

# City of Manitowoc, WI

# ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

# ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

# INCLUDING AUDITORS' REPORTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,

2022

**Prepared by Department of Finance** 

Shawn M. Alfred, Finance Director Erika Luebke, Comptroller

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# CITY OF MANITOWOC

#### WISCONSIN, USA

www.manitowoc.org

July 31, 2023

Honorable Mayor Justin M. Nickels Common Council City of Manitowoc Citizens City of Manitowoc Manitowoc, Wisconsin 54220

Mayor Nickels,

Wisconsin Statute Section 86.303(5)(g) requires that all municipalities having a population of 25,000 or more must publish within seven (7) months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, submitted herewith is the annual financial report of the City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. This report was prepared by the City's Finance Department.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Manitowoc. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City of Manitowoc has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Manitowoc's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City of Manitowoc's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City of Manitowoc's financial statements have been audited by KerberRose, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Manitowoc for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of Manitowoc's financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP.

The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report. The independent audit of the financial statements of the City of

Manitowoc was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the Single Audit Section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Manitowoc's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

#### **Profile of the Government**

The City of Manitowoc is the County Seat of Manitowoc County, located in east central Wisconsin. The City is approximately 75 minutes north of Milwaukee, 20 minutes southeast of Green Bay and 150 minutes north of Chicago, Illinois. The City encompasses 18.503 square miles totaling 11,842 acres. It is located on Lake Michigan in a natural harbor formed by an outlet of the Manitowoc River. The City was incorporated on March 12, 1870. With an estimated 2022 population of 34,570, the population of Manitowoc has decreased .16% since the 2020 Census report of 34,626, increased 2.47% since the 2010 Census report of 33,736, and increased 1.50% since the 2000 Census report of 34,053. The population and square mile statistics combine to produce a population density of 1,868 persons per square mile. This indicates ample land for future growth and orderly development. The City of Manitowoc is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries. It also is empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which occurs periodically when deemed appropriate by the governing council.

The City of Manitowoc operates under the council-mayor form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a governing council consisting of a mayor who is elected at large to a four-year term, and council of 10 members elected to two-year staggered terms on the basis of district representations. The council is elected on a non-partisan basis. The governing council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing department head officials, and approval of mayoral member appointments to council committees, various boards and commissions. The mayor is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the governing council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the government, economic development, monitoring and lobbying state and federal legislation, and compilation of an executive budget recommendation.

The City provides a full range of municipal services contemplated by statute or character, including public safety, streets, sanitation, parks-recreation-culture, public improvements, planning and zoning, transit, water and electric systems, and general administrative services. Public safety is provided with four fire stations and 50 firefighters, a rescue squad manned by 50 members trained to paramedic skill level and a police department with 65 sworn officers. The Public Works Department is responsible for the engineering, designing and inspection of City construction projects, and maintenance of public roadways within the City. The City owns the Manitowoc Public Utilities, which is governed by a seven-member commission. The Department of Parks and Recreation maintains the City's parkland and recreational buildings and coordinates a year-round recreation program for Manitowoc residents. Total full time equivalent municipal employment numbers 373 with minimal part time and several seasonal employees. The Manitowoc Public School District, a unified school district, offers a comprehensive program for students in pre-kindergarten through the 12th grade. The district has the 30th largest enrollment among the 430 public school districts in the state. The District operates one comprehensive high school, an

alternative high school (operating as a charter school), two middle schools, five grade K-5 elementary schools, and one elementary school that serves 4K-5th grade and Head Start students. Higher education is provided by the University of Wisconsin-Green Bay, Manitowoc Campus, which specializes in freshmen/sophomore curriculum for students to begin their studies before transferring to four-year undergraduate public or private colleges. Within commuting distance, Lakeshore Technical College in Cleveland, Wisconsin is a public, non-profit college. The college has evolved from mainly offering basic skill courses to the need of technical skills and offering technical courses in computers and other sophisticated equipment.

The annual operating budget serves as the foundation for the City of Manitowoc's financial planning and control. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them and is legally enacted by council action no later than November 30. The budget as enacted includes total expenditures at the organization level. An organization can be a department, division, fund or other activity. Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations at this level. The general fund, special revenue funds, debt service fund and capital projects funds have legally adopted budgets. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each of these funds. For the general fund, this comparison is presented as part of the basic financial statements for the governmental funds. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, with appropriated annual budgets, this comparison is presented in the other supplemental information subsection of this report.

Behind the Statistical Section of this document, you will find narratives about every department that forms the City of Manitowoc's governmental structure. Some highlights found in this section will be the various forms of insurance the city has and how it is funded; the responsibilities of the City Clerk's office; the activities going on in the Mayor's office; the community development outlook regarding growth in residential, commercial and industrial areas; the statistics of the Public Safety divisions; the data compiled and tracked by the Department of Public Infrastructure regarding streets, sewers, parks, transportation, recreation; the events at the Rahr-West Art Museum; the activities at the Library; and narratives from our Wastewater Treatment Facility, and the schools located in the City of Manitowoc (includes Lakeshore Technical College).

#### Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City of Manitowoc operates.

Long-Range Financial Plan. The City of Manitowoc Engineering Department prepares a Five-Year Capital Improvement Plan (CIP). The plan contains capital and infrastructure costs of \$5,000 or more based on the City's capitalization policy. The CIP details annual funding sources, expenditures, and narrative descriptions for the capital improvements. The CIP is updated on an annual basis and is used as a planning document during the annual budget process. The development of the next year's budget is critiqued and analyzed by a group called the Capital Allocation Working Group (CAWG). The Finance Director has strived for a Pay-as-you-go plan which stipulates the amount of new debt acceptable to meet that plan's agenda to pay for annual and smaller dollar amounts out of the operational budget. With these factors and recommendations, the Council/Mayor will ultimately approve the capital budget.

**Financial Policies.** The City of Manitowoc has adopted a comprehensive set of financial policies as guidelines for the annual budget process. The adopted policies consist of the following: Unassigned General Fund Balance; Debt Management; Budget Exception Reporting; Capitalization Threshold; Major Equipment and Vehicle Acquisition; and Disposal of Surplus Equipment. Along with these policies, a Purchasing-Budget-Accounting Guidebook was adopted initially on November 18, 2014 and continues to be updated. The Purchasing-Budget-Accounting Guidebook has been amended several

times since inception and includes chapters on Uniform Grant Guidance, Internal Controls, Fraud Detection and Prevention, Continuing Disclosure Compliance and Investment policies.

**Economic Information/Outlook.** The City of Manitowoc is a stabilized community, with anticipation of future growth, with an estimated 2022 population of 34,570 and a 2022 equalized valuation of \$2,682,419,000.

The City of Manitowoc has experienced economic stability via a skilled labor force and appears to be poised for growth in 2023 due to various industrial and commercial developments. The Community Development narrative is a great resource to highlight the many new, expanding existing, and pending businesses that want to build here in the City of Manitowoc.

The unemployment rate for the City of Manitowoc in December 2022 was 3.1%, slight increase from 3% in December 2021. The State of Wisconsin's December 2022 unemployment rate was 3.2%. The minimal change to the unemployment rate continues to detail the employment impact as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. There are more jobs that need to be filled, than workers available.

#### **Awards and Acknowledgements**

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) award Certificates of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports. The City of Manitowoc was selected as a recipient of the GFOA Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2021.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such annual financial reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year. The City of Manitowoc has received the Certificate of Achievement for fiscal years ended 1997, consecutive years 1999 thru 2009 and 2011 thru 2021. We believe that our current annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of ALL City employees. We would like to express our appreciation to City department staff members who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Lastly, and equally important, we would like to thank the Mayor and City Council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Manitowoc's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Shawn M. Alfred Finance Director/Treasurer Erika Luebke Comptroller

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#### Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# City of Manitowoc Wisconsin

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

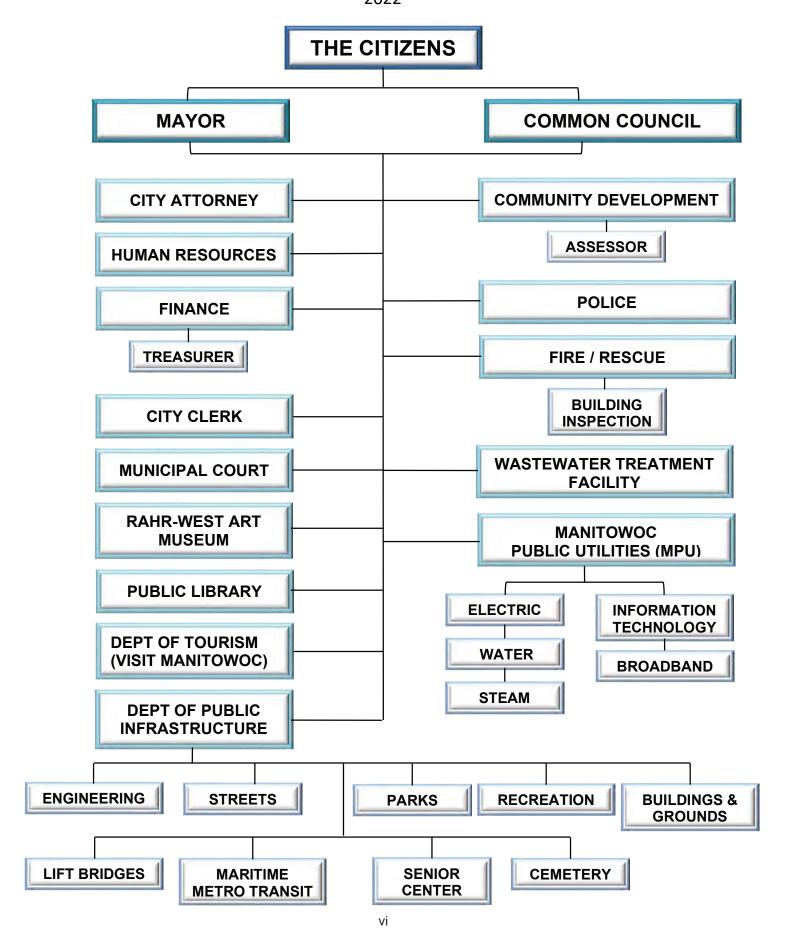
December 31, 2021

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

#### **CITY OF MANITOWOC**

TABLE OF ORGANIZATION 2022



### General Information

#### **ELECTED OFFICIALS**

		Term Expires
Mayor	Justin M. Nickels	April 2025
Common Council President	Steven Czekala	April 2023
Aldermanic District		
1	Brett Vanderkin	April 2023
2	Chad Beeman	April 2023
3	Michael Cummings	April 2023
4	James N. Brey	April 2024
5	Darian Kaderabek	April 2024
6	Eric Sitkiewitz	April 2024
7	Tim Boldt	April 2023
8	Bill Schlei	April 2024
9	Steven Czekala	April 2024
10	Todd Reckelberg	April 2023

#### **General Information**

#### Department Heads and Appointed Officials

#### December 31, 2022

		Length of Time in this Position	Length of Employment with City of Manitowoc
Finance Director/Treasurer	Vacant	years	years
City Clerk	Mackenzie Reed	2.08 years	5.42 years
City Attorney	Vacant	years	years
Human Resources	Jessie Lillibridge	6.42 years	20.50 years
Municipal Judge	Steven R. Olson	14.67 years	14.67 years
Director of Public Infrastructure	Daniel Koski	9.50 years	9.50 years
Police Chief	Nick Reimer	7.00 years	26.42 years
Fire Chief	Todd Blaser	8.75 years	13.50 years
Community Development Director	Adam Tegen	3.21 years	3.21 years
Superintendent Wastewater Treatment Facility	Michael Jaeger	6.00 years	15.33 years
Director Rahr-West Art Museum	Jon G. Vadney	10.25 years	10.25 years
General Manager Public Utilities	Troy Adams	3.00 years	3.00 years
Director Public Library	Karin Adams	0.28 years	0.28 years
Emergency Government Coordinator	Todd Blaser	8.25 years	13.50 years
Director of Tourism	Courtney Hansen	0.85 years	0.85 years

#### CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

KerberRose, Oshkosh, Wisconsin

#### **BOND COUNSEL**

Quarles & Brady, Milwaukee, Wisconsin

#### FINANCIAL CONSULTANTS

Robert W. Baird & Co., Inc., Milwaukee, Wisconsin







#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

To the City Council City of Manitowoc Manitowoc, Wisconsin

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin (City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



To the City Council City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin

Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages MD&A 1 through MD&A 12, and schedules of employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) and employer contributions - Wisconsin Retirement System, schedule of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios, and schedules of employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability and employer contributions – other post-employment benefits other than pensions – local retiree life insurance fund on pages 64 through 67, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin's basic financial statements. The financial information listed in the table of contents as supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are presented for purposes of additional analysis, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principals, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and *the State Single Audit Guidelines* issued by the Wisconsin Department of Administration, are also not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements.

To the City Council City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin

#### Supplementary Information (Continued)

The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information and the schedules of federal awards and state financial assistance are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises of the introductory and statistical sections, but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### **Prior Year Summarized Information**

We have previously audited the City's 2021 financial statements, and we expressed unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information in our report dated July 29, 2022. The supplementary information for the year ended December 31, 2021, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2021 basic financial statements. The information was subjected to audit procedures applied in the audit of those basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

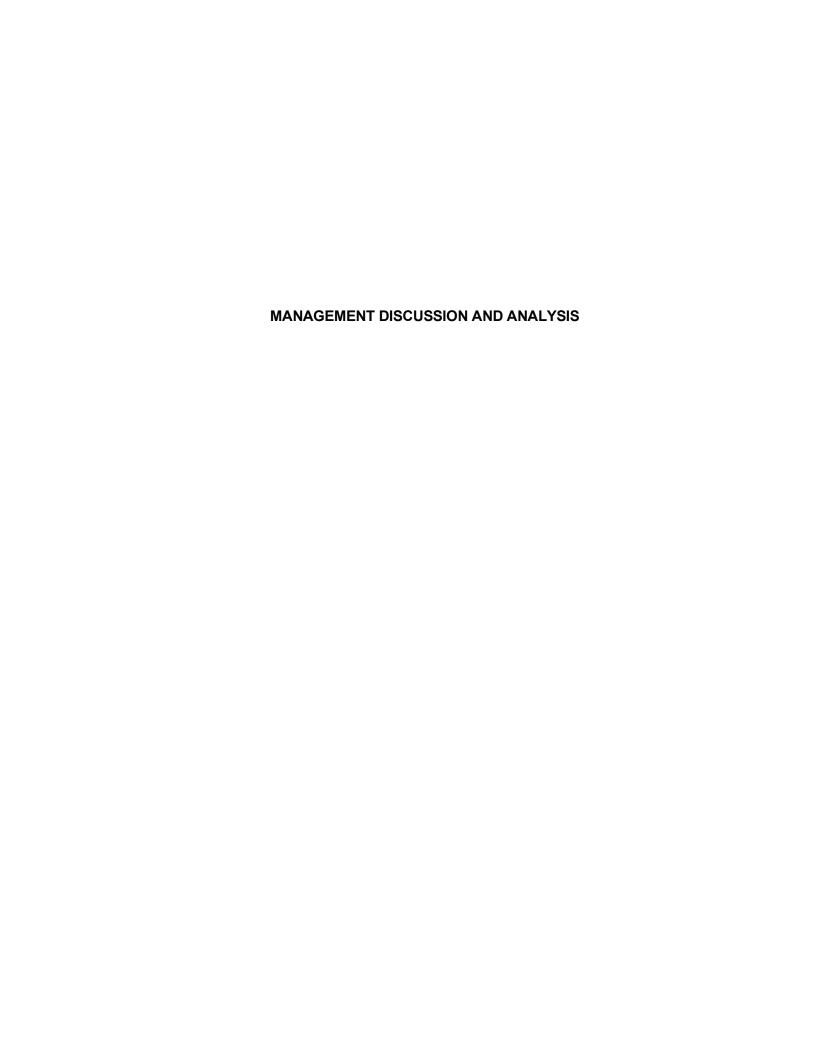
#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 31, 2023 on our consideration of the City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

KerberRose SC

**KerberRose SC Certified Public Accountants**Oshkosh, Wisconsin

July 31, 2023



#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

As management of the City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin, we offer readers of the City of Manitowoc's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i-iv of this report.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Manitowoc exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$344,430,745 (net position). Of this amount, \$79,395,255 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The net position of governmental activities, as restated, decreased \$795,197 and business type activities decreased by \$6,592,210 for a total decrease in net position of \$7,387,407 or (2.1%). The decrease in governmental activities is mainly attributable to the effect of recording adjustments due to GASB Statements No. 68 and 75 related to pension and other postemployment liabilities. The decrease in business activities is mainly attributable to decreased production of the electric utility.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Manitowoc's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$28,294,256 an increase of \$2,276,039 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$4,717,427, or 16.3% of total general fund expenditures of \$28,937,487 or 19.7% of general fund revenues of \$23,957,318.
- The City of Manitowoc's total general obligation debt increased by \$4,482,422 during the current fiscal year. The main factors in this increase were the issuance of general obligation bonds/notes and refunding of \$15,085,000 and the retirement of outstanding general obligation bonds/notes and the results of refunding amounting to \$10,602,578. For the business-type activities, there was no new revenue bond debt incurred. The Wastewater Treatment Facility retired revenue bond debt principal of \$608,314. The Electric Utility and Water Utility continue to carry no general obligation or revenue bond debt.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Manitowoc's basic financial statements. The City of Manitowoc's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements.** The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Manitowoc's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all the City of Manitowoc's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Manitowoc is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in the future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Manitowoc that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City of Manitowoc include general government, public safety, public works, health and human services, conservation and development, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the City of Manitowoc include the Water, Electric, Steam, Broadband, Wastewater, and Transit.

The government-wide financial statements include the City of Manitowoc itself (known as the *primary government*). The Water, Electric, Steam, and Broadband Utility are managed by an independent commission known as Manitowoc Public Utilities, but are departments of the City of Manitowoc, and therefore have been included as an integral part of the primary government.

The government-wide statements can be found in the financial section of this report immediately following management's discussion and analysis.

**Fund financial statements.** A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Manitowoc, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Manitowoc can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City of Manitowoc maintains 48 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund and the debt service fund, which are being considered major governmental funds. Data from the other 46 governmental funds are combined into a single,

aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The City of Manitowoc adopts an annual appropriated budget for the general fund, debt service fund and certain special revenue and capital project funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for each of these funds to demonstrate compliance.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found in the financial section of this report immediately following the government-wide financial statements.

**Proprietary funds.** The City of Manitowoc maintains two different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Manitowoc uses enterprise funds to account for the Manitowoc Public Electric, Water, Steam, Broadband Utility, Wastewater, and the Transit System. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City of Manitowoc's various functions. The City of Manitowoc uses internal service funds to account for its data processing, health self-insurance, workers compensation self-insurance, and liability self-insurance. Because these services predominately benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water, electric, and wastewater as all are considered to be major funds of the City of Manitowoc. Conversely, the internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in the report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found in the financial section of this report immediately following the basic governmental fund financial statements.

**Fiduciary funds.** Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the City of Manitowoc's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found in the financial section of this report immediately following the proprietary fund financial statements.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the fiduciary fund financial statements.

Required supplementary information. Information related to the organizations other post-employment benefit plans and the net pension liability (asset) of the Wisconsin Retirement System can be found immediately following the notes to the financial statements.

**Other supplemental information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report presents the combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds and internal service funds. Also included is information on capital assets used in the operation of government funds. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found immediately following the required supplementary information and notes to the financial statements.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Manitowoc, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$344,430,745 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the City of Manitowoc's net position (66.8 percent) reflects its investments in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure), less accumulated depreciation and any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City of Manitowoc uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City of Manitowoc's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City of Manitowoc's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions that are \$35,009,280 or 10.2 percent restricted on how they may be used. The remaining balance is unrestricted net position that is 23.0 percent or \$79,395,255 of net position that may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

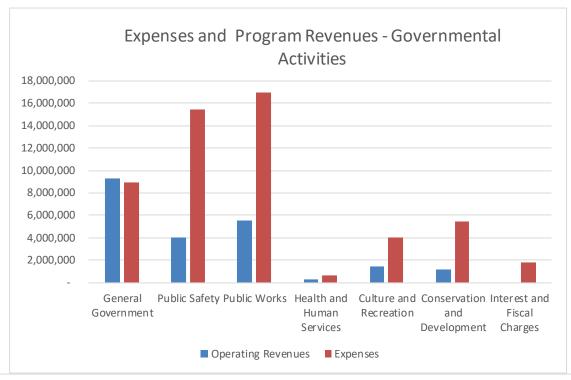
City of Manitowoc Summarized Statement of Net Position													
							Total						
	Governmental	Business-type	Governmental	Business-type			Percentage						
	Activities	Activities	Activities	Activities	Total	Total	Change						
	2021	2021	2022	2022	2021	2022	2021-2022						
Current & other assets	\$ 68,153,418	\$ 126,929,345	\$ 72,603,944	\$ 123,345,547	\$ 195,082,763	\$ 195,949,491	0.44%						
Capital assets	146,426,747	157,515,981	146,215,502	154,615,680	303,942,728	300,831,182	-1.02%						
Total assets	214,580,165	284,445,326	218,819,446	277,961,227	499,025,491	496,780,673	-0.45%						
Deferred outflow of													
resources	15,759,841	18,986,241	22,965,636	21,703,197	34,746,082	44,668,833	28.56%						
Long-term liabilities													
outstanding	6,521,205	36,859,175	16,744,703	36,205,614	43,380,380	52,950,317	22.06%						
Other liabilities	70,954,409	13,973,973	65,597,582	13,839,842	84,928,382	79,437,424	-6.47%						
Total liabilities	77,475,614	50,833,148	82,342,285	50,045,456	128,308,762	132,387,741	3.18%						
Deferred inflow of													
resources	44,485,407	9,159,252	51,859,009	12,772,011	53,644,659	64,631,020	20.48%						
Net position:													
Net investment in													
capital assets	90,376,584	148,818,332	83,499,866	146,526,344	239,194,916	230,026,210	-3.83%						
Restricted	17,260,467	13,134,662	20,611,973	14,397,307	30,395,129	35,009,280	15.18%						
Unrestricted	741,934	81,486,173	3,471,949	75,923,306	82,228,107	79,395,255	-3.45%						
Net position:	\$ 108,378,985	\$ 243,439,167	\$ 107,583,788	\$ 236,846,957	\$ 351,818,152	\$ 344,430,745	-2.10%						

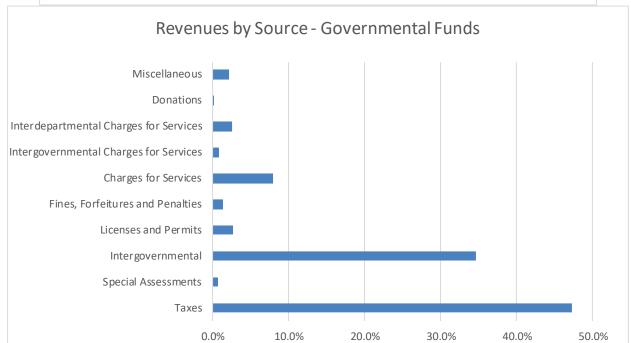
#### **Governmental Activities**

Property taxes increased by \$1,106,593 (6.1 percent) during the year. Property tax increases were levied for special revenues, debt service, TIF increments, and capital projects. Property tax levy increases where for general purposes, and transit for the net of \$1,471,310.

The net position of governmental activities decreased by \$795,197. A few items that contributed to the decrease are in operating grants and contributions in public works; and in Charges for Services and Operating Grants in Conservation and Development.

Cit	ty of Manitowoo	Summarized Sta	tement of Chang	es in Net Position			
	Gove	nmental	Busine	ess-type			
	Act	ivities	Acti	vities	Totals		
	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Fees, fines, & charges							
for services	\$ 13,265,423		\$ 79,943,305	\$ 84,969,146	\$ 93,208,728	\$ 97,596,871	
Operating grants and contributions	9,547,05	6,278,396	2,079,108	2,204,393	11,626,165	8,482,789	
Capital grants and contributions	814,473	2,937,664	2,298,170	1,688,601	3,112,643	4,626,265	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	18,294,247	19,400,840	30,000	316,060	18,324,247	19,716,900	
Other taxes	1,482,77	1,518,416	-	-	1,482,771	1,518,416	
Grants & contributions not restricted					-	-	
to specific programs	6,258,773		-	-	6,258,773	6,156,589	
Other	1,017,046	(365,257)	1,074,666	(787,693)		(1,152,950)	
Total revenues	50,679,790	48,554,373	85,425,249	88,390,507	136,105,039	136,944,880	
Expenses:							
General government	7,671,369	8,956,182	-	-	7,671,369	8,956,182	
Public safety	15,588,65	15,475,966	-	-	15,588,651	15,475,966	
Public works	6,880,423	16,941,280	-	-	6,880,423	16,941,280	
Health and human services	344,480	677,106	-	-	344,480	677,106	
Culture and recreation	5,411,679	4,019,517	-	-	5,411,679	4,019,517	
Conservation & development	11,030,30	5,455,076	-	-	11,030,301	5,455,076	
Interest & fiscal charges	1,842,740	1,809,708	-	-	1,842,746	1,809,708	
Water	-	-	6,368,121	7,165,406	6,368,121	7,165,406	
Electric	-	-	59,845,891	71,241,633	59,845,891	71,241,633	
Wastewater	-	-	5,738,298	7,422,170	5,738,298	7,422,170	
Steam	-	-	1,505,893	2,369,954	1,505,893	2,369,954	
Broadband	-	-	187,316	149,609	187,316	149,609	
Transit	-	-	2,476,316	2,648,680	2,476,316	2,648,680	
Total expenses	48,769,649	53,334,835	76,121,835	90,997,452	124,891,484	144,332,287	
Increase (decrease)in net position before	1,910,14	(4,780,462)	9,303,414	(2,606,945)	11,213,555	(7,387,407)	
Transfers	3,998,94		(3,998,944)			, , ,	
Increase (decrease)in net position	5,909,085	(795,197)	5,304,470	(6,592,210)	11,213,555	(7,387,407)	
Net Position - January 1, Restated	102,469,900		238,134,697	243,439,167	340,604,597	351,818,152	
Net Position - December 31	\$ 108,378,985		\$ 243,439,167	\$ 236,846,957	\$ 351,818,152	\$ 344,430,745	

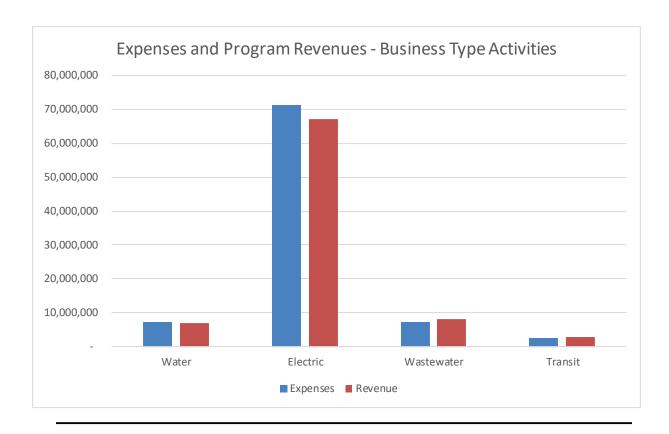


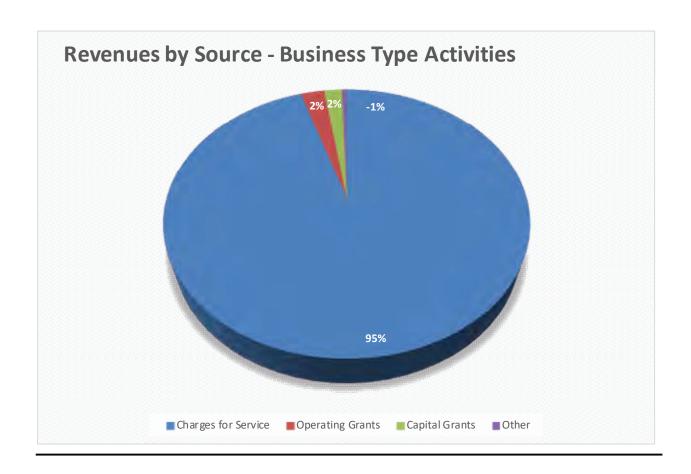


**Business-type activities.** Business-type activities decreased the City of Manitowoc's net position by \$6,592,210. Key elements of this increase are as follows.

- The Water Utility decreased net position by \$816,969.
- The Electric Utility decreased net position by \$6,526,958.
- The Steam Utility decreased net position by \$133,729.
- The Broadband Utility increased net position by \$227,811.
- The Wastewater Treatment Plant increased net position by \$627,570.
- The Transit System increased net position by \$30,065.

The decreases in net position above were due to increased operating costs, decreases in production and the effect of recording adjustments due to GASB Statement No. 68.





#### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Manitowoc uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City of Manitowoc's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Manitowoc's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of December 31, 2022, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$28,294,256, an increase of \$2,276,039 in comparison with the prior year. The breakdown of fund balance is: Non-spendable \$2,234,507; Restricted \$14,533,491; Committed \$5,214,486; Assigned \$2,327,422 and Unassigned \$3,984,350.

The *Non-spendable* portion of fund balance includes prepaid supplies and items and long-term accounts and interfund receivables (amounts that are not in cash and not available for current expenditure or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact). *Restricted* fund balance represents resources that

have constraints placed on their use imposed by external sources such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments. *Committed* fund balance represents resources that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority. In contrast to a fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, amounts in the committed fund balance classification may be redeployed for other purposes with appropriate due process. *Assigned* fund balance represents amounts constrained by the government with the intent that the funds be used for specific purposes within the fund. *Unassigned* fund balance represents the residual classification (amount) that has not been assigned, committed, or restricted.

The *general fund* is the chief operating fund of the City of Manitowoc. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance was \$4,717,427 while total fund balance was \$8,581,755. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures, which total (\$28,937,487). Unassigned fund balance represents 16.3 percent of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 29.7 percent of that same amount.

The fund balance of the City of Manitowoc's general fund decreased by \$523,632 during the current fiscal year. The key factors in this decrease are as follows:

- Economic situation resulted in a significant decrease of interest income from investments. About 120% decrease from the previous year.
- The turnover of Public Safety staff has precipitated the need for scheduling overtime to cover absences/gaps to be sure we are staffing to either required or needed levels.

The *debt service* fund does not typically carry a fund balance unless there is a specific intent to place funds there for the availability to make future payments on certain debt.

The funds received by the Lake Michigan Car ferry in October of each year are for the SIB repayment to the State of Wisconsin in the subsequent year.

Revenues to help offset the tax are realized from special assessment revenues, transfers from other funds, and interest earned.

**Proprietary funds.** The City of Manitowoc's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position at the end of the year amounted to the following:

- Water Utility \$12,692,040
- Electric Utility \$44,372,136
- Steam Utility \$1,600,241
- Broadband Utility \$1,770,993
- Wastewater Treatment Plant \$13,931,705
- Transit System \$1,556,191

Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City of Manitowoc's business-type activities.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Actual revenues came in higher than budgeted by \$295,799. The increased revenues were mostly from the COVID-19 aids and public charges for service.

Actual expenditures were under the budget by \$250,758. The most notable savings were from the General Government and Public Works divisions. These savings offset overages related to public safety and culture and recreation expenditures.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

Capital assets. The City of Manitowoc's investment in capital assets as of December 31, 2022, for its governmental activities amounted to \$146,215,502 and business type activities amounted to \$154,615,680 for total capital assets of \$300,831,182 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, roads, sewers, and bridges.

Major capital asset events (additions and retirements) during the current fiscal year included the following:

#### Governmental Activities:

- Land had no additions
- Construction in Progress decreased \$2,218,321
- Buildings and Improvements increased \$1,057,177
- Machinery and equipment decreased \$611,543
- Infrastructure construction (streets and sewers), net acquisitions \$1,354,494

#### Business-Type Activities:

- Land had no change
- Buildings and Improvements decreased \$2,857,973
- Machinery and equipment decreased \$957,595
- Infrastructure increased \$1,029,691
- Construction in progress decreased \$114,424

City of Manitowoc's Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)												
		Governme	ntal	Activities		Business-ty	pe A	ctivities		Tot	tals	
		2021		2022		2021		2022		2021		2022
Land	\$	9,242,029	\$	9,242,029	\$	2,647,596	\$	2,647,596	\$	11,889,625	\$	11,889,625
Buildings &												
improvements		14,073,267		15,130,444		90,382,482		87,524,509		104,455,749		102,654,953
Right to use asset		504,328		711,276		-		-		504,328		711,276
Machinery &												
equipment		19,038,080		18,426,537		12,816,781		11,859,186		31,854,861		30,285,723
Infrastructure		100,039,312		101,393,806		50,301,165		51,330,856		150,340,477		152,724,662
Construction in progress		3,529,731		1,311,410		1,367,957		1,253,533		4,897,688		2,564,943
Total	\$	146,426,747	\$	146,215,502	\$	157,515,981	\$	154,615,680	\$	303,942,728	\$	300,831,182

Additional information on the City of Manitowoc's capital assets can be found in Note 5 of this report's notes to the financial statements.

**Long-term debt.** At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Manitowoc has total bonded debt outstanding of \$72,147,806. Of this amount, \$64,058,470 comprises of debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government. The remainder of the City of Manitowoc's debt, \$8,089,336 represents bonds secured solely by customer revenues (i.e., revenue bonds).

City of Manitowoc's Outstanding Debt												
General Obligation Debt												
Governmental Activities Business-type Activities Totals												
		2021		2022 2021 2022						2021	2022	
General Obligation Bonds	\$	26,533,000	\$	28,769,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	26,533,000	\$	28,769,000
General Obligation Notes		33,043,048		35,289,470		-		-		33,043,048		35,289,470
Revenue Bonds		-		-	8,697,650		8,697,650		8,089,336			
	\$	59,576,048	\$	64,058,470	\$	8,697,650	\$	8,089,336	\$	68,273,698	\$	72,147,806

The City of Manitowoc's total debt increased by \$3,874,108 during the current fiscal year.

The factors of this increase are the issuance of general obligation bonds/notes of \$15,085,000 and the retirement of outstanding general obligation bonds/notes amounting to \$10,602,578 for a net increase of \$4,482,422.

On the business activity side, there was no new debt issued. There was the retirement of \$608,314 for the Wastewater Treatment Facility. The Electric Utility and Water Utility hold no general obligation or revenue bond debt at this time.

During the current fiscal year, the government sold the following bond issues:

On April 18, 2022, \$6,440,000 of G.O. Promissory Notes at an interest rate of 4.0% with term notes through 2032; \$3,520,000 of G.O. Note Anticipation Notes at an interest rate of 1.42% with a maturity of 2024, \$1,465,000 of G.O. Refunding Bonds at an interest rate of 3.0 to 4.0% with term bonds through 2042, and \$3,660,000 of G.O. Refunding Bonds at an interest rate of 4.0% with notes maturing in 2042.

The City of Manitowoc maintains an excellent financial rating for general obligation debt of "AA-" with a stable outlook from Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC (S & P).

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a government entity may issue to 5 percent of its total equalized valuation. The current debt limitation for the City of Manitowoc is \$134,120,950, which is significantly in excess of the City of Manitowoc's outstanding general obligation debt of \$64,058,470.

Additional information on the City of Manitowoc's long-term debt can be found in Note 8 of this report's notes to the financial statements.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

The following factors were considered in preparing the City of Manitowoc's budget for the 2023 fiscal year.

- The tax rate included in the budget for city services would be at or below the allowable level under the State imposed levy limits.
- Added contingency for Compensation plan including market adjustments and step increases for non-represented employees.
- The 2023 city budget is within range for compliance of the Expenditure Restraint Program.

- The city tries to fund a 'Pay-Go' item every year. In 2023, \$500,000 was added to the Community Development Department for Downtown Manitowoc improvements. In addition, the Parks Department is allocated \$20,000 for Playground Equipment.
- The city is committed to continue development efforts in the TID 22 area.
- The transfer of Wastewater Treatment Facility to Manitowoc Public Utilities.

Historically, using a 10 year lookback, the city returns on average \$360,000 back to the general fund each fiscal year. Therefore, it is management's opinion that we will maintain the city's unassigned general fund balance. The planned level of unassigned fund balance is set by policy at 15-30% of revenues. Even with decreased during 2022, and the prior two years, the city remained compliant with our unassigned fund balance policy. The city will maintain the unassigned fund balance within the targeted range.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Manitowoc's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the financial information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Finance Director, 900 Quay Street, Manitowoc, Wisconsin, 54220-4543. The Finance Director/Treasurer's Office may be contacted via phone at (920) 686-6960 or via the internet. Please visit us at <a href="https://www.manitowoc.org">www.manitowoc.org</a>



Statement of Net Position As of December 31, 2022

With Summarized Comparative Information as of December 31, 2021

	Cavammant		Business Tune		т.	-4-1	
	Government Activities	aı	Business -Type Activities	_	2022	otal	2021
ASSETS							
Current Assets	<b></b>	447	¢ 05 400 400	•	00 400 000	•	00 005 005
Cash and Investments Taxes Receivable	\$ 34,244, 11,711,		\$ 65,182,183 167,202	\$	99,426,300 11,878,557	\$	98,925,205 11,528,403
Due from Other Governments	795,		1,068,631		1,864,201		3,038,726
Accounts Receivable	1,465,		5,024,540		6,490,215		11,124,511
Other Receivables		,059	4,678,360		4,759,419		25,114
Special Assessments	876,	,688	-		876,688		918,468
Delinquent Property Taxes	28,	,994	-		28,994		14,440
Internal Balances	(364,		364,476		-		-
Inventories and Prepaid Items	1,486,		6,869,908		8,356,000		4,407,640
Lease Receivable	330,		79,242		409,552		419,010
Restricted Cash and Investments  Total Current Assets	1,279, 51,935,		11,572,156 95,006,698	_	12,851,854 146,941,780		12,904,323 143,305,840
Total Current Assets		,002	35,000,030		140,341,700		140,000,040
Noncurrent Assets							
Net Pension Asset	11,300,		4,683,961		15,984,447		12,289,448
Lease Receivable	4,482,		1,184,139		5,666,951		6,076,503
Loans Receivable	3,774,	,138	2,338,370		6,112,508		6,596,855
Investment in ATC		-	15,057,727		15,057,727		14,255,623
Rate Stablization Deposit	4 4 4 4	406	3,951,067		3,951,067		9,000,000
Investment in CVMIC Non-Utility Property	1,111,	,420	1,123,585		1,111,426 1,123,585		1,111,426 1,124,291
Other Assets			1,120,300		1,123,303		1,239,966
Capital Assets - Nondepreciable	10,553,	439	3,901,129		14,454,568		16,787,313
Capital Assets - Depreciable, Net of Depreciation	135,662,		150,714,551		286,376,614		287,155,415
Total Noncurrent Assets	166,884,		182,954,529		349,838,893		355,636,840
					, ,		
TOTAL ASSETS	218,819,	,446_	277,961,227		496,780,673		498,942,680
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Asset Retirement Obligations		-	12,133,332		12,133,332		12,999,999
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension	22,118,	,128	9,167,791		31,285,919		20,396,271
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to							
Other Post-Employment Benefits - LRLIF	545,		300,571		845,601		774,189
Other Post-Employment Benefits - Single-Employer Plan  Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	22,965,	,478 636	101,503 21,703,197		403,981 44,668,833		575,623 34,746,082
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities							
Accounts Payable	2,282,		5,126,881		7,409,474		7,961,905
Accrued and Other Current Liabilities	1,666,		4,809,246		6,475,971		7,257,859
Accrued Interest Payable	737,		24,061		761,507		627,827
Due to Other Governments Deposits from Others		,536 ,269	1,668,080 986,413		1,673,616 1,023,682		883,195 914,942
Current Portion of Long-Term Obligations	10,297,		1,225,161		11,522,491		14,462,329
Unearned Revenues	10,201,	,000	1,220,101		11,022,401		14,402,020
American Rescue Plan Act Funds	1,717,				1,717,804		1,704,998
Total Current Liabilities	16,744,	,703_	13,839,842		30,584,545		33,813,055
Noncurrent Liabilities							
Compensated Absences	2,953,	,843	1,439,517		4,393,360		5,354,481
Asset Retirement Obligations		-	26,000,000		26,000,000		26,000,000
Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability - LRLIF	1,641,	,940	905,488		2,547,428		3,421,818
Other Post-Employment Benefits	700	0.40	070.050		4 000 004		
Liability - Single-Employer Plan  Noncurrent Portion of Long-Term Obligations	796, 60,205,		272,952		1,069,001		- F0 710 400
Total NonCurrent Liabilities	65,597,		7,587,657 36,205,614	_	67,793,407 101,803,196		59,719,408 94,495,707
					, ,		2 1, 12 2,1 21
TOTAL LIABILITIES	82,342,	,285	50,045,456		132,387,741		128,308,762
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Taxes Levied for Subsequent Period	20,164,	,179	316,060		20,480,239		19,828,417
Special Charges on Subsequent Tax Roll		-	9,670		9,670		10,495
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension	26,602,		11,026,601		37,629,287		26,916,610
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Lease Receivable	4,813,	,122	1,263,381		6,076,503		6,495,513
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to:	407	054	100 504		004 475		000 000
Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability - LRLIF	187,		103,524		291,175		238,668
Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability - Single-Employer Plan  Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	91, 51,859,	,371 nna	52,775 12,772,011		144,146 64,631,020		72,145 53,561,848
Total Deterred lilliows of Nesbulles	51,659,	,000	12,112,011		04,031,020	-	JJ,JJ 1,040
NET POSITION							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	83,499,	,866	146,526,344		230,026,210		239,194,916
Restricted	20,611,	,973	14,397,307		35,009,280		30,395,129
Unrestricted	3,471,		75,923,306		79,395,255		82,228,107
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 107,583,	,788	\$ 236,846,957	\$	344,430,745	\$	351,818,152

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

With Summarized Comparative Information as of December 31, 2021

				Program Revenues					
			(	Charges for	G	Operating Grants and		Capital Grants and	
		Expenses		Services		ontributions	Cc	ontributions	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES									
General Government	\$	8,956,182	\$	6,003,767	\$	448,446	\$	2,855,077	
Public Safety		15,475,966		3,675,787		361,471		-	
Public Works		16,941,280		2,139,736		3,357,529		82,587	
Health and Human Services		677,106		282,586		-		-	
Culture and Recreation		4,019,517		477,068		936,105		-	
Conservation and Development		5,455,076		48,781		1,174,845		-	
Interest and Fiscal Charges		1,809,708		-		-		-	
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>		53,334,835		12,627,725		6,278,396		2,937,664	
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES									
Water Utility		7,165,406		6,942,221		-		912,849	
Electric Utility		71,241,633		67,185,171		-		775,752	
Wastewater Treatment Plant		7,422,170		8,054,440		-		-	
Steam Utility		2,369,954		2,271,656		-		-	
Broadband Utility		149,609		377,638		-		-	
Transit System		2,648,680		138,020		2,204,393		-	
Total Business-Type Activities		90,997,452		84,969,146		2,204,393		1,688,601	
TOTAL CITY OF MANITOWOC	\$	144,332,287	\$	97,596,871	\$	8,482,789	\$	4,626,265	

#### **GENERAL REVENUES**

Taxes:

**General Property Taxes** 

Debt Service

Tax Increments

Other

State and Federal Aids not Restricted to

Specific Functions

Interest and Investment Earnings (Loss)

