenance agreements were upgraded by the Department. One (1) Department staff, two (2) Public Infrastructure staff, and one (1) Assessor employee used GIS on a daily basis in 2013; down from a total of 7 (seven) users in 2011. The Department sent the Associate Planner to the Wisconsin Land Information Associate Annual Conference, ESRI Wisconsin User Group meetings and ESRI ArcGIS Desktop III, ArcGIS for Server and ESRI Designing Maps with ArcGIS Online class in 2013.

The Department completed several mapping and graphic arts projects for use by the Department and the City's Plan Commission, as well as the City Council, Mayor, Public Infrastructure, Assessor, Cemetery, Parks, Police, Fire, Building Inspection, Clerk, Rahr-West, Maritime Metro, and Finance Departments. Some examples of these projects are the mapping of a fire response district map, future park land use/planning maps, and a map of commercial real estate sales in the southwest portion of the City. Additionally, the Department has utilized GIS to assist the Police Department in its annual reporting of crimes and sex offender release maps. The Police Department has continued the use of a twice a week report of mapping crimes from the AeGIS reporting system using the City GIS. Other interesting projects that the Department assisted using GIS with were: Clerks' SVRS district boundary changes for registered voters and addressing; polling place maps for each district; Farmers' Market vendor mapping; assisted with

GIS data compilation with the EPA grant to create a geodatabase containing Sanborn maps and old aerials scanned in and georeferenced; and Harbor Town Center concept plan map updates and related tables for valuations of properties. Finally, the Department has walk-ins for hard copy maps and customer orders for digital data output, resulting in \$1,124.50 in revenue in 2013.

The City's property address system is a Department function. The staff coordinates with Manitowoc County's E-911 system on maintaining all City addresses for the purpose of dispatch. The addresses are also a part of the City's GIS geodatabase.

The Department maintains ArcIMS and Adobe PDF maps which are accessed from the City's website. All maps are accessed from the main City website by clicking 'Maps' button. The process of updating maps on the internet includes linking the City/County merged parcel shapefiles to the City/County joined Access database. This database is updated daily, and runs on a scheduled routine every evening.

The Department continues its partnership with Manitowoc County to provide mapping and assessment information on the internet via ESRI's ArcIMS and ArcGIS Server software. The City and County took all the tie sheets, plats and section corners for the City and County, and created a new ArcGIS website for the public to use Public Land Survey System ("PLSS") corners, which are the cornerstones for GIS mapping. The Associate Planner assisted City Hall employees, MPU and Police management on the ArcIMS employee access website, allowing them to create mailing lists and custom maps, and to search the parcel database by name.

City's Website

The Department administers the City's website and oversees three (3) subsites-- Lincoln Park Zoo, Manitowoc Family Aquatic Center and the Rahr-West Art Museum. All four (4) websites are hosted with an outside consultant, CivicPlus.

As administrator, the Associate Planner's supports and trains other staff throughout the City organization to their appropriate department website pages and content. Also the 'emergency alert notification' website training was taught by the website administrator to the Public Works staff for snow emergencies.

The Department spearheaded the reformatting of the City's Municipal Code in 2010 in conjunction with Code Publishing Company. This project reformatted years of written regulation, to a standardized and consistent format for all 30 chapters of the Code. The project was completed in the spring of 2011, and the contract continues through 2015. The new Municipal Code is available online in a new, easy to search, print and use format. The Department staff downloads updates to the chapters on a regular quarterly basis provided by Code Publishing. Also the Department works as the liaison between Code Publishing and staff when issues arise with ordinances passed and sent to be published as part of our online

Municipal Code. As part of the Department's mapping, it annually reviews and updates Chapter One (1) of the Municipal Code entitled "Boundaries", and update the legal description of the City limits based on annexations.

Marketing

On a daily basis, the Department updates and maintains the two (2) electronic message signs which are located in the I-43 Industrial Park a/k/a I-43 Technology and Enterprise Campus.

ASSESSOR

Currently, the office is staffed with only a full-time Assessor. The 2014 budget includes funding for contracting appraisal services. The Assessor is a member of the Wisconsin Association of Assessing Officers.

The Assessor's Office is responsible for the valuation of all real and personal property located within the City for tax purposes. The Assessor's office also provides the Property Listing duties for the City. Establishing ownership and identifying land divisions is the essence of the taxation process. It is our responsibility to provide accurate ownership and to ensure fair and equitable assessments throughout the City.

Our valuation process operates independently of the budget and tax process. The assessment procedure is governed by Chapter 70 of the Wisconsin State Statutes, and the Wisconsin Property Assessment Manual. The laws are very specific as to how the work is carried out. The Assessor's Office must be within 10% of market value, as defined by Statute, at least once in every five (5) years. Failure to comply with this requirement would result in a State ordered reassessment paid for by the local government. As defined by Wisconsin State Statutes, sales are the basis of an assessment system. The buyers and sellers in the market tell Assessors the important factors and trends taking place. Our office interprets what is happening in the marketplace, it does not set market value. We employ statistical analysis as a tool for measuring and improving real estate assessment performance.

The Assessor's office undertook a "full revaluation" of all property in 2007. The successful completion of the City-wide revaluation was partnered with Tyler Technologies/CLT. A revaluation is the process for revaluing all taxable property for the purpose of creating fair and equitable assessments at market value. A revaluations is conducted to not only to comply with State Statute, but also to restore uniformity and equity to the City's tax base.

In 2013, Manitowoc had 11,856 residential parcels, 1,095 commercial parcels, 106 manufacturing parcels, 115 agriculture/other classes, and 1,223 personal property accounts. The total assessed value of all taxable property in Manitowoc in 2013 was just over \$1.9 billion, and the overall assessment ratio was 106.67%.

In 1999, the Assessor's office initiated an Assessor's web page which permits property owners, Realtors and others to access assessment, ownership and tax information. The website was recently updated and reformatted to include four (4) years of information, and more property attributes.

BUILDING INSPECTION

Building Inspection staff in 2013 was comprised of (3) three full-time employees consisting of a Building Inspector, a Secretary and a Plumbing Inspector, along with one (1) part-time Electrical Inspector position shared with the City's Department of Public Works. The Secretary shares administrative duties with the Planning Department and the Assessor's Office. Inspection staff possesses the following State certifications:

Building Inspector	Electrical Inspector	Plumbing Inspector
Full-Time	Part-Time (position shared	Full-Time
	with Department of Public	
	Works @ 50%)	
Commercial Building Insp	Commercial Electrical Insp	Commercial Plumbing Insp
UDC Building Insp	UDC Electrical Insp	UDC Plumbing Insp
UDC HVAC Insp	Master Electrician	UDC HVAC Insp
UDC Elec Insp		UDC Construction Insp
		Master Plumber

Responsibilities and Duties

It is the objective of Building Inspection staff to maintain the highest level of customer service and promotion of public safety in the administration of construction standards, code enforcement and property maintenance in the City.

In 2013, the Building Inspection department issued 6,498 total permits valued at \$74.8mm resulting in total permit fee revenues of \$657,123.87. 12 new residential construction projects valued at \$2.0mm began construction including nine (9) new single family structures, and three (3) new two (2) family structures. 121 commercial projects with construction costs of \$19.0mm were also issued permits. A July hail storm resulted in the issuance of 3,951 building permits valued at \$40.0mm, and generated permit fee revenues of \$334,024.00 related to hail damage projects.

Top (10) commercial projects in 2013 include:

1.	Carmike Cinema, S. 44 th St.	New 10-Screen Movie Theater, 35,386sf
2.	Jagemann Stamping, W. Custer St.	Addition Manufacturing, 44,647sf
3.	FMC Dialysis Clinic Shell Only, Dewey St.	New Retail Shell, 8,000sf
4.	Maritime Gardens, Dewey St.	New 26-bed CBRF, 15,000sf
5.	Qdoba Shell Only, Calumet Ave.	New Retail Shell, 7,500sf
6.	Buffalo Wild Wings, Harbor Town Ln.	Alteration Tenant Build Out, 5,200sf
7.	City Centre LLC, Wollmer St.	New Warehouse, 20,000sf
8.	McDonald's, Calumet Ave.	Alteration / Addition, 5,200sf
9.	Cawley Company, N. 8 th St.	Addition Manufacturing, 12,000sf
10.	Capitol Civic Centre, S. 8 th St.	Alteration, 5,300sf

In 2012, Building Inspection staff conducted 75 housing and property maintenance concern site inspections, issued compliance letters and conducted follow up inspections and enforcement for each. The most common concerns were property maintenance related to garbage and junk, and housing conditions. In 2013, Building Inspection received approximately 300 housing complaints, of which 153 or 51% were closed or compliant.

Plan Review, Site Plan Review and Permit Issuance

In partnership with architects, contractors, property owners, members of the community and other departments, Building Inspection staff provides guidance in the areas of:

- Commercial and residential building
- Commercial and residential mechanical
- Commercial and residential electrical
- Commercial and residential plumbing
- Signs and animated signs
- Fencing and retaining walls
- Demolition of structures
- Condemnation proceedings
- Moving of structures

- Occupancy permits
- Floodplain, wetland and airport height limitations
- Zoning district requirements and permitted uses

Inspections

To ensure a safe and healthy environment for City residents staff provides inspection services, issue compliance letters, and conduct follow up inspections, including:

- Building, Electrical, Plumbing, Mechanical and Zoning inspections
 - o Permitted projects at various stages to ensure compliance
 - Certificates of Occupancy
 - o Demolition projects
 - o Fire structure safety and damage assessment
 - Assistance, as requested, by the Fire and Police Departments, County Health Department, the Department of Public Works, and Manitowoc Public Utilities
- Licensing inspections
 - o Taverns
 - o Theaters
 - Child and adult day care facilities
 - o Circus/fair
 - Mobile/manufactured home parks
 - o Condemnations
 - Well operation and abandonment
 - Multi-family dwellings
 - o Bed and breakfast establishments
 - o Community Based Residential Facilities (CBRF)
- Property maintenance concerns
 - Minimum housing standards
 - Landlord and tenant issues
 - Unsafe buildings and structures
 - o Garbage and junk
 - Junk vehicles
 - o Water diversion

Code Enforcement

To provide consistent and uniform enforcement and interpretation of codes and standards, Inspection staff references and rely upon the Wisconsin Enrolled Commercial Code, the Wisconsin Uniform Dwelling Code, the Wisconsin Uniform Building Code, the Wisconsin Plumbing Code, the National Electrical Code, the Manitowoc Municipal Code Chapters 15, 16, 17, and 18, and all relevant Chapters of the Wisconsin Administrative Code. Building Inspection is also responsible for maintaining Chapters 15 and 16 of the City's Municipal Code.

