- (c) "Class B" Club License. The fee for a "Class B" club intoxicating liquor license shall be \$500.00 per year.
- (d) Temporary "Class B" License. The fee for a temporary "Class B" wine license shall be \$10.00 for each event, except that no fee may be charged to a person who, at the same time, applies for a temporary Class "B" license under Wis. Stat. § 125.26(6) for the same event.
- (e) Late Renewal Filing Fee. All renewal applications for intoxicating liquor licenses shall be filed on or before April 15th. A \$25.00 late filing fee shall be assessed for any renewal applications filed after April 15th.
- (f) "Class C" License. The annual fee for a "Class C" retail wine license shall be \$100.00 per year or fractional part thereof.
- (g) Payment of Intoxicating Liquor Fee. The intoxicating liquor license fee shall be paid at least 15 days prior to date the license is to be issued.

(10) "Class A" License Regulations.

- (a) Residence Requirement. All "Class A" intoxicating liquor licensees shall be residents of Manitowoc County, Wisconsin.
- (b) Limitation to One License. A person, firm, partnership or corporation may not hold more than one "Class A" intoxicating liquor license.
- (c) Restriction on Premises. The premises for which the license is issued shall have a separate place of business, but may be part of a building housing other businesses.
- (d) Intoxicating Liquor Sales Only. The licensed premises shall stock and display only intoxicating liquor and related commodities for sale. As used herein, the term **related commodities** shall include other beverages, ready-to-eat snack foods, including frozen pizza, tobacco products and nonfood party supplies such as glasses, napkins and similar items. Customers are prohibited from removing any intoxicating liquor from the licensed premises for purchase in the nonlicensed portion of a business. The licensee shall restrict the purchase of all intoxicating liquor to the licensed premises. Other lawful commodities whether related or unrelated may be checked out at the registers on the licensed premises.
- (11) "Class A" Cider License Regulations. A "Class A" cider license may only be granted to a person, firm or corporation who holds a Class "A" beer license for the same premises.

(12) "Class B" License Regulations.

- (a) Authorized Sales. A retail "Class B" license authorizes the sale of intoxicating liquor to be consumed by the glass only on the premises where it is sold and also authorizes the sale of intoxicating liquor in the original package or container, in multiples not to exceed four liters at any one time, and to be consumed off the premises where sold. Wine, however, may be sold for consumption off the premises in the original package or otherwise in any quantity.
- (b) Number of Licenses. The Common Council may issue as many "Class B" intoxicating liquor licenses as are permitted to be issued under the Wisconsin Statutes.

(13) Provisional Licenses.

- (a) Authority to Issue. Pursuant to Wis. Stat. §§ 125.17(5) and 125.185, the City Clerk is hereby authorized to issue provisional operator's licenses and retail licenses as provided for in those Statutes. A provisional license shall not be issued by the City Clerk until the Clerk has received the recommendation of the Police Department following a records check of the applicant, and the Clerk may not issue a provisional license to any applicant if the Police Department recommends denial of the application to the Public Utilities and Licensing Committee.
- (b) Application Required. A provisional license may only be issued to a person who has applied for an operator's license or a retail license described in Wis. Stat. § 125.185(2).
- (c) License Fee. The fee for any provisional operator's license or provisional retail license hereunder shall be \$15.00.
- (d) Expiration. A provisional license issued under this subsection shall expire 60 days after its issuance or when a retail license or operator's license, as applicable, is issued to the applicant, whichever occurs first.
- (e) Limitation. No person may hold more than one provisional retail license for each type of license applied for by the holder per year.
- (f) Revocation. The City Clerk may revoke a provisional operator's license if the Clerk discovers that the holder of the license made a false statement on the application.