Insurance Recoveries and Dividends

Gain (Loss) on Asset Sales

Miscellaneous

**Total General Revenues** 

**TRANSFERS** 

**CHANGE IN NET POSITION** 

**NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR - RESTATED** 

**NET POSITION - END OF YEAR** 

# Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Governm Activit		siness-Type Activities		2022		2021
\$ 35	51,108	\$ _	\$	351,108	\$	(2,218,964)
(11,43	38,708)	-		(11,438,708)		(11,975,439)
(11,36	31,428)	-		(11,361,428)		23,421
-	94,520)	-		(394,520)		(62,275)
(2,60	06,344)	-		(2,606,344)		(4,376,020)
(4,23	31,450)	-		(4,231,450)		(4,690,673)
(1,80	9,708)	-		(1,809,708)		(1,842,746)
(31,49	91,050)	-		(31,491,050)		(25,142,696)
	-	689,664		689,664		862,737
	-	(3,280,710)		(3,280,710)		4,073,568
	-	632,270		632,270		2,193,244
	-	(98,298)		(98,298)		271,543
	-	228,029		228,029		89,370
		(306,267)		(306,267)		708,286
	<del></del> .	 (2,135,312)	_	(2,135,312)		8,198,748
(31,49	91,050)	 (2,135,312)		(33,626,362)	(16,943,948)	
10,62	21,357	316,060		10,937,417		9,493,897
	96,802	-		6,996,802		7,075,459
•	32,681	_		1,782,681		1,754,891
•	18,416	-		1,518,416		1,482,771
6,15	56,589	_		6,156,589		6,258,773
(72	27,595)	(900,072)		(1,627,667)		885,559
•	2,610	-		2,610		29,405
15	51,183	(12,168)		139,015		247,447
	08,545	124,547		333,092		929,301
	10,588	(471,633)		26,238,955		28,157,503
3,98	35,265	(3,985,265)		-		
(79	95,197)	(6,592,210)		(7,387,407)		11,213,555
108,37	78,985	243,439,167		351,818,152		340,604,597
\$ 107,58	33,788	\$ 236,846,957	\$	344,430,745	\$	351,818,152

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

# As of December 31, 2022

	 General	D	ebt Service Fund
ASSETS	 _		_
Cash and Investments	\$ 11,212,119	\$	5,436,809
Restricted Cash	-		978,000
Receivables:			
Accounts Receivable	1,056,761		-
Taxes and Special Charges	4,622,024		3,598,556
Delinquent Property Taxes	28,994		-
Due from Other Governments	162,630		-
Special Assessments	580,069		296,619
Interest Receivable	25,290		-
Loans Receivable	-		1,628,055
Due from Other Funds	756,731		-
Inventories and Prepaid Items	 684,743		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 19,129,361	\$	11,938,039
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	\$ 823,839	\$	-
Accrued Liabilities	953,175		-
Due to Other Funds	-		-
Due to Other Governments	3,654		-
Special Deposits	23,934		-
Unearned Revenues			
American Rescue Plan Act Funds	 		
Total Liabilities	 1,804,602		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Taxes Levied for Subsequent Period	8,737,984		6,802,317
Special Assessments	5,020		73,910
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	8,743,004		6,876,227
FUND BALANCES			
Nonspendable	1,536,906		
Restricted	1,550,900		5,061,812
Committed	-		5,001,012
	- 2,327,422		-
Assigned Unassigned (Deficit)	2,327,422 4,717,427		-
Total Fund Balances	 8,581,755		5,061,812
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS			
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 19,129,361	\$	11,938,039

G	Nonmajor overnmental	Totals				
	Funds		2022		2021	
Φ.	45 400 400	Φ.	20 424 007	Φ.	20 045 250	
\$	15,482,169	\$	32,131,097	\$	28,045,256	
	301,698		1,279,698		1,332,167	
	408,914		1,465,675		1,834,972	
	3,490,775		11,711,355		11,358,583	
	-		28,994		14,440	
	109,550		272,180		2,203,422	
	-		876,688		918,468	
	-		25,290		12,880	
	2,146,083		3,774,138		4,305,265	
	-		756,731		2,467,048	
	697,601		1,382,344		602,710	
\$	22,636,790	\$	53,704,190	\$	53,095,211	
\$	875,769	\$	1,699,608	\$	2,235,178	
	-		953,175		1,008,550	
	756,731		756,731		2,467,048	
	-		3,654		3,766	
	11,919		35,853		35,871	
	1,717,804		1,717,804		1,704,998	
	3,362,223		5,166,825		7,455,411	
	4,623,878		20,164,179		19,512,357	
			78,930		109,226	
	4,623,878		20,243,109		19,621,583	
	697,601		2,234,507		1,419,802	
	9,471,679		14,533,491		13,053,864	
	5,214,486		5,214,486		4,979,842	
	-		2,327,422		1,712,583	
_	(733,077)	_	3,984,350	_	4,852,126	
	14,650,689		28,294,256		26,018,217	
\$	22,636,790	\$	53,704,190	\$	53,095,211	

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position As of December 31, 2022

		2022	2021
Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 28,294,256	\$ 26,018,217
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different from the amount reported above as total governmental funds fund balance because:			
Capital assets used in government activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund statements. Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position:  Governmental Capital Assets	\$ 289,501,606		
Governmental Accumulated Depreciation	(143,286,104)	146,215,502	146,160,880
Some receivables that are not currently available are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the fund financial statements but are recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide statements.			
Special Assessments		78,930	109,226
The City's net pension asset and the related deferred outflows and inflows are not currently available or payable and are therefore not reported in the fund financial statements			
Net Pension Asset		11,300,486	8,960,975
Deferred Outflows Related to Pension Deferred Inflows Related to Pension		22,118,128 (26,602,686)	14,872,144 (19,626,516)
Internal service funds are used by management to allocate the costs of data processing for all City departments, health and workers compensation claims from employees, and liability claims to individual funds or departments. The net position of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the			
statement of net position.		2,105,928	2,648,873
The City's other post-employment benefit liability - LRLIF and the related deferred outflows and inflows are not payable in the current period therefore not reported in the fund financial statements			
Net Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability - LRLIF		(1,641,940)	(1,563,951)
Deferred Outflows Related to LRIF Deferred Inflows Related to LRIF		545,030 (187,651)	669,412 (185,937)
The City's single-employer other post-employment benefit liability and the related deferred outflows and inflows are not payable in the current period therefore not reported in the fund financial statements			
Net Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability - Single-Employer Plan		(796,049)	(696,450)
Deferred Outflows Related to Single-Employer Plan Deferred Inflows Related to Single-Employer Plan		302,478 (91,371)	218,285 (16,666)
Noncurrent liabilities, including bonds and capital leases payable, are not due in the current period and therefore not reported in the fund statements. Noncurrent liabilities reported in the statement of net position that are not reported in the funds balance sheet are as follows		<b>,</b> ,	( )
Bonds and Notes Payable		(64,917,470)	(60,435,048)
Premiums on Bonded Debt Issued Lease Obligations		(2,122,729) (709,192)	(1,608,029) (484,742)
Accrued Interest on General Obligation Debt		(737,446)	(601,722)
Vested Employee Benefits		(5,570,416)	(6,059,966)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$ 107,583,788	\$ 108,378,985

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		General	D	ebt Service Fund
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$	8,907,230	\$	6,996,802
Special Assessments		138,651		166,743
Intergovernmental		8,807,884		-
Licenses and Permits		1,120,185		-
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties		545,226		-
Charges for Services		3,098,023		-
Intergovernmental Charges for Services		231,155		-
Interdepartmental Charges for Services		1,073,400		-
Donations		-		
Miscellaneous		35,564		347,908
Total Revenues		23,957,318		7,511,453
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Government		3,696,978		-
Public Safety		15,541,518		-
Public Works		6,597,762		-
Health and Human Services		311,691		-
Culture and Recreation		2,102,161		-
Conservation and Development		687,377		-
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement		-		6,154,410
Interest and Fiscal Charges				1,355,934
Total Expenditures		28,937,487		7,510,344
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(4,980,169)		1,109
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Issuance of Long-Term Debt		-		-
Payment to Escrow Agent		_		_
Bond Premium on Issued Long-Term Debt		_		519,646
Initiation of Lease		402,311		_
Transfers In		4,295,177		73,637
Transfers Out		(240,951)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	4,456,537		593,283
Total other I mancing dources (oses)		4,400,001		J93,203
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(523,632)		594,392
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING - RESTATED		9,105,387		4,467,420
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	8,581,755	\$	5,061,812

G	Nonmajor overnmental		т	otal	
Ū	Funds		2022		2021
\$	4,338,871	\$	20,242,903	\$	19,777,018
	7,995		313,389		525,702
	5,989,307		14,797,191		15,587,480
	-		1,120,185		1,111,869
	10,465		555,691		548,652
	297,625		3,395,648		3,398,470
	106,290		337,445		1,688,033
	-		1,073,400		727,862
	31,604		31,604		305
	529,645		913,117		2,001,945
	11,311,802		42,780,573		45,367,336
	143,941		3,840,919		3,694,728
	164,573		15,706,091		15,537,304
	11,421,740		18,019,502		13,517,705
	-		311,691		314,456
	3,289,387		5,391,548		5,862,824
	4,484,452		5,171,829		9,888,622
	4,448,168		10,602,578		6,843,992
	363,481		1,719,415		1,783,031
	24,315,742	_	60,763,573		57,442,662
	(13,003,940)		(17,983,000)		(12,075,326)
	15,085,000		15,085,000		15,011,000
	-		-		(4,328,861)
	264,935		784,581		204,016
			402,311		
	1,359,567		5,728,381		5,607,669
	(1,500,283)		(1,741,234)		(1,608,725)
	15,209,219		20,259,039		14,885,099
	10,203,213	_	20,203,003		14,000,000
	2,205,279		2,276,039		2,809,773
	12,445,410		26,018,217		23,208,444
\$	14,650,689	\$	28,294,256	\$	26,018,217

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	2022	2021
Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 2,276,039	2,809,773
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.  Capital outlay reported in governmental fund statements  Depreciation expense reported in the statement of activities	6,092,624 (6,576,018)	12,388,958 (6,450,382)
Net book value of disposals	(0,370,010)	43,424
Amounts related to the pension plan that affect the statement of activities but do not affect the fund financial statements.	2,609,325	2,600,723
Amounts related to the other post-employment benefit - LRIF that affect the statement of activities but do not affect the fund financial statements.	(204,085)	129,705
Amounts related to the other post-employment benefit - single-employer that affect the statement of activities but do not affect the fund financial statements.	(90,111)	(267,703)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds.  Special assessments and loans	(30,296)	(1,934,317)
Vested employee benefits are reported in the government funds when amounts are paid. The statement of activities reports the value of benefits earned during the year. This year the accrual of these benefits was less than the amounts paid or used by employees.	489,550	(101,406)
Repayment of principal on long-term debt, including capital leases, is reported in the governmental funds as an expenditure, but is reported as a reduction in long-term debt in the statement of net position and does not affect the statement of activities. The amount of long-term debt principal payments in the current year is:  Bonds and Notes Payable Lease Obligations	10,602,578 177,861	11,315,006
Debt incurred in governmental funds is reported as an other financing source, but is reported as an increase in outstanding long-term debt in the statement of net position, and does not affect the statement of activities.  Bonds and Notes Payable Lease Obligations	(15,085,000) (402,311)	(15,011,000)
Interest payments on outstanding debt are reported in the governmental funds as an expenditure when paid, in the statement of activities interest is reported as it accrues.	(135,724)	130,682
Debt premium, discount and amortization are allocated over the period the debt is outstanding and is reported as amortization revenue/expense in the statement of activities. The activity for the current year is as follows:  Premium on new debt issued  Amortization	(784,582) 269,882	(204,016) 293,799
The City's internal service funds are used to allocate the costs of certain activities to individual funds or agencies of the City. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds is reported as part of the governmental activities.	(4,929)	165,839
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ (795,197)	\$ 5,909,085

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

#### General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgeted Amount		nounts	Actual		Variance with			2021	
		Original		Final		Amounts		Final Budget		Actual
REVENUES										
Taxes	\$	8,910,814	\$	8,910,814	\$	8,907,230	\$	(3,584)	\$	7,752,670
Special Assessments		160,000		160,000		138,651		(21,349)		135,937
Intergovernmental		8,582,109		8,582,109		8,807,884		225,775		8,438,122
Licenses and Permits		875,550		875,550		1,120,185		244,635		1,108,463
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties		628,900		628,900		545,226		(83,674)		554,808
Public Charges for Services		2,685,925		2,685,925		3,098,023		412,098		3,132,782
Intergovernmental Charges for Services		226,513		226,513		231,155		4,642		202,751
Interdepartmental Charges for Services		708,000		708,000		1,073,400		365,400		727,862
Miscellaneous		883,708	_	883,708		35,564		(848,144)		522,026
Total Revenues		23,661,519		23,661,519		23,957,318		295,799		22,575,421
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General Government		3,980,155		3,980,155		3,696,978		283,177		3,503,939
Public Safety		15,250,858		15,250,858		15,541,518		(290,660)		15,289,295
Public Works		8,305,622		8,305,622		6,597,762		1,707,860		5,638,460
Health and Human Services		57,020		57,020		311,691		(254,671)		314,456
Culture and Recreation		899,933		907,433		2,102,161		(1,194,728)		1,816,423
Conservation and Development		674,258		687,158		687,377		(219)		620,877
Total Expenditures		29,167,845		29,188,245		28,937,487		250,758		27,183,450
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES										
UNDER EXPENDITURES		(5,506,326)		(5,526,726)		(4,980,169)		546,557		(4,608,029)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USE)										
Initiation of Lease		_		_		402,311		402,311		_
Transfers In		5,506,326		5,526,726		4,295,177		(1,231,549)		4,329,551
Transfers Out		5,500,520		5,520,720		(240,951)		(240,951)		(277,365)
Total Other Financing Sources (Use)		5,506,326	_	5,526,726		4,456,537	_	(1,070,189)		4,052,186
						(E02 620)		(F00 600)		(FFF 040)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		(523,632)		(523,632)		(555,843)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		9,105,387	_	9,105,387		9,105,387		9,661,230		9,661,230
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	9,105,387	\$	9,105,387	\$	8,581,755	\$	9,137,598	\$	9,105,387

CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN

Statement of Net Position
Proprietary Funds
As of December 31, 2022

With Summarized Comparative Information as of December 31, 2021

	Water Utility	Electric Utility	Wastewater Treatment Plant
ASSETS	water office	Electric Office	Treatment Flant
Current Assets:			
Cash and Investments	\$ 12,466,816	\$ 35,408,386	\$ 13,633,614
Receivables			
Taxes and Special Charges	-	- 0.070.700	-
Accounts Receivable	336,584	2,979,783	1,261,078
Other Due from Other Funds	1,492,528	3,150,465 904,460	9,670
Due from Other Governments	_	2,932	-
Inventory and Prepaid Items	701,457	5,741,579	44,556
Other Assets	701,407	0,741,073	
Lease Receivable	79,242	_	_
Restricted Cash and Investments	-	-	11,572,156
Total Current Assets	15,076,627	48,187,605	26,521,074
Noncurrent Assets:			
Net Pension Asset	468,146	3,458,089	380,536
Deposit with CVMIC	400,140	3,430,009	300,330
Lease Receivable	1,184,139		<u>-</u>
Loans Receivable	469,347	1,869,023	_
Investment in ATC	-	15,057,727	_
Rate Stabilization Deposit	-	3,951,067	-
Assets Held for Resale	480,175	643,410	-
Other Assets	-	-	-
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	473,724	2,777,188	330,600
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	44,353,666	79,140,999	19,191,940
Total Noncurrent Assets	47,429,197	106,897,503	19,903,076
TOTAL ASSETS	62,505,824	155,085,108	46,424,150
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Asset Retirement Obligations	-	12,012,000	-
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension	925,598	6,759,118	744,812
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to			
Other Post-Employment Benefits - LRLIF	15,296	217,009	28,683
Other Post-Employment Benefits - Single-Employer Plan	5,581	79,177	13,721
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	946,475	19,067,304	787,216
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	274,672	3,891,272	889,333
Accrued and Other Current Liabilities	363,549	4,358,872	-
Accrued Interest	-	-	24,061
Due to Other Funds	539,984	-	-
Due to Other Governments	1,668,080	-	-
Deposits from Others	5,714	980,699	
Current Portion of Long-Term Obligations	131,201	532,679	501,679
Total Current Liabilities	2,983,200	9,763,522	1,415,073
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES			
Compensated Absences	222,985	1,154,498	-
Asset Retirement Obligation	-	25,740,000	-
Other Post-Employment Benefits Liabilities - LRLIF	46,080	653,752	86,410
Other Post-Employment Benefits Liabilities - Single-Employer Plan	15,071	213,811	36,110
Noncurrent Portion of Long-Term Obligations			7,587,657
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	284,136	27,762,061	7,710,177
TOTAL LIABILITIES	3,267,336	37,525,583	9,125,250
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Property Taxes Levied for Subsequent Period	-	-	-
Special Charges on Subsequent Tax Roll		-	9,670
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Leases	1,263,381	- 0.400.000	-
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension	1,113,794	8,129,032	895,826
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to	E 266	74 705	0.000
Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability - LRLIF Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability - Single-Employer Plan	5,266 3,142	74,725 44,574	9,888 4,145
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,385,583	8,248,331	919,529
	2,000,000	<u> </u>	313,329
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	44,827,390	81,918,187	11,433,204
Restricted	279,950	2,088,175	11,801,678
Unrestricted	12,692,040	44,372,136	13,931,705
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 57,799,380	\$ 128,378,498	\$ 37,166,587

			To	tals		Governmental Activities - Internal Ser Funds				
Nonmajor Funds		_	2022 2021		2021		2022	2021		
\$	3,673,367	\$	65,182,183	\$	68,682,293	\$	2,111,604	\$	2,197,656	
	167,202		167,202		169,820		_		_	
	447,095		5,024,540		9,289,539		55,769		98,620	
	25,697		4,678,360		12,234		-		50,020	
	20,007		904,460		12,204		_		84,947	
	1,065,699		1,068,631		835,304					
	382,316		6,869,908		3,693,663		103,748		15,199	
	-		-		-		-		96,068	
	_		79,242		82,810		_		-	
	-		11,572,156		11,572,156		_		-	
	5,761,376	_	95,546,682		94,337,819		2,271,121		2,492,490	
	377,190		4,683,961		3,328,473		-		-	
	-		-		-		1,111,426		1,111,426	
	-		1,184,139		1,351,583		-		-	
	-		2,338,370		2,291,590		-		-	
	-		15,057,727		14,255,623		-		-	
	-		3,951,067		9,000,000		-		-	
	-		1,123,585		1,124,291		-		-	
	-		-		1,239,966		-		-	
	319,617		3,901,129		4,015,553		538,016		265,867	
	8,027,946		150,714,551		153,500,428				-	
	8,724,753		182,954,529		190,107,507		1,649,442		1,377,293	
	14,486,129		278,501,211		284,445,326		3,920,563		3,869,783	
	101.000		40 400 000		10 000 000					
	121,332		12,133,332		12,999,999		-		-	
	738,263		9,167,791		5,524,127		-		-	
	39,583		300,571		369,181		-		-	
	3,024		101,503	_	92,934				-	
	902,202	_	21,703,197	_	18,986,241				-	
	71,604		5,126,881		5,622,085		59,595		203,262	
	86,825		4,809,246		5,422,831		715,432		826,478	
	00,025		24,061		26,105		710,402		020,470	
	_		539,984		20,100		364,476		84,947	
	_		1,668,080		879,429		-		04,047	
	_		986,413		879,071		_		_	
	59,602		1,225,161		1,144,452		55,036		54,013	
	218,031		14,379,826		13,973,973		1,194,539		1,168,700	
	62,034		1,439,517		1,608,422		82,080		52,210	
	260,000		26,000,000		26,000,000		-		-	
	119,246		905,488		-		-		-	
	7,960		272,952		1,161,417		-		-	
	-		7,587,657		8,089,336				-	
	449,240	_	36,205,614		36,859,175		82,080		52,210	
	667,271		50,585,440		50,833,148		1,276,619		1,220,910	
	316,060		316,060		316,060		-		-	
	-		9,670		10,495		-		-	
	007.040		1,263,381		1,434,393		-		-	
	887,949		11,026,601		7,290,094		-		-	
	13,645		103,524		102,491		-		-	
	914	_	52,775	_	5,719					
	1,218,568	_	12,772,011	_	9,159,252					
	8,347,563		146,526,344		148,818,332		538,016		265,867	
	227,504		14,397,307		13,134,662		,			
	4,927,425		75,923,306		81,486,173		2,105,928		2,383,006	
		\$	236,846,957	\$	243,439,167	\$	2,643,944	\$	2,648,873	

# Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

## For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	V	Vater Utility	E	lectric Utility	Vastewater Treatment Plant
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for Services	\$	6,800,822	\$	66,839,501	\$ 8,053,555
Other Operating Revenues		141,399		345,670	 885
Total Operating Revenues		6,942,221		67,185,171	8,054,440
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Operation and Maintenance		4,958,610		66,318,238	6,252,084
Depreciation		2,101,576		3,600,764	1,021,631
Amortization of Asset Retirement Obligation		-		858,000	-
Taxes		105,220		464,631	-
Total Operating Expenses		7,165,406		71,241,633	7,273,715
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(223,185)		(4,056,462)	 780,725
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
General Property Taxes		-		-	-
Interest Income and Investment Gain (Loss)		(516,654)		(457,179)	23,767
Merchandising and Jobbing		2,914		104,366	-
Nonoperating Grants		-		-	-
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets		-		-	-
Interest and Fiscal Charges		(12,998)		(1,395)	(148,455)
Other Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)				(780)	 
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	_	(526,738)		(354,988)	 (124,688)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE					
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS		(749,923)		(4,411,450)	656,037
TRANSFERS OUT		(979,895)		(2,891,260)	(28,467)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS		912,849		775,752	 
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(816,969)		(6,526,958)	627,570
NET POSITION - BEGINNING - RESTATED		58,616,349		134,905,456	 36,539,017
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$	57,799,380	\$	128,378,498	\$ 37,166,587

					Go	vernmental A Service	
No	nmajor Funds		2022	2021		2022	2021
\$	2,407,976	\$	84,101,854	\$ 79,121,763	\$	5,150,463	\$ 5,097,361
	379,338		867,292	821,542		2,506	22,352
	2,787,314		84,969,146	79,943,305		5,152,969	5,119,713
	4 622 600		00 151 540	67 407 640		1 272 054	1 050 055
	4,622,608 533,602		82,151,540	67,427,613 7,130,610		1,373,054	1,059,855
	8,667		7,257,573 866,667	866,667		3,737,543	3,858,567
	3,366		573,217	536,150		- 45,419	37,047
	5,168,243		90,848,997	75,961,040		5,156,016	4,955,469
	(2,380,929)		(5,879,851)	3,982,265		(3,047)	164,244
	316,060		316,060	30,000		-	-
	49,994		(900,072)	941,338		-	-
	-		107,280	93,143		-	-
	2,204,393		2,204,393	2,079,108		-	1,595
	2,225		2,225	1,826		-	-
	-		(162,848)	(160,795)		-	-
	18,047	_	17,267	 38,359			<del></del>
	2,590,719	_	1,584,305	 3,022,979		-	 1,595
	209,790		(4,295,546)	7,005,244		(3,047)	165,839
	(85,643)		(3,985,265)	(3,998,944)		(1,882)	-
		_	1,688,601	 2,298,170			 
	124,147		(6,592,210)	5,304,470		(4,929)	165,839
	13,378,345	_	243,439,167	 238,134,697		2,648,873	 2,483,034
\$	13,502,492	\$	236,846,957	\$ 243,439,167	\$	2,643,944	\$ 2,648,873

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022
With Summarized Comparative Information as of December 31, 2021

	Water 	Electric Utility	Wastewater Utility
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	0.000.440	. 07.000.004	. 7700 705
Cash Received from Customers	\$ 6,629,148 (5,160,163)	\$ 67,683,084 (69,674,460)	\$ 7,723,785
Cash Paid To Suppliers	552,967	858,000	(5,045,798)
Cash Received From (Paid) to Municipalities Cash Paid to Employees For Wages and Benefits	(669,482)	(590,309)	(994,065)
Other Receipts	2,914	103,586	-
Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities	1,355,384	(1,620,099)	1,683,922
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL			
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
General Property Taxes  Nonoperating Grant	-	-	_
Due To/Due From Other Funds	44	(903,839)	-
Transfer from (to) Other Funds	(979,895)	(2,891,260)	(28,467)
Net Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities	(979,851)	(3,795,099)	(28,467)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Acquisition of Capital Assets	(1,456,438)	(2,846,318)	(7,459)
Salvage Received on Capital Assets	21,683	184,895	14,128
Capital Contributions	912,849	775,752	-
Sale of Capital Assets Cost of Removal of Capital Assets	-	(143,394)	-
Interfund Advances Received (Paid)	-	8,694	_
Deposits Received	-	5,048,933	-
Principal Paid on Long-Term Debt	-	-	(608,314)
Interest Paid on Long-Term Debt	(12,998)	(1,395)	(150,499)
Net Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities	(534,904)	3,027,167	(752,144)
·	(601,601)	0,021,101	(102,111)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment Income (Loss) Cash Paid to ATC LLC	(516,654)	(457,179) (802,104)	23,767
Net Cash Flows From Investing Activities	(516,654)	(1,259,283)	23,767
•			
CHANGE IN CASH AND INVESTMENTS	(676,025)	(3,647,314)	927,078
CASH AND INVESTMENTS - BEGINNING	13,142,841	39,055,700	24,278,692
CASH AND INVESTMENTS - ENDING	<u>\$ 12,466,816</u>	\$ 35,408,386	\$ 25,205,770
RECONCILIATION OF CASH ACCOUNTS			
Cash and Investments	\$ 12,466,816	\$ 35,408,386	\$ 13,633,614
Restricted Cash and Investments Total Reconciliation of Cash Accounts	\$ 12,466,816	\$ 35,408,386	11,572,156 \$ 25,205,770
Total Neconciliation of Cash Accounts	Ψ 12,400,810	ψ 35,406,360	ψ 25,205,770
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (223,185)	\$ (4,056,462)	\$ 780,725
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss)			
to Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	0.404.570	2 000 704	4 004 004
Depreciation Depreciation Charged to Operating Accounts	2,101,576 102,323	3,600,764	1,021,631
Amortization of Asset Retirement Obligation	-	858,000	-
Changes to WRS Pension Accounts	(91,629)	(1,002,484)	(85,795)
Changes to OPEB Accounts	(35,565)	144,012	6,944
Merchandising and Jobbing		103,586	
Miscellaneous Other Receivables	2,914	-	-
Due From Others	608,441	_	(44,556)
Effects of Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities			
Accounts Receivable	324	(364,245)	11,204
Other Receivables  Due From Other Govenrments	(313,397)	724,152	(341,859)
Materials and Supplies	(55,474)	-	-
Prepaid Supplies and Items	(135,684)	(1,765,149)	-
Accounts Payable	(653,360)	(317,021)	530,396
Accrued and Other Current Liabilities	64,647	55,766	-
Due to Other Governments	(20.004)	106 505	-
Special Deposits Compensated Absences	(30,664) 14,117_	186,585 212,397	(194,768)
Not Oct Elect Even			
Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities	\$ 1,355,384	\$ (1,620,099)	\$ 1,683,922
-pg	<u> </u>	. (.,020,000)	,000,022

	Nonmajor		Enterprise	Func	I Totals	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds					
	Funds	_	2022	unc	2021		2022	i unc	2021		
_		_		_							
\$	2,672,474	\$	84,708,491	\$	78,381,996	\$	5,278,261	\$	5,044,952		
	(4,717,621)		(84,598,042)		(64,040,896)		(4,495,605)		(4,170,471)		
	-		1,410,967		761,290		-		-		
	(103,456)		(2,357,312)		(4,041,926)		(597,183)		(586,749)		
			106,500		131,400		2,506		22,352		
	(2,148,603)		(729,396)	_	11,191,864		187,979		310,084		
	318,678		318,678		268,100		-		-		
	1,988,448		1,988,448		2,059,596		-		-		
	(05,000)		(903,795)		(44)		- (4.000)		54,013		
	(85,639) 2,221,487		(3,985,261)	_	(3,998,404) (1,670,752)		(1,882)		54,013		
	2,221,407		(2,581,930)	_	(1,070,732)	_	(1,002)		34,013		
	(229,239)		(4,539,454)		(11,665,122)		(272,149)		(150,773)		
	4,797		225,503		(11,000,122)		(2.2,)		(100,110)		
	-		1,688,601		2,298,170		-		-		
	2,225		2,225		227,417		-		-		
	(4,510)		(147,904)		(37,912)		-		-		
	-		8,694 5,048,933		20,842		-		-		
	-		(608,314)		(547,604)		-		-		
			(164,892)	_	(209,336)						
_	(226,727)		1,513,392	_	(9,913,545)		(272,149)		(150,773)		
	49,994		(900,072)		942,506				1,595		
	49,994		(802,104)		342,300		-		1,595		
	49,994		(1,702,176)		942,506		-		1,595		
	(103,849)		(3,500,110)		550,073		(86,052)		214,919		
	3,777,216	_	80,254,449	_	79,704,376		2,197,656		1,982,737		
\$	3,673,367	\$	76,754,339	\$	80,254,449	\$	2,111,604	\$	2,197,656		
\$	3,673,367	\$	65,182,183	\$	68,682,293	\$	2,111,604	\$	2,197,656		
•	-	Ψ.	11,572,156	•	11,572,156	Ÿ	-, ,	•	-, ,		
\$	3,673,367	\$	76,754,339	\$	80,254,449	\$	2,111,604	\$	2,197,656		
\$	(2,380,929)	\$	(5,879,851)	\$	3,982,265	\$	(3,047)	\$	164,244		
	533,602		7,257,573		7,130,610		_		_		
	(7,415)		94,908		(7,415)		-		-		
	8,667		866,667		8,667		-		-		
	(82,737)		(1,262,645)		(835,527)		-		-		
	9,762		125,153		174,644		-		-		
	_		103,586		35,696		_		_		
	_		2,914		-		_		_		
	-		563,885		-		-		-		
	(81,406)		(434,123)		(89,864)		127,798		(52,409)		
	(25,519)		43,377		503,728		-		-		
	-		(55,474)		(80,403)		-		-		
	(00.405)		-		-		5,170		(42,537)		
	(39,469)		(1,940,302)		(19,077)		2,349		(14,862)		
	(56,044) (13,808)		(496,029) 106,605		683,367 (362,161)		134,974 (110,158)		84,473 207,266		
	(10,000)		-		(423,676)		(110,100)		-		
	-		155,921		(1,365,041)		-		-		
	(13,307)	_	18,439	_	1,856,051		30,893	_	(36,091)		
\$	(2,148,603)	\$	(729,396)	\$	11,191,864	\$	187,979	\$	310,084		
_		_				_			· ·		

Statement of Net Position Fiduciary Fund As of December 31, 2022

		Custodial Funds				
	2022			2021		
ASSETS						
Cash and Investments	\$ 1	1,264,116	\$	11,785,902		
Taxes Receivable	1	5,539,244		16,328,262		
Total Assets	2	6,803,360		28,114,164		
LIABILITIES						
Due to Other Taxing Units	2	6,789,837		28,100,851		
RESTRICTED NET POSITION	\$	13,523	\$	13,313		

Statement of Changes in Net Position Fiduciary Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 With Summarized Comparative Information as of December 31, 2021

	Custodial Fund				
	2022	2021			
ADDITIONS					
Taxes Collected on Behalf of Other Taxing Entities	\$ 16,328	· · · · · ·			
Other Local Sources		210 8			
Total Additions	16,328	3,472 16,942,097			
DEDUCTIONS					
Taxes Remitted to Other Taxing Entities	16,328	16,942,089			
Relief Fund Disbursements					
Total Deductions	16,328	16,942,289			
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		210 (192)			
NET POSITION - BEGINNING	13	3,313 13,505			
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 13	5,523 \$ 13,313			

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

This summary of significant accounting policies of the City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin (City) is presented to assist in understanding the City's financial statements. The financial statements and notes are representations of the City's management who is responsible for the integrity and objectivity of the financial statements. These accounting policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and have been consistently applied in the preparation of the financial statements. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standards setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

### **Reporting Entity**

The City is a municipal corporation governed by an elected ten member council. Included in the City's operations (primary government) are the City's water, electric, steam and broad band utilities managed by a separate commission appointed by the City Council. In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the financial statements are required to include the City (the primary government) and any separate component units that have a significant operational or financial relationship with the City. The City has not identified any component units that are required to be included in the basic financial statements.

#### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the City. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular function, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are other charges between the City's enterprise funds and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though that latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Governmental funds include general, special revenue, capital projects and debt service funds. Proprietary funds include enterprise funds and internal service funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into individual funds each of which are considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/ expenses.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)**

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Funds are organized as major funds or non-major funds within the governmental and proprietary statements. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets plus deferred outflows of resources, liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or proprietary fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type and
- b. The same element that met the 10 percent criterion in (a) is at least 5 percent of the corresponding element total for all governmental and proprietary funds combined.
- c. In addition, any other governmental fund that the City believes is particularly important to financial statement users may be reported as a major fund.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds are identified as either general, debt service, special revenue or capital projects based upon the following guidelines:

#### General Fund

The general fund is the primary operating fund of the City and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

### Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for the specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)**

### **Governmental Funds (Continued)**

#### **Debt Service Funds**

Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term principal, interest, and related costs.

### Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

#### General Fund

This is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

### **Debt Service Fund**

This fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

### **Proprietary Funds**

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

### Water Utility

This is the City's fund to account for the operations of the City-owned water facilities.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)**

#### **Electric Utility**

This is the City's fund to account for the provision of electric service to City residents, public authorities, and business entities.

### Wastewater Treatment Plant

This is the City's fund to account for the operations of the City-owned wastewater services to City residents, business entities and public authorities.

### **Fiduciary Funds**

The City follows the presentation requirements of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This statement revised the criteria on whether the government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. An activity meeting the criteria should present a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. Four types of fiduciary funds that should be reported, if applicable, include pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and custodial funds.

The City reports the following custodial funds:

#### Tax Collection Fund

This fund accounts for taxes and deposits collected by the City, acting in the capacity of a custodian, for distribution to other governmental units or designated beneficiaries.

### Poor Relief Fund

This fund accounts for revenues and deposits collected by the City, acting in the capacity of a custodian, for distribution for the benefit of others.

#### Measurement Focus And Basis Accounting

The government-wide financial statements, proprietary fund statements and fiduciary fund statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

#### Cash and Investments

Cash and investments are combined in the financial statements. Cash deposits consist of demand and time deposits with financial institutions and are carried at cost. Investments are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. For purpose of the statement of cash flows, all cash deposits and highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less from date of acquisition are considered to be cash equivalents.

The City categories the fair value measurement of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

### Property Taxes and Special Charges/Receivable

Property taxes and special charges consist of taxes on real estate and personal property and user charges assessed against the City properties. They are levied during December and become an enforceable lien on property the following January 1. Property taxes are payable in various options depending on the type and amount. Personal property taxes and special charges are payable on or before January 31 in full. Real estate taxes are payable in full by January 31 or in two equal installments on or before January 31 and July 31. Real estate taxes not paid by January 31 are purchased by the County as part of the February tax settlement. Delinquent personal property taxes remain the collection responsibility of the City. Special charges not paid by January 31 are held by the County and remitted to the City, including interest, when collected by the County.

In addition to its levy, the City also levies and collects taxes for the Manitowoc School District, Manitowoc County, and Lakeshore Technical College. Collections and remittances of taxes for other entities are accounted for in the general fund.

#### Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are recorded at their gross amount with uncollectible amounts being recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that the amount of such allowance would not be material to the financial statements.

### Special Assessments

Assessments against property owners for public improvements are generally not subject to full settlement in the year levied. Special assessments are placed on tax rolls on an installment basis. Revenue from special assessments recorded in governmental funds is recognized as collections are made or as current installments are placed on tax rolls. Installments placed on the 2022 tax roll are recognized as revenue in 2023. Special assessments are subject to collection procedures.

### Loans Receivable

The City has received federal and state grant funds for economic development and housing rehabilitation loan programs and has passed the funds to various businesses and individuals in the form of loans. The City records a loan receivable and expenditure when the loan has been made and the funds disbursed. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that the amount of such allowance would not be material to the basic financial statements. Any unspent loan proceeds are presented as restricted fund balance in the fund financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

#### **Inventories**

Inventories of governmental fund types are offset by a nonspendable fund balance to indicate they do not represent spendable available financial resources.

Inventories of governmental and proprietary fund types are recorded at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in, first-out method of valuation. The cost is recorded as an expenditure/expense at the time individual inventory items are consumed rather than when purchased.

### Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors that will benefit periods beyond the end of the current fiscal year are recorded as prepaid items.

Prepaid items of governmental fund types in the fund financial statements are offset by a nonspendable fund balance to indicate that they do not represent spendable available financial resources.

### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition cost at the date of donation.

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant and equipment of the City is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Ye	ears
Assets	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities
Buildings and Improvements	50	25 – 100
Machinery and Equipment	5 – 20	3 – 10
Infrastructure	40 - 100	40 – 100

#### Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave benefits in accordance with employee handbook policies and/or bargaining unit agreements. All vacation and sick leave is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds in the fund financial statements only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

#### <u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the balance sheet and/or statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has three items that quality for reporting in this category. Accordingly, deferred outflows related to asset retirement obligations, deferred outflows of resources related to pension, and deferred outflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits are reported in the statement of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the balance sheet and/or statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. The separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has six types of deferred inflows of resources, one which arises under both modified accrual and the full accrual basis of accounting, one that only arises under the modified accrual basis of accounting on the governmental funds balance sheet and four that arise under the full accrual basis of accounting. Taxes levied for the subsequent period have not met the time requirement to be recognized as an acquisition of resources and is therefore reported as deferred inflows of resources on both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental activities statement of net position. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from special assessments. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits are reported in the statement of net position. Special charges on the subsequent tax roll are items for the subsequent period that have not met the time requirement to be recognized as an acquisition of resources and is therefore reported as deferred inflows of resources on the statement of net position. Deferred inflows of resources related to lease receivables are reported in the statement of net position.

### **Long-Term Obligations**

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

#### Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" and "due to other funds" in the fund financial statements. Noncurrent portions of the interfund receivables for the governmental funds are reported as "advances to other funds" and are offset by nonspendable fund balance since they do not constitute expendable available financial resources and therefore are not available for appropriation.

The amount reported on the statement of net position for internal balances represents the residual balance outstanding between the governmental and business-type activities.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

#### Interfund Transactions

During the course of normal operations, the City has various transactions between funds, including expenditures and transfers of resources to provide services, construct assets and service debt. The governmental funds generally record such transactions as operating transfers if within governmental funds. Transactions between governmental and proprietary funds are usually recorded as revenues and either expenditures or expenses of the respective funds.

#### **Unearned Revenue**

Revenue received that has not been earned, is recorded as a liability until a period of time or expenditures occur. Once the funds are considered earned, at that point they are recognized as revenue.

#### Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense (revenue), information about the fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### Other Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

Single-employer Defined Postemployment Benefit Plan. For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's Other Postemployment Benefit Plan (the "Plan") and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, the Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund. The fiduciary net position of the Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (LRLIF) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense (revenue), and information about the fiduciary net position of the LRLIF and additions to/deductions from LRLIFs fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LRLIF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of member contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### Certain Asset Retirement Obligations

An asset retirement obligation (ARO) is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible asset. A legal obligation exists for the City to perform future retirement activities for the decommissioning of the power plant complex and coal storage site for the electric utility, as the site contains hazardous and other materials that require special handling, based upon Federal Regulations.

#### Leases

The City adopted GASB Statement No. 87 for the year ended December 31, 2022, which requires the recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. This statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and deferred inflow of resources.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

#### **Equity Classifications**

#### Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- Net investment in capital assets Amount of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, less outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets.
- Restricted net position Amount of net position that is subject to restrictions that are imposed by 1) external
  groups, such as creditors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) law through constitutional
  provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position Net position that is neither classified as restricted nor as net investment in capital
  assets.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Fund balance is classified as either 1) nonspendable, 2) restricted, 3) committed, 4) assigned, or 5) unassigned.

Nonspendable fund balance represents amounts that cannot be spent due to form (such as inventories, prepaid items, or long-term receivables), or amounts that must be maintained intact legally or contractually (such as the principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by a government using its highest level of decision-making authority. It would require action by the same group to remove or change the constraints placed on the resources. The action to constrain resources must occur prior to year-end; however, the amount can be determined in the subsequent period. The City Council is the decision-making authority that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance.

Assigned fund balance, in the general fund, represents amounts that are constrained for specific purpose by action of City management. The City Council, through adoption of the fund balance policy, has authorized the Finance Director to assign fund balance. Residual amounts in any governmental fund, other than the General Fund, are also reported as assigned.

Unassigned fund balance, represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The general fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in the unassigned fund balance.

The City has not adopted a fund balance spend-down policy regarding the order in which fund balance will be utilized. When a policy does not specify the spend-down policy, GASB Statement No. 54 indicates that restricted funds would be spent first, followed by committed funds, and then assigned funds. Unassigned funds would be spent last.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### **Claims and Judgments**

Claims and judgments are recorded as liabilities if all the conditions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board pronouncements are met. Claims and judgments expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are recorded during the year as expenditures in the governmental funds. If they are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources, no liability is recognized in the governmental fund financial statements. Claims and judgments in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds are recorded as expenses when the related liabilities are incurred. There were no significant claims or judgments at the end of the year.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### **Prior Year Information**

Comparative amounts for the prior year have been presented in the basic financial statements to provide an understanding of changes in the City's financial position and operations. The comparative amounts are summarized in total and not at the level of detail required for a presentation in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the government's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021, from which the summarized information was derived.

### Reclassifications

Certain amounts in the prior year financial statements have been classified to conform to the presentation in the current year financial statements with no change in the previously reported fund balance or net position.

#### Note 2 - Cash and Investments

The City is required to invest its funds in accordance with Wisconsin Statutes. Allowable investments are as follows:

- Time deposits in any credit union, bank, savings bank or trust company maturing in three year or less.
- Bonds or securities of any county, city, drainage district, technical college district, village, town, or school district of
  the state. Also, bonds issued by a local exposition district, local professional baseball park district, or the University
  of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority.
- Bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government.
- The Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool.
- Any security maturing in seven year or less and having the highest or second highest rating category of a nationally recognized rating.
- Securities of an open-end management investment company or investment trust subject to various conditions and investment options.
- Repurchase agreements with public depositories, with certain conditions.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

### Note 2 - Cash and Investments (Continued)

The carrying amount of the City's cash and investments totaled \$123,542,270 on December 31, 2022 are as follows:

Petty Cash and Cash on Hand	\$ 7,285
Deposits With Financial Institutions	60,611,380
Investments	62,923,605
	\$ 123,542,270
Reconciliation to the Financial Statements	
Government-Wide Statement of Net Position:	
Cash and Investments	\$ 99,426,300
Restricted Cash	12,851,854
Fiduciary Funds Statement of Net Position:	
Custodial Funds	11,264,116
	\$ 123,542,270

Wisconsin statutes require repurchase agreements to be fully collateralized by bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government or its instrumentalities. The City does not have an additional custodial credit policy.

### **Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty (e.g., brokerdealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party.

At December 31, 2022, the City's deposits had a bank balance of \$60,595,295. The City maintains its cash accounts at several financial institutions. Deposits in each bank are insured by the FDIC up to \$250,000 for the combined amounts of all time and savings accounts (including NOW accounts); up to \$250,000 for the combined amount of all interest and noninterest bearing demand deposit accounts.

Any losses caused by failure of public depositories are also covered by the State Deposit Guarantee Fund. The fund provides coverage of \$400,000 in each financial institution above the applicable insurance coverage provided by the FDIC. However, although the fund had reserves available at December 31, 2022, the future availability of resources to cover the losses cannot be projected because provisions of the 1985 Wisconsin Act 25 provided that the amount in the fund will be used to repay public depositors for losses until the appropriation is exhausted, at which time the fund will be abolished; therefore, the State Deposit Guarantee Fund is not considered in covered amounts noted below.

The following represents a summary of deposits as of December 31, 2022:

Fully Insured Deposits	\$ 29,468,618
Collateralized	28,465,557
Uninsured and Uncollateralized	2,661,120
Total	\$ 60,595,295

The difference between the bank balance and carrying value is due to outstanding checks and/or deposits in transit at December 31, 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

#### Note 2 - Cash and Investments (Continued)

Credit Risk – State law limits investments in commercial paper, corporate bonds, and mutual bond funds to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The City's investment policy does not further limit its investment choices.