Cross Connection Control Program

In 2011, Building Inspection and the City water purveyor, MPU, commenced a joint effort to enforce surveying and Cross Connection Control compliance of approximately 1,434 commercial and industrial properties as mandated by the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (NR 810.15). The program involves notification, program education and enforcement of approximately 1,300 non-residential customers on two (2) year, six (6) year and ten (10) year cycles. Follow-up reporting to the Wisconsin DNR is also required for:

- Enforcement of residential & commercial programs
- Device education
- City building inspections & correction orders
- Administration of commercial program

This program continued in 2013.

Committees

Building Inspection members either serve on the following committees, or provide administrative assistance and advisement for:

- Public Property and Safety Committee
- Zoning Board of Appeals
- Municipal Tree Commission
- Plan Commission
- Code Review Committee
- Board of Electrical Examiners
- Handicapped Appeal Commission
- Building Board of Appeals

Citation Issuance and Court Testimony

In their capacity as code enforcement officers, Building Inspection staff can be summoned to testify at hearings and court proceedings as required, and act as an expert witness.

Document Management and Resources

Staff provides statistical information, verification documents and agency assistance information to citizens, contractors, developers, surveyors, Realtors and appraisers, in the form of:

- Zoning verification & letter requests
- Flood plain verification & FIRM map requests
- Subdivision, lot erosion control and grading plan requests
- Reference materials
- State contractor licensing, credentialing and continuing education requirements
- Local, state and federal agency assistance and resource information
- Weekly/monthly/annual statistical records for local, state and federal agencies

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As administrator, the Department duties include the support and training of other staff throughout the City organization to their appropriate department website pages and content. Also the 'emergency alert notification' website training was taught to the Public Works staff for snow emergencies. The Associate Planner also attended a one (1) day user training session put on by CivicPlus. A new portion of the website upgraded in 2012 was the posting of online Common Council meeting videos for the public to view.

The Department spearheaded the reformatting of the City's Municipal Code in 2010 in conjunction with Code Publishing Company. This project reformatted years of written regulation, to a standardized and consistent format for all 30 chapters of the Code. The project was completed in the spring of 2011, and the contract *continues through 2015*. The new Municipal Code is available online in a new, easy to search, print and use format. The Department staff downloads updates to the chapters on a regular quarterly basis provided by Code Publishing. The Department also works as the liaison between Code Publishing and staff when issues arise with ordinances passed and sent to be published as part of our online code. As part of the Department's mapping, it annually reviews and updates Chapter One (1) of the Municipal Code entitled "Boundaries", and update the legal description of the City limits based on annexations.

Marketing

On a daily basis, the Department updates and maintains the two (2) electronic message signs which are located in the I-43 Technology and Enterprise Campus.

POLICE DEPARTMENT

The year of 2013 proved to be a year of adjustment at the Manitowoc Police Department. The number of hours police officers logged on the streets of Manitowoc were low due to the bubble of retirements creating manpower shortages that hampered our efforts to hire and train replacements fast enough to cover all the absences caused by retirements and medical leave. When you add the normal forms of paid time off the remaining employees earned, it is easy to see why we struggled to fill our patrol rosters in 2013.

Just as it had many times since its creation in 1876, the men and women of the Manitowoc Police Department would rely on citizen support to fulfill its mission of serving and protecting our community. In 2013 Manitowoc budgeted for 64 sworn officers to protect a city that has grown to almost 19 square miles of land consisting of over 15,200 living units and over 900 commercial buildings. We patrol the 188.16 miles of streets consisting of approximately 900 intersections of which 2/3's are controlled by a sign or signal light. In 2013 your police department also employed 8 support staff along with 11 part time crossing guards.

The members of the police department rose to the many challenges they faced in 2012 and they have continued to provide a high level of professional service to our community and its citizens. During 2013, almost 33,316 calls for service were received by the county dispatchers assigned to the City of Manitowoc work station. These calls for service generated over 17,695 police incident reports.

Calls for Service in 2013 rose slightly compared to 2012 yet incidents created from those calls for service decreased by a narrow margin. The remaining officers continued to investigate all forms of crime which left little time for self-initiated contacts with the public.

As the budget preparations began for 2014, a federal grant partially funded wages and benefits for 3 police officer positions. It was August of 2013 when two of the three officers were finally fully trained and able to patrol the streets of Manitowoc.

With your help Manitowoc will continue to earn accolades as a great place to live and work. Your help is important and may give us that one piece of the puzzle that solves a crime and promotes a successful prosecution. Please remember that we would rather be called and not needed than needed and not called. It is with the utmost respect, that I offer my thanks to all who have called with even the smallest bit of information in an effort to help the police solve or prevent community problems.

Change is inevitable so I ask that you all continue to work with us as we progress with new technology. The use of the city website at www.manitowoc.org allows citizens to sign up for alert notifications via text or e-mail for a variety of topics from sex offender releases to emergency parking restrictions or even the press releases we send to the media.

Citizens may also file police reports using the city website. The use of the internet reporting tools gives us the information and allows some flexibility to schedule and prioritize our work. Our Facebook Page and the 2013 addition of a Twitter Account will give the public greater access to gain firsthand knowledge about the Manitowoc Police Department. Our pledge will be to continue to provide the high level of police services the community has come to expect.

MANITOWOC FIRE DEPARTMENT

The primary mission of the Manitowoc Fire Department is to provide a range of programs designed to protect the lives and property of the citizens in the City of Manitowoc. This is accomplished through four specific divisions within the Manitowoc Fire Department. The Administration Services Division is responsible for all operations of the organization. Headed by the Chief of Department, the duties include preparation and control of the operating budget, administration of the fire data processing systems (NFIRS), recruitment and enlistment of new employees, the provision of in-service training and education, continued evaluation of the department and its programs and planning for future service needs. This division also administers an efficient, ongoing program for the maintenance, retention, disbursement, preservation of incident reports and other departmental records.

The Fire Administration staff includes the Chief of Department, Deputy Chief of Code Enforcement and three (3) Battalion Chiefs with operational responsibilities. In addition, the division includes the department's administrative assistant.

The Operations Division which is responsible for the delivery of fire suppression and Emergency Medical Services (EMS) for the members of the community and those who work or travel through the City. As we move forward we continue to look for opportunities to improve service delivery and control costs. Throughout the year personnel have made some significant fire stops to prevent further damage and provided the highest level of pre-hospital emergency medical care for field resuscitation of cardiac arrest patients. Fire suppression and emergency medical treatment requires highly skilled and dedicated employees. I am proud of the excellent work our personnel do every day. They don't hesitate to do what is best for the citizen.

The Operations Division is comprised of nine (9) Captains, three (3) Lieutenants, fifteen (15) Motor Pump Operators and twenty-four (24) firefighter/paramedics.

The Training Division is a very important component of department operations. Properly trained a fire department can control and contain almost any situation with minimal damage and loss of life. Training in fire tactics is important; however, a firefighter must be trained in other areas in order to control the situations that are encountered in day to day operations.

The Fire Prevention Division is composed of two disciplines. They are code enforcement and public education. The authority of code enforcement comes from the Wisconsin Department of Safety and Professional Services. We follow their codes along with local ordinance to ensure all public buildings are free from fire and life safety hazards. All buildings in Manitowoc (almost 1600), except one and two family dwellings get inspected on an annual basis. When violations are found we work with the building owner to bring the building into compliance. All new buildings are reviewed during the plan review process to make sure that they are equipped with the fire and life safety systems that the code requires.

Public education is a year round process that touches all age groups in the community. We get into all elementary schools on an annual basis. We give tours to youth groups, civic organizations and anyone who would like to see the fire department and learn what we do. We put on safety presentations when requested and also provide hands-on fire extinguisher training using live fire. We also have our annual open house in October during Fire Prevention Week. We use the local newspaper, Facebook, and Twitter to get our safety messages out to the public.

In closing, it is the vision of the Manitowoc Fire Department to provide friendly, compassionate, and quality service to the citizens and visitors of Manitowoc.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE

The Department of Public Infrastructure plans, budgets, administers, and directs Public Infrastructure activities for the City of Manitowoc. This includes all phases of municipal engineering, public construction projects, and the operation and maintenance of any/all infrastructure within the public right-of-way as well as on City owned property within the City of Manitowoc. In 2011 the Department of Public Works & Engineering was merged with the Parks and Recreation Department. In January of 2012, Building and Grounds was also added to the Department. This allowed the City to realize cost efficiencies through consolidation of management and supervisory personnel. The division was renamed the Department of Public Infrastructure in December of 2012.

This department is multi-faceted with four (4) divisions consisting of a mix of technical, clerical, professional and skilled personnel. The four divisions are:

- 1. Engineering and Storm Water Management
- 2. Operations
 - Street, lift station, marina, sanitary and storm water maintenance and DPW/Parks Building & Grounds
 - Parks
 - Cemetery
 - Fleet
 - Bridges
- 3. Maritime Metro Transit / Building & Grounds
- 4. Recreation, Senior Center and Aquatic Center & Zoo

ENGINEERING AND STORM WATER MANAGEMENT

The Engineering Division's responsibilities include preliminary and detailed engineering analysis of not only Public Infrastructure projects, but also the evaluation of many privately funded projects which affect the City such as review of new developments, building site plans, and proposed subdivisions. Engineering offers technical support to other city departments for projects in the conceptual and design phases. The Engineering Division also administers all capital project contracts from planning through construction and closeout.

On typical projects such as sewer and street construction, signal installation, or new and replaced sidewalks; the Division is involved in all aspects of field survey, design, contract document preparation and administration. In addition to the field work, the Division is involved in contractor coordination, construction surveying and inspection, preparation of contractor costs for payment, calculation of special assessments, and maintenance of as-built drawings.

Developmental tasks of the Division include the biennial bridge inspections, which is an in-depth look at our 11 bridges for the Wisconsin Dept. of Transportation (DOT). Underwater inspections are also completed on five (5) City bridges every five (5) years. The inspection of our bridges is a federally mandated requirement.

The Division monitors traffic movement through a continually changing city and the design and maintenance of the existing 37 signalized intersections. The Division also rates the condition of the roadway pavements each year in order to report bi-annually to the Wisconsin Department of Transportation using the PASER-WISLR systems.

The Division also manages and administers all solid waste (landfill) and recycling programs and issues. The Division is responsible for preparing and submitting all annual reports to the DNR.

The field survey crew establishes line and grade for all public infrastructure projects and other private development including new home construction. Historically, the Division has provided survey work for everything from topographic surveys for development of the zoo to a vertical alignment or trimming the top of trees on the Manitowoc County Airport's glide path.

The Engineering Division recommends the annual capital projects and also develops the 5-Year Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) for the City and seeks grant funding for them where available. The Division has been granted funds from the DOT for the 2018 reconstruction of Waldo Blvd. from N. 5th Street to Fleetwood Dr. and asphalt resurfacing on Waldo Blvd. from Memorial Drive to N. 5th St. and from Fleetwood Drive to N. Rapids Road. We have utilized Harbor Assistance Grants for the installation of a new dockwall at the City Centre property, Department of Commerce (CDBC) funds for reconstruction of 10th Street from Dewey to Madison St. and for the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) Stimulus Grant for the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) Bus Station. We have also received Local Road Improvement Program (LRIP) funds for the upcoming Dewey Street reconstruction. We continue to seek funds in support of the State mandated Municipal Storm Water Permit and have currently accepted two DNR Urban and Non-Point Source and Storm Water Grants for the construction of storm water quality ponds at Dewey & S. 35th St. and at Dufek & West Drive.

The City continues to operate under the Wisconsin Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (WPDES) Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4) Permit. The Engineering Division is responsible for the implementation and maintenance of all programs required under this permit. The following programs are required by this permit: Public Education and Outreach, Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination System, Erosion Control, Storm Water Management and Pollution Prevention. An annual report is compiled and submitted to the WDNR each year summarizing the measureable goals achieved under this permit.

The Public Education and Outreach program requirements are met by staff coordinating and partnering with other entities such as the Wisconsin Maritime Museum, Woodland Dunes and the Northeast Wisconsin Storm Water Consortium (NEWSC). These ongoing partnerships provide for educational materials, programs, presentations, workshops and activities such as storm drain stenciling.

The Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination System program requires staff to perform annual dry weather testing on all of its 200 plus storm water outfalls. There is also an Illicit Discharge Ordinance which is enforced by this Division.

The Engineering Division is also responsible for the erosion control and storm water management as it relates to City projects as well as private projects. Staff enforces the requirements of the erosion control and storm water management ordinances on private projects. This requires permit review, approval, site inspection during construction, and on-going maintenance inspection of any post-construction storm water best management practices. Staff also designs, implements and inspects erosion control on City projects.

The requirements of the Pollution Prevention program are overseen by the Engineering Division. This requires assurance that City owned best management practices (ponds, biofilters, rain gardens, etc.) are properly maintained. Staff oversees the best management practices conducted by the City such as street sweeping, catch basin cleaning, brush and leaf pickup as they relate to the requirements of the WPDES Municipal permit.

The Division is responsible for the cadastral mapping of the City of Manitowoc. The entire City including our three mile extraterritorial jurisdiction has been digitally mapped. The information includes parcel data, sanitary and storm sewers, and other items such as street right-of-way, water based features, manholes, pipes, lateral information, lot lines and dimensions, tax parcel numbers and addresses. All mapping has been adjusted using Global Positioning System data and referenced to the most current datum established

(NAD_1983_HARN_WISCRS_Manitowoc_County). The Division continues to work with our digital planimetric and topographic map files. We are integrated with the GIS system under development by the City's Planning Department and the County of Manitowoc. With the full featured implementation of the GIS system and the use of GEO databases, we are able to easily place a spatial component in any analysis of Department of Public Infrastructure activities.

The mapping work spearheaded by the Engineering Division is used heavily by all City departments. We continue to get financial support from entities such as MPU and other departments. In addition we supply the product to local engineering firms such as SMI as well as to developers, plumbers, and other real estate concerns.

OPERATIONS DIVISION

The Operations Division is the largest division in the Department, responsible for maintaining 190 miles of streets, 28 alleys and over 150 miles of mainline storm sewers, 190 miles of mainline sanitary sewers, 36 Parks, Manitowoc Marina, DPW and Parks Buildings and Grounds, Evergreen Cemetery, Lincoln Park Zoo, Fleet, and Bridges.

The streets of the city are plowed by the Division during the winter and swept an average of once every 5 days during the rest of the season. They also patch and restore over 300 concrete and asphalt pavement excavations; following up after service by the various utilities and plumbers. Annual crack sealing maintenance is performed, when crews are available, to extend the life of all city streets.

Prior to winter, they install winter equipment on the city trucks. They fill and place 140 sand barrels at various locations through the city, erect 1 mile of snow fence at 10 sites, and reconnoiter their plow routes. Equipment is prepared for mobilization on short notice for winter storms. The Division brings over 30 pieces of equipment (including hired equipment) to bear on snow removal and ice control to maintain 95 miles of salt routes and 190 miles of city streets.

They maintain 7,600 traffic signs; monitor 37 signalized intersections, snow removal on city sidewalks and city parking lots, weed cutting on city property, and the enforcement of the city's weed and sidewalk shoveling ordinances. The Division also provides two yard waste pick-ups per year-one spring cleanup in April and the other a fall cleanup in October. The Division also picks up fallen leaves as necessary during October and November of each year. Each year the Division installs all the city's holiday decorations and decorative banners. They also provide traffic control for road emergencies, public construction projects and special events.

Sanitary Sewers are cleaned annually as a preventative measure including new installation and repairs on sanitary and storm sewers. The lift stations and sewers are maintained through a regular program of inspection and cleaning throughout the year. In 1999 the Division took over responsibility for the maintenance of all sanitary sewer lift stations from WWTF. The Division currently maintains 13 sanitary lift stations. These lift station maintenance expenses are funded by the City's Waste Water Treatment Facility.

Maintenance of the City's 36 parks occupies the full time attention of the parks staff. They are augmented by seasonal help during the summer. Their mission is to keep the parks of the City well-manicured and ready to be enjoyed by all citizens. Parks personnel are responsible for maintaining all of the landscape of the city park system as well as the maintenance of the facilities and equipment within them, repairing constant vandalism as it occurs and maintaining all of the playground equipment to ADA standards. In addition, they are also responsible for maintaining the quality of the city's urban forest. The Parks labor force includes a City Forester. They devote some of their time to the pruning of tree limbs and removal of diseased or dead trees. The City of Manitowoc is in its 31st year of being named a Tree City.

The care and maintenance of Evergreen Cemetery is another important facet of the Operations Division. Evergreen Cemetery was founded on April 30, 1852 and consists of 79 acres of finely manicured lawn and gardens in the original section. Evergreen West consists of 27 acres of land available for additional development. We average 165 burials per year. Cremations presently account for 40% of that total, and the Cemetery has added two columbariums to accommodate the increasing popularity of this burial method. Evergreen Cemetery has nearly 5,000 spaces available for sale. The City anticipates continuing to use the main area of the existing 79 acre developed part of the cemetery for the next 30 years.

Evergreen Cemetery is staffed with 2 full-time employees augmented by 10 part-time staff in the summer. This represents a decline in both permanent and seasonal employment as budget pressures have forced us to reduce head count.

The beauty of the Cemetery is due in part to the more than 6,000 flowers planted annually by Cemetery workers. There are also 1,100 trees consisting of 40 different species. Some of the rarer varieties include the Japanese Ginkgo, Purple Beech, Camperdown Elm, Buckeye and Ironwood.

The cemetery is administered by a citizen commission in conjunction with city staff. A new fund was established in 2006 for perpetual care and a portion of the proceeds from plot sales are deposited within it to offset the on-going costs of maintaining the grounds of the cemetery.

The Lincoln Park Zoo remains a valued city attraction and is also cared for by the Operations & Recreation Divisions. Renewed interest in the exhibits and activism by the local Zoological Society has spurred a remodeling and updating of the Zoo's physical plant. In 2011 and 2012 a multitude of trip hazards were addressed through \$75,000 worth of reconstructed pathways. New exhibits are also being considered as the City of Manitowoc has been named a Bird City. Educational displays highlighting the migratory birds utilizing the wetlands surrounding the zoo are under consideration. An exciting new addition in 2012 was Lights in Lincoln Park, open nightly December 7th through December 31st. Lights in Lincoln Park was sponsored by the Zoological Society with all proceeds benefitting the zoo and zoo animals. The Cat Exhibit was renovated in 2014. In addition, ambitious planning efforts are underway to develop a new small mammal exhibit featuring otters, fox & badgers near the zoo entrance.

This Division also handles all the rolling assets and many of the fixed assets of the city. This includes all city-owned vehicles, DPW and Parks buildings and bridges. It also manages the day to day maintenance and operations of our port and harbor and has responsibility for the city's boat launch ramps and shorelines.

The mechanics operate as an Internal Service Fund (ISF). This fund is sometimes referred to as a Motor Pool. The goal is for this fund to balance by charging other divisions and departments for their services. This allows users of the ISF to be aware of and manage their costs for mechanized equipment. Organizations supported by include Manitowoc Public Utilities, the Manitowoc Public School System, Manitowoc County and Kiel City vehicles. The city shop is currently staffed with four full time mechanics and remains on call for emergencies 24 hours a day.

Mechanics also supply backup support to all functions of the Streets Division for emergency work, and are the primary source for harbor and marina work. This Division also maintains the City Gravel Pit and works with the consultants engaged by the Engineering Division toward the environmental remediation of the area.

The Operations Division also maintains and operates the 8th and 10th street lift bridges utilizing four seasonal employees. The 8th street bridge has two consoles – one for itself and another for the 10th street bridge which allows one operator to manage both bridges. The operator is connected to the 10th street bridge by a network of cameras and fiber optic cable, allowing them to monitor the operation of the 10th street bridge. The bridges are manned from 4:30 am until 10:30 pm 7 days a week from April 1st to October 31. Off hour operations are performed as needed by an operator on call. In addition off-season bridge operations are possible requiring 12 hour notice.

The operation of the Lift Bridges is nearly fully funded through the State Lift Bridge Aid program. The regulations describing the bridge operation are in the Federal Register. Maintenance of the channel extending through the Bridges is the responsibility of the US Army Corps of Engineers. The department also submits annual bridge lift reports to the D.O.T.