As of December 31, 2022, the City's credit quality ratings are as follows:

		Exempt From				Not
Investment Type	Amount	Disclosure	AAA	Aa	Α	Rated
U.S. Treasury Securities	\$ 9,378,756	\$ 9,378,756	\$ 	\$ -	\$ _	\$ _
U.S. Agencies	1,221,689	1,221,689	-	-	-	-
Money Market Mutual Funds	178,545	-	-	178,545	-	-
Corporate Bonds and Notes	24,565,803	-	6,409,525	14,262,018	2,434,477	1,459,783
State and Municipal Bonds and Notes	1,636,314	-	-	1,636,314	-	-
Federal National Mortgage Association	4,126,531	-	4,126,531	-	-	-
Federal Home Loan Bank	8,413,195	-	8,413,195	-	-	-
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp	1,117,807	-	1,117,807	-	-	-
Federal Farm Credit Bureau	4,390,146	-	4,390,146	-	-	-
Freddie Mac	344,661	-	344,661	-	-	-
Fannie Mae	330,792	-	330,792	-	-	-
Government National Mortgage Association	30,073	-	30,073	-	-	-
Bankers Acceptance	1,041,280	-	-	-	-	1,041,280
Collateralized Mortgage Obligations	44,091	-	-	-	-	44,091
Certificate of Deposits	170,388					170,388
Beneficial Interest in Investments held						
by Lakeshore Community Foundation	281,043	-	-	-	-	281,043
WI Local Government Investment Pool	5,652,491	-	-	-	-	5,652,491
	\$ 62,923,605	\$ 10,600,445	\$ 25,162,730	\$ 16,076,877	\$ 2,434,477	\$ 8,649,076

### Concentration of Credit Risk

The City's investment policy states that it will diversify its investments by security type and institution. With the exception of U.S. Treasury securities and authorized pools, no more than 50% of the City's total investment portfolio will be invested in a single type or with a single financial institution. Investments in any one issuer that represent 5% or more of City's total investments are as follows:

			Percent of
		Reported	Total
Issuer	Investment Type	Amount	Investments
Federal National Mortgage Association	Federal Agency Security	\$ 4,126,531	6.56%
Federal Home Loan Bank	Federal Agency Security	8,413,195	13.37%
Federal Farm Credit Bureau	Federal Agency Security	4,390,146	6.98%

#### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

## Note 2 - Cash and Investments (Continued)

As of December 31, 2022 the City's investments were as follows:

			Remaining Maturity (in Months)							
			12 Months or Less			13 to 24	25 to 60			More Than
Investment Type		Amount			Months		Months		60 Months	
U.S. Treasury Securities	\$	9,378,756	\$	3,247,566	\$	2,201,246	\$	3,814,870	\$	115,074
U.S. Agencies		1,221,689		497,824		=		723,865		=
Money Market Mutual Funds		178,545		178,545		=		=		=
Corporate Bonds and Notes		24,565,803		3,962,040		5,024,124		14,867,353		712,286
State and Municipal Bonds and Notes		1,636,314		223,135		748,261		587,509		77,409
Federal National Mortgage Association		4,126,531		-		84		3,646,807		479,640
Federal Home Loan Bank		8,413,195		95,308		1,932,052		1,085,941		5,299,894
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp		1,117,807		-		286		942,870		174,651
Federal Farm Credit Bureau		4,390,146		-		-		1,126,760		3,263,386
Freddie Mac		344,661		=		117,297		227,364		=
Fannie Mae		330,792		121,559		209,233		=		=
Government National Mortgage Association		30,073		-		-		137		29,936
Bankers Acceptance		1,041,280		1,041,280		-		-		_
Collateralized Mortgage Obligations		44,091		-		-		-		44,091
Certicate of Deposits		170,388		170,388						
Beneficial Interest in Investments held										
by Lakeshore Community Foundation		281,043		281,043		-		-		_
WI Local Government Investment Pool		5,652,491		5,652,491		-		-		-
	\$	62,923,605	\$	15,471,179	\$	10,232,583	\$	27,023,476	\$	10,196,367

### Investments with Fair Values Highly Sensitive to Interest Rate Fluctuations

The City's investments include the following investments that are highly sensitive to interest rate fluctuations (to a greater degree that already indicated in the information provided above):

	Fair Value at
Highly Sensitive Investments	Year End
Federal National Mortgage Association	\$ 4,126,531
Federal Home Loan Bank	8,413,195
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp	1,117,807
Federal Farm Credit Bureau	4,390,146
Freddie Mac	344,661
Fannie Mae	330,792
Government National Mortgage Association	30,073
	\$18,753,205

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

#### Note 2 - Cash and Investments (Continued)

#### Fair Value

Investments are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Recurring fair value measurements are those that Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements require in the statement of net position at the end of each reporting period. Fair value measurements are categorized based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value.

- Level 1 Valuation for assets are from quoted prices in active markets. These valuations are obtained from readily available pricing sources for market transactions involving identical assets.
- Level 2 Valuation for assets are from less active markets. These valuations are obtained from third
  party pricing services for identical or similar assets.
- Level 3 Measurements that are least observable are estimated from related market data, determined
  from sources with little or no market activity for comparable contracts, or are positions with longer
  durations. These valuations incorporate certain assumptions and projections in determining fair value
  assigned to such assets.

	Fair Value Measurement Using							
	Level 1 Level 2					Level 3		
U.S. Treasury Securities	\$	-	\$	9,378,756	\$	-		
U.S. Agencies		-		1,221,689		-		
Money Market Mutual Funds		178,545		-		-		
Corporate Bonds and Notes		-		24,565,803		-		
State and Municipal Bonds		-		1,636,314		-		
Federal National Mortgage Association		-		4,126,531		-		
Federal Home Loan Bank		-		8,413,195		-		
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp		-		1,117,807		-		
Federal Farm Credit Bureau		-		4,390,146		-		
Freddie Mac		-		344,661		-		
Fannie Mae		-		330,792		-		
Government National Mortgage Association		-		30,073		-		
Bankers Acceptance		-		1,041,280		-		
Collateralized Mortgage Obligations		-		44,091		-		
Certificate of Deposits		-		170,388		-		
Beneficial Interest in Investments held								
by Lakeshore Community Foundation				281,043		-		
Total	\$	178,545	\$	57,092,569	\$	-		

The Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is part of the State Investment Fund (SIF), and is managed by the State of Wisconsin Investment Board. The SIF is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, but operates under the statutory authority of Wisconsin Chapter 25. Participants in the LGIP have the right to withdraw their funds in total on one day's notice. Investments in the local government investment pool are not insured. Investments in the LGIP are valued at amortized cost. The balance in the local government investment pool at December 31, 2022 was \$5,652,491.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

#### Note 3 - Restricted Assets

Restricted assets on December 31, 2022 totaled \$12,851,854 and consisted of cash and investments held for the following purposes:

Governmental Funds: Special Revenue Funds	
Police Programs	\$ 281,043
Centennial	20,655
Debt Service Fund	
Debt Retirement - February 2023	978,000
Total Governmental Funds Restricted Assets	1,279,698
Enterprise Funds: Wastewater Utility	
Equipment Replacement Fund	11,572,156
Total Restricted Assets	\$ 12,851,854

#### **Note 4 - Property Taxes**

Property taxes consist of taxes on real estate and personal property. They are levied during December and become an enforceable lien on property the following January 1. Property taxes are payable in various options depending on the type and amount. Personal property taxes are payable on or before January 31 in full. Real estate taxes are payable in full by January 31, or in two equal installments on or before January 31 and July 31. Real estate taxes not paid by January 31 are assumed by the County as part of the February tax settlement. Delinquent personal property taxes remain the collection responsibility of the City.

Manitowoc County performs the function of billing and collecting the tax levy on behalf of the City. The County then deposits daily collection into the City's bank account. The City then settles with the other taxing jurisdictions (Manitowoc School District, Manitowoc County, and Northeast Wisconsin Technical College) on January 15 and February 20. Personal property taxes due after January 31 remains with the County. In August, the County will settle with each jurisdiction for the remaining property tax balance.

Under 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, a municipality is allowed to increase its levy over the amount it levied in the prior year by the percentage increase in equalized value from net new construction or zero percent. Changes in debt service from one year to the next are generally exempt from this limit.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

Note 5 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 was as follows:

		Beginning	Increases	 Decreases	Ending		
Governmental Activities							
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated							
Land	\$	9,242,029	\$ -	\$ -	\$	9,242,029	
Construction in Progress	_	3,529,731	 1,045,543	 3,263,864		1,311,410	
Total Capital Assets Not							
Being Depreciated		12,771,760	1,045,543	 3,263,864		10,553,439	
Capital Assets Being Depreciated							
Right To Use Asset		725,566	387,208	-		1,112,774	
Buildings and Improvements		28,742,597	1,692,802	-		30,435,399	
Machinery and Equipment		39,107,868	827,437	-		39,935,305	
Infrastructure		201,789,042	5,675,647	-		207,464,689	
Total Capital Assets Being							
Depreciated		270,365,073	8,583,094	 		278,948,167	
Less Accumulated Depreciation for							
Right to Use Asset		(221,238)	(180,260)			(401,498)	
Buildings and Improvements		(14,669,330)	(635,625)	-		(15,304,955)	
Machinery and Equipment		(20,069,788)	(1,438,980)	-		(21,508,768)	
Infrastructure		(101,749,730)	(4,321,153)	-		(106,070,883)	
Total Accumulated							
Depreciation		(136,710,086)	(6,576,018)	 -		(143,286,104)	
Total Capital Assets Being							
Depreciated, Net of Depreciation		133,654,987	2,007,076	 -		135,662,063	
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated							
Depreciation	\$	146,426,747	\$ 3,052,619	\$ 3,263,864	\$	146,215,502	

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

# Note 5 - Capital Assets (Continued)

	Beginning			Increases		Decreases		Ending
Business-Type Activities							•	
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated								
Land	\$	2,647,596	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,647,596
Construction in Progress		1,367,957		328,665		443,089		1,253,533
<b>Total Capital Assets Not Being</b>		4,015,553		328,665		443,089		3,901,129
Depreciated								
Capital Assets Being Depreciated								
Buildings and Improvements		221,004,682		1,577,108		2,201,879		220,379,911
Machinery and Equipment		18,734,536		7,459		27,232		18,714,763
Infrastructure		83,675,478		3,059,215		1,671,686		85,063,007
Total Capital Assets Being		_		_		_	•	
Depreciated		323,414,696		4,643,782	_	3,900,797		324,157,681
Less Accumulated Depreciation for								
Buildings and Improvements		(130,622,200)		(4,453,043)		(2,219,841)		(132,855,402)
Machinery and Equipment		(5,917,755)		(2,712,929)		(1,775,107)		(6,855,577)
Infrastructure		(32,316,328)		(2,183,690)		(767,867)		(33,732,151)
Total Accumulated							`	
Depreciation		(168,856,283)		(9,349,662)		(4,762,815)		(173,443,130)
Total Capital Assets Being								
Depreciated, Net of Depreciation		154,558,413		(4,705,880)		(862,018)		150,714,551
Business-Type Activities Capital								
Assets, Net of Accumulated								
Depreciation	\$	158,573,966	\$	(4,377,215)	\$	(418,929)	\$	154,615,680

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

## Note 5 - Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the City as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 179,436
Public Safety	440,155
Public Works	5,168,569
Health and Human Services	25,354
Culture and Recreation	738,904
Conservation and Development	 23,600
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 6,576,018
Business-Type Activities:	
Water Utility	\$ 2,101,576
Electric Utility	3,600,764
Steam Utility	59,129
Broadband Utility	70,547
Wastewater Treatment Plant	1,021,631
Transit System	 403,926
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities	 7,257,573
Depreciation Charged to the Sewer Utility for Shared Meter Expense	94,908
Salvage Charged to Accumulated Depreciation	210,669
Total Increase in Accumulated Depreciation Above:	\$ 7,563,150

## Note 6 - Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The following is a schedule of interfund receivables and payables:

Receivable Fund	und Payable Fund		Amount	Purpose				
General Fund	Tax Incremental District No. 16	\$	608,307	Year End Cash Flow Timing				
General Fund	Tax Incremental District No. 19		89,907	Year End Cash Flow Timing				
General Fund	Tax Incremental District No. 23		31,554	Year End Cash Flow Timing				
General Fund	Special Projects		26,963	Year End Cash Flow Timing				
Electric Utility	Water Utility		539,984	Year End Cash Flow Timing				
Electric Utility	Data Processing		364,476	Year End Cash Flow Timing				
		\$	1,661,191					

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

### Note 6 - Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers (Continued)

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2021 were as follows:

Fund	Transfers In	Transfers Out			
General Fund	\$ 4,295,177	\$ 240,951			
Debt Service Fund	73,637	-			
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	1,359,567	1,500,283			
Water Utility	-	979,895			
Electric Utility	-	2,891,260			
Wastewater Utility	-	28,467			
Nonmajor Proprietary Funds	-	85,643			
Internal Service Fund	-	1,882			
Total	\$ 5,728,381	\$ 5,728,381			

Transfers are used to: 1) move unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations; 2) move revenues from the fund that is required to collect them to the fund that is required or allowed to expend them; 3) move receipts restricted to or allowed for debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service funds as debt service payments become due; and 4) move payment in lieu of taxes from the regulated utilities to the general fund.

### Note 7 - Short-Term Obligations

The City issued note anticipation notes to secure funding of needed capital. Short-term debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 was as follows:

	Beg	inning			Er	nding
	Bal	ance	Issued	Redeemed	Ba	lance
Taxable Note Anticiptation Note	\$		\$ 1,413,000	\$ 1,413,000	\$	-

Total interest paid for the year on short-term debt totaled \$4,062.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

### Note 8 - Long-Term Obligations

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations of the City for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	Beginning Balance			Increases Decreases			Ending Balance	Due Within One Year		
Governmental Activities General Obligation Debt										
Bonds	\$	26,533,000	\$	5,125,000	\$	2,889,000	\$ 28,769,000	\$	2,787,000	
Notes		32,438,000		9,960,000		7,634,000	34,764,000		4,223,000	
Notes from Direct Borrowings		605,048		-		79,578	525,470		43,446	
Total General Obligation Debt		59,576,048		15,085,000		10,602,578	64,058,470		7,053,446	
Note Payable - MPU		859,000		_		_	859,000		_	
Debt Premium		1,608,029		784,582		269,882	2,122,729		279,495	
Lease Obligations		484,742		402,311		177,861	709,192		210,700	
Compensated Absences		6,166,189		2,127,987		2,586,644	5,707,532		2,753,689	
Total Governmental Activity										
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	68,694,008	\$	18,399,880	\$	13,636,965	\$ 73,456,923	\$	10,297,330	
Business-Type Activities										
Revenue Bonds	\$	8,697,650	\$	-	\$	608,314	\$ 8,089,336	\$	501,679	
Compensated Absences		2,144,561		747,991		729,553	2,162,999		723,482	
Total Business Activity										
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	10,842,211	\$	747,991	\$	1,337,867	\$ 10,252,335	\$	1,225,161	

Total interest paid during the year on long-term debt totaled \$1,882,263.

The City's outstanding notes from direct borrowings and direct placements related to governmental activities of \$525,470 contain a provision that in an event of default, outstanding amounts become immediately due if the City is unable to make a payment.

### **Current Refunding**

The City issued \$3,660,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds to current refund all of the remaining maturities on the 2021 Note Anticipation Note totaling \$3,845,000.

The City issued \$1,465,000 Taxable General Obligation Refunding Bonds to current refund all of the remaining maturities on the 2022 Note Anticipation Note totaling \$1,413,000.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

# Note 8 - Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

Additional information on the above outstanding long-term obligations follows:

_	Dates of Final Issuance Maturities		Interest Rates	Original Indebtedness	Balance 12/31/2022		
Capital Improvement Note	3/24/14	2024	2.00 - 3.00%	\$ 3,965,000	\$ 615,000		
Capital Improvement Note	4/6/15	2025	3.00 - 4.00%	2,500,000	1,040,000		
Refunding Bond	12/21/15	2026	1.10 - 3.95%	7,010,000	2,060,000		
Capital Improvement Note	5/9/16	2026	2.00%	7,600,000	4,440,000		
Environmental Remediation Note	12/14/16	2026	1.54%	282,444	88,448		
Capital Improvement Note	5/15/17	2027	2.00 - 3.00%	5,230,000	2,735,000		
Refunding Note	11/16/17	2027	1.78 - 2.50%	775,000	775,000		
Refunding Bond	11/5/18	2038	4.00 - 5.00%	8,730,000	8,730,000		
WI Dept of Transportation Note	2/1/19	2039	2.00%	500,000	437,022		
Promissory Note	9/9/19	2038	2.00 - 3.00%	6,900,000	5,945,000		
Refunding Bond	11/12/19	2038	4.45 - 5.10%	2,375,000	1,605,000		
Promissory Note	5/1/20	2030	1.65 - 2.60%	2,000,000	1,640,000		
Refunding Bond	5/1/20	2039	2.00 - 3.00%	9,860,000	9,530,000		
Taxable Note	3/4/21	2031	1.00 - 2.00%	6,090,000	5,955,000		
Refunding Bond	3/22/21	2026	.60 - 1.20%	2,573,000	1,719,000		
Taxable Promissory Note	3/22/21	2031	1.67%	2,503,000	1,659,000		
Capital Improvement Note	4/18/22	2032	4.00%	6,440,000	6,440,000		
Note Anticipation Note	4/18/22	2024	0.01	3,520,000	3,520,000		
Capital Improvement Note	4/18/22	2042	3.00 - 4.00%	1,465,000	1,465,000		
Refunding Bond	4/18/22	2042	4.00%	3,660,000	3,660,000		
Total Outstanding General Obligation	n Debt				\$ 64,058,470		
	Dates of	Final	Interest	Original	Balance		
<u>-</u>	Issuance	Maturities	Rates	Indebtedness	12/31/2022		
Clean Water Fund Loan	5/12/2010	2030	2.20%	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 452,783		
Clean Water Fund Loan	12/13/2017	2037	1.76%	9,069,537	7,636,553		
Total Outstanding Revenue Bonds					\$ 8,089,336		

The annual principal and interest maturities are allocated as follows:

	Governmental Activities											
	Bonded and	Gen	eral Debt	Notes From Direct Borrowings				Totals				
	Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest			Principal		Interest	
2023	\$ 7,010,000	\$	1,732,134	\$	43,446	\$	9,936	\$	7,053,446	\$	1,742,070	
2024	10,050,000		1,489,471		44,215		9,064		10,094,215		1,498,535	
2025	6,474,000		1,266,363		44,998		8,378		6,518,998		1,274,741	
2026	6,654,000		1,097,293		45,796		7,578		6,699,796		1,104,871	
2027	5,853,000		930,482		23,638		6,940		5,876,638		937,422	
2028 - 2032	19,212,000		2,659,622		125,474		27,418		19,337,474		2,687,040	
2033 - 2037	5,245,000		1,050,971		138,533		14,359		5,383,533		1,065,330	
2038 - 2042	 3,035,000		225,025		59,370		1,787		3,094,370		226,812	
	\$ 63,533,000	\$	10,451,361	\$	525,470	\$	85,460	\$	64,058,470	\$	10,536,821	

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

# Note 8 - Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

# Business Type Activities Bonded and General Debt

Dollaed alla Gelleral Debt				
	Principal		Interest	
\$	501,679	\$	139,043	
	510,739		130,692	
	519,963		121,385	
	529,356		111,907	
	538,918		102,257	
	2,718,165		363,052	
	2,770,516		123,604	
\$	8,089,336	\$	1,091,940	
		\$ 501,679 510,739 519,963 529,356 538,918 2,718,165 2,770,516	\$ 501,679 \$ 510,739 519,963 529,356 538,918 2,718,165 2,770,516	

## **Legal Margin For Debt**

The 2022 equalized valuation of the City as certified by the Wisconsin Department of Revenue is \$2,682,419,000. The legal debt limit and margin of indebtedness as of December 31, 2022, in accordance with Section 67.03 of the Wisconsin Statutes follows:

#### **Legal Margin For Debt**

	_	
Equalized Valuation of the City	\$	2,682,419,000
Statutory Limitation Percentage		5%
General Obligation Debt Limitation,		134,120,950
per Section 67.03 of the Wisconsin Statues		
Less: Net Current General Obligation Debt		58,996,658
Legal Margin for New Debt	\$	75,124,292

#### **Utility Revenues Pledged**

The Utility has pledged future revenue derived from the Wastewater Utility, net of specified operating expenses, to repay the Clean Water Fund Loans. Proceeds from the debt provided financing for the construction or acquisition of capital assets used within the utility.

The Clean Water Fund Loans are payable from Wastewater System net revenues and payable through 2037. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the loans is \$9,181,275. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total Wastewater System net revenues were \$756,769 and \$1,826,123, respectively. The Wastewater System did meet the Clean Water Fund Loan revenue requirements in 2022.

#### Note Payable - MPU

The City entered into a note payable in the amount of \$859,000 to finance the acquisition of land. The interest rate is 2% less than the prime rate with a floor of 2.5% (2.5% as of December 31, 2022). The note payable is due in full December 31, 2035.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

#### Note 8 - Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

#### **Lease Obligations**

GASB Statement No. 87 requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. This statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The City adopted this standard for the year-ended December 31, 2022. The cumulative effect of the change in accounting principle was to reclassify right to use assets of \$725,566 and accumulated depreciation of \$221,238 that was previously recorded as machinery and equipment as of December 31, 2021. The right to use assets were depreciated on a straight-line basis over the expected life of five years and has a book value of \$1,112,774 at December 31, 2022. The remaining lease obligation requirements are as follows:

	Go	vernmental
Year Ending		Activities
2023	\$	226,760
2024		202,786
2025		164,779
2026		114,746
2026		36,766
Subtotal	•	745,837
Less: Amount Representing Interest		36,645
Present Value of Future Minimum Lease Payments	\$	709,192

The City has several leases for which it acts as lessor. The City leases land to companies who put up cellular towers for the purpose of transmission and reception of communication signals. The cellular tower leases have terms ending in 2055. The City leases land and buildings to various tenants with varying terms, including the armory, convention center, yacht club, and marina. A lease is also maintained for the car ferry operated out of the City of Manitowoc, which expires in 2032. For the year ended December 31, 2022, the City recognized \$489,085in lease principal and interest revenue related to these agreements. At December 31, 2022, the City recorded \$6,076,503 in lease receivables and deferred inflows of resources for these arrangements.

	Beginning					Ending	Di	ue Within
	Balances	Add	itions	Re	eductions	Balances	C	ne Year
Governmental Activities		•		-				
Cell Towers	\$ 3,608,678	\$	-	\$	119,355	\$ 3,489,323	\$	110,831
Armory	61,210		-		19,965	41,245		8,552
Convention Center	141,481		-		13,566	127,915		20,400
Yacht Club	129,592		-		3,110	126,482		3,187
Carferry	393,374		-		33,951	359,423		34,827
Manitowoc Marina	2,161,178		-		229,063	1,932,115		231,755
Total Governmental Acitivity								
Lease Receivables	\$ 6,495,513	\$		\$	419,010	\$ 6,076,503	\$	409,552

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

# Note 8 - Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

Remaining amounts to be received associated with these leases at December 31, 2022 are as follows:

2023	\$	409.552
2024	Ψ	420,266
2025		416,255
2026		427,872
2027		441,504
2028-2032		1,768,726
2033-2037		609,246
2038-2042		394,375
2043-2047		486,776
2048-2052		519,254
2053-2054		182,677
	\$	6,076,503

\$ 6,076,503

# Note 9 - Fund Equity

# **Fund Financial Statements**

At December 31, 2022 the nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balances are as follows:

Nonspendable	
General Fund	
Prepaid Items	\$ 684,743
Delinquent Personal Property Taxes	28,994
Long Term Accounts and Interfund Receivables	823,169
Total Nonspendable Fund Balance	\$ 1,536,906
Restricted	
Special Revenues	
Parking Lot Activities	\$ 124,433
Transit Capital Activities	58,664
Housing Rehabilitation	2,495,997
Community Development	41,120
HCRI Housing Rehabilitation	142,655
Police Programs	456,317
Parkland Dedications	23,086
Eternal Flame	37,920
Centennial	20,655
Mayor's Youth Action Council	860
Park & Recreation	152,132
Lakeshore Holiday Parade	12,097
EPA Environmental Remediation	233,692
Housing Programs	1,750,403
Total Special Revenue Funds Restricted	5,550,031

# CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2022

# Note 9 - Fund Equity (Continued)

Capital Projects Funds  Tax Incremental Districts:  TID # 9  TID # 14  TID # 15  TID # 17  TID # 18  TID # 20  TID # 21  TID # 22  Total Capital Projects Funds Restricted	\$	525 2,466 7,939 995 800,129 360,313 315,334 2,433,947 3,921,648
Debt Service		5,061,812
Total Restricted Fund Balance	\$	14,533,491
Committed		
Special Revenue Funds: Room Tax Revolving Loan Program Manitowoc/Calumet Library Library Mani International Relations Rahr West Museum Aquatic Center Senior Center Farmers Market Total Special Revenue Funds	\$	458,466 150,980 36,742 447,556 4,856 216,962 49,458 66,077 125 1,431,222
Capital Projects Funds: Sanitary and Storm Sewers Streets Capital Equipment Environmental Remediation Cemetery Improvements Buildings and Other Improvements  Total Committed Fund Balance		67,303 192,325 1,370,911 992,682 48,481 1,111,562 3,783,264 5,214,486
Total Committee I und Balance	Ψ_	3,214,400
Assigned General Fund: Vacation and Sick Leave Community Development Fire Safety Equipment	\$	350,000 680,580 1,296,842
Total Assigned Fund Balance	\$	2,327,422

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

# Note 9 - Fund Equity (Continued)

# **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

At December 31, 2022 net position was as follows:

	(	Sovernmental Activities	В	usiness-Type Activities	Total
Net Investment in Capital Assets			_		
Net Capital Assets	\$	146,215,502	\$	154,615,680	\$ 300,831,182
Less: Related Long-Term Debt		(59,883,715)		(8,089,336)	(67,973,051)
Premium on Capital Debt		(2,122,729)		-	(2,122,729)
Lease Obligations		(709,192)		-	(709,192)
Total Net Investment in Capital Assets		83,499,866		146,526,344	230,026,210
Restricted					
Housing and Community Development		4,430,175		-	4,430,175
Parking Lot Activities		124,433		-	124,433
Transit Capital Projects		58,664		-	58,664
Police Programs		456,317		-	456,317
Parkland Dedications		23,086		-	23,086
Eternal Flame		37,920		-	37,920
Centennial		20,655		11,572,156	11,592,811
Mayor's Youth Action Council		860		-	860
Park & Recreation		152,132		-	152,132
Lakeshore Holiday Parade		12,097		-	12,097
EPA Environmental Remediation		233,692		-	233,692
Tax Incremental Districts		3,921,648		-	3,921,648
Debt Service		4,324,366		-	4,324,366
Pension Benefits		6,815,928		2,825,151	9,641,079
Total Restricted		20,611,973		14,397,307	35,009,280
Unrestricted		3,471,949		75,923,306	79,395,255
Total Government-Wide Activities Net Position	\$	107,583,788	\$	236,846,957	\$ 344,430,745

# Note 10 - Individual Fund Balance Disclosures

The following governmental funds have a deficit fund balance as of December 31, 2022:

Tax Incremental District No. 16	\$ 611,616
Tax Incremental District No. 19	\$ 89,907
Tax Incremental District No. 23	\$ 31,554

These deficit fund balances will be corrected with subsequent years' revenues.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

#### Note 11 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

#### General Information about the Pension Plan

**Plan Description.** The WRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government, and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, expected to work at least 1,200 hours a year (880 hours for teachers and school district educational support employees) and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at <a href="https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements">https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements</a>.

Additionally, ETF issued a standalone Wisconsin Retirement System Financial Report, which can also be found using the link above.

**Vesting.** For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

**Benefits Provided**. Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupations and 62 for elected officials and executive service retirement plan participants, if hired on or before December 31, 2016) are entitled to a retirement benefit based on a formula factor, their final average earnings, and creditable service.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest annual earnings periods. Creditable service includes current service and prior service for which a participant received earnings and made contributions as required. Creditable service also includes creditable military service. The retirement benefit will be calculated as a money purchase benefit based on the employee's contributions plus matching employer's contributions, with interest, if that benefit is higher than the formula benefit.

Vested participants may retire at or after age 55 (50 for protective occupations) and receive an actuarially reduced benefit. Participants terminating covered employment prior to eligibility for an annuity may either receive employee-required contributions plus interest as a separation benefit or leave contributions on deposit and defer application until eligible to receive a retirement benefit.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

#### Note 11 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

**Post-Retirement Adjustments.** The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the "floor") set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

Year	Core Fund Adjustment	Variable Fund Adjustment
	( <del>-</del> ->>)	( <del>-</del> )2(
2012	(7.0)%	(7)%
2013	(9.6)	9
2014	4.7	25
2015	2.9	2
2016	0.5	(5)
2017	2.0	4
2018	2.4	17
2019	0.0	(10)
2020	1.7	21
2021	5.1	13

**Contributions.** Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for General category employees, including Teachers, Executives and Elected Officials. Starting on January 1, 2016, the Executives and Elected Officials category was merged into the General Employee Category. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the reporting period, the WRS recognized \$2,463,559 in contributions from the employer.

Contribution rates as of December 31, 2022 are:

Employee Category	<b>Employee</b>	Employer
General (including teachers, executives, and elected officials)	6.50%	6.50%
Protective with social security	6.50%	12.00%
Protective without social security	6.50%	16.48%

# Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2022, the City reported an asset of \$15,984,447 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020 rolled forward to December 31, 2021. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The City's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2021, the City's proportion was 0.19831368%, which was an increase of 0.00146638% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2020.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

# Note 11 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the City recognized a reduction in pension expense of \$1,367,765.

At December 31, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	C	Deferred Outflows of Resources	ĺ	Deferred nflows of Resources
Differences between projected and actual experiences	\$	25,822,067	\$	1,862,049
Changes in assumptions		2,982,151		-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		35,758,538
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		18,142		8,700
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date  Total	\$	2,463,559 31,285,919	\$	37,629,287

The \$2,463,559 reported as deferred outflows related to pension resulting from the WRS Employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an adjustment of the net pension liability (asset) in the year ending December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Net Deferred Outflows		
<b>Years Ending</b>	(Inflows) of		
December 31,	Resources		
2023	\$ (743,751)		
2024	(4,332,137)		
2025	(1,904,900)		
2026	(1,826,139)		
	\$ (8,806,927)		

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

#### Note 11 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

**Actuarial Assumptions**. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date:

December 31, 2020

Measurement Date of Net Pension Liability (Asset):

December 31, 2021

Actuarial Cost Method:

Entry Age Normal

Fair Value

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:

Discount Rate:

December 31, 2020

December 31, 2021

Entry Age Normal

Fair Value

6.8%

Salary Increases:

Inflation 3.0%

Seniority/Merit 0.1% - 5.6%

Mortality: 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table

Post-retirement Adjustments\* 1.7%

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2021 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020. Based on this experience study, actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability changed from prior year, including the discount rate, long-term expected rate of return, post-retirement adjustment, price inflation, mortality and separation rates. The total pension liability for December 31, 2021 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation.

Long-term Expected Return on Plan Assets. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

# Asset Allocation Targets and Expected Returns<sup>1</sup> As of December 31, 2021

·		Long-Term Expected	Long-Term Expected
	Asset	Nominal Rate	Real Rate of
Core Fund Asset Class	Allocation %	of Return %	Return % <sup>2</sup>
Global Equities	52%	6.8%	4.2%
Fixed Income	25	4.3	1.8
Inflation Sensitive Assets	19	2.7	0.2
Real Estate	7	5.6	3.0
Private Equity/Debt	12	9.7	7.0
Total Core Fund <sup>3</sup>	115% *	6.6%	4.0%
Variable Fund Asset Class			
U.S. Equities	70%	6.3%	4.1%
International Equities	30	7.2	4.9
Total Variable Fund	100%	6.8%	4.6%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Asset Allocations are managed within established ranges; target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations.

<sup>\*</sup> No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors.

1.7% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>New England Pension Consultants Long Term US CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.5%.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The investment policy used for the Core Fund involves reducing equity exposure by leveraging lower-volatility assets, such as fixed income securities. This results in an asset allocation beyond 100%. Currently, an asset allocation target of 15% policy leverage is used, subject to an allowable range of up to 20%.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

# Note 11 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Single Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 6.8% was used to measure the total pension liability, as opposed to a discount rate of 7.0% for the prior year. This single discount rate is based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.80% and a municipal bond rate of 1.84% (Source: Fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of December 31, 2021. In describing this index, Fidelity notes that the Municipal Curves are constructed using option-adjusted analytics of a diverse population of over 10,000 tax exempt securities.). Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 6.8% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 1.7% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.80 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.80 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.80 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease to Discount	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase to Discount Rate
	Rate (5.80%)	(6.80%)	(7.80%)
City's proportionate share of the net			
pension liability (asset)	\$ 11,342,098	\$ (15,984,447)	\$ (35,654,476)

**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position.** Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at <a href="https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements">https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements</a>.

**Payables to the Pension Plan.** The City is required to remit the monthly required contribution for both the employee and City portions by the last day of the following month. The amount due to WRS as of December 31, 2022 is \$322,472 for December payroll.

# Note 12 - Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits

### 1. Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund Defined Postemployment Benefit Plan

**Plan Description.** The LRLIF is a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. LRLIF benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF) and the Group Insurance Board have statutory authority for program administration and oversight. The plan provides post-employment life insurance benefits for all eligible members.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

## Note 12 - Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits (Continued)

**OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position.** ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

Additionally, ETF issued a standalone Retiree Life Insurance Financial Report, which can also be found using the link above.

**Benefits Provided.** The LRLIF plan provides fully paid up life insurance benefits for post-age 64 retired members and pre-65 retirees who pay for their coverage.

**Contributions.** The Group Insurance Board approves contribution rates annually, based on recommendations from the insurance carrier. Recommended rates are based on an annual valuation, taking into consideration an estimate of the present value of future benefits and the present value of future contributions. A portion of employer contributions made during a member's working lifetime funds a post-retirement benefit.

Employers are required to pay the following contributions based on member contributions for active members to provide them with Basic Coverage after age 65. There are no employer contributions required for pre-age 65 annuitant coverage. If a member retires prior to age 65, they must continue paying the member premiums until age 65 in order to be eligible for the benefit after age 65.

Contribution rates as of December 31, 2022 are:

Coverage Type	Employee
50% Post Retirement Coverage	40% of Member Contribution
25% Post Retirement Coverage	20% of Member Contribution

Member contributions are based upon nine age bands through age 69 and an additional eight age bands for those age 70 and over. Participating members must pay monthly contribution rates per \$1,000 of coverage until the age of 65 (age 70 if active). The member contribution rates in effect for the year ended December 31, 2021 are as listed below:

# Life Insurance Member Contribution Rates \* For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Attained Age	Basic/Supplemental
Under 30	\$ 0.05
30-34	0.06
35-39	0.07
40-44	0.08
45-49	0.12
50-54	0.22
55-59	0.39
60-64	0.49
65-69	0.57

<sup>\*</sup> Disabled members under age 70 receive a waiver-of-premium benefit.

During the reporting period, the Plan recognized \$2,715 in contributions from the employer.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

#### Note 12 - Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits (Continued)

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At December 31, 2022, the City reported a liability of \$2,547,428 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020 rolled forward to December 31, 2021. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The City's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2021, the City's proportion was 0.43101000%, which was an increase of 0.02063000% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2020.

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$320,040.

At December 31, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between projected and actual experiences	\$ -	\$ 129,586
Changes in assumptions	769,667	123,475
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	33,144	-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	40,075	38,114
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date  Total	2,715 \$ 845,601	\$ 291,175

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

## Note 12 - Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits (Continued)

The \$2,715 reported as deferred outflows related to OPEB resulting from the WRS Employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an adjustment of the net OPEB liability in the year ending December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Net Deferred Outflows		
Years Ending	(Inflows) of		
December 31,	Resources		
2023	\$ 128,255		
2024	124,410		
2025	113,629		
2026	137,430		
2027	53,346		
Thereafter	(5,359)		
	\$ 551,711		

**Actuarial Assumptions**. The total OPEB liability in the January 1, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date:

January 1, 2021

Measurement Date of Net OPEB Liability:

December 31, 2021

Experience Study: January 1, 2018 - December 31, 2020, Published

November 19, 2021

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal

20 Year Tax-Exempt Municipal Bond Yield: 2.06%
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return: 4.25%
Discount Rate: 2.17%

Salary Increases:

Wage Inflation 3.00% Seniority/Merit 0.1% - 5.6%

Mortality: 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2021 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020. Based on this experience study, actuarial assumptions used to measure the total OPEB liability changed from the prior year, including the price inflation, mortality and separation rates. The total OPEB liability for December 31, 2021 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the January 1, 2021 actuarial valuation.

Long-term Expected Return on Plan Assets. The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. Investments for the LRLIF are held with Securian, the insurance carrier. Interest is calculated and credited to the LRLIF based on the rate of return for a segment of the insurance carriers' general fund, specifically 10-year A- Bonds (as a proxy, and not tied to any specific investments). The overall aggregate interest rate is calculated using a tiered approach based on the year the funds were originally invested and the rate of return for that year. Investment interest is credited based on the aggregate rate of return and assets are not adjusted to fair market value. Furthermore, the insurance carrier guarantees the principal amounts of the reserves, including all interest previously credited thereto.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

## Note 12 - Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits (Continued)

# State OPEB Life Insurance Asset Allocation Targets and Expected Returns As of December 31, 2021

Long Torm

			Expected Geometric
		Target	Real Rate of
Asset Class	Index	Allocation	Return %
U.S. Intermediate Credit Bonds	Bloomberg U.S. Interm Credit	45%	1.68%
U.S. Long Credit Bonds	Bloomberg U.S. Long Credit	5	1.82
U.S. Mortgages	Blookberg U.S. MBS	50	1.94
Inflation			2.30
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return			4.25

The long-term expected rate of return remained unchanged from the prior year at 4.25%. The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The expected inflation rate increased from 2.20% as of December 31, 2020 to 2.30% as of December 31, 2021.

Single Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 2.17% was used to measure the total OPEB liability for the current year, as opposed to a discount rate of 2.25% for the prior year. The significant change in the discount rate was primarily caused by the decrease in the municipal bond rate from 2.12% as of December 31, 2020 to 2.06% as of December 31, 2021. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total OPEB liability is equal to the single equivalent rate that results in the same actuarial present value as the long-term expected rate of return applied to benefit payments, to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments, and the municipal bond rate applied to benefit payment to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through December 31, 2036.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made according to the current employer contribution schedule and that contributions are made by plan members retiring prior to age 65.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.17 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.17 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.17 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease to	)	19	% Increase to	
	Discount Rate (1.17%)	Current Disc Rate (2.17		Discount Rate (3.17%)	
City's proportionate share of the					
net OPEB liability	\$ 3,455,94	2,54	7,428 \$	1,863,809	

**Payables to the OPEB Plan.** The City is required to remit the monthly required contribution for both the employee and City portions by the last day of the following month. There was no amount due for the life insurance plan at December 31, 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

## Note 12 - Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits (Continued)

#### 2. Single-Employer Defined Postemployment Benefit Plan

**Plan Description.** The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit postemployment health plan. City provides medical coverage (including prescription drugs) for employees who retired prior to January 1. 2021. Employees retiring after December 31, 2021, are no longer eligible to remain on the City medical plan.

**Employees Covered by Benefit Terms.** As of the January 1, 2022 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	5
Active employees	336
Total Participants	341

**Contributions.** Retired plan members and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits are required to contribute towards the cost of insurance premiums based on the employee group and their retirement date.

**Total OPEB Liability.** City's total OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2022 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2022.

**Actuarial Assumptions.** The total OPEB liability in the January 1, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation: 3.00%

Salary Increases:

Inflation 3.00%

Seniority/Merit 0.4% - 3.50%

Discount Rate: 2.06%

Healthcare Trend Rates: 5.8% for 2022 Decreasing to an Ultimate

Rate of 3.70% After 62 Years

Mortality rates are based on the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2022 valuation were based on the "Wisconsin Retirement System 2015 – 2017 Experience Study."

**Discount Rate.** The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 2.06%, which is based on the Bond Buyer GO 20-year Municipal Bond Index as of the week of the measurement date. The discount rate used in the January 1, 2018 actuarial valuation was 4.10%. No assets have been accumulated in an irrevocable trust, so the Bond buyer GO 20-year Municipal; Bond Index has been applied to all periods.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

# Note 12 - Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits (Continued)

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability:

	Total OPEB Liability		
Balance at 12/31/2021	\$	995,791	
Changes for the Year:			
Service Cost		78,136	
Interest		22,400	
Changes of Assumptions or Other Input		7,536	
Benefit Payments		(34,862)	
Net Changes		73,210	
Balance at 12/31/2022	\$	1,069,001	

**Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate.** The following presents the total OPEB liability of City, as well as what City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.06%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.06%) than the current rate:

	 1% Decrease (1.06%)	Current Discount Rate (2.06%)		1% Increase (3.06%)	
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 1,163,641	\$	1,069,001	\$	980,562

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of City, as well as what City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare Cost								
	1	% Decrease		Trend Rates	1% Increase					
Total OPEB Liability	\$	934,735	\$	1,069,001	\$	1,247,015				

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

# Note 12 - Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits (Continued)

**OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB**For the year ended December 31, 2022, City recognized OPEB expense of \$229,514. At December 31, 2022, City reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Οι	eferred of esources	In	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between projected and actual experiences	\$	140,133	\$	125,015		
Changes in assumptions		263,848		19,131		
Total	\$	403,981	\$	144,146		

Amounts reported as deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Net Deferred Outflows	k
Years Ending	(Inflows) of	,
December 31,	Resources	
2022	\$ 36,534	1
2023	36,534	1
2024	36,534	1
2025	36,534	1
2026	36,354	1
Thereafter	77,345	5_
	\$ 259,835	5

**Payable to the OPEB Plan.** At December 31, 2022, City did not report a payable for the outstanding amount of contribution to the OPEB Plan required.

# Note 13 - Tax Incremental Financing Districts

The City has established separate capital projects funds for the Tax Incremental Financing Districts (TID) created by the City in accordance with Section 66.1105 of the Wisconsin Statutes. At the time the TID's were created, the property tax base within each TID was "frozen" and increment taxes resulting from increases to the property tax base are used to finance TID improvements, including principal and interest on long-term debt issued by the City to finance such improvements. State Statutes allow a tax incremental district to incur eligible project costs up to five years from the maximum termination date. The City terminated TID's 9, 10 and 12 during 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

#### Note 13 - Tax Incremental Financing Districts (continued)

The intent of the City is to recover the above amounts from future TID surplus funds, if any, prior to termination of the respective TID's. Unless terminated by the City prior thereto, each TID has a statutory termination year as follows:

	Termination
	Year
TID No.16	2030
TID No.17	2034
TID No.18	2035
TID No.19	2044
TID No.20	2039
TID No.21	2038
TID No.22	2048
TID No.23	2043

#### Tax Abatements

The City has entered into agreements within some of the Districts that require the City to make annual repayments of property taxes collected within the Districts to the developers, based upon the terms of the agreements. As tax abatements, those developer payments and the related property tax revenues are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the financial statements.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the City abated property taxes of \$586,170 under this program which include the following tax abatement agreements:

- A property tax abatement of \$111,088 to a developer within Tax Incremental District No. 19.
- A property tax abatement of \$366,631 to a developer within Tax Incremental District No. 20.
- A property tax abatement of \$108,451 to a developer within Tax Incremental District No. 21.

#### Note 14 - Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health claims; unemployment compensation claims; and environmental damage for which the City purchases commercial insurance. There has been no reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year. Insurance settlements for claims resulting from the risks covered by commercial insurance have not exceeded the insurance coverage in past year.

## **Property and Liability Insurance**

The City, together with certain other units of government within the state of Wisconsin, created the Cities and Villages Mutual Insurance Company (CVMIC) to provide liability insurance services to its members. At that time, the City issued \$1,111,426 in general obligation bonds for its share of the initial capitalization of CVMIC. The City is partially self-insured for liability insurance and pays premiums to CVMIC for its excess liability insurance coverage. The actuary for CVMIC determines premium charges to its members require to pay the expected claims and loss adjustment expenses. CVMIC's ongoing operational expenses, other than loss adjustment expenses, are apportioned pro rata to each member. CVMIC provides a general liability, police and nurses professional liability, public official's liability vehicle liability coverage for the City. The City's self-insured retention limit is \$50,000 for each occurrence with a maximum limit of \$200,000 annually. Premiums paid to CVMIC for insurance coverage are recorded in a self-insurance internal service fund. The self-insurance internal service fund charges various City departments and operations for their portion of insurance coverage for the year. A separate financial report is issued annually by CVMIC.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

#### Note 14 - Risk Management (Continued)

Since the City considers its initial capitalization contribution to CVMIC will be returned upon either dissolution of CVMIC or the approved withdrawal from CVMIC, the initial capitalization amount of \$1,111,426 has been recorded as a deposit in the liability self-insurance internal service fund.