In 2010, The City of Manitowoc entered into a 3 party agreement with the Wisconsin Department of Transportation under their Harbor Assistance Program (HAP) and City Centre, LLC for the construction of a new dockwall as well as dredging the adjacent waterway. This work was completed between 2010 and 2012. Since, completion of the project, it was noted that the barges were damaging the new dockwall area. It was determined that a new fendering system was required in order to protect the dockwall from vessel impacts and mooring forces. In addition, since the removal of the railroad bridge it was noted that 3 pile clusters are needed to protect the existing travel lift platform utilized by City Centre, LLC.

There is still approximately \$600,000 remaining in the HAP grant funds and the DOT has authorized the additions of the fender system and pile clusters. The grant period has also been extended to March 1, 2013.

We are proud of the fact that with the reduction of 52% of the staff by the end of 2011, the Operations Division continues to maintain the city's infrastructure and the addition of mandated programs to the best of the Division's ability for the citizens of Manitowoc. This has been accomplished by constant shifting of staff between DPW, Parks, Mechanics and Cemetery crews as needed. We continue to pursue new efficiencies in our operations.

MARITIME METRO TRANSIT

Maritime Metro Transit (MMT) originated on January 1, 1978 when the City of Manitowoc took over the operation from a private operator. System funds are generated from four major sources – Federal and State Government Subsidies, grants, local property taxes, and fare box revenues. In its present form, the system consists of six (6) fixed bus routes with five (5) making 30 minute circuits and one (1) 60 minute circuit (service to Two Rivers). In addition, MMT coordinates the paratransit system serving both city and county residents. The paratransit service provides transportation for those elderly or disabled citizens who cannot use the bus or are not near a bus route. This latter group includes the County's rural transportation program.

MMT has instituted a pass system to reward regular riders. These changes, with an aggressive marketing stance, have resulted in a steadily increasing revenue stream from fares. All the changes have had little effect on the local property tax support as the increased volume has paid the "fare."

We continue to explore innovative means of reaching the elderly and disabled who need transportation assistance. MMT has partnered with Manitowoc County in several areas including providing service to the County's rural clients through the City's contract with its own provider for paratransit service. This allows a lower overall cost per ride, makes available state and federal assistance, and provides a single source for transportation to the target population.

The new 4,000 square foot intermodal transfer building was designed in 2011, with construction completed in October of 2012. This Transfer Center is energy efficient and completely ADA accessible.

BUILDING AND GROUNDS

We are responsible for the care and maintenance of all City owned buildings.

Custodial, HVAC, electrical, plumbing, security systems, grounds keeping, painting, and carpentry projects are undertaken to enhance the functionality, attractiveness, and safety of the Cities facilities.

AQUATICS, RECREATION AND SENIOR CENTER

Through the Senior Center and the Recreation Division, the City of Manitowoc strives to offer programs for its citizens no matter what their age. From Softball and Table Tennis Leagues to Arts Camps and Tai Chi, all of the city facilities are busy with all ages participating in programs.

The Recreation programs are funded through a combination of fees, tax levy, and community donations. While over 29,000 registrations, the cost of each individual program is kept low to be within the reach of all city families.

The Recreational programs offered through the City of Manitowoc attracted over 86,000 participants in 2013. Utilizing both the facilities of the City of Manitowoc and the Manitowoc Public School District, competition and instruction programs remain an important aspect of the quality of life for residents of the city.

The Manitowoc Senior Center is an important community element that serves the older population of the city and their families. The participation for the programs at the Manitowoc Senior Center exceeds 77,000. Sponsored activities include excursions locally and throughout the state, meetings, instructional and recreational programs, and communal meals. The Center is the recipient of over 20,000 community volunteer hours, enabling more services to be delivered than might be available through public means.

The City of Manitowoc's Recreation Division also maintains relations with over 70 community and sports clubs to provide facilities and equipment for their fundraising and program activities. We continue to work with all organizations that approach us with ideas for improving the quality of life in the City.

SUMMARY

In all, the Department of Public Infrastructure is a fast moving organization comprised of professionals with highly developed skills. These skills allow a flexible response to the challenges and opportunities facing the city while keeping costs and taxes as low as possible.

RAHR-WEST ART MUSEUM

The Rahr-West Art Museum is a City of Manitowoc Facility that preserves and enhances its collections and historic mansion. The museum's purpose is to engage the public in dynamic learning opportunities in the visual arts and enrich life in the area by serving as a cultural resource.

Vision Statement

Our goal as a public art museum is to care for and use our resources, including the collection and intellectual material, to engage our visitors in a dynamic informal learning opportunity in the arts. The Rahr West Art Museum exists to foster a sense of discovery in the arts.

History

The Rahr-West Art Museum was given to the City of Manitowoc in 1941 by its owner, Mrs. Clara Rahr, with a central purpose of being used as a museum and civic center. Since that time the facility has developed a dual nature. The 1891-93 Mansion is on the National Register of Historic Places. It also serves as contemporary gallery space for a growing permanent collection and showcase for temporary exhibitions. Additionally, it is a living, breathing space for thought, creative ideas and learning; with an offering of lectures, classes, and workshops.

The thirteen bedroom house was designed by Milwaukee architects George Ferry and Alfred Clas, for Joseph and Mary Vilas; one of Manitowoc's pioneering families. In 1910, the house became the residence of Reinhardt Rahr, president of the Rahr Malting Company, and his family. The mansion was open to the public immediately following the gift in 1941, but acquired its first director in 1950.

In 1975, a modern exhibition wing was added to the mansion with donations by John D. and Ruth West of Manitowoc, and the Rahr Foundation. An adjoining exhibition space was added, in 1986, to exhibit the permanent collection. These wings also added valuable meeting space to the lower level for public programming, as well as facilities for storage of the permanent collection.

Operations

The Rahr-West Art Museum operates as a department of the City of Manitowoc with a thirteen member board appointed by the Mayor. Operating support comes from the City of Manitowoc, with programming and educational support from the Ruth and John D. West Foundation, local businesses and private donors.

The museum is open seven days per week with two levels of the mansion on view and exhibitions that rotate throughout three galleries. Exhibitions feature thematic presentation of works from the museum's-2900 plus holdings or a variety of exhibits and media from different sources. This frequent rotation offers an exciting, dynamic viewpoint in a relaxed and comfortable atmosphere

As with the entire City of Manitowoc, the Rahr-West Art Museum endured a great deal of change over the past two years. The museum staff has contracted while demands on the Rahr-West have not decreased. **The museum remains one of only 17 museums in Wisconsin accredited by the American Association of Museums** – the benchmark for quality museum stewardship. The museum did well to set a high standard, and now that burden rests on fewer shoulders.

In 2012, the Rahr-West Art Museum drew in a record 25,514 visitors despite major budget cuts in the 2012 operations budget. The vast majority served are residents of the City of Manitowoc. Annual exhibits including the spring *Youth Art Series*, the *Members and County Artists Show*, *The Art of Tablesettings*, and *Christmas in the Mansion* ensure community engagement and involvement.

The Rahr-West Art Museum has been more active in raising revenue through rentals of community and meeting rooms. Additionally, the museum rents out space for private functions. In 2012, the museum boosted its rental revenue from \$584 in 2011 to over \$5,000.

Special Exhibitions

The 2013 Exhibition Schedule is the most ambitious in recent years. These included:

- Frank Lloyd Wright: Architecture of the Interior a nationally traveling exhibit that is being brought in at no extra cost to the city thanks to private sponsorship.
- *UW Manitowoc Alumni Invitational* a partner project with the University of Wisconsin at Manitowoc.
- Civil War Remembered Art commemorating the 150th Anniversary of the Civil War
- **Best of Artsplash: Kelly Jelinek** featuring the winner of the 2012 Artsplash competition, in conjunction with Mainly Manitowoc
- Interior Beauty: The Photography of Paul Rocheleau exhibit featuring nationally known architecture photographer Paul Rocheleau.

Community Outreach

The Rahr-West Art Museum has taken a more dynamic position in the community through collaborations with other institutions and community outreach. These have strengthened the museum's presence in the community and extended its services. In 2012, the Rahr-West Art Museum collaborated with the Manitowoc Public District and other area schools in educating over 4000 students in the visual arts, we also provide teachers with the opportunity to receive lesson plans featuring pieces from our permanent collection. This innovative programming led to home-school children visiting and learning each month with a specific curriculum designed for their needs. Youth Art Series exhibitions also take place from the beginning of March through the middle of May with children's workshops and many other events designed to encourage and support the necessity of art education in all areas of instruction.

The museum also collaborated with local educational organizations on special events and exhibitions. In March, the museum hosted a family art session and tour through the Jefferson Community Learning Center. In April, the museum hosted an exhibit of student art from Lincoln High School's Next Step program, and an exhibit for the school's International Baccalaureate Program.

In addition to the collaborative spirit the museum has worked to foster, the museum is moving forward to create a more dynamic presence in the community by serving as a strong resource for art preservation, art education, and tourism promotion. We were the fortunate recipient of a Helen Bader grant to create the SPARK! program, a specialized art therapy program for individuals with early-stage memory loss from Alzheimer's or Dementia.

The Rahr-West Art Museum was the driving force behind Sputnikfest. This celebration of the Sputnik/Manitowoc tie and that fun, sometimes frightening space age is the result of months of planning, fundraising and good, hard work. 2012 marked the 50th Anniversary of the crash landing of the Soviet *Sputnik 4* spacecraft on Manitowoc's North 8th Street, mere steps from the Rahr-West Art Museum. Sputnikfest 2012 was attended by approximately 4,000 people, and a production company from the BBC recorded segments for their '*All Over The Place USA*' television program. Further, Director Greg Vadney did a live interview with KMAX-TV's *Good Day Sacramento*.

In November, 2012, the Rahr-West Art Museum held its 3rd 'Chairs for Charity' event, with chairs created, decorated and donated by local artists auctioned for the benefit of the Rahr-West Art Museum education fund. This year's partnership with Lakeshore Wind Ensemble raised money for local art education scholarships.

These on-going efforts have been recognized. *USA Today* has voted the Rahr-West Art Museum one of the 10 Great places to See Art in Smaller Cities. Sputnukfest has been listed as one of the "5 Funkiest Festivals" by *Readers Digest* magazine.

A blend of public support and private contributions enables the Rahr-West Art Museum to offer a wide variety of programs and services. Among these is an ambitious schedule of annual exhibitions; rotating exhibitions of our permanent collection and temporary exhibits offering different types of art. This all takes place in a facility that is free and open to the public. Staffed by a director, clerk typist, assistant curator and weekend security staff the Rahr-West is accredited by the American Association of Museums, we are members of the National Association of Art Education, LNRP, and we support local art groups; Water's Edge Artists and the ArtSplash public art initiative.

MANITOWOC PUBLIC LIBRARY

The mission of Manitowoc Public Library is to promote a culture of reading and to provide access to information. Through our services we strive to foster an environment that meets the educational, recreational and cultural needs of the community.

Manitowoc Public Library is located overlooking the waters of both the Manitowoc River and Lake Michigan in the center of downtown Manitowoc. The many-windowed two-story 52,000 sq. ft. building was erected in 1998 to meet the information needs of the community in the 21st century.

Library service at the Manitowoc Public Library indicates the following trends; physical book check out is down 10%, visitors into the building is up 11% and use of the ebook service is up over 60%. The visitors in the building are attending programs, using the public internet stations, using the wireless internet service and the wireless printing system. The ebook service is offered at the library through participation in the Wisconsin Public Library Consortium and a statewide contract with Overdrive.

The adult literacy tutoring program offered through the library, *Community Partners in Literacy* continued to develop in 2013 with over 15 volunteers working with individual students to expand English language skills. In 2013, 6 students studied the test to become a United States citizen and passed the test. This is lifetime accomplishment for these individuals.

WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY

The City of Manitowoc owns and operates its wastewater treatment facility located at 1015 S. Lakeview Drive. The current site has been utilized since 1939. Increased waste loadings, ageing equipment, and changing environmental regulations made plant upgrades necessary in 1959, 1974, and 1998. National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit WI-0024601 benchmarks the requirements for compliant effluent discharge to Lake Michigan. The WWTF protects the health, safety and welfare of the public by efficient operation and maintenance, maximizing the removal of pollutants both entering the facility and its discharge.

In order to accomplish this, the City of Manitowoc regulates the construction and use of all 189 miles of the sanitary sewers and the drains connected to the sanitary system. The Wastewater Facility is also the control authority for the mandated industrial pretreatment program, which limits the amount and type of pollutants that industries can discharge into the sanitary system. There are a total of 20 permitted industries that are required to sample and analyze their discharge for metals and other contaminants that have potential to harm the structures, equipment or the bacteria used in the treatment process. In 2013, the WWTF treated and discharged an average of 6.309 million gallons per day.

The City Ordinance governing the Wastewater Treatment Facility and the sanitary sewer system is found in Section 25 of the City of Manitowoc Municipal Code. The WWTF is staffed 24/7/365 with 14 employees that operate and maintain the processes and equipment at the facility. DPW staff jet and maintain the sanitary sewer system and check and maintain the 14 sewage lift stations.

Residuals remaining after the water purification process are beneficially reused to fertilize local agricultural lands. The City of Manitowoc is responsible for one of the largest biosolid land application programs in the State of Wisconsin. Each year more 500 acres of crop land receive the nutrient rich biosolids. Land application can only be done on soils deemed appropriate and certified by the Wisconsin DNR. The nutrient levels in the biosolids analyzed and are injected into the soil according to the agronomic rate for the crop that is to be planted. The application of biosolids completes the cycle and returns the nutrients and organic matter to the land. The reclaimed water is returned to Lake Michigan via an outfall located 500 feet out from the southeast corner of WWTF property.

MANITOWOC PUBLIC UTILITIES

Manitowoc Public Utilities (MPU) is a municipality-owned electric and water utility serving approximately 17,800 electric accounts and 13,600 water accounts in the City of Manitowoc. In 2013 MPU generated approximately 18% of its system electric load natively and imports the remainder on an economic basis through wholesale suppliers or MISO energy market. MPU's water supply is taken primarily from Lake Michigan and is purified with a state-of-the-art microfiltration treatment facility.

The main benefits of municipal ownership of the Utility are its tax contribution to the City. In 2013, MPU was the highest contributor to the City of Manitowoc's tax role with a payment of \$3,599,000. MPU had operating revenues of \$73,826,000 in 2013, on an asset base of \$241,753,000. In addition, MPU made a payment of \$259,800 to the City of Manitowoc from the sale of water to the CBCWA.

The Utility has its roots going back to 1889 with the City of Manitowoc granting John Schuette permission to construct and operate an electric plant in the City. The electric plant was established in the building adjoining Mr. Schuette's flour and grist mill. The loads served were primarily street lighting, and later evolved into indoor and plant lighting. The utility provided a "turn-key" operation, including wiring, lamps, and switches. The initial customer operating time was from dusk to 9 p.m.; however, customer demand was growing steadily.

The Manitowoc Waterworks Company was also established in 1889 by brothers Eugene and T.W. Gray. The City purchased the waterworks company in 1911 and the electric plant in 1914. The two utilities were merged to form Manitowoc Public Utilities. Over the years, plant additions have been constructed, equipment has been improved and modernized, and technological advances have improved customer service to today's high standards. In 2014 MPU celebrates 100 years in the Manitowoc Community.

MPU is the largest of 82 municipally owned electric utilities in the State of Wisconsin. The water utility pumped about 1.5 billion gallons of water into its distribution system in 2013, while the electric utility delivered over 520 million kilowatt hours to customers. MPU also maintains approximately 5,600 street and security lights in the City.

MPU also provides steam and hot water to several end users. Steam from the MPU Power Plant is sold to several customers via a district-heating loop. This steam system can be supplied directly from one of MPU's solid fuel boilers, indirectly from one of MPU's turbines, or from a gas fired boiler installed in 2012. These multiple sources allow flexibility for electrical power supply purposes and provide additional reliability for the steam system.

MPU also provides fiber optic cable services. The fiber optic network currently serves over 72 sites.

An agreement was executed with Central Brown County Water Authority (CBCWA) to supply wholesale water to six communities in Brown County, north of Manitowoc County, beginning December 2006. The capital costs to meet the water needs were paid by the Authority. In 2013 approximately 2.6 billion gallons of water were delivered to the CBCWA.

MPU employs approximately 77 full-time employees and 2 part time employees. The Utility is run separately from City government and is managed by a General Manager. The General Manager reports to a Public Utility Commission, which is comprised of seven members: The Mayor of Manitowoc, one City Council member, and five appointed citizens. Activities of the Utility are regulated by the Public Service Commission of Wisconsin (PSCW).

MANITOWOC PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT

Increasingly, the Manitowoc Public School District's educational program is being shaped by a deteriorating financial climate for schools, including: (1) 15 years of state-imposed revenue caps and (2) an incremental decline in state aid (from 68% support several years ago to the current 62.5%). Accelerating budgetary concerns are placing significant pressure on programs developed over the years and on the MPSD vision of providing a high quality and comprehensive education for 5600 students in grades 4K through twelve. The challenge is to establish priorities that maximize success in the areas we believe are most important, maintain our strong framework of programming, and continue to provide for an increasingly diverse student body.

LEADERSHIP:

The district operates under a Board of Education, which consists of seven citizens elected at large by voters of the district. The 2009-10 Board members are Lee Braunel, Judy Carey, Michael Herrity, (Board president), Bob Jome, Chrystal Myer, Tim Newberg, and James Protsman. The Board appoints the superintendent, who is responsible for administrative supervision of all public schools in the district.

Superintendent Mark Swanson was appointed to head the district in July 2004. Previously, he served the district for 10 years as an elementary principal. Central office-based directors include a director of student learning, directors for human resources, buildings and grounds, business services, and pupil services, and a technology coordinator.

FACTS AND FIGURES:

The MPSD, a unified school district, includes the entire City of Manitowoc and some of the bordering rural area – a total of 93 square miles. The district has the 26th largest enrollment among the 426 public school districts in the state. The 2009 third-Friday-in-September enrollment count was 5,587, a decrease of 33 students from the previous September. The MPSD has one comprehensive high school, an alternative high school (operating as a charter school), a specialized school for a handful of children in grades 1-8 with significant emotional/behavioral disabilities (operating as a charter school), two junior high schools, six grade 1-6 elementary schools, and an early childhood center that serves 380 kindergartners, 130 preschoolers, and 116 Head Start youngsters.

The district employs about 690 people — 462 FTE teachers and other professional staff and 229 FTE support personnel (paraprofessionals, custodial/maintenance, and clerical).

BUDGET:

At its best, a school district budget is fiscally responsive to citizens while still providing the resources to fulfill the district's responsibility to educate students. The MPSD offers a high quality and comprehensive education. Overall spending-per-student is six percent below the state average.

The Board of Education made \$2.3 million in cuts to bring the 2009-10 budget under the state-imposed revenue cap. Cost-control decisions included a reduction of one central office administrator, a 5 percent across-the-board reduction in supplies and materials, reduction of 5.5 teachers, reduction of 3.5 paraprofessionals, elimination of EXCEL advocates and library aides, and a superintendent salary freeze, among others. On the revenue side, in 2009-10 the MPSD is receiving \$2.26 million in stimulus money for special education and Title 1 programming. While \$700,000 of that aid can offset budgeted expenditures, the bulk of the money must be spent on specific new initiatives.

The 2009-10 budget includes total expenditures of \$71,717.798, a 2.24% increase over 2008-09. The total property tax levy of \$18.6 million (\$7.861 per thousand) amounts to a 4.35 percent increase in the total tax levy and a 3.83 percent increase in the net tax levy rate. The property tax levy is apportioned among eight municipalities that lie partially or totally within MPSD boundaries.

HIGHLIGHTS OF 2009-10:SPECIAL EDUCATION 'NEXT STEP':

The new Next Step program allows older special education students to participate in Lincoln High School's graduation ceremony and then move on to a new chapter, much like other young adults. Seventeen of these 18 to 21-year-old students have a homeroom at UW-Manitowoc, where they participate in student life and have opportunities for campus-based employment or volunteer work. A second group has a daytime home base in a local apartment building where they practice life skills and build familiarity with community resources. Both sites provide flexible schedules away from school bells and structured class periods. Students take public transportation, interact with same-age peers, use facilities like the YMCA, Rahr-West Art Museum, and public library, and become more aware of the community and their place within it.

GED 02:

The school district has obtained a five-year, \$360,000 alternative education grant to prepare credit-deficient students to pass the General Education Diploma (GED) test and prepare for the job market, post-secondary education, and a productive life beyond high school. Classes are located at the Manitowoc County Job Center, a site that complements the program's focus on employability skills and job preparation. The MPSD, Lakeshore Technical College, UW-Manitowoc, the Manitowoc County Job Center, community service groups, and area employers provide instruction and related services.