In addition to the above, the City has established separate internal service funds for the following risk management programs:

#### **Health Self-Insurance Fund**

City employees, retirees and employee dependents, other than those of the water, electric and broadband enterprise funds and the data processing internal service fund, are eligible for medical and dental benefits from a health self-insurance fund. Employees, retirees and employee dependents of the water, electric and broadband enterprise funds and the data processing internal service fund are covered by a separate health insurance plan. Funding is provided by charges to City departments, employees and retirees. Retirees are billed monthly premiums for health benefits based on actual costs for providing such benefits. The program is supplemented by a stop loss protection, which limits the City's annual liability. The limit is \$100,000 per specific claim. Fund expenses consist of payments to a third-party administrator for medical and dental claims, stop loss insurance premiums, and administrative fees. On December 31, 2022 the health self-insurance internal service fund had established a reserve of \$723,572 for future unreported claims.

The claims liability of \$255,602 reported in the fund at December 31, 2022 is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Changes in the fund's claims liability amount are as follows:

	Fis	Beginning-of- Fiscal Year Liability		Current-Year Claims and Changes in Estimates		Claim Payments	Balance at Fiscal Year-End		
2022 2021 2020	\$	451,593 277,093 192,995	\$	2,320,763 3,023,670 3,648,909	\$	2,516,754 2,849,170 3,564,811	\$	255,602 451,593 277,093	

# **Transit System Liability Insurance**

The City's transit system is exposed to various risks of loss related to torst, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors or omissions, injuries to employees, or acts of God. The transit system is a member of the Transit Mutual Insurance Corporation of Wisconsin (TMI). TMI was created by several governmental units within the State of Wisconsin to provide liability insurance service to its members. The transit system pays premiums to TMI for its liability coverage. The actuary for TMI determines charges to its members for the expected losses and loss adjustment expenses on which premiums are based.

### **Other Risk Management Programs**

The City also purchases commercial insurance policies for various property and other liability risks. Payments of premiums for these policies are recorded as expenditures or expenses in various other funds of the City. Insurance settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for each of the past three years. There have been no significant changes in insurance coverage from the prior year.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2022

### Note 15 - Budgetary Process

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the budgetary comparison schedule:

- During November, City management submits to the Common Council a proposed operating budget for the calendar
  year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of
  financing them. After submission to the governing body, public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments.
  Following the public hearings, the proposed budget, including authorized additions and deletions, is legally enacted
  by City Council action.
- Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the general fund, certain special revenue funds, debt service funds, and certain capital projects funds. Budget is defined as the originally approved budget plus or minus approved amendments. Budget appropriations not expended during the year are closed to fund balance unless authorized by the governing body to be forwarded into the succeeding year's budget.
- During the year, formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device for the general fund, certain special revenue funds, debt service funds, and certain capital projects funds.
- Expenditures may not exceed appropriations provided in detailed budget accounts maintained for each department of the City. Amendments to the budget during the year require initial approval by management and are subsequently authorized by the Common Council.

### **Excess of Actual Expenditures Over Budget**

The following fund had an excess of actual expenditures over budget for the year ended December 31, 2022:

General Fund	Ex	Excess penditures
		<u></u>
Public Safety	\$	290,660
Health and Human Services		254,671
Culture and Recereation		1,194,728
Conservation and Development		219

# Note 16 - Contingencies

The City received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursements to the grantor for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grants. The City believes such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

From time to time the City is involved in legal actions and claims, most of which normally occur in governmental operations. In the opinion of City management, these issues, and any other proceedings known to exist at December 31, 2022, are not likely to have a material adverse impact on the City's financial position.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

# Note 17 - Basis For Utility Existing Rates

Electric – The Public Service Commission of Wisconsin approved the electric rates on April 1, 2020 and are designed to provide a 4.9% return on rate base.

Water – The Public Service Commission of Wisconsin approved the water rates on June 1, 2015 and are designed to provide a 4.0% return on rate base.

Dark Fiber – The current rates to these customers are approved by MPU commission.

Steam – The current rates to these customers are approved by MPU commission.

### Note 18 - Restatement of Beginning Fund Balance/ Net Position

During the current year the City became aware of Community Development loans that were not previously recorded in the City's accounting software due to the fact that the loans are administered by a 3<sup>rd</sup> party provider. The City also identified assets that were recorded in a proprietary fund in prior years that should have been recorded in governmental activities. The adjustments noted required a restatement of fund balance/net position as follows:

	Hou	using Revolving	١	Vastewater	(	Governmental
	Loan Fund			atment Plant		Activities
Beginning Fund Balance - January 1, 2022	\$	2,019,598	\$	37,597,002	\$	106,820,876
Restatement Amount		500,124		(1,057,985)		1,558,109
Restated Beg Beginning Fund Balance- December 31, 2021	\$	2,519,722	\$	36,539,017	\$	108,378,985



Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)
Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS)

WRS Fiscal Year End Date (Measurement Date)	City's Proportion of the Net Pension Asset/Liability	City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Asset)/Liability	City's Covered Payroll	City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Asset/Liability
12/31/2021	0.19831368%	\$ (15,984,447)	\$ 24,976,952	64.00%	106.02%
12/31/2020	0.19684730%	(12,289,450)	23,759,769	51.72%	105.26%
12/31/2019	0.19571819%	(6,310,847)	23,480,447	26.88%	102.96%
12/31/2018	0.19177567%	6,822,778	22,706,973	30.05%	96.45%
12/31/2017	0.18701231%	(5,552,617)	21,532,538	25.79%	102.93%
12/31/2016	0.18743241%	1,544,891	21,019,901	7.35%	99.12%
12/31/2015	0.18927241%	3,075,641	20,761,308	14.81%	98.20%
12/31/2014	0.00194297%	(4,772,477)	21,308,496	22.40%	102.74%

Schedule of Employer Contributions Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS)

City Year End Date	Contract Require Contribu	ontributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	Contril Defici (Exc	ency	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	<b>;</b>	
12/31/2022 12/31/2021 12/31/2020 12/31/2019 12/31/2018	2,236	2,253 6,950 9,758	2,463,559 2,312,253 2,236,950 2,099,758 2,077,887	\$	- - - - -	\$ 26,680,079 24,976,952 23,759,769 23,480,447 22,706,973	9.23% 9.26% 9.41% 8.94% 9.15%	
12/31/2017 12/31/2016 12/31/2015	1,758	3,668 3,047 4,213	1,963,668 1,758,047 1,904,213		- - -	21,532,538 21,019,901 20,761,308	9.12% 8.36% 9.17%	

Schedule of Change in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
Last 10 Measurement Years\*

	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018
Total OPEB Liability					
Service Cost	\$ 78,136	\$ 68,511	\$ 51,770	\$ 35,427	\$ 31,945
Interest	22,400	25,476	21,808	17,359	17,166
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	(139,348)	-	200,796	-	-
Changes of Assumptions or Other Input	146,884	50,800	119,979	(32,151)	15,560
Benefit Payments	 (34,862)	(20,370)	(6,122)	(13,273)	(22,000)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	73,210	124,417	388,231	7,362	42,671
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	 995,791	 871,374	 483,143	 475,781	 433,110
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 1,069,001	\$ 995,791	\$ 871,374	\$ 483,143	\$ 475,781
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 22,680,000	\$ 22,862,000	\$ 22,457,000	\$ 21,681,000	\$ 22,706,973
City's Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	4.71%	4.36%	3.88%	2.23%	2.10%

<sup>\*</sup>Ten years of data will be accumulated beginning with 2018.

Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability
Other Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions - Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund

WRS Fiscal Year End Date (Measurement Date)	Date of the Net Share of the ment OPEB Net OPEB		City's Covered Payroll	City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	
12/31/2021	0.43101000%	\$	2,547,428	\$ 22,680,000	11.23%	29.57%
12/31/2020	0.41038000%		2,426,027	22,862,000	10.61%	31.36%
12/31/2019	0.43885000%		1,868,709	22,457,000	8.32%	37.58%
12/31/2018	0.42831300%		1,105,192	21,681,000	5.10%	48.69%
12/31/2017	0.41419800%		1,246,148	21,532,538	5.79%	44.81%

# Schedule of Employer Contributions Other Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions - Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund

City Year End Date	Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Contractually Required Required Contributions Contributions		bution iency ess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		
12/31/2022 12/31/2021 12/31/2020 12/31/2019 12/31/2018	\$	2,715 8,640 8,701 8,252 8,701	\$	2,715 8,640 8,701 8,252 8,701	\$ - - -	\$ 16,600,053 21,525,146 21,681,000 22,457,000 23,759,970	0.02% 0.04% 0.04% 0.04% 0.04%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

#### **Defined Benefit Pension Plan**

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in WRS.

Changes of assumptions.

Based on a three-year experience study conducted in 2021 covering January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2020, the ETF Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the total pension liability beginning with the year-end December 31, 2021, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the discount rate from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.5% to 2.4%
- Lowering the post-retirement adjustments from 1.9% to 1.7%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table to the 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table.

# **Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits**

Local Retiree Live Insurance Fund

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in LRLIF.

Changes of assumptions. In addition to the rate changes detailed in Not 14, the State of Wisconsin Employee Trust Fund Board adopted economic and demographic assumption changes based on a three year experience study performed for the Wisconsin Retirement System. These assumptions are used in the actuarial valuations of OPEB liabilities (assets) for the retiree life insurance programs and are summarized below.

The assumption changes that were used to measure the December 31, 2021 total OPEB liabilities, including the following:

- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.5% to 2.4%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table to the 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table.

Single Employer OPEB Plan

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions. No significant changes in assumptions from the prior year were noted.



Schedule of Budgeted and Actual Revenues

General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022
With Summarized Comparative Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual		2021
	Original	Final	Amounts	Variance	Actual
TAXES					
General Property Taxes	\$ 8,215,814	\$ 8,215,814	\$ 8,215,814	\$ -	\$ 7,025,588
Wheel Taxes	550,000	550,000	558,472	8,472	563,070
Mobile Home Taxes	35,000	35,000	27,958	(7,042)	30,183
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	46,000	46,000	51,318	5,318	51,544
Interest on Taxes	64,000	64,000	53,668	(10,332)	82,285
Total Taxes	8,910,814	8,910,814	8,907,230	(3,584)	7,752,670
SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS					
Seal Coating	-	-	1,418	1,418	1,925
Weed Cutting	40,000	40,000	28,725	(11,275)	28,954
Snow Removal	120,000	120,000	108,508	(11,492)	105,058
Total Special Assessments	160,000	160,000	138,651	(21,349)	135,937
INTERGOVERNMENTAL					
Shared Taxes from State	5,514,022	5,514,022	5,415,871	(98,151)	5,483,788
Expenditure Restraint Payment	418,924	418,924	418,924	-	441,699
Tax Exempt Computer Aid	259,000	259,000	256,448	(2,552)	254,847
Municipal Services	53,000	53,000	60,489	7,489	53,646
Fire Insurance Dues	80,000	80,000	190,452	110,452	89,814
Highway Aids	1,693,822	1,693,822	1,689,132	(4,690)	1,608,104
Connecting Street Aids	231,189	231,189	231,189	-	230,808
Lift Bridge Aids	236,632	236,632	162,629	(74,003)	161,419
Highway Safety Grants	15,000	15,000	14,776	(224)	24,498
Other Public Safety	7,800	7,800	58,066	50,266	5,650
Other Grants  Total Intergovernmental	72,720 8,582,109	72,720 8,582,109	309,908 8,807,884	237,188 225,775	83,849 8,438,122
rotal intergovernmental	0,302,109	0,302,109		223,113	0,430,122
LICENSES AND PERMITS Licenses					
Liquor and Malt Beverage	63,710	63,710	69,919	6,209	64,957
Operators	23,725	23,725	24,720	995	24,710
Cigarette	4,000	4,000	3,800	(200)	3,900
Bowling Alley	250	250	230	(20)	230
Adult Entertainment	1,000	1,000	1,000	(20)	1,000
Mobile Home Park	375	375	525	150	425
Taxicab	600	600	690	90	810
Taxicab Drivers	500	500	400	(100)	1,000
Garbage Collectors	1,000	1,000	1,080	80	1,350
Theater	700	700	450	(250)	900
Bicycle Licenses	150	150	104	(46)	66
Dog and Cat Licenses	23,120	23.120	20,295	(2,825)	23.463
Direct Sellers	2,920	2,920	2,700	(220)	350
Pawn Broker	500	500	603	103	630
Change of Agent or Transfer	50	50	30	(20)	70
Cable Television	253,000	253.000	279,471	26,471	274,878
Chicken License Fee	300	300	540	240	70
Permits	000		205	(75)	075
Sidewalk Café	300	300	225	(75)	375
Building	210,000	210,000	277,417	67,417	279,049
Sign	3,000	3,000	6,362	3,362	2,743
Electrical Permits	100,000	100,000	166,945	66,945	143,025
Plumbing Permits	110,000	110,000	147,225	37,225	163,442
Heating	50,000	50,000	74,519	24,519	64,533
Zoning Board of Appeals	300	300	800	500	500
Well Operation	500	500	250	(250)	125
Alarm Ordinance	250	250	315	65	135
Sprinkler System	5,000	5,000	4,840	(160)	6,185
Street Opening	17,500	17,500	32,250	14,750	41,840
Driveway or Sidewalk	2,500	2,500	2,180	(320)	4,402
Stormwater	-	-	-	-	6,156
Fire Department Permits  Total Licenses and Permits	300 875,550	300 875,550	1,120,185	244,635	550 1,111,869
			.,.20,100		.,.11,000
FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES Parking Violations	180,000	180,000	116,708	(63,292)	164,716
Municipal Court Fines	440,650	440,650	417,980	(22,670)	381,522
Late Fees - Dog Licenses	750	440,650 750	417,980 970	(22,670)	381,522 905
•					
Other Fines and Fees	7 5/1/1				
Other Fines and Fees  Total Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties	7,500 628,900	7,500 628,900	9,568 545,226	2,068 (83,674)	1,509 548,652

Schedule of Budgeted and Actual Revenues

General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022
With Summarized Comparative Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	 Budgeted .	Amo	unts		Actual	ı	Variance Favorable	2021
	Original		Final	_	Amounts	_(U	Infavorable)	Actual
PUBLIC CHARGES FOR SERVICES								
Clerk	\$ 14,750	\$	14,750	\$	14,384	\$	(366)	\$ 15,800
Treasurer	64,800		64,800		64,831		31	63,761
Attorney	23,000		23,000		17,231		(5,769)	32,538
GIS Land Record Management	100		100		11		(89)	16
Planning	19,050		19,050		31,805		12,755	21,654
Police Department	6,885		6,885		6,637		(248)	6,512
Police Service Fees	8,000		8,000		6,154		(1,846)	9,907
Fire Department Fees	3,000		3,000		2,135		(865)	3,248
Impounded Vehicles	450		450		350		(100)	225
Rescue Squad	1,976,580		1,976,580		2,116,849		140,269	2,297,858
Inspection and Zoning Fees	-		-		14		14	400
Sealer	12,400		12,400		12,921		521	14,842
Museum	32,200		32,200		12,343		(19,857)	11,692
Recreation Building	22,400		22,400		47,286		24,886	38,367
Recreation Team Sports	20,000		20,000		23,750		3,750	24,615
Recreation Program Fees	28,500		28,500		40,088		11,588	29,178
Recreation Rentals	48,800		48,800		57,861		9,061	53,555
Recreation Concessions	1,500		1,500		107		(1,393)	1,571
Recreation Other	9,150		9,150		11,358		2,208	4,299
Special Events	3,700		3,700		4,104		404	3,680
Senior Citizens	21,500		21,500		24,952		3,452	13,673
Street Permit Repairs	135,000		135,000		326,375		191,375	204,874
Columbarium Sales	11,500		11,500		31,786		20,286	25,701
Sale of Cemetery Lots	64,110		64,110		55,478		(8,632)	87,107
Foundations	16,000		16,000		18,025		2,025	19,024
Burial Fees	142,550		142,550		167,850		25,300	136,475
Memorials	-		-		3,338		3,338	-
Total Public Charges for Services	2,685,925		2,685,925	_	3,098,023		412,098	3,120,572
INTERGOVERNMENTAL CHARGES FOR SERVICES								
Counties and Municipalities	34,000		34,000		39,062		5,062	38,488
City Administrative Fees	54,513		54,513		34,048		(20,465)	34,880
Schools and Special Districts	3,000		3,000		12,337		9,337	4,693
Police School Liasion	135,000		135,000		145,708		10,708	124,690
Total Intergovernmental Charges for Services	226,513		226,513	_	231,155		4,642	202,751
INTERDEPARTMENTAL CHARGES FOR SERVICES								
City Equipment Rental	_		_		_		_	80
Street Department Labor	145,000		145,000		262,244		117,244	145,105
DPW Materials	563,000		563,000		811,156		248,156	582,677
Total Interdepartmental Charges for Services	708,000		708,000	_	1,073,400		365,400	727,862
MISCELLANEOUS								
Gain (Loss) on Investments	373,440		373,440		(671,853)		(1,045,293)	(111,854)
Rent	65,000		65,000		45,791		(19,209)	42,851
Sale of General Capital Assets	5,000		5,000		115,488		110,488	179,296
Sale of Salvage and Waste Products	1,300		1,300		4,309		3,009	10,754
Marina Lease	235,000		235,000		283,918		48,918	213,460
Carferry Lease	44,100		44,100		44,100		-10,010	42,000
Other Leases	50,000		50,000		60,002		10,002	59,904
Sale of Photo Copies	800		800		7,746		6,946	1,159
Donations	20,288		20,288		124,006		103,718	2,572
Insurance Recoveries and Dividends	20,200		۷۵,۷۵۵		124,000		103,710	
	00 700		90 700		22.057		(66 702)	6,188
Other  Total Miscellaneous	88,780 883,708		88,780 883,708	_	22,057 35,564		(66,723) (848,144)	90,656 536,986
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 23,661,519	\$	23,661,519	\$	23,957,318	\$	295,799	\$ 22,575,421

CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN

Schedule of Budgeted and Actual Expenditures

General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

With Summarized Comparative Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Budgete	d Am	ounts		Actual				2021
	 Original		Final		Amounts		Variance		Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT	 								
Council	\$ 62,857	\$	62,857	\$	56,245	\$	6,612	\$	57,670
Mayor	183,977		183,977		185,009		(1,032)		182,279
City Clerk	296,032		296,032		304,698		(8,666)		331,167
Elections	90,020		90,020		75,719		14,301		33,095
Postage	40,000		40,000		50,173		(10,173)		45,398
Board of Review	1,180		1,180		140		1,040		132
Assessor	185,300		185,300		184,249		1,051		184,055
Finance	252,806		252,806		238,985		13,821		262,691
Treasurer	156,833		156,833		131,270		25,563		177,631
Data Processing	921,165		921,165		1,032,431		(111,266)		863,236
Payroll	116,973		116,973		110,306		6,667		107,671
Attorney	368,458		368,458		307,577		60,881		339,709
Cable Television	1,045		1,045		1,045		, <u>-</u>		1,045
Personnel	296,560		296,560		261,302		35,258		200,475
Municipal Court	110,243		110,243		109,781		462		108,233
Duplicating	32,035		32,035		37,007		(4,972)		26,687
City Hall	89,450		89,450		182,893		(93,443)		188,313
Buildings and Grounds Shop	5.025		5.025		10.371		(5,346)		7.541
Property Insurance	114,747		114,747		118,104		(3,357)		107,414
Other Insurance	155,449		155,449		254,839		(99,390)		166,227
Other Insurance Other General Government	500,000		500,000		44,834		455,166		113,270
Total General Government	 3,980,155	_	3,980,155	_	3,696,978	_	283,177	_	3,503,939
Total General Government	 3,900,133		3,900,133	_	3,090,970	_	203,177	_	3,303,333
PUBLIC SAFETY									
Police Department	8,150,807		8,150,807		8,605,351		(454,544)		8,270,402
Fire Department	6,533,494		6,533,494		6,379,449		154,045		6,371,846
Inspection	563,756		563,756		554,013		9,743		644,330
Civil Defense	2,800		2,800		2,705		95		2,717
Total Public Safety	15,250,858		15,250,858		15,541,518		(290,660)		15,289,295
PUBLIC WORKS									
Engineering	1,001,177		1,001,177		1,211,670		(210,493)		1,142,357
Streets Administration	11.925		11.925		9.942		1.983		9.527
Street Repairs	4,623,194		4,623,194		1,452,697		3,170,497		1,383,299
Seal Coating	150,000		150,000		137,174		12,826		125,939
8th Street Bridge	184,517		184.517		124.071		60.446		131,142
10th Street Bridge	52,115		52,115		27,923		24,192		19,751
Curb and Walks	4,930		4,930		6,885		(1,955)		4,497
Snow and Ice Removal	252.750		252.750		792.360		(539,610)		856.501
Traffic Control	58,400		58,400		287,703		(229,303)		194,928
Street Lighting	731,879		731,879		671,678		60,201		659,366
Docks and Harbors	41,850		41,850		60,829		(18,979)		42,380
Gravel Pit	41,000		41,000		3,921		(3,921)		32,327
Solid Waste Disposal	5,925		5,925		5,648		(3,921)		5,579
Sanitary Sewers	5,325		0,020		22,133		(22,133)		3,373
Storm Sewers	193,090		193,090		761,092		(568,002)		701,637
Weed and Nuisance Control	83,260		83,260		121.381		(38,121)		51,328
Interdepartmental Charges	03,200		03,200		21,921		(21,921)		13,382
Other	910.610		910,610		21,921 878.734		31,876		264.520
Total Public Works	 ,	_	8,305,622	_	6,597,762	_	1,707,860	_	5,638,460
i otal Public Wolks	 8,305,622		0,303,022	_	0,081,162		1,101,000		5,050,400

Schedule of Budgeted and Actual Expenditures
General Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022
With Summarized Comparative Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	_	Budgeted Original	d Am	ounts Final	Actual Amounts	F	Variance Favorable nfavorable)	2021 Actual
LIEAL TU AND LIUMAN GERWOEG							<u> </u>	
HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Cemetery	\$	57,020	\$	57,020	\$ 311,691	\$	(254,671)	\$ 314,456
CULTURE AND RECREATION								
Rahr West Museum		324,603		324,603	403,342		(78,739)	389,570
Marine Band		15,000		15,000	15,000		` <u>-</u>	15,000
Civic Orchestra		7,200		7,200	7,200		_	7,200
Recreation Administrative		3,565		3,565	1,738		1,827	3,087
Recreation Buildings and Grounds		382,470		389,970	1,234,625		(844,655)	997,124
Recreation Programs		26,780		26,780	50,837		(24,057)	63,559
Senior Center		42,790		42,790	79,923		(37,133)	68,010
Special Events		94,025		94,025	305,407		(211,382)	270,991
Decorations		3,500		3,500	4,089		(589)	1,882
Total Culture and Recreation		899,933		907,433	2,102,161		(1,194,728)	1,816,423
CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT								
Planning and Zoneing		674,258		687,158	684,214		2,944	611,427
Community Development Authority		, -		, -	3,163		(3,163)	9,450
Total Conservation and Development	_	674,258		687,158	687,377		(219)	620,877
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	29,167,845	\$	29,188,245	\$ 28,937,487	\$	250,758	\$ 27,183,450

Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
As of December 31, 2022
With Summarized Information from December 31, 2021

										Special Rev	enue	Funds								
	R	oom Tax	_Pa	arking Lots		City Wide volving Loan	Tra	ansit Capital Grant	Re	Housing volving Loan		CDBG	R	HCRI Revolving Loan		lanitowoc ımet Library		Library	F	International Relations ssociation
ASSETS																				
Cash and Investments	\$	461,689	\$	91,201	\$	150,980	\$	58,664	\$	417,760	\$	41,120	\$	74,809	\$	36,742	\$	1,362,950	\$	4,856
Restricted Cash and Investments		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Receivables:																				
Accounts Receivable		-		33,232		-		-		-		-		-		-		<del>-</del>		-
Taxes and Special Charges		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		969,974		-
Loans Receivable		-		-		-		-		2,078,237		-		67,846		-		-		-
Due from Other Governments		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Prepaid Items		-	_	-	•	450,000	_		_		_		_	- 440.055	_		_		_	- 1050
Total Assets	1	461,689	\$	124,433	<u> </u>	150,980	\$	58,664	-	2,495,997	\$	41,120	\$	142,655	\$	36,742	<u>*</u>	2,332,924	\$	4,856
LIABILITIES																				
Accounts Payable	\$	3,223	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	51,835	\$	-
Due to Other Funds		-	•	_	•	-		-	•	_	•	_		_		-	·	-		-
Special Deposits		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Unearned Revenues																				
American Rescue Plan Act Funds				-								-		-		-		-		-
Total Liabilities		3,223				-		-		-		-		-			_	51,835		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES																				
Taxes Levied for Subsequent Period		-		_		-		_				-		-		_		1,833,533		_
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)																				
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted Committed		458,466		124,433		150,980		58,664		2,495,997		41,120		142,655		36,742		447,556		4,856
		458,466		-		150,980		-		-		-		-				447,556		
Unassigned (Deficits)		458,466		124,433		150,980		58,664		2,495,997		41,120		142,655		36,742		447,556	-	4,856
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	_	458,466		124,433	_	150,980	_	58,664	_	2,495,997		41,120		142,655		36,742	_	447,556		4,856
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS																				
OF RESOURCES AND FUND																				
BALANCES (DEFICITS)	5	461,689	\$	124,433	\$	150,980	\$	58,664	\$	2,495,997	\$	41,120	\$	142,655	\$	36,742	\$	2,332,924	\$	4,856
	<u> </u>	.0.,000	<u> </u>	.2.,.30	<u> </u>	.00,000	<del>-</del>	00,004	<del>-</del>	_,,	<u> </u>	,0	<del>-</del>	,550		00,. FZ	<u> </u>	2,002,027	<del>-</del>	.,000

Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
As of December 31, 2022
With Summarized Information from December 31, 2021

#### Special Revenue Funds (Continued)

	ahr West Nuseum	F	Police Programs		Parkland Dedications	_	Aquatic Center	Sei	nior Center	Ete	ernal Flame		Centennial		Mayor's Youth		ark & Rec		Lakeshore oliday Parade
ASSETS																			
Cash and Investments	\$ 217,319	\$	187,909	\$	23,086	\$	127,861	\$	68,837	\$	38,309	\$	-	\$	860	\$	152,410	\$	12,747
Restricted Cash and Investments	-		281,043		-		-		-		-		20,655		-		-		-
Receivables:																			
Accounts Receivable	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Taxes and Special Charges	-		-		-		80,808		-		-		-		-		-		-
Loans Receivable	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Due from Other Governments	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Prepaid Items	 	_				_		_				_		_			-		
Total Assets	\$ 217,319		468,952	\$	23,086	\$	208,669	\$	68,837	\$	38,309	\$	20,655	\$	860	\$	152,410	\$	12,747
LIABILITIES																			
Accounts Payable	\$ 357	\$	716	\$	-	\$	6,461	\$	2,760	\$	389	\$	-	\$	-	\$	278	\$	650
Due to Other Funds	_		_		_		· -		-		_		_		-		-		_
Special Deposits	-		11,919		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Unearned Revenues																			
American Rescue Plan Act Funds	 -		-			_	-				-			_	-		-		
Total Liabilities	 357	_	12,635			_	6,461	_	2,760		389	_		_	-	_	278		650
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES																			
Taxes Levied for Subsequent Period	-		-		_		152,750		-		-		-		-		-		-
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)  Nonspendable	_		-		-		_		-		-		_		-		_		_
Restricted	-		456,317		23,086		-		-		37,920		20,655		860		152,132		12,097
Committed	216,962		-		-		49,458		66,077		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned (Deficits)	 										-			_					-
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	216,962	_	456,317	_	23,086	_	49,458	_	66,077	_	37,920	_	20,655	_	860		152,132	_	12,097
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$ 217,319	\$	468,952	\$	23,086	\$	208,669	\$	68,837	\$	38,309	\$	20,655	\$	860	\$	152,410	\$	12,747

Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
As of December 31, 2022
With Summarized Information from December 31, 2021

				Specia	l Reve	nue Funds (Co	ntinue	ed)							Capi	ital Projects Fu	nds	
		PA Grant		Housing Programs		deral Fiscal covery Fund	Fari	mers Market		otal Nonmajor ecial Revenue Funds		nitary and rm Sewers		Streets		Capital Equipment		vironment emediation
ASSETS																		
Cash and Investments	\$	233,692	\$	1,750,403	\$	1,644,823	\$	125	\$	7,159,152	\$	175,328	\$	371,201	\$	1,458,079	\$	1,023,706
Restricted Cash and Investments		-		-		-		-		301,698		-		-		-		-
Receivables:																		
Accounts Receivable		-		-		73,661		-		106,893		30,363		71,397		-		-
Taxes and Special Charges		-		-		-		-		1,050,782		-		124,614		-		-
Loans Receivable		-		-		-		-		2,146,083		-		-		-		-
Due from Other Governments		-		-		-		-		-		-		82,587		-		-
Prepaid Items	_		_					-	_				_	-		697,601		
Total Assets	\$	233,692	\$	1,750,403	\$	1,718,484	\$	125	\$	10,764,608	\$	205,691	\$	649,799	\$	2,155,680	\$	1,023,706
LIABILITIES																		
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	680	\$	-	\$	67,349	\$	138,388	\$	221,918	\$	87,168	\$	31,024
Due to Other Funds		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Special Deposits		-		-		-		-		11,919		-		-		-		-
Unearned Revenues																		
American Rescue Plan Act Funds			_	-		1,717,804		-		1,717,804		-		-		-		
Total Liabilities	_	-	_	<u> </u>		1,718,484		-	_	1,797,072		138,388	_	221,918		87,168		31,024
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES																		
Taxes Levied for Subsequent Period		-							_	1,986,283			_	235,556				
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)																		
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		697,601		-
Restricted		233,692		1,750,403		-		-		5,550,031		-		-		-		-
Committed		-		-		-		125		1,431,222		67,303		192,325		1,370,911		992,682
Unassigned (Deficits)								-										
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		233,692	_	1,750,403		-		125	_	6,981,253		67,303	_	192,325		2,068,512		992,682
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	¢	233,692	\$	1,750,403	¢	1,718,484	\$	125	\$	10,764,608	\$	205,691	\$	649,799	\$	2,155,680	\$	1,023,706
DALANGLO (DEI 10113)	φ	200,002	Ψ	1,730,403	۳	1,7 10,404	Ψ	123	Ψ	10,704,000	Ψ	203,091	φ	UT0,100	Ψ	2,133,000	Ψ	1,023,700

Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
As of December 31, 2022
With Summarized Information from December 31, 2021

											Capita	al Projects F	unds	(Continued)						
		emetery ovements		ildings and Other provements		Special Projects		TID 9		TID 14		TID 15		TID 16		TID 17		TID 18		TID19
ASSETS	•	40.047	•	4 440 000	•		•	505	•	0.400		7.000	•		•	005	•	000 400	•	
Cash and Investments Restricted Cash and Investments	\$	48,217	\$	1,149,232	\$	-	\$	525	\$	2,466	\$	7,939	\$	-	\$	995	\$	800,129	\$	-
Receivables:		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Accounts Receivable		264		199,997																
Taxes and Special Charges		204		97,340		-		-		-		-		276,068		185,420		304,302		- 294,381
Loans Receivable		-		97,340		-		-		-		-		276,068		185,420		304,302		294,381
Due from Other Governments		-		-		26,963		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Prepaid Items		-				20,903		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total Assets	4	48,481	\$	1,446,569	\$	26,963	\$	525	\$	2,466	-	7,939	\$	276,068	\$	186,415	\$	1,104,431	\$	294,381
Total Assets	4	40,401	Ψ	1,440,303	Ψ	20,303	Ψ	323	Ψ	2,400		7,333	Ψ	270,000	Ψ	100,413	Ψ	1,104,431	<u>Ψ</u>	294,301
LIABILITIES																				
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	151,007	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,309	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Due to Other Funds		-		-		26,963		-		-		-		608,307		-		-		89,907
Special Deposits		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Unearned Revenues																				
American Rescue Plan Act Funds									_						_					
Total Liabilities		-		151,007	_	26,963			_	-		-		611,616	_					89,907
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES																				
Taxes Levied for Subsequent Period				184,000										276,068		185,420		304,302		294,381
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)																				
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted		-		-		-		525		2,466		7,939		-		995		800,129		-
Committed		48,481		1,111,562		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned (Deficits)												-		(611,616)		-				(89,907)
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		48,481		1,111,562				525		2,466		7,939		(611,616)	_	995		800,129		(89,907)
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$	48,481	\$	1,446,569	\$	26,963	e	525	•	2,466	¢	7,939	\$	276,068	\$	186,415	\$	1,104,431	e	294,381
DALANCES (DEFICITS)	Ф	40,481	Ф	1,440,309	Ф	20,903	Ф	525	Þ	2,400	Φ	1,939	Ф	210,008	ф	100,415	Φ	1,104,431	Φ	294,381

CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN
Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
As of December 31, 2022
With Summarized Information from December 31, 2021

				Сар	ital Projects Fu	ınds	(Continued)		Total Nonn	najor I	unds
		TID20	 TID21		TID22		TID23	al Nonmajor pital Projects Funds	2022		2021
ASSETS											
Cash and Investments	\$	360,313	\$ 315,334	\$	2,609,553	\$	-	\$ 8,323,017	\$ 15,482,169	\$	14,025,780
Restricted Cash and Investments		-	-		-		-	-	301,698		488,167
Receivables:											
Accounts Receivable		-	-		-		-	302,021	408,914		784,824
Taxes and Special Charges		538,267	615,863		3,738		-	2,439,993	3,490,775		3,184,789
Loans Receivable		-	-		-		-	-	2,146,083		2,228,665
Due from Other Governments		-	-		-		-	109,550	109,550		2,042,004
Prepaid Items	_		 	_		_		 697,601	 697,601		
Total Assets	\$	898,580	\$ 931,197	\$	2,613,291	\$		\$ 11,872,182	\$ 22,636,790	\$	22,754,229
LIABILITIES											
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$ -	\$	175,606	\$	-	808,420	\$ 875,769	\$	1,827,046
Due to Other Funds		-	-		-		31,554	756,731	756,731		2,467,048
Special Deposits		-	-		-		-	-	11,919		11,901
Unearned Revenues											
American Rescue Plan Act Funds			 		-		-	 -	 1,717,804		1,704,998
Total Liabilities	_	-	 -	_	175,606	_	31,554	 1,565,151	 3,362,223		6,010,993
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Taxes Levied for Subsequent Period		538,267	 615,863		3,738			 2,637,595	 4,623,878		4,297,826
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)											
Nonspendable		-	-		-		-	697,601	697,601		-
Restricted		360,313	315,334		2,433,947		-	3,921,648	9,471,679		8,586,444
Committed		-	-		-		-	3,783,264	5,214,486		4,979,842
Unassigned (Deficits)			 				(31,554)	 (733,077)	 (733,077)		(1,120,876)
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	_	360,313	 315,334	_	2,433,947	_	(31,554)	 7,669,436	 14,650,689		12,445,410
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS											
OF RESOURCES AND FUND											
BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$	898,580	\$ 931,197	\$	2,613,291	\$		\$ 11,872,182	\$ 22,636,790	\$	22,754,229

CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficits)

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

With Summarized information from December 31, 2021

						Special Revenue Fun	ds				
	Room Tax	Mandatory Recycling	Parking Lots	City Wide Revolving Loan	Transit Capital Grant	Housing Revolving Loan	CDBG	HCRI Revolving Loan	Manitowoc Calumet Library	Library	Mani International Relations Association
REVENUES			_								
Taxes	\$ 736,817	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,792,274	\$ -
Special Assessments	-		-	-	-	-		-	-	<del>-</del>	-
Intergovernmental	-	217,756	-	-	-	-	262,794	-	-	573,605	-
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties	-	-	10,465	-	-	-	-	-	-	<del>-</del>	-
Public Charges for Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33,513	-
Intergovernmental Charges for Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Donations	5,584	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous			60,471			100,374	624	1,144	29,127	96,256	
Total Revenues	742,401	217,756	70,936			100,374	263,418	1,144	29,127	2,495,648	
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
General Government	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Public Safety	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Public Works	_	31,259	120	_	336	_	_	-	_	_	_
Health and Human Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Culture, Recreation, and Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,494	2,242,834	-
Conservation and Development	571,209	_	_	_	_	124,099	259,651	_	· -	_	_
Debt Service											
Principal	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
Interest	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total Expenditures	571,209	31,259	120		336	124,099	259,651		8,494	2,242,834	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES											
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	171,192	186,497	70,816		(336)	(23,725)	3,767	1,144	20,633	252,814	
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	171,192	180,497	70,816		(330)	(23,725)	3,767	1,144	20,033	252,814	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USE)											
Proceeds of Long-Term Debt	-	-	-		42,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt Premium	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers In	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers Out	(159,280)	(186,497)								(45,170)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Use)	(159,280)	(186,497)			42,000					(45,170)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	11,912	-	70,816	-	41,664	(23,725)	3,767	1,144	20,633	207,644	-
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - BEGINNING - RESTATED	446,554		53,617	150,980	17,000	2,519,722	37,353	141,511	16,109	239,912	4,856
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - ENDING	\$ 458,466	\$ -	124,433	\$ 150,980	\$ 58,664	\$ 2,495,997	\$ 41,120	\$ 142,655	\$ 36,742	\$ 447,556	\$ 4,856

CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficits)

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

With Summarized information from December 31, 2021

### Special Revenue Funds (Continued)

	Rahr West	Police	Parkland					Mayor's Youth	Park & Rec	Lakeshore
	Museum	Programs	Dedications	Aquatic Center	Senior Center	Eternal Flame	Centennial	Action Council	Donations	Holiday Parade
REVENUES										
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 152,750	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Special Assessments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public Charges for Services	-	-	-	199,346	55,350	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental Charges for Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Donations	-	-	-	7,500	-	-	-	2,756	-	-
Miscellaneous	101,684	(28,545)	359	6,601	5,310	14,080	1,518		21,517	13,692
Total Revenues	101,684	(28,545)	359	366,197	60,660	14,080	1,518	2,756	21,517	13,692
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General Government	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,061	-	-
Public Safety	-	31,989	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public Works	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Health and Human Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Culture, Recreation, and Education	78,720	-	-	393,813	65,827	17,894	-	-	17,530	8,040
Conservation and Development	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt Service										
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest										
Total Expenditures	78,720	31,989		393,813	65,827	17,894		2,061	17,530	8,040
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	22,964	(60,534)	359	(27,616)	(5,167)	(3,814)	1,518	695	3,987	5,652
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USE)										
Proceeds of Long-Term Debt	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	-
Debt Premium	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers In	9,280	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers Out										
Total Other Financing Sources (Use)	9,280									
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	32,244	(60,534)	359	(27,616)	(5,167)	(3,814)	1,518	695	3,987	5,652
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - BEGINNING - RESTATED	184,718	516,851	22,727	77,074	71,244	41,734	19,137	165	148,145	6,445
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - ENDING	\$ 216,962	\$ 456,317	\$ 23,086	\$ 49,458	\$ 66,077	\$ 37,920	\$ 20,655	\$ 860	\$ 152,132	\$ 12,097

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficits)

6,678,105

6,981,253

125

60,955

67,303

(102,154)

192,325

1,619,831

2,068,512

925,917

992,682

39,065

48,481

Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 With Summarized information from December 31, 2021

Special Revenue Funds (Continued) **Capital Project Funds Total Nonmajor** Housing Federal Fiscal Sanitary and Capital Environment Cemetery Special Revenue **EPA Grant** Programs Recovery Fund Farmers Market Funds Storm Sewers Remediation Equipment Improvements REVENUES Taxes 2,681,841 \$ 226.519 50.000 \$ Special Assessments 7,995 7,995 Intergovernmental 2,855,077 3,909,232 30,363 548,184 36,888 Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties 10,465 Public Charges for Services 288.209 9,416 Intergovernmental Charges for Services 106,290 Donations 15,840 Miscellaneous 3,633 24,500 125 452,470 56.573 **Total Revenues** 3,633 32,495 2,855,077 125 7,366,052 30,363 880,993 56,573 86,888 9,416 **EXPENDITURES** Current: 2,061 50,784 General Government Public Safety 31,989 42,510 Public Works 2,855,077 2,886,792 671,355 4,264,536 577,166 310,429 Health and Human Services Culture, Recreation, and Education 2,833,152 6,344 Conservation and Development 14.284 969.243 Debt Service Principal 58,168 1,526 Interest **Total Expenditures** 14,284 2,855,077 6,723,237 671,355 4,264,536 676,804 370,123 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES 3,633 18,211 125 642,815 (640,992) (3,383,543) (620,231) (283,235) 9,416 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USE) Proceeds of Long-Term Debt 42,000 455,000 3,738,400 1,134,600 350,000 Debt Premium Transfers In 9,280 192,340 240,951 Transfers Out (390,947) (301,329) (65,688) Total Other Financing Sources (Use) (339,667) 647,340 3,678,022 1,068,912 350,000 **NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)** 3,633 18,211 125 303,148 6,348 294,479 448,681 66,765 9,416

1,732,192

1,750,403

230,059

233,692

FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - BEGINNING - RESTATED

**FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - ENDING** 

CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficits)

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

With Summarized information from December 31, 2021

### Capital Project Funds (Continued)

	Buildings and Other	Consist Basis etc.	Harbor	TID 9	TID 14	TID 15	TID 16	TID 17	TID 18	TID19
REVENUES	Improvements	Special Projects	Improvements	110 9	I ID 14	110 15	110 16	110 17	11D 18	11019
Taxes	\$ 184.000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 383,776	\$ 228,916	\$ 194,858	\$ 188,313
Special Assessments	-				· .		-		-	-
Intergovernmental	199,932	675,972	523,390	-	_	-	44,604	14,309	6,433	-
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties	-	-	· -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public Charges for Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental Charges for Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Donations	15,764	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous		7,205								4,800
Total Revenues	399,696	683,177	523,390				428,380	243,225	201,291	193,113
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General Government	91,096	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
Public Safety	90,074	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	-	-
Public Works	26,331	-	610,863	-	-	_	_	_	-	-
Health and Human Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Culture, Recreation, and Education	449,891	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Conservation and Development	44,581	1,219,169	-	-	-	-	12,510	187	683,297	130,799
Debt Service										
Principal	-	-	-	-	10,000	-	340,000	80,000	115,000	505,000
Interest					95_		28,064	1,250	122,162	14,316
Total Expenditures	701,973	1,219,169	610,863		10,095_		380,574	81,437	920,459	650,115
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(302,277)	(535,992)	(87,473)		(10,095)		47,806	161,788	(719,168)	(457,002)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USE)										
Proceeds of Long-Term Debt	650,000	_	70,000	_	-	_	_	_	-	485,000
Debt Premium		-	· -	-	-	_	-	-	-	33,395
Transfers In	157,204	534,319	17,473	-	-	-	208,000	-	-	-
Transfers Out	(534,319)	-						(208,000)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Use)	272,885	534,319	87,473				208,000	(208,000)		518,395
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	(29,392)	(1,673)	-	-	(10,095)	-	255,806	(46,212)	(719,168)	61,393
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - BEGINNING - RESTATED	1,140,954	1,673		525	12,561	7,939	(867,422)	47,207	1,519,297	(151,300)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - ENDING	\$ 1,111,562	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 525	\$ 2,466	\$ 7,939	\$ (611,616)	\$ 995	\$ 800,129	\$ (89,907)

CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficits)