SAGE:

In fall 2009, Jefferson Elementary became the district's second school in Wisconsin's Student Achievement Guarantee in Education, or SAGE, program, which provides subsidies based on the number of low-income students to reduce class sizes in kindergarten through third grade to 15 students.

JEFFERSON ELEMENTARY SCHOOL GRANTS:

Among the MPSD's elementary schools, Jefferson has the most diverse student population, the most special education students, and the highest percentage of low-income students at 73.3 percent. To boost reading proficiency and decrease barriers to learning, the school has obtained grants from six different sources. These funds support supplemental learning and recreation programs before and after school, a fresh fruit and vegetable snack four days a week, teacher professional development, a third grade field trip to the Milwaukee Public Museum, parent/family support programs, and the purchase of technology, books, and learning materials.

JFK LOBBY RENOVATION:

The newly renovated lobby at Lincoln's JFK Fieldhouse highlights the rich tradition of the school's athletic program and the accomplishments of a century's worth of athletes. A large wood and glass case displays trophies and memorabilia from a host of Lincoln teams, including football, basketball, volleyball, gymnastics, track and field, cross country, golf, tennis, soccer, baseball, softball, swimming and wrestling. Regional championship plaques are displayed above the left doors and sectional plaques are above the right doors. Plaques also recognize Ships Wall of Fame inductees. The right wall is reserved for the three Ships who have played professional football — Doug Free, currently with the Dallas Cowboys, Don Davey, who played for the Green Bay Packers and Jacksonville Jaguars, and Arthur Walter Albrecht, who graduated from Lincoln in 1939 before playing for Wisconsin, the Pittsburgh Steelers, the Chicago Cardinals and the Boston Yanks. Athletic Director John Johnson spearheaded the renewal, which was funded by donations from athletic booster clubs, Don Davey and the Ron Rubick Run.

RON RUBICK MUNICIPAL FIELD:

After approval by both the City Council and the Manitowoc School Board, Municipal Field was renamed Ron Rubick Municipal Field and officially dedicated as such on September 11, 2009. A previous agreement between the City and the School District had specified that the name would always remain Municipal Field. Rubick, who died January 12, 2009, came to Manitowoc's Lincoln High School in 1967 as a health and physical education teacher. In 1968 he became the head coach of the varsity football team and held that position until his retirement in 1999. He also was the high school assistant wrestling coach for 19 years. While coaching football in Manitowoc, his team made the playoffs 10 times and won three consecutive state championships. During the years 1983-1987, his teams recorded 48 straight wins. Ron was selected as Associated Press Coach of the Year in 1985 and in 1986 and was the Wisconsin Football Association Coach of the Year in 1986. In 1978 he was selected to the Upper Peninsula Sports Hall of Fame and in 1986, the Lakeshore Sports Hall of Fame. He was also inducted into the Wisconsin Football Coaches Hall of Fame in 1999.

SCHOOL FOREST ADDS NATURE-BASED PLAY AREA:

For more than 50 years, MPSD students have been learning about nature at the Rahr Memorial School Forest located just north of Point Beach State Forest. The 293-acre complex includes four buildings, a wildlife pond, handicap-accessible nature trails, and a quarter mile of Lake Michigan frontage. In the summer of 2009, the MPSD used a \$7,600 grant from the Wisconsin Environmental Education Board to build a preschool play area for the school forests youngest visitors. More than 15 volunteers helped with the construction. In a woodsy clearing, young children can jump from stump to stump and balance across a log in the climbing zone. They can use rakes and other tools in a messy materials area. There are easels for art projects, blocks for building in the woods, a music station, and a ten-foot-tall tepee for playing make-believe.

FACILITIES CHANGES IMPROVE SAFETY AND SECURITY:

The MPSD is working with Bray Associates Architects of Sheboygan on a \$5.6 million facilities project that will begin in spring 2010 and conclude in time for the start of school on September 1, 2010. The project includes a renovation/new gym at Franklin Elementary School, office relocations at Jackson Elementary School and Wilson Junior High School, and district wide energy and safety upgrades. Financing is through (1) the sale of about \$2 million in interest-free bonds offered as part of the government's stimulus program and (2) low-interest loans that will have negligible impact on the MPSD budget or tax structure.

MPSD OVERVIEW:

FREE 4K PRESCHOOL ENTERS SECOND YEAR

Under MPSD auspices, approximately 350 preschoolers are served at seven four-year-old kindergarten sites around the community. The program is optional and free to participants. Classrooms provide learning support for typically developing youngsters as well as for children with delays and those with advanced skills and abilities. The 4K program meets four days a week, three hours/five minutes each day. Teachers are licensed by the Department of Public Instruction to teach four-year-olds. 4K is offered in conjunction with supplementary childcare, Head Start, and as a stand-alone program.

A KINDERGARTEN SETTING THAT'S SAFE AND KID-CENTERED

All kindergartners are served at the Riverview Early Childhood Center, a facility focused solely on young children. Classrooms buzz with activity as students work on academic basics while learning to get along, share, and be a good friend. The school setting is rich with sights, sounds, and things to touch and manipulate. Caring teachers and a host of specialty and support personnel pool their resources to provide just what's needed to help each child thrive and learn.

ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS: SOLID FOUNDATION, FAMILY ATMOSPHERE

The district's six elementary schools serve grades 1-6. Classrooms are self-contained with some mixed-age grouping and team teaching. A few teachers remain with their classes for two years in a practice called looping. The Manitowoc County Comprehensive Charter School serves a handful of children in grades 1-8 with significant emotional/behavioral disabilities.

SECONDARY SCHOOLS: STRONG ACADEMICS, EXCITING ELECTIVES, PERSONALIZED PROGRAMS

The MPSD has two junior high schools, each with a student population of 550 to 600 students in grades 7-9. Lincoln High School serves more than 1350 students in grades 10-12. These secondary schools allow students to explore options and define their skills in a supportive but challenging environment. We offer a continuum of options, with something for every interest, career goal and learning profile. Students may pursue a strong academic program, build job and life skills, and explore the arts and a wide range of electives. Courses range from human genetics and international business to engineering graphics/design to three years of Japanese. The McKinley Academy is an alternative high school for students who thrive in a smaller environment.

LINCOLN HIGH SCHOOL: A PROUD HISTORY

One of Manitowoc's most beloved landmarks, Lincoln High School embodies a sense of history for generations of citizens. Built in 1923 on a hill overlooking Lake Michigan, the school's original garden setting was designed by noted Prairie School landscape architect Jens Jensen. The historic Gothic-style building was restored in 1999-2000 with extensive cosmetic and infrastructure improvements.

Today, Lincoln offers an impressive range of educational services including the prestigious International Baccalaureate (IB) Diploma Programme and Advanced Placement courses. Youth Apprenticeships are popular among all types of students, including those bound for college.

Exceptional fine arts, technology, special education, and at-risk offerings round out the menu. The comprehensive co-curricular program includes 11 sports for boys and 11 sports for girls, as well as many music, drama, journalism, and technology activities. Numerous clubs and organizations are available for students to join. A 20-hour service project is required for graduation.

LAKESHORE TECHNICAL COLLEGE

Lakeshore Technical College is a not-for-profit, public, two-year post-secondary institution that focuses on technical education. Located in east central Wisconsin, LTC serves a 200,555 resident district, which measures approximately 1,200 square miles, covering all of Manitowoc and Sheboygan counties, as well as parts of Calumet and Ozaukee counties. The main campus is located in the Village of Cleveland, Wis., with two learning sites strategically located in Sheboygan and Manitowoc. LTC also operates eleven community outreach centers and a total of 29 learning centers.

LTC's mission is "to enrich lives and strengthen the economy by preparing a workforce that is skilled, diverse and flexible." This mission is realized as students graduate and enter the workforce with critical skills and core abilities that meet Lakeshore employers' needs. Ninety-eight percent of employers are satisfied with the 2012-13 graduates they supervise, according to LTC's Employer Survey and they are not the only satisfied customers. Ninety-seven percent of 2012-13 students reported being satisfied with their LTC experience. Eighty-nine percent of 2012-13 LTC graduates were employed six months to one year after graduation. Seventy-seven percent of 2012-13 LTC graduates reported working in the LTC district and ninety-six percent work in Wisconsin, according to the 2012-13 Graduate Follow-up Report.

STUDENTS

LTC serves individuals seeking associate degrees, technical diplomas, technical certificates and apprenticeship programs, as well as those needing basic skills training. LTC also offers career planning, and instructional and student support. 2012-13, LTC has 2140 full-time equivalent students, with a total enrollment of 13,026. Eighty-two percent of LTC's students received financial aid and the LTC Foundation awarded more than \$80,000 in scholarships and grants. The average age of the undergraduate student was 30 years. Sixteen percent of LTC undergraduate students were older than 45, and seventy percent were older than 23, according to LTC's 2012-13 Year End Report.

INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAMS

LTC offers career-based programs instilled with industry-leading technologies. They reflect the employment needs in the area and provide a sound base for a lifetime of learning. The college offers 35 associate of applied science degrees, 25 technical diplomas, 70 technical certificates, and 11 state-indentured apprenticeships. Twelve programs hold professional or specialized accreditation certification from ten agencies.

LTC's Workforce Solutions provides contracted, customized training to employers for their employees who seek to update skills and improve workplace performance. In 2012-13, LTC served nearly 3700 workers from 131 organizations, including local businesses, schools and government agencies.

LTC identifies student needs and requirements through administering surveys, job center partners, environmental scanning, Workforce Solutions' training directors, and recruitment activities for all groups.

LTC uses a variety of formats to deliver education to meet student needs for flexibility. Delivery modes include: traditional classroom, accelerated (courses offered in a condensed timeframe), interactive television (ITV), video and print-based learning, online and blended learning.

In 2013, LTC introduced FullFocus programming which teaches students 5 days per week, 8 hours per day, much like a typical full time job would. Students graduate earlier and are employment ready.

LTC belongs to multiple users groups and collaborates with other technical colleges and high school districts for distance delivery programming.

STRATEGIC PLAN

LTC continues to innovate to meet the changing employment landscape. In 2013, the College went through a rigorous review of its strategic plan by soliciting input from staff, students, employers and community leaders. The feedback and examination resulted in the fine tuning of LTC's strategic plan. The Plan centers on four key areas: workforce development, filling the pipeline of students, student success, and institutional effectiveness. Initiatives within these areas direct the college to design programs that prepare students to respond to anticipated industry sector needs; increasing enrollment; help students achieve their goals; and create a culture of quality, innovation and respect to strengthen the college.