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

With Summarized information from December 31, 2021

			Ca	pital Project Fu	unds (C	Continued)		Total Nonmajor Funds			
	 TID20	 TID21		TID22		TID23	tal Nonmajor pital Projects Funds	2022		2021	
REVENUES											
Taxes	\$ 200,648	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,657,030	\$ 4,338,871	\$	4,948,889	
Special Assessments	-	-		-		-	-	7,995		198,472	
Intergovernmental	-	-		-		-	2,080,075	5,989,307		7,149,358	
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties	-	-		-		-	-	10,465		-	
Public Charges for Services	-	-		-		-	9,416	297,625		277,898	
Intergovernmental Charges for Services	-	-		-		-	106,290	106,290		1,485,282	
Donations	-	-		-		-	15,764	31,604		305	
Miscellaneous	 			8,597			77,175	529,645		961,897	
Total Revenues	200,648			8,597	_		3,945,750	11,311,802		15,022,101	
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
General Government	_	_		_		_	141.880	143,941		190.789	
Public Safety	_	_		_		_	132,584	164,573		248,009	
Public Works	_	_		2,074,268		_	8,534,948	11,421,740		7,879,245	
Health and Human Services	_	_		-		_	-			- ,010,210	
Culture, Recreation, and Education	_	_		_		_	456,235	3,289,387		4,046,401	
Conservation and Development	63,483	151,037		1,178,592		31,554	3,515,209	4,484,452		9,267,745	
Debt Service	00,100	101,001		1,110,002		01,001	-	1,101,102		0,201,110	
Principal	_			3,340,000		_	4.448.168	4,448,168		683.002	
Interest	_	17,218		178,850		_	363,481	363,481		259,907	
Total Expenditures	63,483	168,255		6,771,710		31,554	17,592,505	24,315,742		22,575,098	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES											
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 137,165	 (168,255)	_	(6,763,113)	_	(31,554)	 (13,646,755)	(13,003,940)	_	(7,552,997)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USE)											
Proceeds of Long-Term Debt	_	_		8,160,000		_	15,043,000	15,085,000		10,694,000	
Debt Premium	_	-		231,540		_	264,935	264,935		-	
Transfers In	-	-		-		-	1,350,287	1,359,567		1,207,399	
Transfers Out	-	-		-		-	(1,109,336)	(1,500,283)		(1,331,360)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Use)		-		8,391,540		-	15,548,886	15,209,219		10,570,039	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	137,165	(168,255)		1,628,427		(31,554)	1,902,131	2,205,279		3,017,042	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - BEGINNING - RESTATED	 223,148	 483,589		805,520			 5,767,305	12,445,410		9,428,368	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - ENDING	\$ 360,313	\$ 315,334	\$	2,433,947	\$	(31,554)	\$ 7,669,436	\$ 14,650,689	\$	12,445,410	

CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN

Combining Statement of Net Position

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

As of December 31, 2022

With Summarized Comparative Information as of December 31, 2021

								То	tals	
	St	eam Utility	Broa	dband Utility	Tra	nsit System		2022		2021
ASSETS										
Current Assets:	•	4 077 047	•	4.050.455	•	007.505	•	0.070.007	•	0.777.040
Cash and Investments Receivables	\$	1,377,647	\$	1,658,155	\$	637,565	\$	3,673,367	\$	3,777,216
Taxes and Special Charges						167,202		167,202		169,820
Accounts Receivable		405,097		_		41,998		447,095		365,689
Other		4.793		20.904		+1,550 -		25.697		178
Due from Other Governments		-,,,,,,,		20,007		1,065,699		1.065.699		831.707
Inventory and Prepaid Items		28,436		117,842		236,038		382,316		342.847
Total Current Assets		1,815,973		1,796,901		2,148,502		5,761,376		5,487,457
Noncurrent Assets:										
Net Pension Asset		_		_		377,190		377,190		308,385
Nondepreciable Capital Assets		55,731		173,886		90,000		319,617		242,036
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation		2,894,049		939,616		4,194,281		8,027,946		8,402,762
Total Noncurrent Assets		2,949,780		1,113,502		4,661,471		8,724,753		8,953,183
TOTAL ASSETS		4,765,753		2,910,403		6,809,973		14,486,129		14,440,640
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Asset Retirement Obligations		121,332		-		-		121,332		129,999
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pension		-		-		738,263		738,263		511,814
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Other Post-Employment Benefits - LRLIF						39,583		39,583		52,443
Other Post-Employment Benefits - EKEIP Other Post-Employment Benefits - Single-Employer Plan		-		-		3,024		3,024		2,095
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		121,332		<del></del>		780,870		902,202	_	696,351
			-					· · ·		,
CURRENT LIABILITIES										
Accounts Payable		17,080				54,524		71,604		127,648
Accrued and Other Current Liabilities		59,984		25,908		933		86,825		100,629
Current Portion of Long-Term Obligations  Total Current Liabilities		77.004				59,602		59,602		33,735
Total Current Liabilities		77,064		25,908		115,059		218,031		262,012
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES										
Compensated Absences		-		-		62,034		62,034		101,208
Asset Retirement Obligation		260,000		-		-		260,000		260,000
Other Post-Employment Benefits Liabilities - LRIF		-		-		119,246		119,246		129,207
Other Post-Employment Benefits Liabilities - Single Employer Plan  Total Noncurrent Liabilities		260,000		<u>-</u>		7,960 189,240	_	7,960 449,240	_	490,415
Total Nonculrent Liabilities		200,000				103,240		449,240	_	490,413
TOTAL LIABILITIES		337,064		25,908		304,299		667,271		752,427
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Special Charges Levied for Subsequent Period		-		-		316,060		316,060		316,060
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension		-		-		887,949		887,949		675,432
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to						40.045		10.015		44.505
Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability - LRLIF Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability - Single-Employer Plan		-		-		13,645 914		13,645 914		14,567 160
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		<del></del>				1,218,568		1,218,568		1,006,219
						, -,-,-		, -,		, ,
NET POSITION  Net Investment in Capital Assets		2.949.780		1.113.502		4.284.281		8.347.563		8.644.798
·		2,549,700		1,113,502		227,504		227,504		144,767
Pastricted										
Restricted Unrestricted		1,600,241		1,770,993		1,556,191		4,927,425		4,588,780

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

				То	tals
	Steam Utility	Broadband Utility	Transit System	2022	2021
OPERATING REVENUES	Steam Office	Uility	Transit System	2022	
Charges for Services	\$ 2,270,456	\$ -	\$ 137,520	\$ 2,407,976	\$ 1,902,954
Other Operating Revenues	1,200	377,638	500	379,338	278,845
Total Operating Revenues	2,271,656	377,638	138,020	2,787,314	2,181,799
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Operation and Maintenance	2,298,792	79,062	2,244,754	4,622,608	3,571,540
Depreciation	59,129	70,547	403,926	533,602	587,525
Amortization of Asset Retirement Obligation	8,667	-	-	8,667	8,667
Taxes	3,366			3,366	1,793
Total Operating Expenses	2,369,954	149,609	2,648,680	5,168,243	4,169,525
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(98,298)	228,029	(2,510,660)	(2,380,929)	(1,987,726)
NONOPERATING REVENUES					
General Property Taxes	-	-	316,060	316,060	30,000
Interest Income	24,417	25,577	-	49,994	3,779
Nonoperating Grants	-	-	2,204,393	2,204,393	2,079,108
Gain on Disposal of Capital Assets	=	-	2,225	2,225	5,801
Other Nonoperating Revenues			18,047	18,047	39,065
Total Nonoperating Revenues	24,417	25,577	2,540,725	2,590,719	2,157,753
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE					
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	(73,881)	253,606	30,065	209,790	170,027
TRANSFERS OUT	(59,848)	(25,795)	-	(85,643)	(99,492)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS					977,817
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(133,729)	227,811	30,065	124,147	1,048,352
NET POSITION - BEGINNING	4,683,750	2,656,684	6,037,911	13,378,345	12,329,993
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 4,550,021	\$ 2,884,495	\$ 6,067,976	\$ 13,502,492	\$ 13,378,345

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES         \$ 2,130,411         \$ 373,486           Cash Paid To Suppliers         (2,339,507)         (116,884)           Cash Paid to Employees For Wages and Benefits         (17,174)		St	eam Utility	Broa	dband Utility
Cash Paid To Suppliers         (2,339,507)         (116,884)           Cash Paid to Employees For Wages and Benefits         (17,174)         -           Miscellaneous Revenue         -         -         -           Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities         (226,267)         256,581           CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL         FINANCING ACTIVITIES         -         -           General Property Taxes         Nonoperating grant         (59,848)         (25,791)           Net Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities         (59,848)         (25,791)           Net Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities         (59,848)         (25,791)           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED         Financing Activities         (55,67)         (223,672)           Acquisition of Capital Assets         (4,510)         -         -           Acquisition of Capital Assets         (4,510)         -         -           Capital Contributions         (5,280)         (223,672)         -           Net Cash Flows From Capital Assets         4,797         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         - <th>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash Paid to Employees For Wages and Benefits         (17,174)           Miscellaneous Revenue         -           Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities         (226,267)           CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES         -           General Property Taxes         -         -           Nonoperating grant         -         -           Transfer from (to) Other Funds         (59,848)         (25,791)           Net Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities         (59,848)         (25,791)           Net Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities         (59,848)         (25,791)           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES         (59,687)         (223,672)           Acquisition of Capital Assets         (5,567)         (223,672)           Sale of Capital Assets         (4,510)         -           Costs of Removal of Capital Assets         (4,510)         -           Cust of Capital Assets         (4,510)         -           Net Cash Flows From Capital and         (5,280)         (223,672)           Net Cash Flows From Capital Assets         (4,510)         (23,672)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         (5,280)         (223,672)           Investment Income         24,417         25,577	Cash Received from Customers	\$		\$	•
Niscellaneous Revenue	Cash Paid To Suppliers				(116,884)
Not Cash Flows From Operating Activities         (226,267)         256,581           CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES         Cancer of Property Taxes         -         -           General Property Taxes         -         -         -           Nonoperating grant         (59,848)         (25,791)         Not Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities         (59,848)         (25,791)           Net Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities         (59,848)         (25,791)           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES         (5,667)         (223,672)           Sale of Capital Assets         (4,510)         -         -           Costs of Removal of Capital Assets         (4,510)         -         -           Capital Contributions         -         -         -         -           Salvage Received on Capital Assets         (4,510)         (223,672)         -           Net Cash Flows From Capital and         (5,280)         (223,672)         -           Related Financing Activities         (5,280)         (223,672)         -           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         (5,66,78)         3,2695           CASH AND INVESTMENTS - EBGINNING         1,644,625         1,625,460           CASH AND INVESTMENTS - ENDING <td< th=""><th>Cash Paid to Employees For Wages and Benefits</th><th></th><th>(17,174)</th><th></th><th>-</th></td<>	Cash Paid to Employees For Wages and Benefits		(17,174)		-
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES           General Property Taxes	Miscellaneous Revenue				-
FINANCING ACTIVITIES   General Property Taxes   Capacita   Capac	Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities		(226,267)		256,581
Transfer from (to) Other Funds         (59,848)         (25,791)           Net Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities         (59,848)         (25,791)           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES         Capital Assets         (5,567)         (223,672)           Sale of Capital Assets         (5,567)         (223,672)         Capital Contributions         -	FINANCING ACTIVITIES		_		_
Net Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities         (59,848)         (25,791)           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES         (5,567)         (223,672)           Acquisition of Capital Assets         (5,567)         (223,672)           Sale of Capital Assets         (4,510)         -           Costs of Removal of Capital Assets         (4,510)         -           Capital Contributions         (4,797)         -           Salvage Received on Capital Assets         4,797         -           Net Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities         (5,280)         (223,672)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment Income         24,417         25,577           CHANGE IN CASH AND INVESTMENTS         (266,978)         32,695           CASH AND INVESTMENTS - BEGINNING         1,644,625         1,625,460           CASH AND INVESTMENTS - ENDING         1,644,625         1,658,158           CECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)         98,298         228,029           Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss)         59,129         70,547           Depreciation         59,129         70,547           Depreciation Charged to Operating Accounts         59,129         70,547           Changes in Assets and Liabilities         (13	Nonoperating grant		_		-
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES           Acquisition of Capital Assets         (5,567)         (223,672)           Sale of Capital Assets         (4,510)         -           Costs of Removal of Capital Assets         (4,510)         -           Capital Contributions         4,797         -           Salvage Received on Capital Assets         4,797         -           Net Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities         (5,280)         (223,672)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         24,417         25,577           CHANGE IN CASH AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES         (266,978)         32,695           CASH AND INVESTMENTS - BEGINNING         1,644,625         1,625,460           CASH AND INVESTMENTS - BEGINNING         1,644,625         1,658,155           RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)         1,377,647         1,658,155           TO NET CASH FLOWS FROM         98,298         228,029           Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss)         59,129         70,547           Depreciation         59,129         70,547           Depreciation Charged to Operating Activities:         59,129         70,547           Depreciation Charged to Operating Activities:         -         (7,415)	Transfer from (to) Other Funds				
FINANCING ACTIVITIES           Acquisition of Capital Assets         (5,567)         (223,672)           Sale of Capital Assets         (4,510)         -           Costs of Removal of Capital Assets         (4,510)         -           Capital Contributions         4,797         -           Salvage Received on Capital Assets         4,797         -           Net Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities         (5,280)         (223,672)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         24,417         25,577           CHANGE IN CASH AND INVESTMENTS         (266,978)         32,695           CASH AND INVESTMENTS - BEGINNING         1,644,625         1,625,460           CASH AND INVESTMENTS - BEGINNING         1,644,625         1,658,155           RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)         3,377,647         228,029           Operating Income (Loss)         \$ (98,298)         228,029           Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Activities:         59,129         70,547           Depreciation         59,129         70,547           Depreciation Charged to Operating Accounts         59,129         70,547           Changes in Assets and Liabilities:         1         (7,415)           Customer Accounts Receivable         (136,536) <th>Net Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities</th> <th></th> <th>(59,848)</th> <th></th> <th>(25,791)</th>	Net Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities		(59,848)		(25,791)
Sale of Capital Assets         (4,510)         -           Costs of Removal of Capital Assets         (4,510)         -           Capital Contributions         4,797         -           Salvage Received on Capital Assets         4,797         -           Net Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities         (5,280)         (223,672)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         32,497         25,577           CHANGE IN CASH AND INVESTMENTS         (266,978)         32,695           CASH AND INVESTMENTS - BEGINNING         1,644,625         1,625,460           CASH AND INVESTMENTS - ENDING         1,377,647         1,658,155           RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)         \$ (98,298)         228,029           Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss)         \$ (98,298)         228,029           Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Accounts         5 (91,29)         70,547           Depreciation Charged to Operating Accounts         5 (91,29)         70,547           Depreciation Charged to Operating Accounts         6 (91,05)         24,055           Changes in Assets and Liabilities:         6 (4,706)         (20,813)           Prepaids         (11,664)         (2,189)           Accoustoner Accounts Receivable         (4,706)         (20,813					
Capital Contributions         4,797         -           Salvage Received on Capital Assets         4,797         -           Net Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities         (5,280)         (223,672)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment Income         24,417         25,577           CHANGE IN CASH AND INVESTMENTS         (266,978)         32,695           CASH AND INVESTMENTS - BEGINNING         1,644,625         1,625,460           CASH AND INVESTMENTS - ENDING         1,377,647         \$ 1,658,155           RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)           TO NET CASH FLOWS FROM         (98,298)         228,029           Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss)         (98,298)         228,029           Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Activities:         59,129         70,547           Depreciation Charged to Operating Accounts         59,129         70,547           Depreciation Charged to Operating Accounts         4,705         2,037           Changes in Assets and Liabilities:         4,706         2,031           Customer Accounts Receivable         4,706         2,0813           Other Receivables         4,706         2,0813           Prepaids         1,1664         2,189           Amortization of As	·		(5,567) -		(223,672)
Salvage Received on Capital Assets         4,797         -           Net Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities         (5,280)         (223,672)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         24,417         25,577           Investment Income         24,417         25,577           CHANGE IN CASH AND INVESTMENTS         (266,978)         32,695           CASH AND INVESTMENTS - BEGINNING         1,644,625         1,625,460           CASH AND INVESTMENTS - ENDING         1,377,647         1,658,155           RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)           TO NET CASH FLOWS FROM         (98,298)         228,029           Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss)         (98,298)         228,029           Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Activities:         59,129         70,547           Depreciation         59,129         70,547           Depreciation Charged to Operating Accounts         59,129         70,547           Depreciation Parged to Operating Accounts         (136,536)         24,055           Customer Accounts Receivable         (136,536)         24,055           Other Receivables         (13,653)         (20,813)           Prepaids         (11,664)         (21,89)           Amortization of Asset Retirement Obliga			(4,510) -		-
Related Financing Activities         (5,280)         (223,672)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         24,417         25,577           CHANGE IN CASH AND INVESTMENTS         (266,978)         32,695           CASH AND INVESTMENTS - BEGINNING         1,644,625         1,625,460           CASH AND INVESTMENTS - ENDING         \$ 1,377,647         \$ 1,658,155           RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)           TO NET CASH FLOWS FROM           Operating Income (Loss)         \$ (98,298)         228,029           Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss)         59,129         70,547           Depreciation         59,129         70,547           Depreciation Charged to Operating Accounts         59,129         70,547           Changes in Assets and Liabilities:         (7,415)           Customer Accounts Receivable         (136,536)         24,055           Other Receivables         (4,706)         (20,813)           Prepaids         (11,664)         (21,809)           Accounts Payable         (29,051)         (35,633)           Accounts Payable         (29,051)         (35,633)           Accrued Liabilities         (13,808)         -           Compensated Absences         (13,808)	Salvage Received on Capital Assets		4,797		
Investment Income         24,417         25,577           CHANGE IN CASH AND INVESTMENTS         (266,978)         32,695           CASH AND INVESTMENTS - BEGINNING         1,644,625         1,625,460           CASH AND INVESTMENTS - ENDING         \$ 1,377,647         \$ 1,658,155           RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)           TO NET CASH FLOWS FROM           Operating Income (Loss)         \$ (98,298)         \$ 228,029           Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss)         \$ (98,298)         \$ 228,029           Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Activities:         \$ (98,298)         \$ 228,029           Depreciation         59,129         70,547           Depreciation Charged to Operating Accounts         \$ (7,415)           Changes in Assets and Liabilities:         \$ (136,536)         24,055           Other Receivables         (136,536)         24,055           Other Receivables         (11,664)         (2,189)           Amortization of Asset Retirement Obligation         8,667         -           Accounts Payable         (29,051)         (35,633)           Accrued Liabilities         (13,808)         -           Compensated Absences         -         -           Changes to WRS Pension Accounts	•		(5,280)		(223,672)
CASH AND INVESTMENTS - BEGINNING         1,644,625         1,625,460           CASH AND INVESTMENTS - ENDING         \$ 1,377,647         \$ 1,658,155           RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)           TO NET CASH FLOWS FROM           Operating Income (Loss)         \$ (98,298)         \$ 228,029           Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss)         * (98,298)         \$ 228,029           Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Accounts (Loss)         * (98,298)         * 228,029           Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Accounts         * 59,129         70,547           Depreciation Charged to Operating Accounts         * (7,415)         * (7,415)           Changes in Assets and Liabilities:         * (136,536)         24,055           Other Receivables         * (4,706)         (20,813)           Prepaids         * (11,664)         * (2,189)           Amortization of Asset Retirement Obligation         * 8,667         * -           Accounts Payable         * (29,051)         * (35,633)           Accrued Liabilities         * (13,808)         * -           Compensated Absences         * (13,808)         * -           Changes to WRS Pension Accounts         * (2,051)         * (2,051)           Changes to OPEB Accounts         * (2,051)			24,417		25,577
CASH AND INVESTMENTS - ENDING         \$ 1,377,647         \$ 1,658,155           RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)           TO NET CASH FLOWS FROM           Operating Income (Loss)         \$ (98,298)         \$ 228,029           Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss)         ***         ***           to Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities:         ***         ***           Depreciation Charged to Operating Accounts         - (7,415)         ***           Changes in Assets and Liabilities:         - (7,415)         ***           Customer Accounts Receivable         (136,536)         24,055           Other Receivables         (4,706)         (20,813)           Prepaids         (11,664)         (2,189)           Amortization of Asset Retirement Obligation         8,667         -           Accounts Payable         (29,051)         (35,633)           Accrued Liabilities         (13,808)         -           Compensated Absences         -         -           Changes to WRS Pension Accounts         -         -           Changes to OPEB Accounts         -         -           Net Cash Flows From	CHANGE IN CASH AND INVESTMENTS		(266,978)		32,695
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)           TO NET CASH FLOWS FROM           Operating Income (Loss)         \$ (98,298)         \$ 228,029           Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss)         to Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities:         59,129         70,547           Depreciation Charged to Operating Accounts         - (7,415)         (7,415)           Changes in Assets and Liabilities:         (136,536)         24,055           Other Receivables         (4,706)         (20,813)           Prepaids         (11,664)         (2,189)           Amortization of Asset Retirement Obligation         8,667         -           Accounts Payable         (29,051)         (35,633)           Accrued Liabilities         (13,808)         -           Compensated Absences         -         -           Changes to WRS Pension Accounts         -         -           Changes to OPEB Accounts         -         -           Net Cash Flows From	CASH AND INVESTMENTS - BEGINNING		1,644,625		1,625,460
TO NET CASH FLOWS FROM           Operating Income (Loss)         \$ (98,298)         \$ 228,029           Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss)         \$ (98,298)         \$ 228,029           Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss)         \$ (59,129)         \$ (7,547)           Depreciation         59,129         70,547           Depreciation Charged to Operating Accounts         - (7,415)           Changes in Assets and Liabilities:         \$ (4,706)         (20,813)           Customer Accounts Receivable         (4,706)         (20,813)           Prepaids         (11,664)         (2,189)           Amortization of Asset Retirement Obligation         8,667         -           Accounts Payable         (29,051)         (35,633)           Accrued Liabilities         (13,808)         -           Compensated Absences         -         -           Changes to WRS Pension Accounts         -         -           Changes to OPEB Accounts         -         -           Net Cash Flows From	CASH AND INVESTMENTS - ENDING	\$	1,377,647	\$	1,658,155
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss)         to Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities:       59,129       70,547         Depreciation       59,129       70,547         Depreciation Charged to Operating Accounts       - (7,415)         Changes in Assets and Liabilities:       - (20,415)         Customer Accounts Receivable       (136,536)       24,055         Other Receivables       (4,706)       (20,813)         Prepaids       (11,664)       (2,189)         Amortization of Asset Retirement Obligation       8,667       -         Accounts Payable       (29,051)       (35,633)         Accrued Liabilities       (13,808)       -         Compensated Absences       -       -         Changes to WRS Pension Accounts       -       -         Changes to OPEB Accounts       -       -         Net Cash Flows From	TO NET CASH FLOWS FROM	Φ.	(00,000)	Φ.	000 000
Depreciation         59,129         70,547           Depreciation Charged to Operating Accounts         -         (7,415)           Changes in Assets and Liabilities:         -         (136,536)         24,055           Other Receivables         (4,706)         (20,813)           Prepaids         (11,664)         (2,189)           Amortization of Asset Retirement Obligation         8,667         -           Accounts Payable         (29,051)         (35,633)           Accrued Liabilities         (13,808)         -           Compensated Absences         -         -           Changes to WRS Pension Accounts         -         -           Changes to OPEB Accounts         -         -           Net Cash Flows From	Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(98,298)	Ъ	228,029
Depreciation Charged to Operating Accounts         -         (7,415)           Changes in Assets and Liabilities:         -         (136,536)         24,055           Other Receivables         (4,706)         (20,813)           Prepaids         (11,664)         (2,189)           Amortization of Asset Retirement Obligation         8,667         -           Accounts Payable         (29,051)         (35,633)           Accrued Liabilities         (13,808)         -           Compensated Absences         -         -           Changes to WRS Pension Accounts         -         -           Changes to OPEB Accounts         -         -           Net Cash Flows From	, e		59 129		70 547
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:         (136,536)         24,055           Other Receivables         (4,706)         (20,813)           Prepaids         (11,664)         (2,189)           Amortization of Asset Retirement Obligation         8,667         -           Accounts Payable         (29,051)         (35,633)           Accrued Liabilities         (13,808)         -           Compensated Absences         -         -           Changes to WRS Pension Accounts         -         -           Changes to OPEB Accounts         -         -           Net Cash Flows From	·		-		•
Other Receivables       (4,706)       (20,813)         Prepaids       (11,664)       (2,189)         Amortization of Asset Retirement Obligation       8,667       -         Accounts Payable       (29,051)       (35,633)         Accrued Liabilities       (13,808)       -         Compensated Absences       -       -         Changes to WRS Pension Accounts       -       -         Changes to OPEB Accounts       -       -         Net Cash Flows From					( , ,
Prepaids         (11,664)         (2,189)           Amortization of Asset Retirement Obligation         8,667         -           Accounts Payable         (29,051)         (35,633)           Accrued Liabilities         (13,808)         -           Compensated Absences         -         -           Changes to WRS Pension Accounts         -         -           Changes to OPEB Accounts         -         -           Net Cash Flows From	Customer Accounts Receivable		(136,536)		24,055
Amortization of Asset Retirement Obligation       8,667       -         Accounts Payable       (29,051)       (35,633)         Accrued Liabilities       (13,808)       -         Compensated Absences       -       -         Changes to WRS Pension Accounts       -       -         Changes to OPEB Accounts       -       -         Net Cash Flows From	Other Receivables		(4,706)		(20,813)
Accounts Payable       (29,051)       (35,633)         Accrued Liabilities       (13,808)       -         Compensated Absences       -       -         Changes to WRS Pension Accounts       -       -         Changes to OPEB Accounts       -       -         Net Cash Flows From					(2,189)
Accrued Liabilities       (13,808)       -         Compensated Absences       -       -         Changes to WRS Pension Accounts       -       -         Changes to OPEB Accounts       -       -         Net Cash Flows From       -       -					-
Compensated Absences	•		, ,		(35,633)
Changes to WRS Pension Accounts Changes to OPEB Accounts			(13,808)		-
Changes to OPEB Accounts Net Cash Flows From	·		-		-
Net Cash Flows From	<u> </u>		-		-
	· ·				<u>-</u>
		\$	(226,267)	\$	256,581

		To	tals	
Tra	ansit System	2022		2021
\$	168,595 (2,261,230)	\$ 2,672,474 (4,717,621)	\$	2,076,357 (2,032,898)
	(86,282)	 (103,456)		(1,523,475) 39,065
	(2,178,917)	(2,148,603)		(1,440,951)
	318,678	318,678		176,240
	1,988,448 -	 1,988,448 (85,639)		2,059,596 (98,952)
	2,307,126	2,221,487		2,136,884
	- 2,225 - -	(229,239) 2,225 (4,510)		(1,135,429) 5,801 (37,912) 977,817
	<u>-</u>	4,797		<u>-</u>
	2,225	(226,727)		(189,723)
		49,994		3,779
	130,434	(103,849)		509,989
	507,131	 3,777,216		3,267,227
\$	637,565	\$ 3,673,367	\$	3,777,216
\$	(2,510,660)	\$ (2,380,929)	\$	(1,987,726)
	403,926	533,602 (7,415)		587,525 (7,415)
	31,075	(81,406) (25,519)		(96,914) 39,411
	(25,616)	(39,469) (1 8,667		
	8,640	(56,044) (13,808)		8,667 69,239 (7,187)
	(13,307)	(13,307) 21,		
	(82,737) 9,762	 (82,737) 9,762		(91,501) 42,926
\$	(2,178,917)	\$ (2,148,603)	\$	(1,440,951)

CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance
Budget to Actual - Room Tax
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES	ф <u>гоо ооо</u>	Ф 005.000	ф <b>7</b> 00 04 <b>7</b>	¢ 444.047
Taxes Miscellaneous	\$ 500,000	\$ 625,000	\$ 736,817 5,584	\$ 111,817 5,584
Total Revenues	500,000	625,000	742,401	117,401
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Conservation and Development	350,000	475,000	571,209	(96,209)
Total Expenditures	350,000	475,000	571,209	(96,209)
EXCESS OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES	150,000	150,000	171,192	21,192
Transfers Out	(150,000)	(150,000)	(159,280)	(9,280)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	11,912	11,912
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	446,554	446,554	446,554	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 446,554	<u>\$ 446,554</u>	\$ 458,466	\$ 11,912

CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance
Budget to Actual - Mandatory Recycling
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

REVENUES	Priginal and Final Budget	Fa	riance vorable avorable)	
Intergovernmental	\$ 216,000	\$ 217,756	\$	1,756
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Public Works	 27,000	 31,259		4,259
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	 189,000	186,497		1,756
OTHER FINANCING SOURCE USE Transfers Out	 (189,000)	(186,497)		2,503
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-		4,259
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	 			
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 	\$ 	\$	4,259

CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance
Budget to Actual - Library Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual Amounts		F	/ariance avorable favorable)	
REVENUES	_		_		_		_	
Taxes	\$	1,792,274	\$	1,792,274	\$	1,792,274	\$	-
Intergovernmental		573,605		573,605		573,605		-
Public Charges for Services		26,000		26,000		33,513		7,513
Miscellaneous		25,813		197,191		96,256		(100,935)
Total Revenues		2,417,692		2,589,070		2,495,648		(93,422)
EXPENDITURES  Current:  Culture and Recreation		2,372,522		2,543,900		2,242,834		301,066
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		45,170		45,170		252,814		207,644
OTHER FINANCING USE Transfers Out		(45,170)		(45,170)		(45,170)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		207,644		207,644
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		239,912		239,912		239,912		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	239,912	\$	239,912	\$	447,556	\$	207,644

**CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance Budget to Actual - Aquatic Center For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	riginal and inal Budget	 Actual Amounts	F	Variance avorable nfavorable)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 152,750	\$ 152,750	\$	-
Public Charges for Services	190,000	199,346		9,346
Miscellaneous	 7,500	 14,101		6,601
Total Revenues	 350,250	 366,197		15,947
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Culture and Recreation	 350,250	 393,813		(43,563)
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES				
UNDER EXPENDITURES	 	 (27,616)		(27,616)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	(27,616)		(27,616)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	 77,074	 77,074		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 77,074	\$ 49,458	\$	(27,616)

**CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance Budget to Actual - Transit Capital Grant Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

EVDENDITUDEO	Original and Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Works	42,000	336	(41,664)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCE Proceeds from Long-term Debt Issued	42,000	42,000	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	41,664	(41,664)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	17,000	17,000	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 17,000	\$ 58,664	\$ (41,664)

**CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance Budget to Actual - Debt Service Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		riginal and inal Budget		Actual Amounts	F	/ariance avorable nfavorable)
REVENUES	_		_		_	
Taxes	\$	6,996,802	\$	6,996,802	\$	
Special Assessments		87,400		166,743		79,343
Miscellaneous		223,614		347,908		124,294
Total Revenues		7,307,816		7,511,453		203,637
EXPENDITURES						
Debt Service:						
Principal		6,133,000		6,154,410		(21,410)
Interest and Fiscal Charges		1,269,766		1,355,934		(86,168)
Total Expenditures		7,402,766		7,510,344		(107,578)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(94,950)		1,109		96,059
(ONDER) EXI ENDITORES		(94,930)		1,103		90,039
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Premium Received on Long-Term Debt Issued		21,313		519,646		498,333
Transfers In		73,637		73,637		· <u>-</u>
<b>Total Other Financing Sources</b>		94,950		593,283		498,333
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		594,392		594,392
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		4,467,420		4,467,420		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	4,467,420	\$	5,061,812	\$	594,392

**CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance Budget to Actual - Sanitary and Storm Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

REVENUES	Original and Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 30,363	\$ 30,363
EXPENDITURES Current:	455.000		- 11
Public Works	455,000	671,355	216,355
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(455,000)	(640,992)	246,718
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Proceeds from Long-term Debt Issued Transfers In Total Other Financing Sources	455,000 - 455,000	455,000 192,340 647,340	192,340 192,340
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	6,348	439,058
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	60,955	60,955	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 60,955	\$ 67,303	\$ 439,058

**CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance Budget to Actual - Streets Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

DEVENUE0		riginal and inal Budget		Actual Amounts	F	Variance favorable nfavorable)
REVENUES	Φ.	000 540	Φ.	000 540	Φ.	
Taxes	\$	226,519	\$	226,519	\$	-
Intergovernmental		-		548,184 106,290		548,184
Intergovernmental Charges for Services  Total Revenues		226,519		880,993		106,290 654,474
Total Revenues		220,519		000,993		034,474
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Public Works		3,738,400		4,264,536		526,136
Debt Service:						,
Interest and Fiscal Charges		226,519		-		226,519
Total Expenditures		3,964,919		4,264,536		752,655
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES						
UNDER EXPENDITURES		(3,738,400)		(3,383,543)		1,407,129
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USE)		0.700.400		0.700.400		
Proceeds from Long-term Debt Issued		3,738,400		3,738,400		-
Transfers In		-		240,951		240,951
Transfers Out		2 720 400		(301,329)		(301,329)
Total Other Financing Sources (Use)		3,738,400		3,678,022		(60,378)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		294,479		1,346,751
FUND DEFICIT - BEGINNING		(102,154)		(102,154)		
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - ENDING	\$	(102,154)	\$	192,325	\$	1,346,751

**CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance Budget to Actual - Capital Equipment Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Original and Ao Final Budget Am		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
REVENUES Miscellaneous	\$ -	\$ 56,573	\$ 56,573		
Misconariodus	Ψ	_ φ σσ,σ.σ	Ψ σσ,στσ		
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General Government	350,000		299,216		
Public Safety	-	42,510	(42,510)		
Public Works	782,500		205,334		
Culture and Recreation	4 400 500	6,344	(6,344)		
Total Expenditures	1,132,500	676,804	(6,344)		
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES					
UNDER EXPENDITURES	(1,132,500)	(620,231)	50,229		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCE (USE)					
Proceeds from Long-term Debt Issued	1,132,500	1,134,600	2,100		
Transfers Out	-, 102,000	(65,688)	(65,688)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Use)	1,132,500		(63,588)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	448,681	(13,359)		
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	1,619,831	1,619,831			
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 1,619,831</u>	\$ 2,068,512	\$ (13,359)		

CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance
Budget to Actual - Environmental Remediation Capital Projects Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

DEVENUE		riginal and Actual inal Budget Amounts			Fa	ariance ivorable favorable)
REVENUES	•	F0.000	•	50.000	•	
Taxes	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	-
Intergovernmental Miscellaneous		30,473		36,888		36,888
Total Revenues		80,473		86,888		(30,473) 6,415
Total Revenues		60,473		00,000		0,415
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General Government		50,000		_		50,000
Public Works		350,000		310,429		39,571
Debt Service:						,-
Principal		28,434		58,168		(29,734)
Interest and Fiscal Charges		2,039		1,526		513
Total Expenditures		430,473		370,123		60,350
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES		(350,000)		(283,235)		66,765
OTHER FINANCING SOURCE Proceeds from Long-term Debt Issued		350,000		350,000		<u>-</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		66,765		66,765
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		925,917		925,917		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	925,917	\$	992,682	\$	66,765

**CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual - Harbor Improvements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

REVENUES	Original a Final Buc		Actu Amou		F	/ariance avorable favorable)
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$ 52	23,390	\$	523,390
EXPENDITURES  Current: Public Works	70,	000	61	0,863		(540,863)
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(70,	000)	(8	37,473)		(17,473)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Proceeds from Long-term Debt Issued Transfers In Total Other Financing Sources		000	1	70,000 7,473 87,473		17,473 17,473
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		-
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		<u>-</u> .				
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	<u> </u>	\$		\$	_

CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance
Budget to Actual - Buildings and Other Improvements Capital Projects Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

DEVENUE O	riginal and inal Budget	 Actual Amounts	Fa	ariance vorable avorable)
<b>REVENUES</b> Taxes	\$ 184,000	\$ 184,000	\$	<u>-</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Government	184,000	91,096		92,904
Public Safety	-	90,074		(90,074)
Public Works	-	26,331		(26,331)
Culture and Recreation	650,000	449,891		200,109
Conservation and Development	 	44,581		(44,581)
Total Expenditures	 834,000	 701,973		132,027
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES				
UNDER EXPENDITURES	 (650,000)	 (302,277)		347,723
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USE)				
Proceeds from Long-term Debt Issued	650,000	650,000		_
Transfers In	, -	157,204		157,204
Transfers Out	-	(534,319)		(534,319)
Total Other Financing Sources (Use)	650,000	272,885		(377,115)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	(29,392)		(29,392)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	 1,140,954	 1,140,954		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 1,140,954	\$ 1,111,562	\$	(29,392)

**CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance Budget to Actual - Tax Incremental District No. 14 For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

DEVENUE O	Original and Actual Final Budget Amounts		F	/ariance avorable ifavorable)	
REVENUES  Miscellaneous	\$	10,095	\$ -	\$	(10,095)
EXPENDITURES  Debt Service:     Principal     Interest and Fiscal Charges     Total Expenditures		10,000 95 10,095	10,000 95 10,095		- - -
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-	(10,095)		(10,095)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		12,561	12,561		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	12,561	\$ 2,466	\$	(10,095)

**CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance Budget to Actual - Tax Incremental District No. 16 For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	riginal and inal Budget	 Actual Amounts	F	/ariance avorable favorable)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 337,214	\$ 383,776	\$	46,562
Intergovernmental	 43,668	 44,604		936
Total Revenues	 380,882	428,380		47,498
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Conservation and Development	12,818	12,510		308
Debt Service:				
Principal	340,000	340,000		_
Interest and Fiscal Charges	28,064	28,064		_
Total Expenditures	380,882	 380,574		308
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	 <u>-</u>	47,806		47,806
OTHER FINANCING SOURCE Transfers In	 	208,000		208,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	255,806		255,806
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - BEGINNING	 (867,422)	 (867,422)		
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - ENDING	\$ (867,422)	\$ (611,616)	\$	255,806

**CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance Budget to Actual - Tax Incremental District No. 17 For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		iginal and nal Budget		Actual Amounts	F	Variance avorable nfavorable)
REVENUES	_		_			
Taxes	\$	67,400	\$	228,916	\$	161,516
Intergovernmental		14,167		14,309		142
Total Revenues		81,567		243,225		161,658
EXPENDITURES Current:						
Conservation and Development		317		187		130
Debt Service:						
Principal		80,000		80,000		-
Interest and Fiscal Charges		1,250		1,250		-
Total Expenditures		81,567		81,437		130
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		<u>-</u>		161,788		161,788
OTHER FINANCING USE Transfers Out				(208,000)		(208,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		(46,212)		(46,212)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		47,207		47,207		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	47,207	\$	995	\$	(46,212)

**CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance Budget to Actual - Tax Incremental District No. 18 For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		riginal and inal Budget		Actual Amounts		Variance Favorable Infavorable)
REVENUES	_		_		_	
Taxes	\$	230,913	\$	194,858	\$	(36,055)
Intergovernmental		6,400		6,433		33
Total Revenues		237,313		201,291		(36,022)
EXPENDITURES  Current: Conservation and Development  Debt Service: Principal Interest and Fiscal Charges  Total Expenditures		150 115,000 122,163 237,313		683,297 115,000 122,162 920,459		(683,147) - 1 (683,146)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		(719,168)		(719,168)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		1,519,297		1,519,297		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	1,519,297	\$	800,129	\$	(719,168)

**CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance Budget to Actual - Tax Incremental District No. 19 For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	riginal and inal Budget	 Actual Amounts	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 510,200	\$ 188,313	\$	(321,887)	
Miscellaneous	-	4,800		4,800	
Total Revenues	510,200	193,113		(317,087)	
EXPENDITURES					
Conservation and Development	150	130,799		(130,649)	
Debt Service:				-	
Principal	505,000	505,000		_	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	5,050	14,316		(9,266)	
Total Expenditures	 510,200	 650,115		(139,915)	
Total Experiance	 0:0,200	 333,113		(100,010)	
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	_	(457,002)		(457,002)	
ONDER EXI ENDITORES	 	 (437,002)		(437,002)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Proceeds from Long-term Debt Issued	-	485,000		485,000	
Premium Received on Long-Term Debt Issued	 	 33,395		33,395	
Total Other Financing Sources		518,395		518,395	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	61,393		61,393	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - BEGINNING	 (151,300)	 (151,300)			
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) - ENDING	\$ (151,300)	\$ (89,907)	\$	61,393	

**CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual - Tax Incremental District No. 20 For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Original and Actual Final Budget Amounts				Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)			
<b>REVENUES</b> Taxes	\$	171,848	\$	200,648	\$	28,800		
<b>EXPENDITURES</b> Conservation and Development		171,848		63,483				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		137,165		28,800		
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		223,148		223,148				
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$</u>	223,148	\$	360,313	\$	28,800		

**CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual - Tax Incremental District No. 21 For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Original and Final Budget			Actual Amounts	Variance Favorabl (Unfavorab		
REVENUES Taxes	\$	156,617	\$		¢	(156,617)	
Taxes	Φ	130,017	Φ		\$	(130,617)	
EXPENDITURES							
Conservation and Development		139,400		151,037		(11,637)	
Debt Service:							
Interest and Fiscal Charges		17,217		17,218		(1)	
Total Expenditures		156,617		168,255		(11,638)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		(168,255)		(168,255)	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		483,589		483,589			
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	483,589	\$	315,334	\$	(168,255)	

**CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN**Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance Budget to Actual - Tax Incremental District No. 22 For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Original and Final Budget		Actual Amounts	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
REVENUES	Φ.	0.070.550	Φ.		Φ.	(0.070.550)	
Taxes	\$	3,373,550	\$	- 8,597	\$	(3,373,550)	
Miscellaneous  Total Revenues		2 272 550				8,597	
Total Revenues		3,373,550		8,597		(3,364,953)	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Public Works	\$	3,500,000	\$	2,074,268	\$	1,425,732	
Conservation and Development		1,400,150		1,178,592		221,558	
Debt Service:							
Principal		3,340,000		3,340,000		-	
Interest and Fiscal Charges		33,400		178,850		(145,450)	
Total Expenditures		8,273,550		6,771,710		76,108	
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES							
UNDER EXPENDITURES		(4,900,000)		(6,763,113)		(3,288,845)	
		(1,000,000)		(0,100,110)		(0,200,010)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Proceeds from Long-term Debt Issued		4,900,000		8,160,000		3,260,000	
Premium Received on Long-Term Debt Issued		-		231,540		231,540	
Total Other Financing Sources		4,900,000		8,391,540		3,491,540	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		1,628,427		202,695	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		805,520		805,520			
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	805,520	\$	2,433,947	\$	202,695	

Combingin Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds As of December 31, 2022

	Data Processing	Health Self Insurance	Worker's Comp Self Insurance
ASSETS			
Current Assets:			
Cash and Investments	\$ -	\$ 1,022,134	\$ 1,089,470
Accounts Receivable	55,769	-	-
Due from Other Funds	-	-	-
Prepaid Items	102,329	1,419	=
Other Assets	<del>-</del>		
Total Current Assets	158,098_	1,023,553	1,089,470
Noncurrent Assets:			
Restricted Assets - Deposit with CVMIC	-	=	-
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	538,016	-	_
Total Noncurrent Assets	538,016		
TOTAL ASSETS	696,114	1,023,553	1,089,470
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accounts and Claims Payable	14,887	44,379	329
Accrued and Other Current Liabilities	179,635	255,602	280,195
Due to Other Funds	364,476	, <u>-</u>	, -
Current Portion of Compensated Absences	55,036	=	-
Total Current Liabilities	614,034	299,981	280,524
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES			
Compensated Absences	82,080_		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	696,114	299,981	280,524
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	538,016	=	-
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(538,016)	723,572	808,946
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ -	\$ 723,572	\$ 808,946

Liability Se	lf		Total					
	Insurance			022 202				
\$	-	\$	2,111,604	\$	2,197,656			
	-		55,769		98,620			
	-		-		84,947			
	-		103,748		15,199			
	-		-		96,068			
	-		2,271,121		2,492,490			
1,111,4	26		1,111,426		1,111,426			
	-		538,016		265,867			
1,111,4	26		1,649,442		1,377,293			
1 111 1	26		2 020 562		2 000 702			
1,111,4	-20		3,920,563		3,869,783			
	-		59,595		203,262			
	-		715,432		826,478			
	-		364,476		84,947			
	-		55,036		54,013			
			1,194,539		1,168,700			
			82,080		52,210			
·			4 070 040		4 000 040			
			1,276,619		1,220,910			
	-		538,016		265,867			
1,111,4		_	2,105,928	_	2,383,006			
\$ 1,111,4	26	\$	2,643,944	\$	2,648,873			

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds

### For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	F	Data Processing	_	lealth Self		ker's Comp f Insurance
OPERATING REVENUES	•	4 400 500	Φ.	0.475.050	Φ.	400.000
Charges for Services	\$	1,186,566	\$	3,475,658	\$	488,239
Other Operating Revenues						2,506
Total Operating Revenues		1,186,566		3,475,658		490,745
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Operation and Maintenance		1,139,265		-		233,789
Insurance Premiums, Claims, and Adjustments		-		3,654,600		82,943
Taxes		45,419		_		_
Total Operating Expenses		1,184,684		3,654,600		316,732
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		1,882		(178,942)		174,013
NONOPERATING REVENUES Investment Earnings		<u>-</u> _	_	<del>-</del> _		<u>-</u> _
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS		1,882		(178,942)		174,013
TRANSFERS OUT		(1,882)				
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		-		(178,942)		174,013
NET POSITION - BEGINNING				902,514		634,933
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$		\$	723,572	\$	808,946

L	iability Self	To	otal	
	Insurance	2022		2021
\$	-	\$ 5,150,463	\$	5,097,361
		2,506		22,352
	=	5,152,969		5,119,713
	-	1,373,054		1,059,855
	-	3,737,543		3,858,567
	-	 45,419		37,047
		5,156,016		4,955,469
		(3,047)		164,244
		 		1,595
	-	(3,047)		165,839
		(1,882)		
	-	(4,929)		165,839
	1,111,426	 2,648,873		2,483,034
\$	1,111,426	\$ 2,643,944	\$	2,648,873

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Data	Processing	_	Health Self Insurance		rker's Comp f Insurance
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Cash Received from User Charges	\$	1,229,417	\$	3,560,605	\$	488,239
Other Receipts		-		-		2,506
Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services		(358,203)		(3,822,845)		(314,557)
Paid to Employees for Operating Payroll		(597,183)		-		-
Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities		274,031		(262,240)		176,188
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Due To/From Other Funds		-		-		-
Transfer From (To) Other Funds		(1,882)		<u>-</u>		
Net Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities		(1,882)				
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition of Capital Assets		(272,149)		<u>-</u>		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment Income				<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
CHANGE IN CASH AND INVESTMENTS		-		(262,240)		176,188
CASH AND INVESTMENTS - BEGINNING				1,284,374		913,282
CASH AND INVESTMENTS - ENDING	\$		\$	1,022,134	\$	1,089,470
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH FLOWS FROM	œ.	4 000	¢.	(470.042)	¢	474.042
Operating Income (Loss)  Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss)  to Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities:  Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	\$	1,882	\$	(178,942)	\$	174,013
Accounts Receivable		42,851		84,947		-
Materials and Supplies		5,170		-		-
Inventory and Prepaid Items		3,768		(1,419)		-
Accounts Payable		109,698		29,165		(3,889)
Other Current Liabilities		79,769		(195,991)		6,064
Accrued Compensated Absences  Net Cash Flows From		30,893				
Operating Activities	\$	274,031	\$	(262,240)	\$	176,188

		Totals					
Liability Self Insurance		2022		2021			
\$	- \$	5,278,261	\$	5,044,952			
	-	2,506		22,352			
	-	(4,495,605)		(4,170,471)			
		(597,183)		(586,749)			
	<u>-</u> _	187,979		310,084			
	-	-		54,013			
	<u> </u>	(1,882)					
	<del>-</del> —	(1,882)		54,013			
	<u>-</u> _	(272,149)		(150,773)			
	<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u>		1,595			
	-	(86,052)		214,919			
	<u>-</u> _	2,197,656		1,982,737			
\$	_ \$	2,111,604	\$	2,197,656			
\$	- \$	(3,047)	\$	164,244			
	_	127,798		(52,409)			
	-	5,170		(42,537)			
	-	2,349		(14,862)			
	-	134,974		84,473			
	-	(110,158)		207,266			
•		30,893	_	(36,091)			
\$	<u>     \$     </u>	187,979	\$	310,084			
	_						

CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN

Combinging Statement of Net Position

Custodial Funds

As of December 31, 2022

With Summarized Comparative Information as of December 31, 2021

			Tax		Custodial Funds				
	Poor R	Poor Relief		Collection		2022		2021	
ASSETS			_		_		_		
Cash and Investments	\$ 1	3,523	\$	11,250,593	\$	11,264,116	\$	11,785,902	
Taxes Receivable		-		15,539,244		15,539,244		16,328,262	
Total Assets	1	3,523		26,789,837		26,803,360		28,114,164	
LIABILITIES									
Due to Other Taxing Units				26,789,837		26,789,837		28,100,851	
NET POSITION	\$ 1	3,523	\$		\$	13,523	\$	13,313	

Combinging Statement of Changes in Net Position Custodial Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 With Summarized Comparative Information as of December 31, 2021

					Custodi	stodial Funds		
	P	oor Relief		Collection		2022		2021
ADDITIONS  Taxes Collected on Behalf of Other Taxing Entities Other Local Sources  Total Additions	\$	210 210	\$	16,328,262 - 16,328,262	\$	16,328,262 210 16,328,472	\$	16,942,089 8 16,942,097
DEDUCTIONS Taxes Remitted to Other Taxing Entities Relief Fund Disbursements Total Deductions		- - -		16,328,262 - 16,328,262	_	16,328,262 - 16,328,262		16,942,089 200 16,942,289
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		210		-		210		(192)
NET POSITION - BEGINNING		13,313				13,313		13,505
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$	13,523	\$	<u>-</u> _	\$	13,523	\$	13,313

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds
Comparative Schedules by Source
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022
With Summarized Comparative Information as of December 31, 2021

	2022	2021
Capital Assets		
Land	\$ 9,242,029	\$ 9,242,029
Construction in Progress	773,394	3,263,864
Right-To-Use-Asset	1,112,774	-
Buildings	30,435,399	28,742,597
Machinery and Equipment	39,935,305	39,833,434
Infrastructure	207,464,689	 200,709,190
Total Governmental Funds Capital Assets	\$ 288,963,590	\$ 281,791,114
Investments in Governmental Funds Capital Assets By Source		
General fund	\$ 25,565,452	\$ 25,556,779
Federal, State and Local Projects	10,754,957	10,754,957
Capital Projects Funds		
General Obligation Debt	252,643,181	245,479,378
Total Governmental Funds Capital Assets	\$ 288,963,590	\$ 281,791,114

This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds. Accordingly, the capital assets reported in internal service funds are excluded from the above amounts. Generally, the capital assets of internal service funds are included as governmental activities in the statement of net position.

CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN
Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule by Function For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

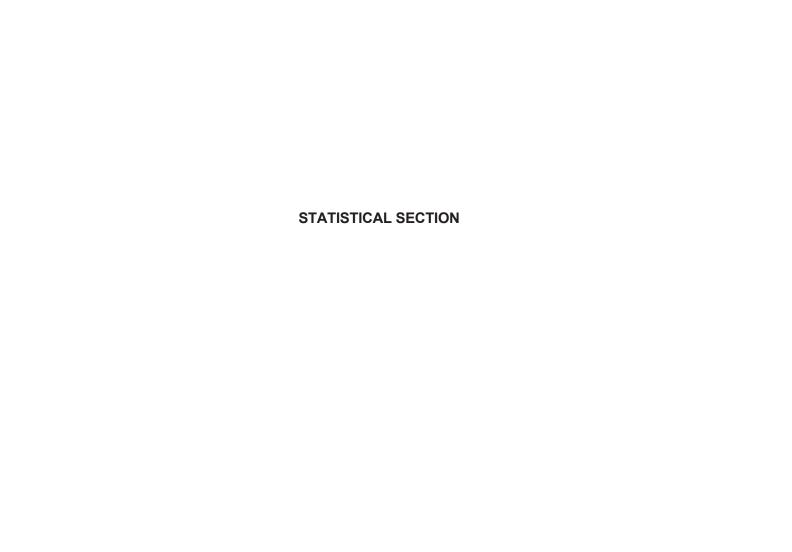
	Total	 Land	nstruction Progress	R	ight-to-use Asset	Buildings	Machinery and Equipment	In	frastructure
Function									
General Government	\$ 16,684,710	\$ 7,131,176	\$ -	\$	1,112,774	\$ 7,750,196	\$ 690,564	\$	-
Public Safety	11,347,731	347,400	-		-	4,631,710	6,368,621		-
Public Works	231,954,780	260,500	773,394		-	3,150,224	20,305,973		207,464,689
Health and Human Services	801,983	131,640	-		-	141,216	529,127		-
Culture and Recreation	27,316,812	1,271,313	-		-	14,304,624	11,740,875		_
Conservation and Development	857,574	100,000	-		-	457,429	300,145		_
Total Governmental Funds Capital Assets	\$ 288,963,590	\$ 9,242,029	\$ 773,394	\$	1,112,774	\$ 30,435,399	\$ 39,935,305	\$	207,464,689

This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds. Accordingly, the capital assets reported in internal service funds are excluded from the above amounts. Generally, the capital assets of internal service funds are included as governmental activities in the statement of net position.

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule of Changes by Function For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	_	overnmental unds Capital Assets 1/1/2022	Additions	Deletions	Adj	justments	F	overnmental unds Capital Assets 12/31/2022
Function				,				
General Government	\$	16,092,701	\$ 592,009	\$ -	\$	-	\$	16,684,710
Public Safety		12,293,003	2,318,592	3,263,864		-		11,347,731
Public Works		226,280,337	5,674,443	-		_		231,954,780
Health and Human Services		593,753	208,230	-		_		801,983
Culture and Recreation		25,723,525	1,593,287	_		_		27,316,812
Conservation and Development		807,795	49,779	-		_		857,574
Total Governmental Funds Capital Assets	\$	281,791,114	\$ 10,436,340	\$ 3,263,864	\$		\$	288,963,590

This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds. Accordingly, the capital assets reported in internal service funds are excluded from the above amounts. Generally, the capital assets of internal service funds are included as governmental activities in the statement of net position.



Net Position by Component
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
Governmental activities																				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	84,679,258	\$	86,185,510	\$	87,127,517	\$	85,515,744	\$	86,580,090	\$	86,087,963	\$	89,071,265	\$	89,307,698	\$	89,318,599	\$	83,499,866
Restricted		8,114,185		8,831,574		16,759,931		8,585,097		9,763,543		15,709,974		15,005,973		14,449,478		16,760,343		20,611,973
Unrestricted (deficit)		(16,824,269)		(15,151,084)		(13,384,218)		(2,849,835)		(3,722,459)		(4,220,334)		102,003		(2,845,385)		741,934		3,471,949
Total governmental activities net position	\$	75,969,174	\$	79,866,000	\$	90,503,230	\$	91,251,006	\$	92,621,174	\$	97,577,603	\$	104,179,241	\$	100,911,791	\$	106,820,876	\$	107,583,788
rotal governmental activities het position	<u> </u>	70,000,171	Ψ	70,000,000	Ψ	00,000,200	Ψ	01,201,000	Ψ	02,021,171	Ψ	01,011,000	Ψ	101,170,211	Ψ	100,011,701	Ψ	100,020,010	Ψ	101,000,100
Business-type activities																				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	95,999,724	\$	133,959,504	\$	134,976,967	\$	135,802,072	\$	136,566,376	\$	137,184,269	\$	150,860,044	\$	150,214,991	\$	149,876,317	\$	146,526,344
Restricted		55,160,265		32,885,180		20,111,754		17,987,944		18,032,424		20,514,696		10,645,746		12,773,350		13,134,662		14,397,307
Unrestricted		33,987,853		25,695,980		48,885,676		60,149,784		66,832,954		71,769,068		82,469,719		76,204,521		81,486,173		75,923,306
Total business-type activities net position	\$	185,147,842	\$	192,540,664	\$	203,974,397	\$	213,939,800	\$	221,431,754	\$	229,468,033	\$	243,975,509	\$	239,192,862	\$	244,497,152	\$	236,846,957
Total business-type delivities het position	<u> </u>	100,147,042	Ψ	132,040,004	Ψ	200,014,001	Ψ	210,000,000	Ψ	221,401,704	Ψ	223,400,000	Ψ	240,010,000	Ψ	200,102,002	Ψ	244,437,102	Ψ	200,040,001
Primary government																				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	180,678,982	\$	220,145,014	\$	222,104,484	\$	221,317,816	\$	223,146,466	\$	223,272,232	\$	239,931,309	\$	239,522,689	\$	239,194,916	\$	230,026,210
Restricted		63,274,450		41,716,754		36,871,685		26,573,041		27,795,967		36,224,670		25,651,719		27,222,828		29,895,005		35,009,280
Unrestricted		17,163,584		10,544,896		35,501,458		57,299,949		63,110,495		67,548,734		82,571,722		73,359,136		82,228,107		79,395,255
Total primary gavernment not position	Φ.	064 447 046	Φ.	272 406 664	Φ.	204 477 627	•	205 400 806	Φ.	244 052 020	Φ.	227 045 626	Φ.	240 454 750	•	240 404 652	•	254 240 020	•	244 420 745
Total primary government net position	Ф	261,117,016	\$	272,406,664	\$	294,477,627	Φ	305,190,806	Φ	314,052,928	\$	327,045,636	\$	348,154,750	\$	340,104,653	\$	351,318,028	Φ	344,430,745

Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Expenses										
Governmental activities:										
General Government	\$ 3,611,218	\$ 4,393,330	\$ 4,579,437	\$ 3,756,820	\$ 3,484,071	\$ 3,667,667	\$ 3,600,822	\$ 3,778,987	\$ 7,671,369	\$ 8,956,182
Public Safety	14,380,253	13,803,232	13,822,068	14,860,338	15,044,477	15,536,143	16,294,212	16,204,106	15,588,651	15,475,966
Public Works	7,123,677	7,532,419	8,508,822	11,197,464	9,164,479	11,182,663	10,183,941	13,924,738	6,880,423	16,941,280
Health and Human Services	337,553	297,093	296,567	295,955	316,126	272,956	354,998	398,771	344,480	677,106
Culture and Recreation	4,726,866	5,582,966	4,805,376	4,645,661	5,123,117	5,215,026	5,515,112	5,455,455	5,411,679	4,019,517
Conservation and Development	1,760,407	1,438,342	1,257,001	2,481,357	6,234,364	1,249,704	2,403,600	7,188,695	11,030,301	5,455,076
Interest on debt	2,499,847	1,920,612	1,848,490	1,586,893	1,406,328	1,570,770	923,199	1,584,545	1,842,746	1,809,708
Total governmental activities expenses	34,439,821	34,967,994	35,117,761	38,824,488	40,772,962	38,694,929	39,275,884	48,535,297	48,769,649	53,334,835
Business-type activities:										
Water Utility	5,504,372	5,888,571	5,553,603	5,647,073	5,868,468	5,965,299	5,821,229	6,474,143	6,368,121	7,165,406
Electric Utility	59,503,436	60,741,021	57,984,007	59,882,201	62,046,053	59,921,858	54,815,272	56,819,402	59,845,891	71,241,633
Steam Utility	374,930	392,270	1,015,963	1,067,757	1,335,955	1,381,402	1,400,063	1,225,363	5,738,298	7,422,170
Broadband Utility	76,631	84,069	72,257	88,570	102,834	134,898	113,630	116,697	1,505,893	2,369,954
Wastewater Treatment Plant	4,889,792	4,944,513	5,753,536	5,132,411	5,127,168	5,104,513	5,162,418	5,569,590	187,316	149,609
Transit System	2,228,542	2,346,301	2,056,301	2,093,261	2,094,961	2,069,946	2,398,626	2,242,021	2,476,316	2,648,680
Total business-type activities expenses	72,577,703	74,396,745	72,435,667	73,911,273	76,575,439	74,577,916	69,711,238	72,447,216	76,121,835	90,997,452
Total primary government expenses	\$ 107,017,524	\$ 109,364,739	\$ 107,553,428	\$ 112,735,761	\$ 117,348,401	\$ 113,272,845	\$ 108,987,122	\$ 120,982,513	\$ 124,891,484	\$ 144,332,287

CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

		2013	2014	2015	2016	Ι	2017	Ι	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Program Revenues													
Governmental activities:													
Charges for services:													
General Government	\$	461,920	\$ 478,564	\$ 430,816	\$ 447,580	\$	433,160	\$	438,276	\$ 413,498	\$ 390,207	\$ 5,289,658	\$ 6,003,767
Public Safety		3,054,210	2,859,135	2,456,088	2,936,106		3,235,182		3,345,613	3,275,776	2,762,961	3,518,396	3,675,787
Public Works		748,604	794,302	950,025	884,979		1,165,743		1,265,270	1,492,682	2,324,397	1,756,314	2,139,736
Culture and Recreation		1,000,494	910,375	1,051,483	905,539		924,102		946,966	872,393	585,649	282,205	477,068
Other Activities		285,470	252,185	273,573	1,431,340		978,745		402,975	936,944	283,930	2,418,850	331,367
Operating grants and contributions		3,637,937	3,287,156	3,188,897	3,366,820		3,983,776		6,278,000	3,801,434	4,225,859	9,547,057	6,278,396
Capital grants and contributions		1,256,237	1,265,411	426,099	330,927		2,018,462		159,009	2,830,939	2,569,448	814,473	2,937,664
Total governmental activities program revenues		10,444,872	9,847,128	8,776,981	10,303,291		12,739,170		12,836,109	13,623,666	13,142,451	23,626,953	21,843,785
Business-type activities:													
Charges for services:													
Water Utility		6,688,886	6,598,666	6,898,509	6,997,341		7,033,484		6,904,307	6,818,191	6,957,794	6,963,803	6,942,221
Electric Utility		66,281,306	67,610,280	66,275,163	67,645,114		67,251,673		66,165,482	63,071,959	59,596,064	62,866,161	67,185,171
Steam Utility		544,992	687,092	1,217,714	1,456,383		1,847,247		1,880,760	1,916,078	1,784,771	1,777,436	2,271,656
Broadband Utility		176,815	169,901	222,710	517,327		289,424		242,520	268,038	274,273	276,686	377,638
Wastewater Treatment Plant		6,466,960	6,718,041	7,178,115	7,083,022		7,352,531		7,195,415	7,506,503	7,545,480	7,931,542	8,054,440
Transit System		193,404	199,353	195,708	198,613		207,160		177,473	201,924	45,768	127,677	138,020
Operating grants and contributions		1,621,962	1,756,616	1,749,317	1,744,673		1,684,403		1,442,798	1,524,845	2,086,830	2,079,108	2,204,393
Capital grants and contributions		173,697	279,266	227,594	695,920		794,910		201,761	3,186,453	1,199,496	2,298,170	1,688,601
Total business-type activities program revenues		82,148,022	84,019,215	83,964,830	86,338,393		86,460,832		84,210,516	84,493,991	79,490,476	84,320,583	88,862,140
Total primary government program revenues	\$	92,592,894	\$ 93,866,343	\$ 92,741,811	\$ 96,641,684	\$	99,200,002	\$	97,046,625	\$ 98,117,657	\$ 92,632,927	\$ 107,947,536	\$ 110,705,925
Net (expense)/revenue													
Governmental activities	\$	(23,994,949)	\$ (25,120,866)	\$ (26,340,780)	\$ (28,521,197)	\$	(28,033,792)	\$	(25,858,820)	\$ (25,652,218)	\$ (35,392,846)	\$ (25,142,696)	\$ (31,491,050)
Business-type activities	_	9,570,319	 9,622,470	 11,529,163	 12,427,120		9,885,393		9,632,600	 14,782,753	 7,043,260	 8,198,748	 (2,135,312)
Total primary government net expense	\$	(14,424,630)	\$ (15,498,396)	\$ (14,811,617)	\$ (16,094,077)	\$	(18,148,399)	\$	(16,226,220)	\$ (10,869,465)	\$ (28,349,586)	\$ (16,943,948)	\$ (33,626,362)

CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
General Revenues and Other Changes in										
Net Assets										
Governmental activities:										
Taxes										
Property taxes \$	16,896,523 \$	16,894,243 \$	17,244,016	\$ 17,315,579	\$ 17,658,112	\$ 17,774,496	\$ 17,703,092	\$ 17,560,998	18,294,247	\$ 19,400,840
Other taxes	770,332	689,520	784,813	769,755	779,999	774,533	784,506	579,159	1,482,771	1,518,416
Unrestricted state and federal aids	6,124,673	6,114,432	6,138,197	6,191,646	6,182,381	6,203,045	8,463,167	6,912,843	6,258,773	6,156,589
Interest earnings	55,869	240,795	177,411	412,264	393,666	738,236	829,734	726,941	(55,779)	(727,595)
Miscellaneous	620,353	1,164,659	1,471,129	595,696	442,735	1,228,897	551,214	2,401,092	1,072,825	362,338
Transfers	3,884,940	3,914,043	3,992,080	3,984,033	3,947,067	3,989,181	3,922,143	3,944,363	3,998,944	3,985,265
Total governmental activities	28,352,690	29,017,692	29,807,646	29,268,973	29,403,960	30,708,388	32,253,856	32,125,396	31,051,781	30,695,853
Business-type activities:										
Interest earnings	1,197,317	1,401,893	791,851	1,192,509	1,506,731	2,048,830	3,303,403	3,032,383	941,338	(900,072)
Miscellaneous	274,808	282,502	329,616	332,531	46,897	94,508	48,794	36,680	161,502	124,547
Other	-	-	-	-	-	263,916	283,519	316,060	-	316,060
Gain on sale of capital assets	-	-		(2,724)	-	-	11,150	-	1,826	(12,168)
Transfers	(3,884,940)	(3,914,043)	(3,992,080)	(3,984,033)	(3,947,067)	(3,989,181)	(3,922,143)	(3,944,363)	(3,998,944)	(3,985,265)
Total business-type activities	(2,412,815)	(2,229,648)	(2,870,613)	(2,461,717)	(2,393,439)	(1,581,927)	(275,277)	(559,240)	(2,894,278)	(4,456,898)
Total primary government \$	25,939,875 \$	26,788,044 \$	26,937,033	\$ 26,807,256	\$ 27,010,521	\$ 29,126,461	\$ 31,978,579	\$ 31,566,156	28,157,503	\$ 26,238,955
_										
Change in Net Assets										
Governmental activities \$	4,357,741 \$	3,896,826 \$	3,466,866	\$ 747,776	\$ 1,370,168	\$ 4,849,568	\$ 6,601,638	\$ (3,267,450)	5,909,085	\$ (795,197)
Business-type activities	7,157,504	7,392,822	8,658,550	9,965,403	7,491,954	8,050,673	14,507,476	6,484,020	5,304,470	(6,592,210)
Total primary government \$	11,515,245 \$	11,289,648 \$	12,125,416	\$ 10,713,179		\$ 12,900,241	\$ 21,109,114			\$ (7,387,407)

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
General fund										
Nonspendable										
Prepaid supplies and items	\$ 534,358 \$	561,424 \$	606,445 \$	463,418 \$	618,758 \$	472,440 \$	488,223 \$	555,996 \$	602,710 \$	684,743
Long term accounts and interfund receivables	3,781,606	4,267,385	3,329,843	2,991,145	3,076,822	1,687,285	1,606,514	1,804,313	817,092	852,163
Committed for future spending	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned	53,708	91,312	292,984	349,349	723,240	1,632,877	1,001,598	1,688,067	1,712,583	2,327,422
Unassigned	1,184,321	1,416,511	2,753,249	3,887,739	3,989,407	5,305,163	5,642,771	5,612,854	5,973,002	4,717,427
Total general fund	\$ 5,553,993 \$	6,336,632 \$	6,982,521 \$	7,691,651 \$	8,408,227 \$	9,097,765 \$	8,739,106 \$	9,661,230 \$	9,105,387 \$	8,581,755
All other governmental funds  Nonspendable  Prepaid supplies and items	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	170,472 \$	144,279 \$	121,692 \$	98,540 \$	74,810 \$	- \$	697,601
Restricted										
Debt service	942,429	617,396	1,301,231	529,865	650,342	1,722,185	3,362,187	2,042,246	4,467,420	5,061,812
Future loans	3,635,768	2,829,007	2,085,089	1,700,186	2,111,509	2,587,239	2,613,091	363,748	-	-
Future spending	487,692	517,965	626,294	838,248	1,925,055	2,908,002	4,223,014	4,859,410	8,086,320	9,471,679
Committed for future spending	1,028,596	766,976	1,170,026	1,214,441	970,795	1,077,917	1,046,718	4,414,639	4,979,842	5,214,486
Assigned	1,148,479	1,778,090	1,738,367	4,032,041	1,606,166	2,414,166	2,421,823	-	-	-
Unassigned	(7,592,115)	(7,125,200)	(6,091,899)	(4,616,502)	(3,481,657)	(2,719,868)	(2,170,976)	(2,512,904)	(1,120,876)	(733,077)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ (349,151) \$	(615,766) \$	829,108 \$	3,868,751 \$	3,926,489 \$	8,111,333 \$	11,594,397 \$	9,241,949 \$	16,412,706 \$	19,712,501
Total governmental funds	\$ 5,204,842 \$	5,720,866 \$	7,811,629 \$	11,560,402 \$	12,334,716 \$	17,209,098 \$	20,333,503 \$	18,903,179 \$	25,518,093 \$	28,294,256

# CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Revenues					•					
Taxes	\$ 17,666,855		\$ 18,028,829	\$ 18,085,334	\$ 18,438,111	\$ 18,549,029	\$ 18,487,598	\$ 18,140,157	\$ 19,777,018	\$ 20,242,903
Special assessments	554,246	435,522	454,205	412,259	589,165	674,363	743,670	768,731	525,702	313,389
Intergovernmental	10,389,688	9,696,271	9,571,207	9,594,720	10,030,478	12,324,238	14,097,637	13,039,180	15,587,480	14,797,191
Licenses and permits	1,084,365	806,819	752,756	777,447	968,868	967,096	1,090,975	819,965	1,111,869	1,120,185
Fines and forfeitures	550,145	535,228	520,381	509,504	568,025	570,184	589,911	463,765	548,652	555,691
Public charges for services	2,640,547	2,733,070	2,480,040	2,854,378	3,209,363	3,349,296	3,750,881	2,635,539	3,398,470	3,395,648
Intergovernmental charges for servi	322,161	328,261	304,313	338,751	710,537	329,746	338,645	1,371,342	1,688,033	337,445
Interdepartmental charges for service	1,634,872	1,748,152	994,523	609,031	688,477	773,087	763,975	671,608	727,862	1,073,400
Donations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	305	31,604
Miscellaneous	2,231,690	2,234,957	2,463,773	2,212,207	2,595,823	3,069,402	2,754,229	4,698,098	2,001,945	913,117
Total revenues	37,074,569	36,102,043	35,570,027	35,393,631	37,798,847	40,606,441	42,617,521	42,608,385	45,367,336	42,780,573
Expenditures										
General government	2,896,866	3,636,882	4,418,386	3,521,149	3,207,646	3,088,388	3,355,218	3,621,333	3,694,728	3,840,919
Public safety	14,097,392	13,431,241	13,225,047	13,907,696	14,323,678	14,918,131	15,305,747	14,851,462	15,537,304	15,706,091
Public works	7,604,324	7,432,696	6,243,187	9,564,238	8,455,644	15,323,225	16,269,781	15,476,339	13,517,705	18,019,502
Health and human services	319,724	307,683	309,802	255,984	284,586	295,279	334,466	401,363	314,456	311,691
Culture and recreation	4,944,686	4,574,163	4,436,399	4,204,657	4,919,553	5,019,190	5,753,308	4,914,251	5,862,824	5,391,548
Conservation and development	2,283,727	2,746,436	2,316,244	2,278,827	6,584,648	1,134,974	3,508,451	10,644,821	9,888,622	5,171,829
Debt service	,,	, -,	,,	, -,-	-,,-	, - ,-	.,,	-,- ,-	-,,-	-, ,
Principal retirement	8,020,000	8,165,000	8,115,000	8,460,000	7,442,106	7,046,439	7,606,159	9,634,683	6,843,992	10,602,578
Interest and fiscal charge	2,314,712	1,937,065	1,902,926	1,533,764	1,565,703	1,639,144	1,535,255	1,549,702	1,783,031	1,719,415
Total Expenditures	42,481,431	42,231,166	40,966,991	43,726,315	46,783,564	48,464,770	53,668,385	61,093,954	57,442,662	60,763,573
•										
Excess of revenues over										
(under) expenditures	(5,406,862)	(6,129,123)	(5,396,964)	(8,332,684)	(8,984,717)	(7,858,329)	(11,050,864)	(18,485,569)	(12,075,326)	(17,983,000)
04 5										
Other financing sources (uses)	0.005.000	4 074 000	0.540.000	7 000 444	0.005.000	45 705 000	0.775.000	40.740.000	45 044 000	45 005 000
General obligation debt issued Initiation of Lease	9,995,000	4,374,000	9,510,000	7,882,444	6,005,000 313,745	15,735,000 285,322	9,775,000	12,719,000	15,011,000	15,085,000 402,311
	-	444.050	407.052	244.000	,	,	470 400	113,162	204.046	,
Debt premium	232,041	144,652	487,953	214,980	256,043	423,208	478,126	278,720	204,016	784,581
Payment to refunding bond escrow	(8,084,027)	(1,787,549)	(6,502,306)	-	(762,824)	(7,700,000)	-	-	(4,328,861)	-
Sale of Capital Assets	215,000	4 700 400	4 700 404		4 000 005	7 000 000	0.077.045			- 700 004
Transfers in	4,742,008	4,780,422	4,766,104	5,597,970	4,980,925	7,806,926	6,877,315	5,923,567	5,607,669	5,728,381
Transfers out	(857,068)	(866,379)	(774,024)	(1,613,937)	(1,033,858)	(3,817,745)	(2,955,172)	(1,979,204)	(1,608,725)	(1,741,234)
Total other financing sources (uses)	6,242,954	6,645,146	7,487,727	12,081,457	9,759,031	12,732,711	14,175,269	17,055,245	14,885,099	20,259,039
Net change in fund balances	\$ 836,092	\$ 516,023	\$ 2,090,763	\$ 3,748,773	\$ 774,314	\$ 4,874,382	\$ 3,124,405	\$ (1,430,324)	\$ 2,809,773	\$ 2,276,039
•										
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital										
expenditures	27.5%	26.0%	25.9%	24.6%	22.5%	22.7%	23.1%	21.5%	19.1%	25.7%

## General Governmental Tax Revenues By Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal	Property	Occupational	Mobile Home	Tax Exempt	Room	Other	Motor Vehicle	
Year	Tax	Tax	Tax	Tax	Tax	Tax (1)	Tax	Total
2013	16,896,523	1,499	43,145	42,681	536,051	146,956	-	\$ 17,666,855
2014	16,894,243	-	42,522	43,372	537,718	65,908	-	\$ 17,583,763
2015	17,244,016	-	37,965	44,256	638,281	64,311	-	\$ 18,028,829
2016	17,315,579	-	36,887	45,275	615,234	72,359	-	\$ 18,085,334
2017	17,667,385	-	35,572	45,608	624,733	64,813	-	\$ 18,438,111
2018	17,774,496	-	33,863	46,336	571,301	123,033	-	\$ 18,549,029
2019	17,703,092	-	32,596	48,411	638,265	65,234	407,420	\$ 18,895,018
2020	17,560,996	-	31,249	50,186	419,651	78,075	556,164	\$ 18,696,321
2021	18,204,066	-	30,183	51,544	729,068	82,285	560,568	\$ 19,657,714
2022	19,174,964	-	27,958	51,318	736,816	89,397	559,258	\$ 20,639,711

<sup>(1)</sup> Other tax consists of omitted, tax roll over (under), retained sales, use value, interest and closeout of TID (2013).

<sup>2018</sup> Taxes are overstated by \$80,075 from the Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balance due to TIF Developer Agreements 2019 The municipality initiated a wheel tax in leui of special assessments for reconstruction or maintenance type projects.

### Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal		Real Property Commercial			Property	Total	Total	Estimated	Assessed
Year		Commercial		Machinery		Taxable	Direct	Actual	Value as a
Ended	Residential	and		and		Assessed	Tax	Taxable	Percentage of
December 31		Manufacturing	Other	Equipment	Other	Valuation	Rate	Valuation	Actual Value
2013	1,319,280,000	595,276,200	288,000	63,199,700	15,796,700	1,993,840,600	7.7251	1,868,987,700	106.68%
2014	1,320,252,500	597,197,100	290,900	58,870,400	16,456,600	1,993,067,500	7.8993	1,893,849,200	105.24%
2015	1,322,213,000	602,928,100	291,100	62,349,000	15,974,400	2,003,755,600	8.0103	1,911,750,600	104.81%
2016	1,326,139,200	609,217,500	288,500	58,474,700	12,515,600	2,006,635,500	8.0391	1,915,217,400	104.77%
2017	1,327,940,900	613,037,200	294,200	55,889,800	10,892,500	2,008,054,600	8.1457	1,873,663,200	107.17%
2018	1,333,275,000	619,055,400	293,900	42,098,000	10,289,200	2,005,011,500	8.2338	1,951,266,200	102.75%
2019	1,338,715,300	621,814,700	293,400	40,681,700	11,607,900	2,013,113,000	8.4744	2,032,365,000	99.05%
2020	1,346,134,100	647,084,400	294,800	45,918,100	9,308,600	2,048,740,000	8.3888	2,131,596,900	96.11%
2021	1,513,938,450	703,125,900	326,200	53,444,900	8,731,200	2,279,566,650	8.1875	2,261,038,800	100.82%
2022	1,524,150,600	708,270,900	325,900	48,046,200	8,511,200	2,289,304,800	8.3696	2,682,419,000	85.34%

Information obtained from Statistical Reports of Property Values, Bureau of Property Tax, Wisconsin Department of Revenue. Wisconsin State Statute 70.05 (5) (b) requires each taxation district to assess property at full value at least once in every 5-year period.

Property Tax Rates
Direct and Overlapping Governments
Last Ten Fiscal Years

		City of Ma	anitowoc										Total
		General		Percent				Overlapp	ing Rates				Direct &
Fiscal	Operating	Obligation	Total	of Total	State of V	Visconsin	County		School District		Lakeshore Technical College		Overlapping
Budget Year	Rate	Debt Rate	Rate	Tax Bill	Rate	Percent	Rate	Percent	Rate	Percent	Rate	Percent	Rates
	-	-	-										
2013	4.1773	3.4158	7.5931	33.2%	0.1633	0.7%	5.3199	23.2%	8.2650	36.2%	1.5463	6.8%	22.8876
2014	4.3177	3.4074	7.7251	34.6%	0.1591	0.7%	5.2678	23.6%	7.6340	34.3%	1.5350	6.9%	22.3210
2015	4.4905	3.4087	7.8993	35.7%	0.1613	0.7%	5.3360	24.1%	7.9593	36.1%	0.7404	3.4%	22.0962
2016	4.8398	3.1705	8.0103	37.3%	0.1619	0.8%	5.3557	25.0%	7.1635	33.5%	0.7646	3.6%	21.4561
2017	4.9938	3.0453	8.0391	38.4%	0.1620	0.8%	5.3352	25.5%	6.6566	31.9%	0.7679	3.7%	20.9608
2018	5.1149	3.0308	8.1457	40.4%	-	0.0%	5.2341	26.0%	6.0198	29.9%	0.7677	3.8%	20.1673
2019	5.2016	3.0322	8.2338	39.8%	-	0.0%	5.4084	26.2%	6.2520	30.3%	0.7763	3.8%	20.6706
2020	5.0353	3.4391	8.4744	40.1%	-	0.0%	5.3525	25.3%	6.5133	30.9%	0.7999	3.8%	21.1401
2021	4.9352	3.4536	8.3888	39.4%	-	0.0%	5.3095	24.9%	6.7906	32.0%	0.8074	3.8%	21.2963
2022	5.1181	3.0694	8.1875	41.4%	-	0.0%	4.7486	24.0%	6.1410	31.1%	0.7218	3.6%	19.7989

Property tax rates are per thousand dollar of assessed valuation.

A reduction for the School Tax Credit is reflected in the School District rate.

2017 Levy for Fiscal Year 2018 - State of Wisconsin no longer levies for the Forestation state tax.

Principal Property Taxpayers
Current Year and 10 Year Prior

				<u></u>				
_	T. (D.)	Taxable Assessed	5 .	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed		Taxable Assessed	5 .	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed
<u>Taxpayer</u>	Type of Business	Valuation	Rank	Valuation*		Valuation	Rank	Valuation**
Manitowoc Public Utilities	Power, water, steam, broadband utilty	\$ 242,223,470	*			\$ 212,639,860	**	
Lakeside Foods Inc.	Food manufacturer	17,447,200	1	0.76%		10,312,000	8	0.52%
Holy Family Memorial Medical Center	Health care	17,356,400	2	0.76%		26,266,934	2	1.32%
Alliance Laundry Systems LLC	Manufacturing	11,335,900	3	0.50%				
Arg Htman LLC	Commercial Buildings	10,973,400	4	0.48%				
Lakeside Foods Inc.	Food manufacturer	10,588,400	5	0.46%				
Webster Family Holdings Redline Inc	Manufacturing	10,189,900	6	0.45%				
Manitowoc Lake Breeze Apartments	Rental housing	9,922,800	7	0.43%				
Manitowoc Partners (Wal-Mart)	Retail	9,500,000	8	0.41%		14,321,153	4	0.72%
Meijer Storres Limited Partnership	Retail	8,806,100	9	0.38%				
Briess Industries Inc.	Food manufacturer	8,694,000	10	0.38%				
Manitowoc Company Inc.	Cranes and food service machines					30,728,300	1	1.54%
Great Lakes Energy Technologies	Renewable/Energy Savings Technology					18,629,000	3	0.93%
Dewey Properties LLC	Retail Shopping Center					11,971,100	5	0.60%
Menard's	Home improvement retail					12,754,276	6	0.64%
Lowe's	Home improvement retail					10,515,387	7	0.53%
Northern Labs	Industrial/Commercial cleaning products					8,963,600	9	0.45%
Zetley Real Estate (Holiday Inn)	Hotel services					6,837,555	10	0.34%
Totals		\$ 357,037,570		5.02%		\$ 363,939,165		7.59%

** 2013 Assessed Valuation	\$1,993,840,600
* 2022 Assessed Valuation	\$2,289,304,800

**Note:** The Manitowoc Public Utilities (MPU) is not among the largest taxpayers as their payment is considered a payment in lieu of taxes and not a property tax payment. MPU is assessed the payment similarly to a taxable entity in such that their asset value is used to determine the payment. MPU's 2021 full valuation is \$239,622,581; the 2022 payment in lieu of taxes is \$3,958,679.

Source: Tax System report and prior ACFR

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Total Tax	Collected within the				
Year Ended	Levy for	Fiscal Year of the Levy		Collections in	Total Co	llections to Date
December 31	Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy
2014	44,504,564	44,433,212	99.84%	32,345	44,465,557	99.91%
2015	44,039,172	43,958,606	99.82%	14,320	43,972,926	99.85%
2016	45,677,130	45,655,079	99.95%	7,515	45,662,594	99.97%
2017	44,745,929	44,729,110	99.96%	6,910	44,736,020	99.98%
2018	43,469,762	43,458,037	99.97%	647	43,458,684	99.97%
2019	44,330,665	44,309,197	99.95%	7,501	44,316,698	99.97%
2020	45,331,440	45,308,835	99.95%	757	45,309,592	99.95%
2021	46,365,624	46,356,534	99.98%	1,400	46,357,934	99.98%
2022	47,907,935	47,889,771	99.96%	1,380	47,891,151	99.96%

For each fiscal period that appears the tax levy represents the prior year and the levy is collected in the fiscal period that is identified.

In August of each year, the City settles with the County Treasurer for 100% of all real property taxes.

For each fiscal period listed unpaid City special assessments are turned over to the County for collection and unpaid personal property taxes remain the responsibility of the City.

# Ratios of Outstanding Debt for Governmental Activities Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Governmen	tal Activities							
	General	TIF General	General	TIF General	Note	State Trust			Total	Percentage	
Fiscal	Obligation	Obligation	Obligation	Obligation	Anticipation	Fund	Capital	Bond	Primary	of Assessed	Per
Year	Bonds	Bonds	Notes	Notes	Notes	Loan	Leases	Premium	Government	Valuation (1)	Capita (2)
						-					
2013	33,565,000	6,635,000	16,220,000	6,675,000	-	-	-	214,638	63,309,638	3.18%	1,879
2014	29,595,000	5,450,000	16,395,000	5,715,000	-	409,000	-	327,487	57,891,487	2.90%	1,720
2015	26,610,000	4,435,000	16,790,000	4,645,000	-	409,000	-	769,529	53,658,529	2.69%	1,592
2016	24,485,000	1,005,000	25,407,444	1,045,000	-	369,000	-	887,348	53,198,792	2.65%	1,612
2017	20,705,000	945,000	27,081,103	1,075,000	-	324,000	302,980	1,021,769	51,454,852	2.56%	1,562
2018	26,880,000	325,000	22,664,355	1,125,000	-	179,000	533,611	1,309,800	53,016,766	2.64%	1,625
2019	23,740,000	1,685,000	26,629,999	290,000	-	997,197	447,134	1,634,428	55,423,758	2.76%	1,641
2020	24,975,000	5,295,000	22,095,000	1,920,000	-	1,429,040	650,756	1,697,812	58,062,608	2.88%	1,776
2021	21,508,000	5,025,000	25,521,000	6,142,000		1,380,048	484,742	1,608,029	61,668,819	3.01%	1,831
2022	18,780,000	9,989,000	25,811,000	5,433,000	3,520,000	525,470	709,192	2,122,729	66,890,391	2.93%	1,935

<sup>(1)</sup> See the schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable property for property value data.

<sup>(2)</sup> See the schedule of Demographic Statistics for population data.

### Ratios of Outstanding Debt for Business-Type Activities Last Ten Fiscal Years

					-			TOTAL GOVERNMENT AND BUSINESS-TYPE		
	Busi	iness-Type Activ	/ities					101712 00 12: ((()))	LIVI /IIID DOGIIIL	.00-1112
	Water	Electric and	Wastewater		Total	Percentage		Total	Percentage	
Fiscal	Utility	Steam Utility	Plant Clean	Bond	Primary	of Assessed	Per	Government &	of Assessed	Per
Year	Bonds	Bonds	Water Loan	Premium	Government	Valuation (1)	Capita (2)	Business-Type	Valuation (1)	Capita (2)
,										
2013	2,030,000	59,870,000	8,485,376	3,290,417	73,675,793	3.70%	2,187	136,985,431	6.87%	4,067
2014	1,555,000	18,330,000	7,098,512	996,897	27,980,409	1.40%	832	85,871,896	4.31%	2,552
2015	1,060,000	15,955,000	5,667,395	863,550	23,545,945	1.18%	699	77,204,474	3.85%	2,291
2016	540,000	13,500,000	4,190,606	730,203	18,960,809	0.95%	574	72,159,601	3.60%	2,186
2017	-	10,945,000	7,512,581	596,857	19,054,438	0.95%	579	70,509,290	3.51%	2,141
2018	-	8,275,000	10,163,656	463,509	18,902,165	0.94%	579	71,918,931	3.59%	2,204
2019	-	-	9,878,475	-	9,878,475	0.49%	293	65,302,233	3.24%	1,934
2020	-	-	9,293,945	-	9,293,945	0.46%	284	67,356,553	3.29%	2,060
2021	-	-	8,697,648		8,697,648	0.42%	266	70,366,467	3.09%	2,089
2022	-	-	8,089,335		8,089,335	0.35%	234	74,979,726	3.28%	2,169

<sup>(1)</sup> See the schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable property for property value data.

<sup>(2)</sup> See the schedule of Demographic Statistics for population data.