COMMUNITY

In response to community needs, LTC, through its Rapid Response Team, responds quickly to plant closings and layoffs to assist displaced workers. In 2012-13, 743 displaced workers were enrolled at LTC.

LTC has been a responsible steward of taxpayer dollars, annually having one of the lowest tax levies among the state's 16 technical colleges. LTC's tax rate decreased seven times in the last ten years.

As successful graduates populate the district, all residents enjoy the benefits that LTC offers. LTC trains firefighters, law enforcement professionals, healthcare workers, skilled laborers and business professionals who make valuable contributions to our communities, the economy and the tax base.

SILVER LAKE COLLEGE

AT A GLANCE

Higher Education: Liberal Arts and Professional Studies

Years of operation: 78

Number of employees: 102 at main campus and 32 at satellite locations

Sponsored by the Franciscan Sisters of Christian Charity

Interim President: Sister Adrianna Schouten

GROWTH, ACCOMPLISHMENTS, AND CHANGE

Silver Lake College of the Holy Family broke ground in June 2012 for a 35,000-square-foot music education and performance center, now under construction on the west side of campus. This facility will be home to the College's internationally recognized music programs as well as the Holy Family Conservatory of Music, currently located in downtown Manitowoc. The music center will include a concert hall, rehearsal hall, studios, and seminar room. After the doors officially open in fall 2013, the College will invite community groups and local musicians to use the facility.

True to its heritage, Silver Lake College continues to impact the field of education. In 2012, SLC graduates were well-represented in local school districts. For example, in Manitowoc Public Schools, 17.4 percent of current teachers are SLC graduates; in Reedsville Schools the number is 22 percent. 52 percent of the teachers in St. Francis of Assisi Parish School System are SLC alumni.

The College was again named to the President's Higher Education Community Service Honor Roll. This is federal recognition of the College's long-standing commitment to volunteerism, service learning, and civic engagement. In a separate honor, *G.I. Jobs* magazine, a publication for military personnel transitioning into civilian life, again named the College to its list of Military Friendly Schools. The magazine annually honors the top 20 percent of colleges, universities, and trade schools doing the most to embrace America's military service members and veterans.

Student life programming continues to expand and improve on campus and throughout the community of Manitowoc. Students have enjoyed comedy shows, music performances, open-mic nights, and ice cream socials. A Tri-College Activities Board was launched in 2012 as a coalition of Lakeshore Technical College, UW-Manitowoc, and Silver Lake College. Already the board has provided activities such as movie nights at Lakeshore Cinema, bowling at Meadow Lanes West, and dances at the Holiday Inn.

Silver Lake College students, faculty, and staff engaged in community service on campus, in the community, and in one distant locale. A contingent traveled to Chavies, Kentucky, for a weeklong Appalachia service project in cooperation with Grace Congregational United Church of Christ in Two Rivers. The Kentucky trip was part of alternative spring break, an annual tradition on campus.

SLC students continued to work in Manitowoc County through internships. Jan Algozine, Director of Experiential Learning, Career Resources, and Internships, placed students at more than twenty Manitowoc County organizations in 2012, including many not-for-profits. Participating organizations included Holiday House, the Domestic Violence Center, the Manitowoc Historical Society, The Neighborhood Network Learning Center, Lincoln Park Zoo, The Lakeshore CAP, Lutheran Social Services, the YMCA, Healthiest Manitowoc County, Holy Family Memorial, and Manitowoc and Two Rivers schools.

In partnership with Lakeshore Technical College, Silver Lake College sponsors a college access and mentoring program called *Look Ahead Lakers* (LAL). In 2012, its second full year, LAL helped 450 at-risk students realize that higher education can be in their future if they work hard and stay in school. In October 2012, fifth graders from Manitowoc and Two Rivers participated in Campus Visit Day, the entry point into the LAL program. The children toured campus, participated in college classes and activities, and connected with college-age role models, athletes, faculty, and staff. About eighty-four SLC students served as role models, mentors, or volunteers in 2012, providing fifth and sixth graders with "college knowledge," academic assistance, and tools to help them graduate from high school and go on to some form of higher education. LAL participants also led community events and after-school programs, including a school-supply drive and the Smarty Pants Run.

Silver Lake College art students participated in Mainly Manitowoc's ArtSPLASH by exhibiting their work in the windows of vacant downtown buildings. The art was exhibited in October and November 2012, and provided a creative draw to downtown businesses. In other activities, student Cassie Hebert volunteered as an art teacher at Rivers Bend Health and Rehabilitation Center and at McKinley Academy, a charter school for grades 9-12. McKinley students also joined a College drawing class for a week, gaining insight into college-level art education. In addition, student Samantha Deeley volunteered as a teacher in an after-school art program at Jefferson Elementary School.

The College's Athletic Department had an exciting and successful 2012. Fifty-nine student athletes competed in six sports programs — cross country, soccer, golf, women's volleyball, and basketball (men's and women's) — under the guidelines of the United States Collegiate Athletic Association (USCAA). Both the soccer team and the volleyball team completed their second year of competition, experiencing victories and bringing excitement to the fall athletic program. The golf team enjoyed a very good season under the leadership of new Coach Steve Rezachek, who brings great experience and enthusiasm to the golf program. The cross country team had an excellent season, competing against NCAA Division I, Division II, and Division III teams and consistently placing in the top-10 in its meets. Brian Ropel was ranked in the top-10 of the USCAA throughout the season. Mary Bettag and Taylor Vanden Plas were in the top-25 of the USCAA the entire season. The cross country team sent all three student athletes to the National Invitational in Lake Placid, NY, marking the first time since 1991 that the College has competed at the national level. Both men's and women's basketball teams completed successful seasons. and with eight returning players, the future looks bright for the men's basketball program. Irving Cato was named to the USCAA Academic All American team. Coming off a 16-11 season, the women's basketball team was 14-13, posting its second consecutive winning season. The young Lady Lakers appeared in the top-15 in the coaches' poll for most of the season. Lyndsay Holschbach received the USCAA Academic All American team award.

Roxanna Strawn, Director of the Annual Fund and Major Gifts, successfully completed The Chamber's Leadership Manitowoc County program in 2012 and lost no time applying her new leadership skills. She is president-elect of the Manitowoc Sunrise Rotary Club and has joined the board of directors at Shady Lane Nursing Care Center of Manitowoc. Jan Algozine is also an active volunteer for the Chamber as a member of the Manitowoc County Partners in Education, working with representatives from Lakeshore Technical College, UW-Manitowoc and guidance counselors from area schools to plan educational activities for Manitowoc County high schoolers. She recently joined the Chamber Education Committee and will help plan adult education opportunities for member businesses.

New faculty appointments continue to support stronger academic programs. Vicki Ansorge has been appointed Vice President for Academic Affairs and Dean of Faculty. Dr. Erik Hoyer has been appointed Associate Dean of Academic Affairs. Alonzo Kelly joined the faculty as assistant professor of business and chair of the Graduate Business Program. Internationally recognized concert pianist Dr. Diana Shapiro joined the faculty as Assistant Professor of Piano. Elizabeth DenDekker joined the Psychology faculty.

OUTLOOK

The College community looks forward to the completion of the music education and performance center in fall 2013. This facility brings together the Holy Family Conservatory of Music and the College music program in a collaborative effort that will benefit people of all ages. This facility will be available for community-wide use and contribute to the quality of life in Manitowoc County and beyond.

The College will continue to develop and strengthen academic programs to meet the growing needs of our traditional and non-traditional students. Members of the College Community look forward to working with the City of Manitowoc and local industry to provide educational opportunities for their employees. We continue to create and sustain partnerships with area businesses to provide valuable internships that help distinguish our students when they seek employment or career advancement after graduation.

UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MANITOWOC

LOCATION

Situated on the southeast corner of Manitowoc between Viebahn Street and Silver Creek Park, the 40-acre campus of the University of Wisconsin-Manitowoc enjoys a shoreline view of Lake Michigan.

LEADERSHIP & STAFF

Dr. Charles Clark has led the campus as the Campus Executive Officer/Dean since July 1, 2011.

There are currently 71 employees at UW-Manitowoc; 40 are faculty and instructional staff. The majority of faculty members have a Ph.D. in their field of expertise. Most are published authors, several are major award winners and all are committed to teaching and research.

HISTORY

The University of Wisconsin has had a presence in Manitowoc since 1933 when a UW English course was offered at the Vocational School on Clark Street. In 1962, the present campus site was established with additions completed in 1986 and 2001.

Part of the state-wide University of Wisconsin System, UW-Manitowoc is one of the 13 freshman/sophomore campuses of the UW Colleges. It is county-owned and state-operated. Accredited by the Higher Learning Commission; a commission of the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools, UW-Manitowoc offers its students the best of two worlds - the small classes and personal attention of a private college at a low public university cost. In fact, UW-Manitowoc, along with the other UW Colleges, offers the lowest tuition in the UW System.

STUDENTS

117 students were awarded Associate of Arts and Science Degree during the 2013-2014 academic year. 525 students enrolled for the fall 2013 semester and 29% of our students are defined as being non-traditional students (over the age of 22). Approximately 62% of UW-Manitowoc's students are full-time and the average class size is about 20 students.

Students attending UW-Manitowoc are drawn from Manitowoc and surrounding counties. The major feeder high schools include: Lincoln, Two Rivers, Valders, Roncalli, Manitowoc Lutheran, Mishicot, Reedsville, Denmark, Kewaunee, Kiel and Luxemburg/Casco.

COURSES/PROGRAMS

UW-Manitowoc specializes in freshman/sophomore curriculum and transferring is at the heart of its mission. Students can choose from over 100 classes in 25 different areas of study, along with an array of co-curricular activities including collegiate athletics. The general education courses offered can apply to over 250 majors in the UW System. Courses are offered via traditional classroom methods, or via Wisline web, compressed video, blended or online technology.

After students complete their general liberal arts and sciences classes and/or earn an Associate of Arts and Science Degree, they can transfer to any other university or private college, making UW-Manitowoc the best start on a bachelor's degree and unlimited career opportunities. A variety of certificate programs and emphases are also offered along with various opportunities to pursue bachelor's degrees through collaborative programs with other UW campuses.