Ratios of Net General Obligation Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

									Net General	Percentage of Net Bonded	
	General	TIF General	General	TIF General	Capital	Bond	Less Amounts	Less TIF	Obligation	Debt to	Net Bonded
Fiscal	Obligation	Obligation	Obligation	Obligation	Lease	Premium	Available in Debt	District	Bonded	Estimated	Debt Per
Year	Bonds	Bonds	Notes	Notes			Service Fund	Debt	Debt	Actual Value (1)	Capita (2)
		-		-	-					-	-
2013	33,565,000	6,635,000	16,220,000	6,675,000	-	214,638	942,429	13,310,000	49,057,209	2.46%	1,456
2014	29,595,000	5,450,000	16,804,000	5,715,000	-	327,487	617,396	11,165,000	46,109,091	2.31%	1,370
2015	26,610,000	4,435,000	17,199,000	4,645,000	-	769,529	1,301,231	9,080,000	43,277,298	2.13%	1,284
2016	24,485,000	1,005,000	25,776,444	1,045,000	-	887,348	529,865	2,050,000	50,618,927	2.52%	1,533
2017	20,705,000	945,000	27,405,103	1,075,000	302,980	1,021,769	650,342	2,020,000	48,784,510	2.43%	1,481
2018	26,880,000	325,000	22,664,355	1,125,000	533,611	1,309,800	1,722,185	1,450,000	49,665,581	2.48%	1,522
2019	23,740,000	1,685,000	27,627,196	290,000	447,134	1,634,428	3,362,187	1,975,000	50,086,571	2.49%	1,483
2020	24,975,000	5,295,000	22,095,000	1,920,000	650,756	1,697,812	2,042,246	7,215,000	47,376,322	2.31%	1,449
2021	21,508,000	5,025,000	25,521,000	6,142,000	484,742	1,608,029	2,390,820	11,167,000	46,730,951	2.28%	1,387
2022	18,780,000	9,989,000	25,811,000	5,433,000	709,192	2,122,729	2,390,820	15,422,000	45,032,101	1.99%	1,303

<sup>(1)</sup> See the schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable property for property value data.

<sup>(2)</sup> See the schedule of Demographic Statistics for population data.

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt

	General	Percentage	Amount
	Obligation	Applicable	Applicable
	Debt	to	to
Governmental Unit	Outstanding	Government	Government
Direct Debt:			
General Obligation Debt	\$ 64,058,470	100.000%	\$ 64,058,470
Capital Lease	709,192	100.000%	\$ 709,192
Bond Premium	2,122,729	100.000%	\$ 2,122,729
	66,890,391		66,890,391
Overlapping Debt:			
Manitowoc Public School District	1,010,000	76.900%	776,690
Manitowoc County	20,810,000	35.400%	7,366,740
VTAE District	26,400,000	12.300%	3,247,200
Total Overlapping Debt	48,220,000		11,390,630
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$ 112,278,470		\$ 75.440.100
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	φ 112,270,470	:	\$ 75,449,100

Source: Information on overlapping debt was obtained from financial consultant, Robert W. Baird & Co., Inc. The City share percentage was obtained from each jurisdictions tax levy reports as allocated by estimated actual valuations.

CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Debt limit	\$ 93,449,385	\$ 94,692,460	\$ 95,587,530	\$ 95,760,870	\$ 93,683,160	\$ 97,563,310	\$ 101,618,250	\$ 106,579,845	\$ 113,051,940	\$ 134,120,950
Total net debt applicable to limit	62,152,571	56,946,604	51,587,769	51,781,579	49,479,761	49,451,170	49,980,009	55,714,040	59,576,048	64,058,470
Legal debt margin	\$ 31,296,814	\$ 37,745,856	\$ 43,999,761	\$ 43,979,291	\$ 44,203,399	\$ 48,112,140	\$ 51,638,241	\$ 50,865,805	\$ 53,475,892	\$ 70,062,480
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	66.51%	60.14%	53.97%	54.07%	52.82%	50.69%	49.18%	52.27%	52.70%	47.76%

Computation of Legal Debt Margin			
Equalized Value		\$2	2,682,419,000
Debt limitation - 5 percent of total equalized value Debt applicable to limitation	\$ 64,058,470	\$	134,120,950
			64,058,470
Legal Debt Margin		_\$_	70,062,480

Note: Under state finance law, the City of Manitowoc's outstanding debt should not exceed 5% of the total equalized valuation.

Water Mortgage Revenue Bond Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Net Revenue				
			Available				(2)
Fiscal	Gross	(1)	for Debt		Debt Service R	equirements	
Year	Revenue	Expenses	Service	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
2013	6,692,272	3,671,060	3,021,212	455,000	90,300	545,300	5.54
2014	6,583,528	4,145,772	2,437,756	495,000	52,300	547,300	4.45
2015	6,868,999	3,765,206	3,103,793	520,000	32,000	552,000	5.62
2016	6,999,885	3,781,576	3,218,309	540,000	10,800	550,800	5.84
2017	6,947,444	4,058,377	2,889,067	-	-	-	-
2018	6,895,612	4,164,599	2,731,013	-	-	-	-
2019	6,809,182	3,750,266	3,058,916	-	-	-	-
2020	6,877,342	4,367,834	2,509,508	-	-	-	-
2021	6,963,803	4,308,190	2,655,613	-	-	-	-
2022	6,942,221	5,063,830	1,878,391	-	-	-	-

<sup>(1)</sup> Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation.

<sup>(2)</sup> Ratio of net revenue available for debt service to total requirements.

Electric Power System Mortgage Revenue Bond Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Gross	(1)	Net Revenue Available for Debt		Debt Service R	equirements	(2)
Year	Revenue	Expenses	Service	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
2013	66,257,828	50,897,543	15,360,285	3,770,000	3,149,400	6,919,400	2.22
2014	67,582,752	52,534,959	15,047,793	2,375,000	733,661	3,108,661	4.84
2015	66,307,789	52,104,973	14,202,816	2,455,000	657,755	3,112,755	4.56
2016	67,561,888	53,656,728	13,905,160	2,555,000	555,655	3,110,655	4.47
2017	67,134,625	55,796,147	11,338,478	2,670,000	443,643	3,113,643	3.64
2018	66,063,724	53,744,851	12,318,873	2,643,300	447,127	3,090,427	3.99
2019	62,965,205	50,833,820	12,131,385	-	-	-	-
2020	59,495,040	51,984,627	7,510,413	-	-	-	-
2021	62,866,161	55,580,865	7,285,296	-	-	-	-
2022	67,185,171	66,782,869	402,302	-	-	-	-

<sup>(1)</sup> Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation.

<sup>(2)</sup> Ratio of net revenue available for debt service to total requirements.

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

		(2)			
		Personal Income	Personal Income (2)		
Fiscal	(1)	(amounts expressed	Per Capita	Unemployment	
Year	Population	in thousands)	Personal Income	Rate	
2013	33,685	1,471,024	43,670	7.6%	
2014	33,649	1,527,665	45,400	5.4%	
2015	33,703	1,403,831	41,653	4.9%	
2016	33,010	1,400,185	42,417	3.2%	
2017	32,936	1,374,419	41,730	3.7%	
2018	32,627	1,493,240	45,767	2.9%	
2019	33,772	1,610,080	47,675	3.7%	
2020	34,626	1,760,005	50,829	5.1%	
2021	33,687	1,906,280	56,588	3.0%	
2022*	34,570	N/A	N/A	3.1%	

<sup>(1)</sup> Wisconsin Department of Administration, Demographic Services Center

<sup>(2)</sup> Wisconsin Department of Workforce Development

<sup>\*</sup> Estimate from the US Census Bureau

Principal Employers Current Year and Ten years Ago

## 2022 Large

Employers with 250 or more employees	Employees
Manitowoc Public School District	851
Holy Family Memorial Medical Center	728
Lakeside Foods Inc.	612
Franciscan Sisters - Christian	541
Manitowoc County	501
Wisconsin Aluminum Foundry Co. Inc.	350
Jagemann Stamping Co.	350
Parker Hose Products	350
St. Mary's at Felician Village	332
Walmart Supercenter	322

### 2013

Employees
1,400
918
895
640
541
411
350
332
322
312

The actual number of employees for each employer is not readily available.

Ranges are used on the State's system as the State has given employers confidentiality with respect to releasing that information.

For further information regarding the City of Manitowoc's largest employers, please visit the State of Wisconsin's web site at: http://worknet.wisconsin.gov/worknet

# CITY OF MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN Full-time Equivalent City of Manitowoc Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Function										
General Government										
Assessor	1.00	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Attorney/Personnel	4.50	3.73	3.75	4	5	5	5	5	5	6
City Clerk	3.50	3.5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	5
Finance/Payroll/Treasury	5.50	5.5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	4
Planning/Community Development	2.50	3	3	3	3	4	5	5	5	4
Mayor	1.50	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Muncipal Court	1.10	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25
Buildings & Grounds	4.45	4.45	4	4	5	6	6	7	7	5.25
Public Safety										
Police/Crossing Guards	78.25	73.5	76.5	76.5	76.5	76.5	74.75	74.75	74.75	74.75
Fire	60.00	56	56	57	57	54	53	53	53	54
Building Inspection	2.50	3.5	3.5	3.5	4	5	6	6	6	6
Public Works										
Engineering/DPW	39.30	38.1	34.25	34.25	34.25	40.5	40.5	40.5	40.5	43
Transit	19.35	18.18	18	18	18	18.2	18.2	18.2	18.2	18.2
Culture and Recreation										
Park/Recreation	12.35	12.35	11	12.5	12.5	13	13	14	14	13
Rahr-West Art Museum	4.30	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8	3	3	3	3
Public Library	31.70	32.8	33.5	33.65	33.65	33.65	33.65	33.65	33.65	33.65
Tourism	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Wastewater Treatment Plant	15.30	14.3	15.25	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	15.3	15
Public Utilities	84.00	82.00	82.00	82.00	83.00	86.10	86.10	86.10	86.10	89.80
Total	371.10	358.96	357.8	359.75	363.25	373.3	371.75	373.75	373.75	380.9

Source: City of Manitowoc Annual Budget & MPU Annual Report

Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
Function	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
General Government										
Square miles	18.330	18.339	18.340	18.341	18.341	18.341	18.410	18.495	18.495	18.500
Registered voters	18,082	18,068	18,252	17,623	19,064	15,978	16,505	19,444	19,425	18,304
Dog licenses issued	2,110	1,987	1,998	1,922	1,861	1,931	1,987	1,840	1,925	1,618
Police	2,110	1,007	1,000	1,022	1,001	1,001	1,007	1,010	1,020	1,010
Physical arrests	2,013	2,639	2,490	2,633	2,936	2,092	1,988	1,943	2,112	2,436
Parking violations	6,380	5,125	6,470	6,501	5,919	5,289	5,306	4,494	4,924	4,197
Traffic citations & accidents	5,865	7,951	4,884	5,188	4,520	4,852	4,712	3,341	3,955	3,701
Fire	,,,,,,,,	,	,	-,	,	,	,	- , -	-,	-, -
Number of structural fires	70	27	33	34	29	24	18	50	28	17
Number of inspections	1,900	1,303	1,619	1,530	1,485	1,494	1,223	1,325	1,275	1,137
Emergency medical service calls	4,708	4,515	4,712	5,070	5,199	5,122	5,225	5,028	5,471	5,279
Highways and streets										
Recycled materials (tons)	2,766	2,721	2,629	2,658	2,510	2,418	2,535	2,511	2,453	2,340
Yard waste (tons)	11,044	11,494	11,206	11,208	11,103	11,312	10,634	10,858	10,698	10,940
Solid waste to landfill (tons)	7,442	7,459	7,391	7,406	7,464	7,399	7,525	8,620	8,754	7,671
Culture and recreation										
Fieldhouse/cabin reservations	372	338	239	230	222	291	258	109	228	261
Zoo admissions	41,179	64,531	53,541	61,977	42,475	40,038	35,023	34,598	51,122	54,452
Aquatic center admissions	27,241	21,420	24,385	24,541	22,998	27,207	24,184	closed	25,653	43,144
Mini Golf admissions	N/A	N/A	7,658	6,581	6,979	7,378	7,903	5,226	7,403	10,997
Electric										
Total avg. number of customers	17,521	17,888	17,925	17,952	17,956	18,062	18,145	18,366	18,369	18,473
Annual sales (megawatt hours)	634,857	682,615	646,895	670,565	695,016	685,411	652,133	645,959	773,816	822,715
Peak demand (megawatts)	115.3	105.0	105.1	109.0	101.6	105.4	99.6	105.8	106.7	102.6
Water										
Total avg. number of customers	13,825	13,870	13,668	13,715	13,739	13,773	13,814	13,856	13,881	13,975
Annual sales (billions of gallons)	4.087	4.011	4.082	4.009	3.995	4.099	4.054	4.082	4.156	4.138
Wastewater										
Annual treatment (in billions of gals)	2.302	2.376	2.291	2.684	2.65	2.5	3.2	3.0	2.56	2.35
Avg gals per day (in millions of gals)	6.309	6.512	6.279	7.353	7.262	6.86	8.76	8.29	7.04	6.44

Sources: Various government departments.

## Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
Function	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Public Safety										
Police Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol Units	11	11	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
Fire Stations	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
File Stations	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Highways and streets										
Street (miles)	162.30	162.31	162.37	162.39	162.22	162.22	162.22	162.38	163.07	163.83
Traffic Signals	37	37	37	34	34	34	34	35	36	37
Public Transportation										
Fixed route coaches	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	
Human service vehicles	6	6	6	7	7	7	7	7	7	
	_									
Culture and recreation										
Developed park acreage	517.62	522.81	522.81	522.81	522.81	522.81	667.24	667.24	667.24	708.39
Parks	37	37	37	37	37	37	38	38	38	37
Tennis Courts (city owned)	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
Water										
Water mains (miles)	185.0	185.0	185.4	187.0	187.0	186.0	186.1	186.6	186.9	187.5
Fire Hydrandts	1,349	1,361	1,364	1,378	1,381	1,378	1,394	1,400	1,401	1,345
Carrage										
Sewers	400.0	400.6	100.6	400.6	100.6	400.6	400.0	100.0	100.0	400.00
Sanitary (miles)	189.8	189.6	189.6	189.6	189.6	189.6	190.8	190.8	190.8	190.89
Lift Stations	14	14	14	14	14	13	12	12	12	12
Storm (miles)	150.8	150.6	150.7	151.7	150.5	150.5	152.9	153.2	153.2	153.27
Electric										
Substations	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Distribution Line miles	227.0	230.0	234.0	233.0	235.0	234.0	234.0	236.0	238.0	238.0
Streetlights	4,819	4,850	4,848	4,848	4,848	4,858	4,932	4,817	4,821	4,859

Sources: Various government departments
Street Miles is from GTA report from State

## OFFICE OF THE MAYOR

### **FUNCTION OF THE MAYOR**

The Mayor is the chief executive officer and the chief elected official of the City of Manitowoc and is responsible for the day-to-day administration and management of the City, overseeing a workforce of 350 full-time employees. The Mayor appoints and supervises department heads; appoints members to boards and committees; provides legislative research support; addresses constituents' concerns; prepares and submits the annual city budget to the Common Council for review and approval; represents the interests of the City at the local, state, and federal level; and promotes the City through professional representation at community events.

### **MAYOR JUSTIN M. NICKELS**

While elected the City of Manitowoc's youngest Mayor at the age of twenty-two, Mayor Nickels is not unlike the community he was elected to lead. Both Mayor Nickels and the City of Manitowoc are vibrant, energetic, forward thinking, and have a tremendous amount of community pride that is rooted in the understanding of Manitowoc's deep history and tradition.

Like most of Manitowoc's citizens, Mayor Nickels grew up in a working-class family with an affinity for helping those around them. Mayor Nickels saw the venue of government and public discourse - with its capacity for neighbors and strangers to come together for the collective benefit of everyone - as the perfect place to continue acting on this affinity.

This led Mayor Nickels to enter politics and government at a young age - working on campaigns and debating public policy since the age of nine. In 2005, at the age of eighteen and still in high school, Mayor Nickels beat the odds and defied the critics when he was elected to serve on the Common Council, defeating a sixteen-year incumbent to represent Manitowoc's Second Aldermanic District.

During Mayor Nickels' time on the Council, he remained steadfast in his commitment to listen first and act second to ensure he was acting according to the will of those he represented - a commitment that he has brought with him to the Mayor's Office. Mayor Nickels served as the Council's leading advocate for fiscal responsibility, with the mantra that "We must prioritize our needs over our wants;" a mantra that he has also brought with him to the Mayor's Office.

On the Council, Mayor Nickels served on numerous committees, including Finance and Personnel, where he served four years as Chairperson. Mayor Nickels was re-elected to the Council in 2007 and 2009. He served as City Council President from April 2007 through April 2008.

On April 7, 2009, Justin M. Nickels was elected Manitowoc's twenty-seventh Mayor - its youngest Mayor ever, succeeding Manitowoc's longest-serving mayor, Kevin Crawford. Mayor Nickels defeated challenger Dave Soeldner with 50.1% of the vote, only a 17-vote difference with almost 10,000 citizens voting.

During Mayor Nickels' time as Mayor, he has focused on fiscal responsibility, debt reduction, investments in revitalizing downtown and the industrial park, parks/beach improvements, and creating a strong quality of life for citizens and visitors alike.

Under Mayor Nickels' leadership, the City has reduced its debt every year and has established financial policies to protect the City long-term and a plan to address future budgets.

Downtown has seen a strong resurgence, especially after the purchase of the CN peninsula, a 20+ acre parcel of property adjacent to the Manitowoc River and downtown. Now the River Point District, there is development and excitement.

On April 2, 2013, Mayor Nickels was re-elected to a second-term with 83.7% of the vote against challenger Tony Burgarino.

On April 4, 2017, Mayor Nickels was re-elected to a third-term with 65.4% of the vote against challenger Barry Nelson.

On April 6, 2021, Mayor Nickels was re-elected to a fourth-term with 68.3% of the vote against challenger Chris Able.

Mayor Nickels is currently serving in his fourth term as Mayor of Manitowoc, a term that expires on Tuesday, April 22, 2025.

## **CITY ATTORNEY'S OFFICE**

The mission of the City Attorney's Office is to provide preventative and proactive legal services and representation to the municipal corporation, consisting of the Mayor, the Common Council, and the departments of the City, Manitowoc Public Utilities, and the Manitowoc Public Library.

The City Attorney's Office renders legal opinions, drafts ordinances and resolutions, and makes revisions and additions to the Municipal Code. The office also prepares pleadings, contracts, and briefs for litigation, and represents the City and officials in administrative hearings, civil court proceedings, small claims, ordinance trials, and appeals. This department assists in administration and investigation of municipal liability claims. Additionally, the office negotiates, acquires, and sells real estate on behalf of the City, and prosecutes Municipal Code violations. The office administers the City's property and liability insurance coverage and assists Human Resources with workers' compensation coverage. The City Attorney serves as the chief negotiator on the City's bargaining team. The City Attorney also serves as the Council parliamentarian. The office also ensures compliance with federal, state, and local laws.

### STAFFING AND WORKLOAD

In 2022, the City Attorney's Office was staffed with a full-time City Attorney until May, a full-time Assistant City Attorney until March, and a full-time Paralegal. The City of Manitowoc contracted with von Briesen from April to December 2022. A new Assistant City Attorney was hired in October 2022.

In 2022, the office completed 230 requests for legal services from city departments and officials, handled 84 litigation matters (ranging from dog bites, claims, and federal lawsuits), and prosecuted 529 municipal citations.

### LIABILITY INSURANCE

The department handles the City's General Liability Insurance, which has been administered through Cities and Villages Mutual Insurance Company (CVMIC) since 1988. The deductible is set at \$50,000 with an aggregate of \$200,000 per year. The City has not reached its deductible with regard to liability claims paid in any one year for the last three years. The premium cost for 2022 was \$82,654. Total claims paid out by CVMIC for the year 2022 were \$874 for general liability claims. Claims reports were filed quarterly with the City's Finance Committee.

The City also purchases Employment Practice Liability Insurance, Excess Public Entity Liability Insurance, Volunteer Insurance, and Crime Insurance through CVMIC to ensure coverage should any incidents occur. The Human Resources Department arranges annual training for city staff to reduce exposure to liability.

### PROPERTY INSURANCE

The Municipal Property Insurance Company (MPIC) has been the City's Property Insurance carrier since 2016. The total property and floater premium for 2022 was \$133,707.

### **AUTO LIABILITY / AUTO PROPERTY DAMAGE**

The City Attorney handles the Auto Liability through CVMIC. The premium for 2022 was \$36,794. There were no claims paid out by CVMIC for the year 2022 for auto property damage.

### **WORKERS' COMPENSATION**

The City's workers' compensation program transitioned to a self-insured program administered by CVMIC on January 1, 2016. The total cost for excess coverage was \$44,802 and third-party administration was \$11,700 in 2022. The self-insured fund is managed by Human Resources and Finance.

### STATE AND NATIONAL MEMBERSHIPS

The City Attorney (until May 2022) and Assistant City Attorney (until March 2022) were members of the Wisconsin State Bar, the League of Wisconsin Municipalities, the International Municipal Lawyers Association, and the Manitowoc County Bar Association. Both attorneys were admitted to practice before all Wisconsin State Courts and the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Wisconsin. The City Attorney was also an IMLA Fellow. The Assistant City Attorney (since October 2022) is a member of the Wisconsin State Bar, the League of Wisconsin Municipalities, the International Municipal Lawyers Association, and was admitted to practice before all Wisconsin State Courts and the United States District Court for the Western and Eastern Districts of Wisconsin.

## FINANCE DEPARTMENT

The mission of the Finance Department is to account for all financial transactions of the City of Manitowoc in accordance with State of Wisconsin Statutes, Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) standards, and recommendations from auditors of an independent Certified Public Accounting firm.

### FINANCE OFFICE

The Finance Office provides accurate financial information to all city departments, officials, and outside financial institutions. The office coordinates the annual preparation of the budget, borrowing requirements, financial report, update to the 5-year capital improvement plan, and all State and Federal financial reporting requirements. Finance also reconciles all city bank and investment accounts, processes the Accounts Payable and Payroll functions, and maintains Accounts Receivable schedules and aging reports.

This office is responsible for the financial software, including but not limited to security, upgrades, function, enhancement requests, submittal of support work orders for non-functioning processes, and training. In addition, the office acts as the liaison between the City and the consultant that provides the City's Information Technology services.

The Finance Office is comprised of 4 full-time equivalent positions and holds memberships in the National Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) and the Wisconsin Government Finance Officers Association (WGFOA).

### TREASURER'S OFFICE

The Treasurer's Office collects real and personal property taxes, utility bills, room taxes, license fees, ambulance fees, and all general receipts and revenues. Receipts are deposited intact daily into a public depository, and records of all transactions are maintained by the office. Additionally, the office issues dog and cat licenses.

It is the policy of the City to invest public funds in a manner that will provide the highest investment return with the maximum safety of principal and interest while meeting the daily cash flow needs of the City. Institutional Capital Management is the City's investment advisor and investment decisions are made in accordance with Wisconsin State Statute.

The Treasurer's Office is a division of the Finance Department, with the Finance Director being appointed the role of Treasurer and the City Clerk being appointed the role of Deputy Treasurer. In addition, there is one full-time equivalent position responsible for the day-to-day Treasury responsibilities.

# **CITY CLERK'S OFFICE**

The basic areas of responsibility of the City Clerk's Office are general government, elections, licensing, and other duties.

The City Clerk is responsible for care and custody of the Corporate Seal of the City of Manitowoc and acts as the Corporate Secretary for the City organization. In this role as Secretary, the City Clerk signs contracts, agreements, and other official documents as directed by the Common Council. The Clerk acts as Secretary to the Common Council as well as serving as Recording Secretary for Board of Public Works, Board of Review, and Committee of the Whole. The Clerk also serves as a member of the Board of Review and Board of Public Works. The Clerk keeps the official record of all Council proceedings, deeds, contracts, ordinances, annexations, and documents which have been approved by Council, and retains copies of

minutes for all city committees. The Clerk administers the Oath of Office to all appointed city officials and elected officials.

The City Clerk's Office maintains updated insurance certificates for all contracts with the City and as required for various permits and special events. The Clerk's Office keeps permanent city insurance policies and updates various equipment records and property inventories as required.

All aspects of elections are administered by the Clerk's Office. This includes publication of legal election notices, arranging for polling places, selecting election equipment, taking voter registrations, arranging for nursing home voting, training poll workers, and hiring election custodians and election inspectors. The Clerk prepares ballots for city elections, conducts absentee voting, takes election returns, conducts the canvass of elections, assists with school board elections, and maintains all official election records for the City as required by State Statute. The Clerk's Office maintains the Statewide WisVote System for City of Manitowoc voters.

Another area of responsibility for the City Clerk's Office is licensing. The City licenses all taverns, liquor stores, mini marts, bartenders, taxi drivers, taxi companies, theaters, and garbage trucks. Other types of licenses issued are cigarette, bowling alley, adult entertainment, well operation permits, pawnbrokers, mobile home parks, direct sellers, weights and measures, circus, mobile food vendors, and permits for racing, as well as the keeping of chickens and honeybees. The Clerk's Office manages leased parking for the City including executing new leases and invoicing for existing leases.

Various special assessments are calculated and billed by the Clerk's Office. The office responds to inquiries from the public regarding special assessment payoffs and prepares special assessment letters for title companies and attorneys as requested. The Clerk's Office enters online the Statement of Assessment, Tax Exempt Property, and Cigarette and Alcohol reports.

The Clerk's Office serves as a liaison between the City and the public in many instances. Information for the Common Council is forwarded to the Clerk for placement on the agenda and distribution to proper committees. The Clerk's Office publishes legal notices for public hearings, and posts and distributes weekly meeting notices to the media and the public.

The Clerk's Office is also the Customer Service area for City Hall, assisting customers with all facets of city business. The office is responsible for outgoing mail and distribution of mail received to departments.

The Clerk's Office has merged with the Treasurer's Office and is able to take in real estate and personal property taxes, dog and cat licensing, parking, speeding and other tickets, as well as Court fines.

The City Clerk's Office maintains membership in the Wisconsin Municipal Clerk's Association and the International Institute of Municipal Clerks.

# **MUNICIPAL COURT**

Revenue is a by-product of the Municipal Court Justice system, not the driving force. For the most part in Municipal Court, the penalty imposed upon conviction is an order to pay a monetary amount, known as a

forfeiture. Accordingly, since a forfeiture is the primary penalty, collection of that forfeiture is important, as that is what creates the deterrent affect for ordinance violations.

There were 3,520 new Municipal Court citations filed with the Court in 2022, as opposed to 3,770 in 2021. The Court disposed of 3,777 cases in 2022, as compared to 3,642 cases in 2021. Total revenues for 2022 were \$633,219 compared to \$558,569 in 2021. Forfeitures collected in 2022 were \$333,330 compared to \$285,272 in 2021. Court costs retained in 2022 were \$94,852 compared to \$88,075 in 2021.

Due to the COVID-19 Pandemic, in 2020 we discontinued holding monthly indigency hearings, the last step before jailing someone for non-payment of a non-traffic ordinance fine. These hearings helped to enhance consistent collection because the threat of jail is stronger than the threat of a driver's license suspension. The suspension of a driver's license is still used as an alternate penalty for non-payment in traffic and juvenile ordinance citations.

## **HUMAN RESOURCES**

### **MISSION**

It is the mission of the Human Resources Department to support, promote, and recruit the best qualified people; recognize and encourage the value of diversity in the workplace; provide a competitive salary and benefits package; develop the full potential of our workforce by providing training and development for career enhancement; provide a work atmosphere that is safe, healthy, and secure; and establish, administer, and effectively communicate sound policies and practices that treat employees equally.

### **BENEFITS & WELLNESS**

The City's health and prescription drug plan is administered by Robin Health Partners. The City continues to promote wellness and encourage employees to focus on their health. Each year, employees have the opportunity to participate in a health risk assessment/biometric screening to promote preventative care and early diagnosis of critical illnesses. An employee clinic is available to employees to defer costs and prevent and manage illnesses, along with numerous wellness activities and challenges for employee participation.

### **COMPENSATION PLAN**

The Human Resources Department launched a compensation analysis plan in 2013 to establish a single-pay structure for non-represented city positions consistent with the marketplace, which was implemented in 2014, and revised in 2017. That structure, along with the overall performance management process, was revised again in 2019, to allow for managers to recognize high performing employees with additional compensation through a hybrid pay-for-performance structure. These updated guidelines were established to standardize the performance management process. Each year the structure is adjusted based on the previous year's market increase, as indicated through a statewide survey. The Common Council committed to a regular review of the structure to ensure the City's structure maintains consistency with the marketplace. In 2022, a full market analysis was done. As a result, the compensation

plan was adjusted to align with market conditions. Due to the changing labor market, the compensation and performance plan will continue to be reviewed to ensure that it remains competitive.

### **EMPLOYEE RELATIONS**

The Human Resources Department bargained with one employee union group in 2022 and signed a union contract with the Teamsters Local 662. Negotiations will begin with the Wisconsin Professional Police Association, as the current collective bargaining agreement will expire at the end of 2023.

### **ORGANIZATION DEVELOPMENT & TRAINING**

The Human Resources Department has been focusing on performance management for all employees. In 2019, an electronic performance management system was implemented, which streamlined the process. Supervisory training on a variety of topics is scheduled annually and is provided by our liability carrier, Cities and Villages Mutual Insurance Company (CVMIC). The tuition reimbursement program has been well-received and participation continues each year.

## **EMPLOYEE RECRUITMENT, DEVELOPMENT, & RETENTION**

The Human Resources Department continues to use an online application system since eliminating paper applications in 2015. A Human Resources Information System (HRIS) was implemented in 2018 and the onboarding process has been moved to the new system. The City continues to recognize employees through a years-of-service and retirement recognition program.

### **RISK MANAGEMENT AND SAFETY**

The Safety Team has been conducting inspections and drills throughout city departments and completed the conversion of all Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) into an online database. Safety training is provided annually to employees, including Confined Space Entry, Forklift, Hearing Conservation, Hazard Communications, PPE, and Respiratory Protection. The Safety Committee has introduced numerous safety topics and activities in which employees can participate throughout the year.

# **POLICE DEPARTMENT**

Thank you for taking the time to read our annual report. The 2022 Annual report will give you a brief explanation of the activities and actions of the City and your Police Department. Each annual report also helps to maintain the history of the Manitowoc Police Department.

In 2022, the Manitowoc Police Department remained busy handling calls for service and hiring new officers. As we continued to see numerous help wanted signs at various businesses throughout the nation, the Police Department also filled nine patrol officer positions. We anticipate filling five more positions in 2023, mostly as a result of past and future retirements.

Additionally in 2022, the Police Department's proactive traffic enforcement philosophy resulted in limiting the amount of traffic crashes occurring in the City. In 2022 compared to 2016, there were 232 less traffic crashes in the City of Manitowoc. That amounts to a 16% reduction.

Assistant Police Chief Rob Barbier retired at the beginning of the year. Deputy Chief Jason Freiboth took the reins of Assistant Chief, while Captain Corie Pusel was promoted to Deputy Chief of Police.

We had numerous promotions and new hires in 2022. Officer Rebecca Schuettpelz was promoted to Detective in January of 2022. In February, Lt. John Musial was promoted to Patrol Captain, and Officers Jason Delsman and Nathan Barnes were both promoted to Patrol Lieutenants. Officer Cooper Schmidt was promoted to Patrol Lieutenant in April. Community Service Worker Andre St. Pierre was promoted to Patrol Officer in May. Additionally, at the end of May, Greg Taddy was hired as a full time Community Service Worker. Temporary Detective Eric Schultz was promoted to Detective in May, while it was announced that Officer Alex Nebel would be the next Temporary Detective. Temporary Detective Nebel will begin his position with the Manitowoc County Metro Drug Unit on January 2, 2023. Ted Dirkman was hired as a crossing guard in June. Officer Joe McDonald was assigned to be the School Resource Officer at Washington Middle School starting in August. Officer Kim Albright was promoted to Patrol Lieutenant in October, and it was also announced that Officer Bruce Tuma would be promoted to Patrol Lieutenant starting in March of 2023. Some promotions were held open until we were able to get new patrol officers fully trained.

In addition to promoting Andre St. Pierre to Patrol Officer, eight other officers were hired. They include: Richard Moehling, Bethany Johnson, Adam Watt, Bryce Moeller, Marcus Williams, Sterling Gardner, Jenna Brandt, and Austin Schisel.

In May, K9 Major retired as a working dog for the Manitowoc Police Department. His handler, Officer Nick Place, was selected to serve as K9 handler to a second K9. Later in the year he was assigned to K9 Riley, the first female patrol K9 for the Department. Officer Place went to Canada to be trained with K9 Riley and then brought her to Manitowoc to serve our community.

In 2022, the Patrol Division and Detective Bureau worked hard to address suspected drug houses in the City. Numerous search warrants were obtained after gathering intelligence. The Department applied for and received a Beat Patrol Grant. That grant provided \$121,434 in funding to pay for special enforcement of controlled substance-related issues and human trafficking-related stings.

In 2022, Lt. Mark Schroeder, Lt. Jason Delsman, Lt. Cooper Schmidt and Chief Reimer teamed up to design a new Department Patch after more than 60 years with the same patch. Once developed and purchased, a team of volunteer community members sewed hundreds of patches on our uniforms.

We were able to purchase two more radar display boards in 2022. These traffic calming devices help lower speeds and we move them around the City (based on speeding complaints) approximately every six months. We also purchased new Drones and a handheld rifle rated ballistic shield to help keep our officers safe.

Our officers and employees of the Police Department were involved in several volunteer and fundraising efforts throughout the year. Some examples include Police Cadets, Shop with a Cop, Stuff the Squad, Citizens' Academy, Police Lights of Christmas, Dunk Tank for Lighthouse Recovery, Coffee for Champions (Special Olympics), Trunk or Treat, Touch the Trucks, Faith and Blue free community dinner with First Presbyterian Church, K9 Demonstrations, Celebrity Readers reading to children, National Night Out, and the Ten Most Wanted Food Drive to fundraise for Peter's Pantry.

The Manitowoc Police Department continues to strive each and every day to provide the kind of service that our community deserves. We are committed to providing excellent police service and an unrelenting pursuit of justice, while maintaining order and securing a safe environment for everyone. Our Facebook page continues to add followers and is used to share valuable information, give tips, and solve crimes. Engaging the community to improve quality of life and safety remains a priority for the Manitowoc Police Department.

In addition to this annual report, there is more information available on the portion of the City website dedicated to the Police Department. Feel free to contact us if you have any questions or concerns!

## FIRE RESCUE DEPARTMENT

The primary mission of the Manitowoc Fire Rescue Department is commitment to protecting the people and the property within our city. We will be responsive to the needs of our citizens and visitors by providing rapid, professional, humanitarian services essential to the health, safety, and well-being of the City. Our members will work hard every day to maintain the highest professional standards and to earn the public trust through our actions.

Public education is a year-round process that touches all age groups in the community. We get into all elementary schools on an annual basis. We give tours to youth groups, civic organizations, and anyone who would like to see the Fire Rescue Department and learn what we do. We put on safety presentations when requested and also provide hands-on fire extinguisher training using live fire. We use the local newspaper and Facebook to get our safety messages out to the public.

A range of programs have been developed and designed to protect the lives and property of the citizens in the City of Manitowoc. This is accomplished through three specific divisions within the Manitowoc Fire Rescue Department.

### **ADMINISTRATION SERVICES DIVISION**

The Administration Services Division is responsible for all operations of the organization. Headed by the Chief of Fire Rescue, Assistant Fire Chief, and department Administrative Assistant, the duties include preparation and control of the operating budget, administration of the fire data processing systems (NFIRS), recruitment and enlistment of new employees, the provision of in-service training and education, continued evaluation of the department and its programs, and planning for future service needs. This division also administers an efficient, ongoing program for the maintenance, retention, disbursement, and preservation of incident reports and other departmental records.

### **OPERATIONS DIVISION**

The Operations Division is responsible for the delivery of fire suppression and Emergency Medical Services (EMS) for the members of the community and those who work in or travel through the City. As we move forward we continue to look for opportunities to improve service delivery and control costs. Throughout the year, personnel have made some significant fire stops to prevent further damage and provided the highest level of pre-hospital emergency medical care for field resuscitation of cardiac arrest patients. Fire

suppression and emergency medical treatment requires highly skilled and dedicated employees. We are proud of the excellent work our personnel do every day. They don't hesitate to do what is best for the citizens.

The Operations Division is comprised of one Captain, 11 Lieutenants, 12 Motor Pump Operators, and 27 firefighter/paramedics.

Professional enrichment is a very important component of our department operations. A properly trained fire rescue department can control and contain almost any situation with minimal damage and loss of life. Training in fire tactics is important; however, a firefighter must be trained in other areas in order to control the situations that are encountered in day-to-day operations.

#### LIFE SAFETY & NEIGHBORHOOD SERVICES DIVISION

The Life Safety & Neighborhood Services Division is composed of two disciplines; code enforcement and public education. The authority of code enforcement comes from the Wisconsin Department of Safety and Professional Services. We follow their codes, along with local ordinance, to ensure all public buildings are free from fire and life safety hazards. All buildings in Manitowoc (almost 1,600), except one- and two-family dwellings, are inspected on an annual basis. When violations are found we work with the building owner to bring the building into compliance. All new buildings are reviewed during the plan review process to make sure that they are equipped with the fire and life safety systems that the code requires.

The Manitowoc Fire Rescue Department is responsible for the leadership of our Building Inspection Department. Fire Code Enforcement and Building Inspection are dedicated to improving the quality of life and assuring the interests of life, health, and safety in the City of Manitowoc. The combining of these Divisions accomplishes this goal through the implementation of codes and standards as they relate to construction, fire and life safety, and property maintenance. It is the goal to serve the residents of Manitowoc with the highest level of professionalism, proficiency, and customer service in the industry. The Life Safety & Neighborhood Services Division consists of a lead supervisor, three civilian credentialed inspectors, one code enforcement officer, and an Administrative Assistant Professional.

In closing, the vision of the Manitowoc Fire Rescue Department is dedicated to remaining a progressive and innovative Fire Rescue Department that ensures a safe community. We shall strive to provide the best public service through innovative training, ongoing education, and cutting-edge equipment. Our ultimate goal is to provide excellent fire, rescue, and Emergency Medical Services.

# **COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT**

### PLANNING, HOUSING, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

#### **Annexations**

The City had no annexations in 2022. The total area of the City as of December 31, 2022 is 18.503 square miles, or 11,841.84 acres.

#### Housing

The City continues to offer a Community Development Housing Revolving Loan Fund program (CDBG RLF), which is available to low and moderate income (LMI) households for eligible housing rehabilitation activities. In 2022, loan payoffs were approximately \$67,900 and rehab loan payments totaled approximately \$31,400. The total outstanding loan balances dating back to 1988 are \$2.5 million, issued in 0% interest loans.

There was one new 8-lot subdivision approved in 2022 on the north side of the City.

In 2022, the Community Development Department completed the Housing Study & Needs Assessment. The goal of the study was to identify existing and future housing stock within the community, as well as focusing on a number of related areas including assessment of existing housing conditions, demographic and market demands (present and future), and identification of critical housing gaps and issues. In January, the City held a developer's roundtable to review the findings and begin discussions about strategies to fill gaps.

The department began promotion of a Downtown Residential Investment Grant; a program that would assist in the restoration or creation of upper story residential units within the downtown area. The program will ensure that a minimum of 75% will be "affordable" for a minimum of three years, with "affordable" defined as units with annual rents at or below 30% of the City's Median Income. The program goal is to offset the high cost of bringing historic structures up to current building code regulations, such as adding sprinklers or other fire protection improvements.

In 2022, the department began conversations with internal stakeholders around the development of a housing rehab and infill program. As the development of the program continues community partnerships, removing barriers to affordable housing development, and focus on rehab versus blighted residential properties will be priorities.

### **Comprehensive Plan Update**

In 2022, the department hired a consultant and began the Comprehensive Plan Update process. The Plan is the long-term plan for the City's growth and identified strategies to enhance the overall quality of life in the community for the next 20 years. The public was invited to provide input throughout the process both in person and online. It is anticipated the Plan will be approved in spring 2023.

#### **Site Plan Approvals**

The department received, reviewed, and approved site plans for 14 development projects in 2022, compared to 21 development projects in 2021. A listing of some of the larger developments can be found below.

### **Development, Land Use, & Miscellaneous Projects**

The department reviewed and approved 21 Certified Survey Maps (CSMs) in 2022 (compared to 23 CSMs reviewed in 2021). Additionally, the department facilitated the completion of five changes in zoning map requests, three zoning code text amendments, seven conditional use or special use permits, three amendments to the official map, one street vacation, as well as 12 other miscellaneous projects ranging from releasing easements to accepting or issuing Quit Claim Deeds. The department also administered one land sale, two right of first refusals, and multiple land inquiries for property in the City's Industrial Park.

### Other projects include:

- The department continued to work with the owners of the two vacant mall properties to help redevelop the properties into a higher and better use.
- The River North Apartment Complex, a catalyst site on the River Point redevelopment, is anticipated to be completed in 2023.
- Kaysun began construction on an expansion to their state-of-the-art existing facility in the I-TEC Industrial Park.
- Manitowoc Tool and Manufacturing began construction on a 42,500 square foot warehouse building in the I-TEC Industrial Park.
- Dramm Corporation completed construction on a 98,000 square foot state-of-the art corporate headquarters and production facility in the I-TEC Industrial Park.
- Color Craft Graphic Arts began construction on a 45,000 square foot warehouse addition to their existing facility in the I-TEC Industrial Park.
- Setzer Properties began construction on a 218,000 square foot distribution facility that will be leased to and operated by FedEx. This 39-acre parcel on the southwest side of the City of Manitowoc is located at the corner of Viebahn and South 42<sup>nd</sup> Streets. The facility is expected to open in summer 2023.
- Wisconsin Aluminum Foundry began construction on a 49,000 square foot addition to their existing manufacturing facility on the corner of Clark and South 16<sup>th</sup> Streets.

### **Two-Way Street Reversion**

The department was instrumental in the proposal and communication efforts for two-way street reversion. The change was approved by Common Council in August 2021 to change 8<sup>th</sup>, 10<sup>th</sup>, and 11<sup>th</sup> Streets between Washington Street and Waldo Boulevard from one-way to two-way. A few intersections were reconstructed and new signage was put up starting in spring 2022. The official change took place in August 2022.

### CDBG Close Program – Economic Development Revolving Loan Fund

The CDBG-CLOSE program began on February 1, 2019. As of that date, units of general local governments (UGLGs) who had a CDBG RLF-ED program loan were no longer allowed to make new loans. The City selected the following options related to the CDBG-CLOSE program:

- Return all Economic Development Revolving Loan Fund (RLF-ED) cash on hand to the Wisconsin Department of Administration (DOA) within two years. Any funds returned may be used by the UGLG to fund CDBG eligible projects.
- Buy out all outstanding loan receivables and return those funds to DOA and apply for those CDBG funds for CDBG eligible projects.

With total funding of just over \$4.6 million, the following projects were approved by the State of Wisconsin:

### Road Projects:

- South 30<sup>th</sup> Street / Division Street to Dewey Street
- Custer Street / South 29<sup>th</sup> Street to South 39<sup>th</sup> Street

### Public Facility - ADA Accessibility Improvements:

Rahr-West Art Museum ADA Accessible Elevator

Road projects were completed in 2021 and the Rahr-West Art Museum project was completed in the fourth quarter of 2022.

#### Grants

The department, along with the Parks Department, applied for a grant from the Wisconsin Coastal Management Program for the Water Trail Plan implementation. The \$85,000 grant request would be allocated toward wayfinding signage for the waterway trail and a kayak launch on the River Point District redevelopment.

The department worked with the Parks Department to author two Knowles-Nelson Stewardship Grants through the DNR for the establishment of bike and pedestrian trail systems through the Bayshore Development and Camp Vits Park. The ongoing project, anticipated to be completed in 2023, will provide bikers and pedestrians access to previously inaccessible parks in the City.

The department, along with the Parks Department, applied for a grant from the Wisconsin Coastal Management Program for the Water Trail Plan implementation. The \$15,000 grant award will be used toward implementing the signage recommendation for the previously approved waterways trail plan.

The department applied for and was awarded a grant from Fund for Lake Michigan. The \$100,000 will be used for the implementation of a Revetment Shelf and Floating Islands on the River Point District redevelopment.

The department applied for a Site Assessment Grant from the Wisconsin Economic Development Corporation (WEDC). The \$140,000 grant award will be used toward assessment work at River Point.

In 2022, the department applied for and received a \$500,000 cleanup grant from EPA for cleanup/remediation at River Point.

The department applied for and was awarded a \$25,000 grant from CN America in Bloom. The grant supports collaborative community greening projects that enhance landscapes in communities neighboring CN rail lines. The funds will be used toward pollinator beds and habitat restoration on River Point, the former CN peninsula.