In addition to the college curriculum offered by the University of Wisconsin-Manitowoc, a variety of non-credit courses are available through the Continuing Education Program, including on-line courses in business, healthcare, social media, technology and law. Online certificate programs are also available.

COMMUNITY

A variety of services and opportunities are offered to the Manitowoc community including a Founders Hall Art Gallery, library services, speaker's bureau, and facility rental. The campus is also home for the local UW Sea Grant Office and the Manitowoc Public School District's Next Step UW program.

Community collaboration is evident in the performing arts groups at UW-Manitowoc, which are open to community members. Two UW-Manitowoc instrumental musical groups, the Lakeshore Wind Ensemble and the Lakeshore Big Band continually play to full houses when they perform at the Capitol Civic Centre and the University Theatre. The University Theatre and UW-Manitowoc Chorus also offer great opportunities for campus-community collaboration.

Along with a \$3.8 million-dollar operating budget, UW-Manitowoc provides the local community with a valuable resource that not only addresses the educational needs of the students, but the needs of the community for continuing education, cultural events and expertise in everything from anthropology to zoology.

2013 HIGHLIGHTS

UNDERGRADUATE RESEARCH RECOGNIZED

Two research projects were showcased at the annual Posters in the Rotunda in Madison. Alec Hunn, Amber Rappe, Bao Vang and Allison Yang presented Soil Phosphorus and Aquatic Hyphomycete Analysis on a Newly Restored Creek in Manitowoc, Wisconsin. Cody Halvorsen and Mallary Schenian presented Impacts of Local Land Use on Water Quality of Five Streams in Manitowoc County, Wisconsin. The students conducted their research under the direction of Rebecca Abler and Richard Hein, associate professors of biological sciences at UW-Manitowoc.

HIGH SCHOOL STUDENTS IMMERSED THEMSELVES IN "24 HOURS OF ART & THEATRE"

In January, the campus hosted about 40 high school students for "24 Hours of Art & Theatre." Students were nominated by their teachers and represented Lincoln, Valders, Kiel, Manitowoc Lutheran, Reedsville, Denmark and Mishicot high schools. UW-Manitowoc professors Berel Lutsky (art) and John Wright (theatre) led the students through creative processes, introducing them to college-level work in the fine arts (printmaking and "guerilla theater").

UW-MANITOWOC CELEBRATED 50 YEARS OF ART

In November, UW-Manitowoc and the Rahr-West Art Museum collaborated to celebrate fifty years of art at the campus with an exhibit of UW-Manitowoc alumni artwork. The show included the work of students and instructors from as far back as 1967 and from as far away as Israel and Oakland, California. This exhibition was both a celebration of UW-Manitowoc's historic commitment to its visual arts program and a chance to publicly recognize the on-going effect it has on our students and faculty. The event was a strong testament to how our alumni artists valued their experiences at UW-Manitowoc and inspired them to maintain their involvement in the visual arts.

BLUE DEVILS MEN'S BASKETBALL VIED FOR STATE TITLE

The men's team claimed the WCC Eastern Division title with an 11-1 record. The team made it to the WCC Tournament Final Four, but were upset by UW-Richland, 93-98.

INTERNSHIPS PROVIDED UW-MANITOWOC STUDENTS WITH VALUABLE EXPERIENCES

The campus launched an internship program in 2013 and more than 25 UW-Manitowoc students have been placed in internships, both paid and unpaid. The program is providing valuable job exploration opportunities and career-related experience for students early on in their college careers. Local organizations benefit from having skilled, affordable employees available to assist with new projects and programs. Some of the campus' community and business partners to date include: Big Brothers/Big Sisters, Manitowoc County Economic Development Corporation, Camp Tapawingo, Holiday House, Lakeshore CAP, Lakeside Foods, Manitowoc Historical Society, Next Step UW, Painting Pathways, PTS USA, Healthiest Manitowoc County, and UW-Madison Sea Grant Institute.

LWE TRAVELED TO JAPAN

The UW-Manitowoc Lakeshore Wind Ensemble (LWE) had the privilege of representing the City of Manitowoc and the Manitowoc International Relations Association (MIRA) on a concert tour of Kamogawa, Japan in June. The LWE first toured Kamogawa in 1995 and was invited to return to help celebrate the 20th anniversary of the historic signing of the sister city agreement between Manitowoc and Kamogawa. Thirty-four LWE members, led by Professor and Conductor Michael J. Arendt, participated in the trip which involved performances as well as cultural exchanges and musical collaborations.

SINGLE AUDIT SECTION

ADDITIONAL INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT FOR BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Mayor and City Council City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Manitowoc's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon which included an emphasis of matter paragraph as indicated on page 17 dated June 13, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin's internal control and on compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Certified Public Accountants Green Bay, Wisconsin June 13, 2014

FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL AND STATE PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133 AND THE STATE SINGLE AUDIT GUIDELINES

To the Mayor and City Council City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal and State Program

We have audited the City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U. S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* and the *State Single Audit Guidelines* issued by the Wisconsin Department of Administration that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin's major federal and state programs for the year ended December 31, 2013. The City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin's major federal and state programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal and state programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin's major federal and state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and the *State Single Audit Guidelines* issued by the Wisconsin Department of Administration. Those standards, OMB Circular A-133 and the *State Single Audit Guidelines* require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal or state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal and state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Program

In our opinion, the City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal and state programs for the year ended December 31, 2013.



Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal or state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal or state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and the *State Single Audit Guidelines*, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133 and the *State Single Audit Guidelines*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Certified Public Accountants Green Bay, Wisconsin June 13, 2014

CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN
Schedule of Federal and State Expenditures For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

10		
		Federal
		CFDA/
		State ID
Grantor Agency/State Program Title	Pass-through Agency	Number
FEDERAL PROGRAMS		
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE		
Coastal Management Program	WI Department of Administration	11.419
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE		
Cease	Manitowoc County	N/A
COPS Hiring Program	Direct Program	16.710
Total U.S. Department of Justice		
U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY		
Brownfield Assessment and Cleanup Coop Agreement	Direct Program	66.818
		00.0.0
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY	_	
Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Response	Direct Program	97.083
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		
Federal Transit Capital Improvement Grants	WI Department of Transportation	20.500
Section 5311 ARRA (WI-86-X001)		
Federal Transit Formula Grants	WI Department of Transportation	20.507
2012		
2013	WI Department of Transportation	20,000
Highway Safety Contract Total U.S. Department of Transportation	WI Department of Transportation	20.600
Total C.S. Department of Transportation		
TOTAL FEDERAL PROGRAMS		
STATE PROGRAM		
WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		
Urban Mass Transit Operating Assistance		395.104
Contract 2013		
Horbor Assistance Cront		005 400
Harbor Assistance Grant		395.128
T 4 1140 1 17 B 1 7 17 6 T 1 17 6 T		

Total Wisconsin Department of Transportation

(1	Accrued Deferred) Revenue	Casl Receiv	⁄ed	(Accrued Deferred) Revenue		Total		Total
	1/1/13	(Refund	ded)		12/31/13	F	Revenues	Ex	penditures
\$	59,942	\$ 59	9,942	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
							4.404		4.40.4
	-		1,124		- 0.040		4,124		4,124
	-		1,243		8,640		69,883		69,883
-	-	65	5,367		8,640		74,007		74,007
		127	7,610		5,905		133,515		133,515
·		121	,010	_	3,903	_	133,313		133,313
		Q7	7,909		66,133		164,042		164,042
		31	,909		00,133		104,042		104,042
	53,687	137	7,934		-		84,247		84,247
	248,918	248	3,918		-		-		_
			3,320		231,580		834,900		834,900
	_ E		3,636		-		38,636		38,636
	302,605	1,028	3,808		231,580		957,783		957,783
\$	362,547	\$ 1,379	9,636	\$	312,258	\$	1,329,347	\$	1,329,347
					n				
	-	321	1,645		-		321,645		321,645
	340,324	712	2,514		_		372,190		372,190
\$	340,324		1,159	\$	-	\$	693,835	\$	693,835

CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN

Notes to the Schedule of Federal and State Expenditures For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

In accordance with audit requirements issued by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 and the State Single Audit Guidelines issued by the Wisconsin Department of Administration, supplemental information is presented by the City in regard to federal and state financial assistance programs administered by the City.

NOTE B - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Revenues and expenditures in the schedule are presented in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting and are generally in agreement with revenues and expenditures reported in the City's 2013 basic financial statements. Accrued revenue at year-end consists of federal and state program expenditures scheduled for reimbursement to the City in the succeeding year while deferred revenue represents advances for federal and state programs that exceed recorded City expenditures.

Federal Programs: The City of Manitowoc qualifies as a low risk auditee in accordance with paragraph 530 of OMB Circular A-133. Therefore major programs, as identified in Section I of the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, represent those with combined expenditures exceeding 25% of total federal awards that also were deemed major programs based on the auditor's risk assessment. All other federal programs are considered nonmajor programs.

State Programs: Major programs represent state assistance programs with expenditures of \$100,000 or more and other state programs classified as major in the State Single Audit Guidelines. All other state assistance programs required to be included in the Schedule of State Financial Assistance in accordance with Appendix H of the State Single Audit Guidelines are nonmajor programs.

NOTE C - OVERSIGHT AGENCIES

The Federal oversight agency for the City is the U.S. Department of Homeland Security.

The State oversight agency for the City is the Wisconsin Department of Transportation.

CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Basic Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

No

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None Reported

Noncompliance material to basic financial statements noted?

No

Federal Awards Programs

Internal control over major program:

Material weakness(es) identified?

No

• Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None Reported Unmodified

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported

Offillou

in accordance with Section 510(a) of Circular A-133?

Identification of major federal program:

No

CFDA Number	Name of Federal Program
20.500	Federal Transit Capital Improvement Grants
20.507	Federal Transit Formula Grant

Identification of major state programs:

State ID Number	Name of State Program
Otate ID I valido	realite of State Frogram
395 104	Urban Mass Transit Operating Assistance

Audit threshold used to determine between Type A and Type B federal programs: Audit threshold used to determine between Type A and Type B state programs: Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee

\$300,000

\$100,000

Ν

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

Finding No.	Financial Statement Findings

There were no findings noted for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Finding No.	Internal Control Deficiency

There were no findings or questioned costs noted for the year ended December 31, 2013.

CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN

Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings and Corrective Action Plan For the Year Ended December 31, 2013

Prior Year Audit Findings

There were no findings reported in the 2012 Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Corrective Action Plan

There were no findings reported in the 2013 Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.