The department applied for and was awarded a Wisconsin Assessment Monies (WAM) Grant on River Point. The grant, which is funded by the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (WDNR), provided technical services from a WDNR environmental consultant to provide environmental assessment on River Point. The funding awarded was almost \$19,000.

In 2022, the City worked with City Centre LLC to apply for a Harbor Assistance Program Grant for improvements to the Port of Manitowoc. The \$900,000 grant award will enable local manufacturers to increase the manufacturing of large cranes for the U.S. Navy. The increase in manufacturing will likely also lead to job creation.

In 2021, the department collaborated with the City of Two Rivers and Progress Lakeshore on a \$600,000 EPA Brownfields Coalition Grant. Projects are ongoing and the monies have been used on a regional basis to investigate perceived or known brownfield properties within the region.

The department continues to seek out and apply for grants and other funding sources as they fit for new and ongoing projects.

### **Downtown Façade Grant Program**

This program provides financial assistance for the rehabilitation and upgrading of building façades. The goal is to restore and/or protect the building's original façade whenever possible.

Proposed façade applicants must demonstrate that their project is comprehensive in addressing doors, windows, and other architectural features on the building. Total eligible project costs per building façade must be over \$2,000 (\$1,000 Owner match + \$1,000 Program match) to be eligible for a façade grant. The maximum rebate from the City will be \$50,000 (\$25,000 per façade, up to two) and a minimum of \$1,000 per building façade, however the City Council reserved the right to make the final determination as to the total city share for each project based on the individual completed project's resulting impact on the purpose and goal of the Program.

Grants awarded in 2022 include:

- 1221 Franklin Street, Maritime Museum restoration space
- 834 South 8<sup>th</sup> Street, two retail spaces
- 902 Jay Street, a former cocktail lounge
- 1507 Washington Street, across from Mirro site

#### Downtown

In addition to providing economic support and direct financing, the department works to support the environment for business growth and entrepreneurship through planning efforts. In 2022, the department continued providing maintenance oversight and support for existing streetscape.

In 2022, funds for downtown projects were shifted toward the two-way street reversion project and all associated construction and signage needs. In the interim, a long-term downtown master plan was developed and will begin phase implementation in 2023.

Launched in 2022 via social media channels were monthly Downtown Spotlights that highlight a downtown business to share stories, photos, and celebrations. In addition to awareness, the secondary goal is to increase traffic to the downtown businesses and community.

### **River Point District**

The department continued work with a civil engineering and environmental consultant on the construction plans for the River Point District. The property was formerly owned by Wisconsin Central Ltd. Canadian National Railroad and is now the largest redevelopment parcel in the downtown in the history of the City.

The City has had continued discussions with several developers about projects on the River Point District. River North, an 87-unit apartment complex, broke ground in 2021 and is estimated to be completed in spring 2023.

In 2022, infrastructure improvements including the construction of River Point Drive, as well as Buffalo Street and York Street extensions, were completed. Additionally, the new 11th Street Boulevard was completed, along with seating and landscaping throughout the project site. Planning for the next phase of development also began in 2022 for improvements planned in 2023.

Department staff attended the National Brownfields Conference in the fall of 2022 and were invited to present a poster on the River Point District. The poster presented the history, development to date, funding stack, and future plans for the site. In addition to networking with EPA officials, staff utilized the professional development opportunities to learn more about best practices.

### **Tax Incremental Districts and Financing**

The department led the process of creating a new Industrial TID #23 to help provide funding for infrastructure and improvements needed to develop a new industrial park.

### TID #21 – Manitowoc Tool & Manufacturing (MTM)

Project Development Agreement for \$420,000 for Pay-Go TIF Grant.

Total project costs of approximately \$6.5 million for site preparation, equipment, and construction of a 42,000 square foot state-of-the-art manufacturing/warehouse facility. The purpose of the project is to support continued expansion of MTM's operations in order to measurably increase production, which will also result in job creation.

### TID #21 – Kona Realty, LLC

Project Development Agreement for \$669,000 for Pay-Go TIF Grant.

Total project costs of approximately \$7.2 million for site preparation, construction, and equipment purchases for a 65,000 square foot expansion. The purpose is to allow expansion of Kaysun Corporation's office, manufacturing, and warehouse operations in order to measurably increase production, which will also result in job creation.

#### **Farmers Market**

In 2022, the Downtown Farmers Market continued to grow and expand. The Market Manager, hired in 2020, continued in the role to support the Market and manage day-of operations, including social media and vendor communication. Ample safety measures continued to be in place, but Market attendance significantly increased. 60+ vendors participated and more than 45,000 visitors attended this weekly Saturday event. Families utilizing EBT benefits to purchase Market Bucks for the purchase of fresh, local produce increased drastically, by more than 500%, thanks to staffing support by a local UW-Extension intern.

### **Geographic Information System (GIS/Website)**

The City's overall Geographic Information System (GIS) is maintained by the department. The department, in coordination with the Engineering Department, updates the City's parcels, base map, zoning, Official Map, aldermanic districts, and annexation maps as changes occur.

GIS layers that are linked to the City's Ascent database are regularly used by several departments. These layers are used continuously to query fields in the database and to create mailing lists for the Community Development, Public Infrastructure, Parks & Recreation, Assessors, Building Inspection, Public Works, Police, and Fire Departments and Divisions, as well as Manitowoc Public Utilities (MPU).

All GIS software and maintenance agreements were upgraded by the department to the latest upgrade available. One department staff and two Public Infrastructure staff used the software on a daily basis in 2022. In 2022, the department continued to maintain and improve its own GIS Server to evolve the online mapping presence of the City. The server allows for the City to create useful applications to be posted on the City web page for the use of the public, as well as internal web maps used by various city departments. The department continues its partnership with Manitowoc County to provide mapping and assessment

information on the internet via ESRI's ArcGIS Server software. The City continues to update/add new applications and make maps available on the City's website.

The department completed several mapping and graphic arts projects for use by the department and the City's Plan Commission, as well as the City Council, Mayor, Public Infrastructure, Assessor, Cemetery, Parks, Police, Fire, Building Inspection, Clerk, Rahr-West, Maritime Metro Transit, and Finance Department.

The City's property address system is a department function. The staff coordinates with Manitowoc County's E-911 system on maintaining all city addresses for the purpose of dispatch. The addresses are also a part of the City's GIS geodatabase.

As part of the department's mapping it annually reviews and updates Chapter 1 of the Municipal Code entitled "Boundaries" and updates the legal description of the city limits based on annexations.

### Marketing

In 2022, department staff provided five community presentations regarding community development activities. The presentations included information on Downtown activities, including Façade Grants, housing, available loan programs, River Point, and more.

The department continues to promote the revolving loan program Propel Manitowoc, a USDA and city-funded program targeted toward business development. In addition, outreach to and follow-up with developers who have expressed interest in city sites continues.

The department continues to work closely with the county-wide economic development organization Progress Lakeshore, and the regional economic development organization NEW North, to market the Manitowoc community to prospective businesses and residents. The department lists its available industrial park and other redevelopment properties on the *Locate in Wisconsin* commercial real estate website. In addition, the department maintains a partnership with the Chamber of Manitowoc County toward overall marketing of the community.

#### **Department Staff**

In 2022, the department filled the Planner-Business & Housing Development position left vacant in late 2021 due to a staff resignation.

From June through August 2022, the department had an intern who provided department support for the downtown tree data collection for GIS, a bike audit, and the Comprehensive Plan Update.

### **Assessor's Office**

Accurate Appraisal, a national appraisal company, is currently the statutory assessor for the City. Consultants from Accurate Appraisal provide one day each week of onsite service for local inquiries and conduct the remainder of their work remotely. They also provide additional local field work in order to fulfill the property valuation responsibilities of their contract. The combination of city staff and consultant assistance provides the right balance of local customer service and quality professional service at a reasonable cost.

### **BUILDING INSPECTION DEPARTMENT**

### **All Building Permits**

	Permits, Number Of	Project, Value of	Project, Value of
<u>Year</u>	<b>Building Only</b>	<b>Building Only</b>	All Trades (B+MEP)
2022	734	\$82,171,788	\$112,064,613
2021	787	\$67,881,492	\$89,796,322
2020	711	\$40,602,143	\$52,524,950

### **Residential Development**

2022 new residential construction in the City added a total of 18 new residential structures, creating 19 dwelling units. The estimated new residential construction cost for 2022 was \$6,946,443.

1 - Family	Structures:	17	Units:	17
2 - Family	Structures:	1	Units:	2
3 & 4 - Family	Structures:	0	Units:	0
5 or More - Family	Structures:	0	Units:	0

2021 new residential construction in the City added a total of 20 new residential structures, creating 141 dwelling units. The estimated new residential construction cost for 2021 was \$19,404,786.

1 - Family	Structures:	11	Units:	11
2 - Family	Structures:	3	Units:	6
3 & 4 - Family	Structures:	0	Units:	0
5 or More - Family	Structures:	6	Units:	124

2020 new residential construction in the City added a total of 23 new residential structures, creating 77 dwelling units. The estimated new residential construction cost for 2020 was \$5,980,603.

1 - Family	Structures:	15	Units:	15
2 - Family	Structures:	3	Units:	6
3 & 4 - Family	Structures:	0	Units:	0
5 or More - Family	Structures:	5	Units:	56

### **Commercial Development**

2022 Commercial Construction Permits - Building Only

Permits: 162 Value \$67,787,245

2021 Commercial Construction Permits - Building Only

Permits: 137 Value \$38,012,159

2020 Commercial Construction Permits - Building Only

Permits: 116 Value \$23,702,571

### **Major Commercial Development Projects**

2022 Top Commercial & Multi-Family Projects			2021 Top Commercial & Multi-Family Projects			
Project	Туре	Construction Value	Project	Туре	Construction Value	
Fed Ex	New Distribution Center 218,295 SF	\$32,631,232	Ammo	New Manufacturing 160,000 SF	\$12,240,000	
Kaysun	Addition 55,000 SF	\$4,500,000	River Point	New 87-Unit Apartment	\$11,681,891	
МТМ	New Warehouse 42,500 SF	\$2,200,000	Dramm Corp	New Manufacturing 84,000 SF	\$4,050,000	
Kwik Trip	Addition & Fuel Canopy 2,854 SF	\$2,000,000	Bank First	Operations Center 13,100 SF	\$3,700,800	
Color Craft	Addition 45,070 SF	\$1,700,000	Redline Plastics	Addition 103,125 SF	\$3,316,130	
Wal-Mart	Interior Alteration 8,474 SF	\$1,398,887	Dramm Corp	Addition 14,580 SF	\$2,333,000	
Dunham's Sports	Tenant Build Out 52,546 SF	\$936,905	Briess	Addition 1,550 SF	\$1,590,000	
Southfield Townhomes	New Community/Office Building 4,693 SF	\$801,500	Southfield Townhomes	Exterior Alterations	\$1,499,264	
Paper Pellet Storage	Early Start Footing / Foundation Only	\$793,729	Calvary Assembly	New Structure 11,937 SF	\$940,150	
Manitowoc Family Dental	Addition 2-Levels 3,118 SF	\$771,000	Rahr-West	Addition 2,665 SF	\$800,000	
Kaysun	Re-roof	\$450,000	НМІ	12,800 SF Addition	\$631,096	
Manitowoc County	Child Support Agency & Court Rm Alt 6,127 SF	\$396,390	EastPoint Rentals	Tenant Build Outs 13,030 SF	\$545,000	
Kaysun	Early Start Footing / Foundation Only	\$380,000	Dramm Corp	Build Out 7,414 SF	\$540,000	

# **DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE**

The Department of Public Infrastructure plans, budgets, administers, and directs Public Infrastructure activities for the City of Manitowoc. This includes all phases of municipal engineering, public construction projects, and the operation and maintenance of any and all infrastructure within the public right-of-way, as well as on city-owned property within the City of Manitowoc. In 2011 the Department of Public Works & Engineering was merged with the Parks and Recreation Department. In January of 2012, Buildings & Grounds was also added to the department. This allowed the City to realize cost efficiencies through consolidation of management and supervisory personnel. The division was renamed the Department of Public Infrastructure in December of 2012.

This department is multi-faceted with five Divisions consisting of a mix of technical, clerical, professional, and skilled personnel. The five Divisions are:

- 1. Engineering and Storm Water Management
- 2. Operations
  - Streets, lift station, sanitary and storm water maintenance
  - Cemetery
  - Forestry
  - Buildings & Grounds
  - DPW / Fleet
  - Electricians
  - Bridges / Marina
- 3. Maritime Metro Transit
- 4. Parks, Recreation, Senior Center, Aquatic Center, & Zoo
- 5. Business Management

### **ENGINEERING AND STORM WATER MANAGEMENT**

The Engineering Division's responsibilities include preliminary and detailed engineering analysis of not only Public Infrastructure projects, but also the evaluation of many privately funded projects which affect the City, such as review of new developments, building site plans, and proposed subdivisions. Engineering offers technical support to other city departments for projects in the conceptual and design phases. The Engineering Division also administers all capital project contracts from planning through construction and closeout.

On typical projects, such as sewer and street construction, signal installation, or new and replaced sidewalks, the Division is involved in all aspects of field survey, design, contract document preparation, and administration. In addition to the field work, the Division is involved in contractor coordination, construction surveying and inspection, preparation of contractor costs for payment, calculation of special assessments, and maintenance of as-built drawings.

Developmental tasks of the Division include the biennial bridge inspections, which is an in-depth look at our 13 bridges for the Wisconsin Department of Transportation (WisDOT). Underwater inspections are also completed on five city bridges every five years. The inspection of our bridges is a federally mandated requirement.

The Division monitors traffic movement through a continually changing city and the design and maintenance of the existing 37 signalized intersections. The Division also rates the condition of the roadway pavements each year in order to report bi-annually to the WisDOT using the PASER-WISLR systems.

The Division also manages and administers all solid waste (landfill) and recycling programs and issues. The Division is responsible for preparing and submitting all related annual reports to the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (WDNR).

The field survey crew establishes line and grade for all public infrastructure projects and other private development including new home construction. Historically, the Division has provided survey work for

everything from topographic surveys for development of the zoo to a vertical alignment or trimming the top of trees on the Manitowoc County Airport's glide path.

The Engineering Division recommends the annual capital projects and also develops the 5-Year Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) for the City and seeks grant funding where available. The Division was granted funds from the WisDOT for the 2019-2020 reconstruction of Waldo Boulevard from Memorial Drive to Fleetwood Drive and asphalt resurfacing on Waldo Boulevard from Fleetwood Drive to North Rapids Road. We have utilized Harbor Assistance Grants for the installation of a new dockwall at the City Centre property, Department of Commerce (CDBC) funds for reconstruction of 10th Street from Dewey Street to Madison Street, and the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) Stimulus Grant for the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) Bus Station. The City was awarded funding through the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law for South 30th Street from Dewey Street to Viebahn Street. We continue to seek funds in support of the State mandated Municipal Storm Water Permit and have used the DNR Urban and Non-Point Source and Storm Water Grants for the construction of the storm water quality pond at Dewey Street & South 35th Street.

The City continues to operate under the Wisconsin Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (WPDES) Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4) Permit. The Engineering Division is responsible for the implementation and maintenance of all programs required under this permit. The following programs are required by this permit: Public Education and Outreach, Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination System, Erosion Control, Storm Water Management, and Pollution Prevention. An annual report is compiled and submitted to the WDNR each year summarizing the measurable goals achieved under this permit.

The Public Education and Outreach program requirements are met by staff coordinating and partnering with other entities such as the Wisconsin Maritime Museum, Woodland Dunes, Lakeshore Natural Resource Partnership (LNRP), and the Northeast Wisconsin Storm Water Consortium (NEWSC). These ongoing partnerships provide for educational materials, programs, presentations, workshops and activities such as storm drain stenciling.

The Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination System program requires staff to perform annual dry weather testing on all of its 200 plus storm water outfalls. There is also an Illicit Discharge Ordinance which is enforced by this Division.

The Engineering Division is also responsible for the Erosion Control and Storm Water Management as it relates to city projects, as well as private projects. Staff enforces the requirements of the erosion control and storm water management ordinances on private projects. This requires permit review, approval, site inspection during construction, and on-going maintenance inspection of any post-construction storm water best management practices. Staff also designs, implements, and inspects erosion control on city projects.

The requirements of the Pollution Prevention program are overseen by the Engineering Division. This requires assurance that city-owned properties such as ponds, biofilters, rain gardens, etc. are properly maintained, as well as for the DPW and Parks Facilities. Staff oversees the best management practices conducted by the City such as street sweeping, catch basin cleaning, and brush and leaf pickup as they relate to the requirements of the WPDES Municipal permit.

The Division is responsible for the cadastral mapping of the City of Manitowoc. The entire city, including our three-mile extraterritorial jurisdiction, has been digitally mapped. The information includes parcel data, sanitary and storm sewers, and other items such as street right-of-way, water-based features, manholes, pipes, lateral information, lot lines and dimensions, tax parcel numbers, and addresses. All mapping has been adjusted using Global Positioning System data and referenced to the most current datum established (NAD\_1983\_HARN\_WISCRS\_Manitowoc\_County). The Division continues to work with our digital planimetric and topographic map files. We are integrated with the GIS system under development by the City's Community Development Department and the County of Manitowoc. With the full featured implementation of the GIS system and the use of GEO databases, we are able to easily place a spatial component in any analysis of Department of Public Infrastructure activities. Aerial photos and planimetrics were updated in 2020.

The mapping work spearheaded by the Engineering Division is used heavily by all city departments. We continue to get financial support from entities such as MPU and other departments. In addition, we supply the product to local engineering firms as well as to developers, plumbers, and other real estate concerns.

#### **OPERATIONS DIVISION**

The Operations Division is the largest division in the department, responsible for maintaining 190 miles of streets, 28 alleys, over 150 miles of mainline storm sewers, 190 miles of mainline sanitary sewers, 13 Lift Stations, 36 Parks, Manitowoc Marina, DPW and Parks buildings and grounds, Forestry, Evergreen Cemetery, Fleet, and Bridges.

The streets of the City are plowed by the Division during the winter and swept an average of once every five days during the rest of the year. They also patch and restore over 300 concrete and asphalt pavement excavations, following up after service by the various utilities and plumbers. Annual crack sealing maintenance is performed, when crews are available, to extend the life of all city streets.

Prior to winter, they install winter equipment on city trucks. They fill and place 140 sand barrels at various locations throughout the City, erect one mile of snow fence at 10 sites, and reconnoiter their plow routes. Equipment is prepared for mobilization on short notice for winter storms. The Division brings over 30 pieces of equipment (including hired equipment) to bear on snow removal and ice control to maintain 95 miles of salt routes and 190 miles of city streets.

They maintain 7,600 traffic signs, monitor 37 signalized intersections, snow removal on city sidewalks and city parking lots, weed cutting on city property, and the enforcement of the City's weed and sidewalk shoveling ordinances. The Division also provides one yard waste pick-up per year and a spring cleanup in April. They also pick up fallen leaves as necessary during October and November of each year. Each year the Division installs all the City's holiday decorations and decorative banners. They provide traffic control for road emergencies, public construction projects, and special events. In addition, they are also responsible for maintaining the quality of the City's urban forest. The Streets labor force includes a City Forester. They devote some of their time to the pruning of tree limbs and removal of diseased or dead trees. The City of Manitowoc is in its 39th year of being named a Tree City.

Sanitary Sewers are cleaned annually as a preventative measure, including new installation and repairs on sanitary and storm sewers. The lift stations and sewers are maintained through a regular program of inspection and cleaning throughout the year. In 1999, the Division took over responsibility for the

maintenance of all sanitary sewer lift stations from the City's Wastewater Treatment Facility (WWTF). The Division currently maintains 13 sanitary lift stations. These lift station maintenance expenses are funded by the WWTF.

The care and maintenance of Evergreen Cemetery is another important facet of the Operations Division. Evergreen Cemetery was founded on April 30, 1852 and consists of 79 acres of finely manicured lawn and gardens in the original section. Evergreen West consists of 27 acres of land available for additional development. We average 165 burials per year. Cremations presently account for 52% of that total, and the Cemetery has added two columbariums to accommodate the increasing popularity of this burial method. Evergreen Cemetery has nearly 5,000 spaces available for sale. The City anticipates continuing to use the main area of the existing 79 acre developed part of the cemetery for the next 30 years.

Evergreen Cemetery is staffed with 3 full-time employees augmented by seasonal staff in the summer. The beauty of the Cemetery is due in part to the more than 6,000 flowers planted annually by Cemetery workers. There are also 1,100 trees consisting of 40 different species. Some of the rarer varieties include the Japanese Ginkgo, Purple Beech, Camperdown Elm, Buckeye, and Ironwood. A new fund was established in 2006 for perpetual care and a portion of the proceeds from plot sales are deposited within it to offset the on-going costs of maintaining the grounds of the cemetery.

This Division also handles all the rolling assets and many of the capital assets of the City. This includes all city-owned vehicles, DPW and Parks buildings, and bridges. It also manages the day-to-day maintenance and operations of our port and harbor, and has responsibility for the City's boat launch ramps and shorelines.

The mechanics operate as an Internal Service Fund (ISF). This fund is sometimes referred to as a Motor Pool. The goal is for this fund to balance by charging other divisions and departments for their services. This allows users of the ISF to be aware of and manage their costs for mechanized equipment. Organizations supported include Manitowoc Public Utilities, the Manitowoc Public School System, and Manitowoc Police and Fire Department vehicles. The City shop is currently staffed with four full-time mechanics and remains on call for emergencies 24 hours a day.

Mechanics also supply backup support to all functions of the Streets Division for emergency work, and are the primary source for harbor and marina work. This Division also maintains the City Gravel Pit and works with the consultants engaged by the Engineering Division toward the environmental remediation of the area.

The Operations Division also maintains and operates the 8th Street and 10th Street Lift Bridges utilizing four seasonal employees. The 8th Street Bridge has two consoles - one for itself and another for the 10th Street Bridge, which allows one operator to manage both bridges. The operator is connected to the 10th Street Bridge by a network of cameras and fiber optic cable, allowing them to monitor the operation of the 10th Street Bridge. The bridges are manned from 4:30 am until 10:30 pm, seven days a week, from April 1st to October 31st. Off-hour operations are performed as needed by an operator on call. In addition, off-season bridge operations are possible requiring 12-hour notice.

The operation of the Lift Bridges is nearly fully funded through the State Lift Bridge Aid program. The regulations describing the bridge operation are in the Federal Register. Maintenance of the channel

extending through the Bridges is the responsibility of the US Army Corps of Engineers. The department also submits annual bridge lift reports to the DOT.

We are proud of the fact that, with the reduction of 52% of the staff by the end of 2011, the Operations Division continues to maintain the City's infrastructure and the addition of mandated programs to the best of the Division's ability for the citizens of Manitowoc. This has been accomplished by constant shifting of staff between DPW, Parks, Mechanics, and Cemetery crews as needed. We continue to pursue new efficiencies in our operations.

#### MARITIME METRO TRANSIT

Maritime Metro Transit (MMT) originated on January 1, 1978 when the City of Manitowoc took over the operation from a private operator. System funds are generated from four major sources – Federal and State Government Subsidies, grants, local property taxes, and fare box revenues. In its present form, the system consists of six fixed bus routes with five of these routes making 30-minute circuits and one making a 60-minute circuit (service to Two Rivers). In addition, MMT coordinates the paratransit system serving both city and county residents. The paratransit service provides transportation for those elderly or disabled citizens who cannot use the bus or are not near a bus route. This latter group includes the County's rural transportation program.

MMT has instituted a pass system to reward regular riders. These changes, with an aggressive marketing stance, have resulted in a steadily increasing revenue stream from fares. All the changes have had little effect on the local property tax support as the increased volume has paid the "fare."

We continue to explore innovative means of reaching the elderly and disabled who need transportation assistance. MMT has partnered with Manitowoc County in several areas, including providing service to the County's rural clients through the City's contract with its own provider for paratransit service. This allows a lower overall cost per ride, makes available state and federal assistance, and provides a single source for transportation to the target population.

The new 4,000 square foot intermodal transfer building was designed in 2011, with construction completed in October of 2012. This Transfer Center is energy efficient and completely ADA accessible.

### **BUILDING AND GROUNDS**

Responsible for the care and maintenance of all city-owned buildings.

Custodial, HVAC, electrical, plumbing, security systems, grounds keeping, painting, and carpentry projects are undertaken to enhance the functionality, attractiveness, and safety of the City's facilities.

### PARKS, RECREATION, SENIOR CENTER, AQUATIC CENTER, & ZOO

Maintenance of the City's 36 parks occupies the full-time attention of the Parks staff. They are augmented by seasonal help during the summer. Their mission is to keep the parks of the City well-manicured and ready to be enjoyed by all citizens. Parks personnel are responsible for maintaining all of the landscape of the City park system as well as the maintenance of the facilities and equipment within them, repairing constant vandalism as it occurs and maintaining all of the playground equipment to ADA standards.

Through the Senior Center and the Recreation Division, the City of Manitowoc strives to offer programs for its citizens no matter what their age. From Archery and Zumba, Youth and Adult Leagues, to Arts Camps and Tai Chi, all of the city facilities are busy with all ages participating in programs.

The Recreation programs are funded through a combination of fees, tax levy, and community donations. With over 29,000 registrations, the cost of each individual program is kept low to be within the reach of all city families.

The Recreational programs offered through the City of Manitowoc attract over 99,000 participants. Utilizing both the facilities of the City of Manitowoc and the Manitowoc Public School District, competition and instruction programs remain an important aspect of the quality of life for residents of the City. A new facility added to the Recreation area has been an 18-hole mini golf course, made possible by a \$325,000 donation by the Friends of the Aquatic Center. A third phase to the Family Aquatic Center was constructed in 2020 in time to open for the 2021 season.

The City of Manitowoc's Recreation Division also maintains relations with over 70 community and sports clubs to provide facilities and equipment for their fundraising and program activities. We continue to work with all organizations that approach us with ideas for improving the quality of life in the City.

The Manitowoc Senior Center is an important community element that serves the older population of the City and their families. The participation for the programs at the Manitowoc Senior Center exceeds 77,000. Sponsored activities include excursions locally and throughout the state, meetings, instructional and recreational programs, and communal meals. The Center is the recipient of over 20,000 community volunteer hours, enabling more services to be delivered than might be available through public means.

The Lincoln Park Zoo remains a valued city attraction and is also cared for by the Parks & Recreation Division. Renewed interest in the exhibits and activism by the local Zoological Society has spurred a remodeling and updating of the Zoo's physical plant. In 2011 and 2012, a multitude of trip hazards were addressed through \$75,000 worth of reconstructed pathways. An exciting new addition in 2012 was *Lights in Lincoln Park*, open nightly from December 7th through December 31st. *Lights in Lincoln Park* was sponsored by the Zoological Society with all proceeds benefitting the zoo and zoo animals. The Cat Exhibit was renovated in 2014 and two cougars were added from the Species Survival Program. A new whitetail deer exhibit has also been created to make it a more natural setting for the deer. Zoo keepers will be working on more educational activities in hopes of taking their show on the road. Social media has played an important role in getting the message out to the public to come and see our free "gem" in the City. In addition, ambitious planning efforts are underway to develop a new aviary exhibit in the area of the former deer exhibit. Interactive areas, including a wing span area near the birds of prey, and a cat jumping educational area near the cat exhibit, have been added to provide more interactive visits for children.

### **SUMMARY**

In all, the Department of Public Infrastructure is a fast-moving organization comprised of professionals with highly developed skills. These skills allow a flexible response to the challenges and opportunities facing the City while keeping costs and taxes as low as possible.

# **DEPARTMENT OF TOURISM (VISIT MANITOWOC)**

The mission of the Department of Tourism is to promote the Manitowoc area as a premier tourist destination statewide, nationally, and beyond. The department is funded through room tax dollars from Manitowoc lodging establishments.

In 2022, the Department of Tourism began serving as the official Destination Marketing Organization. In February, a Director was hired. The Destination Sales & Marketing Manager was hired in March and the Media & Special Events Coordinator was hired in April.

2022 was a year of growth and development for this new department. Key projects included developing a brand (Visit Manitowoc), creating and launching a research-driven visual identity and logo, and building a new website which is anticipated to launch in the first quarter of 2023. The department executes a multifaceted marketing and advertising strategy across mediums to increase visits and overnight stays in the City, which includes a mix of print and digital, social media, staged professional photo shoots, a podcast, video projects, public relations, and attendance at regional and national tradeshows and conferences. The department is responsible for overseeing the planning and implementation of special events occurring in the City, chairs the City's internal Special Events Committee, and coordinates city events. A grant program to provide funding for special events to market these events, Discover Manitowoc, is also managed by the department. The department also oversees the City's Multicultural International Relations Association (MIRA), the committee for the sister city relationship between Manitowoc and Kamogawa, Japan.

In November, the department moved their office out of City Hall and began renting a building in the heart of Manitowoc's downtown. This space now serves as the department's office and a year-round visitor information center. The location was selected due to the close proximity to the S.S. Badger Lake Michigan Car Ferry, downtown attractions and businesses, and public events. During the S.S. Badger's sailing season, the department operates another visitor information center out of the S.S. Badger's ticket office, a building owned by the City. The department completed a first phase of renovations in 2022 to best serve passengers and developed plans for phase two to be completed for the 2023 sailing season.

The department maintains state and national memberships with the following organizations: American Bus Association, Group Travel Family, Meeting Professionals International, National Tour Association, Wisconsin Agricultural Tourism Association, and Wisconsin Lodging & Hotel Association. In addition, the department partners closely with the Chamber of Manitowoc County, Progress Lakeshore, City of Two Rivers, and Travel Wisconsin to best promote the City of Manitowoc.

# **MANITOWOC PUBLIC LIBRARY**

Manitowoc Public Library has had the great honor of serving the community of Manitowoc for over 120 years. Since its inception in 1900, Manitowoc Public Library has strived to meet the intellectual and recreational needs of our ever-changing and thriving community. While Manitowoc Public Library is currently located on the beautiful lakeshore of Lake Michigan, the Library has been housed in three other locations over the decades: The O. Torrison Building (1900-1904), on 8th Street (1904-1969), on Hamilton Street (1969-1998), and now the current location at 707 Quay Street since 1998. The current two-story,

52,000-square foot facility was funded at a cost of \$3.56 million through a joint venture between the Manitowoc Public Library Foundation and the City of Manitowoc.

Manitowoc Public Library is part of the Manitowoc-Calumet Library System (MCLS), which includes six libraries in Manitowoc and Calumet counties - Manitowoc, Lester (Two Rivers), Kiel, Brillion, Chilton, and New Holstein Public Libraries. With Manitowoc Public Library serving as the Resource Library, the six MCLS libraries are open to all residents of the two counties. Each county reimburses the city libraries for serving county residents outside taxed areas. MCLS, which has its own staff and governing Board of Trustees, provides services to the six libraries, including interlibrary loan, delivery, backup reference, consulting, continuing education for library staff, planning and support for library technology, and other assistance. The MCLS office, delivery van, and staff are housed in Manitowoc Public Library. Manitowoc Public Library, like the other libraries in MCLS, maintains its own plan for services and is governed by a separate Board of Trustees. MCLS also has agreements with other Wisconsin library systems, which allow Manitowoc and Calumet County residents access to nearly all of Wisconsin's public libraries statewide.

Manitowoc Public Library was built with the vision of providing free access to information for all community members of Manitowoc. The Library offers a range of materials to borrow, technology to explore, rooms for public use, and programming for all ages. Each year, Manitowoc Public Library lends more than 374,000 items from its collection of over 422,000 books, magazines, newspapers, digital books, CDs, DVDs, and other materials. More recently, the building has been updated to include a makerspace room, a fully-equipped business center, internal and external Wi-Fi internet, and flexible shelving to accommodate large programs and exhibits. Library study and meeting rooms continue to serve as a unique community asset, accommodating large and small community groups, organizations, and businesses.

The mission of Manitowoc Public Library is to promote a culture of reading and to provide access to information. Through services and programming, we strive to foster an environment that meets the educational, recreational and cultural needs of the community. Staff coordinate and implement a wide range of programs to reach library users of all ages. Facilitating hundreds of educational and recreational programs each year, the Library serves a spectrum of needs, from small-group technology instruction to community-wide events. Attendance at these programs exceeds 17,000 people yearly.

Manitowoc Public Library's operational expenses are supported primarily through municipal, county, and state funding; however, the Library also receives funding through its two fundraising organizations: the Manitowoc Public Library Foundation and the Friends of Manitowoc Public Library. Each of these volunteer organizations is governed by its own Board of Directors. The Manitowoc Public Library Foundation serves as a permanent source of funding for the Library, enhancing library collections, programming, and facilities. Through short-term fundraising and membership fees, the Friends of Manitowoc Public Library serves to promote literacy efforts at the Library by funding reading programs throughout the year. Both the Friends and the Foundation are registered 501(c)(3) nonprofit organizations.

### WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY

The City of Manitowoc owns and operates its Wastewater Treatment Facility (WWTF) located at 1015 S Lakeview Drive. The current site has been utilized since 1939. Increased waste loadings, ageing equipment, and changing environmental regulations made plant upgrades necessary in 1959, 1974, 1998, and 2017. National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit WI-0024601 benchmarks the requirements for compliant effluent discharge to Lake Michigan. The WWTF protects the health, safety, and welfare of the public by efficient operation and maintenance, maximizing the removal of pollutants both entering the facility and its discharge.

In order to accomplish this, the City of Manitowoc regulates the construction and use of all 189 miles of the sanitary sewers and the drains connected to the sanitary system. The Wastewater Facility is also the control authority for the mandated industrial pretreatment program, which limits the amount and type of pollutants that industries can discharge into the sanitary system. There are a total of 24 permitted industries that are required to sample and analyze their discharge for metals and other contaminants that have potential to harm the structures, equipment, or the bacteria used in the treatment process. In 2022, the WWTF treated and discharged an average of 6.44 million gallons per day.

The City Ordinance governing the Wastewater Treatment Facility and the sanitary sewer system is found in Section 25 of the City of Manitowoc Municipal Code. The WWTF is staffed 24/7/365 with 15 employees that operate and maintain the processes and equipment at the facility. DPW staff jet and maintain the sanitary sewer system and check and maintain the 13 sewage lift stations.

Residuals remaining after the water purification process are beneficially reused to fertilize local agricultural lands. The City of Manitowoc is responsible for one of the largest biosolids land application programs in the State of Wisconsin. Each year more than 500 acres of crop land receive the nutrient rich biosolids. Land application can only be done on soils deemed appropriate and certified by the Wisconsin DNR. The nutrient levels in the biosolids are analyzed and injected into the soil according to the agronomic rate for the crop that is to be planted. The application of biosolids completes the cycle and returns the nutrients and organic matter to the land. The reclaimed water is returned to Lake Michigan via an outfall located 500 feet out from the southeast corner of WWTF property.

\*Effective January 1, 2023, the City of Manitowoc will transfer the Treatment Plant Operations of the Wastewater Treatment Facility to Manitowoc Public Utilities (MPU), which is owned by the City.

# **MANITOWOC PUBLIC UTILITIES**

Manitowoc Public Utilities (MPU) is a municipality-owned electric and water utility serving approximately 18,400 electric accounts and 13,900 water accounts in the City of Manitowoc. In 2022, MPU generated approximately 57% of its system electric load natively and imported the remainder on an economic basis through wholesale suppliers or MISO energy market. MPU's water supply is taken primarily from Lake Michigan and is purified with a state-of-the-art micro-filtration treatment facility.

The main benefits of municipal ownership of the Utility are its tax contribution to the City. In 2022, MPU was the highest contributor to the City of Manitowoc's tax role with payments of \$3,698,900. MPU had operating revenues of \$78,417,000 in 2022, on an asset base of \$272,700,000. In addition, MPU made a payment of \$259,800 to the City of Manitowoc from the sale of water to the CBCWA.

The Utility has its roots going back to 1889, with the City of Manitowoc granting John Schuette permission to construct and operate an electric plant in the City. The electric plant was established in the building adjoining Mr. Schuette's flour and grist mill. The loads served were primarily street lighting, and later evolved into indoor and plant lighting. The utility provided a "turn-key" operation, including wiring, lamps, and switches. The initial customer operating time was from dusk to 9 p.m.; however, customer demand was growing steadily.

The Manitowoc Waterworks Company was also established in 1889 by brothers Eugene and T.W. Gray. The City purchased the waterworks company in 1911 and the electric plant in 1914. The two utilities were merged to form Manitowoc Public Utilities. Over the years, plant additions have been constructed, equipment has been improved and modernized, and technological advances have improved customer service to today's high standards. Electric power is supplied through 238 miles of electric distribution lines and seven substations. Power generation assets include over 100 megawatts of capacity between the Municipal Power Plant facility on Columbus Street and the gas turbine/generator at the Custer Street Energy Center.

Drinking water is supplied from a state-of-the-art microfiltration plant and two collector wells on the shore of Lake Michigan. Microfiltration uses membrane fibers to filter water, providing an absolute barrier against water borne viruses and bacteria such as cryptosporidium and giardia. In 2014, MPU celebrated 100 years of service to the community.

MPU is the largest of 81 municipally-owned electric utilities in the State of Wisconsin. The water utility pumped about 2.1 billion gallons of water into its distribution system in 2022, while the electric utility delivered over 524 million kilowatt hours to customers. MPU also maintains approximately 5,600 street and security lights in the City.

MPU also provides steam and hot water to several end users. Steam from the MPU Power Plant is sold to several customers via a district-heating loop. This steam system can be supplied directly from one of MPU's solid fuel boilers, indirectly from one of MPU's turbines, or from one of three gas fired boilers; boiler 10 installed in 2012, and boilers 11 and 12 installed in 2016. These multiple sources allow flexibility for electrical power supply purposes and provide additional reliability for the steam system.

MPU also provides fiber optic cable services. The fiber optic network currently has 115 customer connection points.

An agreement was executed with Central Brown County Water Authority (CBCWA) to supply wholesale water to six communities in Brown County, north of Manitowoc County, beginning December 2006. The capital costs to meet the water needs were paid by the Authority. In 2022 approximately 2.5 billion gallons of water were delivered to the CBCWA.

MPU employs approximately 95 full-time employees and 1 part time employee. The Utility is run separately from City government and is managed by a General Manager. The General Manager reports to a Public Utility Commission, which is comprised of seven members: The Mayor of Manitowoc, one City

Council member, and five appointed citizens. Activities of the Utility are regulated by the Public Service Commission of Wisconsin (PSCW).

In 2018, MPU and the City of Manitowoc entered into an intergovernmental agreement transferring management and oversight of the Wastewater Treatment Facility operations to MPU from the City. In 2022, MPU and the City completed a sewer rate analysis and financial statement analysis to prepare for the formal transition of the Wastewater Treatment Facility to MPU as of January 1, 2023.

### MANITOWOC PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICT

In the Manitowoc Public School District (MPSD), we believe that learning should give students the tools to make their dreams come true. We want students to develop a depth of understanding that will serve them now and equip them for a future that will surely amaze and challenge them.

New mission and vision statements and core values were adopted in 2017 to help guide the MPSD in becoming the best district in the universe.

**Mission Statement:** The MPSD commits to educate, engage and inspire all learners to thrive in a global community.

Vision Statement: Inspiring Education-Empowering Community-Unleashing Potential

Core Values: Relationships-Compassion-Collaboration-Dedication-Integrity-Inspiration

The MPSD is a caring and supportive community of staff, students, and parents.

Every child is an individual and learns in different ways. Children of the same age and in the same grade may have different levels of achievement and that is why MPSD teachers use a wide variety of teaching methods.

The district operates under a Board of Education, which consists of seven citizens elected at large by voters of the district. The Board members are responsible for administrative supervision of all public schools in the district.

Superintendent James G. Feil was appointed to head the district in November 2022.

MPSD, a unified school district established in 1910, includes the entire City of Manitowoc and some of the bordering rural areas - a total of 93 square miles. The district has the 28th largest enrollment among the 426 public school districts in the state.

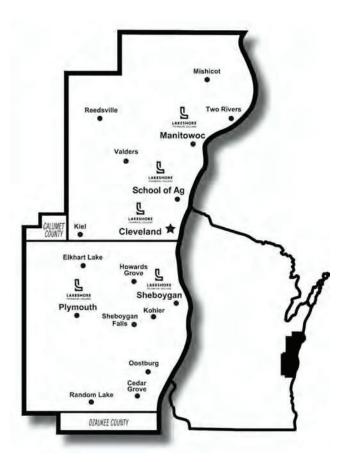
The MPSD has one comprehensive high school, an alternative high school (operating as a charter school), two middle schools, five 5K-5th grade elementary schools, and one elementary school 4K-5th grade and Head Start students.

The MPSD employees almost 900 staff members.

## LAKESHORE TECHNICAL COLLEGE

Lakeshore Technical College (Lakeshore) is a public, two-year post-secondary educational institution focused on technical education. One of 16 comprehensive technical colleges in Wisconsin which operates under the coordination of the Wisconsin Technical College System, Lakeshore is locally governed by a nine-member District Board whose representation is determined by State Statute.

Located in east central Wisconsin, Lakeshore serves a district measuring approximately 1,200 square miles, covering Manitowoc and Sheboygan counties and small portions of Calumet and Ozaukee counties. The main campus, consisting of five instructional buildings and one facilities building on a 154-acre site, is in the Village of Cleveland, Wisconsin, centrally located between the District's two primary city centers, Manitowoc and Sheboygan. In addition to the main campus, the College operates learning sites located within the cities of Sheboygan and Manitowoc, the School of Agriculture located adjacent to the Farm Wisconsin Discovery Center in Newton in Manitowoc County, and in various district high schools. Lakeshore demonstrates a commitment to excellence through its focus on workforce preparation, access and affordability, institutional effectiveness, and responsiveness to community needs. Partnerships in the community, with businesses and with education, both K-12 and post-secondary, are key to building career pathways which help keep the economy strong.



# **UW-GREEN BAY, MANITOWOC**

The University of Wisconsin-Green Bay, Manitowoc Campus has served the lakeshore of eastern Wisconsin for more than 50 years, helping generations of students to start their path toward a bachelor's degree. Nestled on 40 acres along the breathtaking Lake Michigan shoreline, the Manitowoc Campus offers hands-on instruction from internationally respected professors and a start on more than 200 academic programs within the UW System. Community members enjoy concerts and lectures, attend art and theater performances, and cheer for their favorite athletic teams. The campus and community celebrated the opening of a \$7 million renovation project in February 2018 featuring state-of-the-art updates to the library, a new science commons, and renovations to art studios, science labs, and classrooms.





# Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

To the City Council City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin, (City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 31, 2023.

### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.



To the City Council City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

KerberRose SC

KerberRose SC Certified Public Accountants Oshkosh, Wisconsin July 31, 2023



# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL AND STATE PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND THE WISCONSIN STATE SINGLE AUDIT GUIDELINES

To the City Council City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin

### Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal and State Program

### **Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Program**

We have audited City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* and Wisconsin *State Single Audit Guidelines* that could have a direct and material effect on each of City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin's major federal and state programs for the year ended December 31, 2022. City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin's major federal and state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal and state programs for the year ended December 31, 2022.

### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and Wisconsin State Single Audit Guidelines. Our responsibilities under those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and State Single Audit Guidelines are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal and state program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin's federal and state programs.



### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance and Wisconsin *State Single Audit Guidelines* will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin's compliance with the requirements of each major federal and state program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance and Wisconsin *State Single Audit Guidelines*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
  design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
  examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin's compliance with
  the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we
  considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and Wisconsin State Single Audit Guidelines, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal and state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

To the City Council City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and Wisconsin *State Single Audit Guidelines*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

KerberRose SC

KerberRose SC Certified Public Accountants Oshkosh, Wisconsin July 31, 2023

### **FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS SECTION**

# City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Grantor Agency/Federal Program Title	ALN	Pass-Through Agency	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	(Accrued) Deferred Revenue 1/1/22	Cash Received (Refunded)	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue 12/31/22	Total Expenditures	Subrecipient Payment
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE								
Coastal Management Grant	11.473	WI Department of Administration	AD199124-021.21	\$ (18,000)	\$ 18,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT Community Development Block Grant - Program Income Community Development Block Grant - Program Income Community Development Block Grant - Program Income	14.228 14.228 14.228	WI Department of Administration WI Department of Administration WI Department of Administration	CL-PF 20-08 CL-PF 20-09 CL-PF 20-10	(589,500) (137,303) (51,083)	598,072 772,005 56,818	- - 26,963	8,572 634,702 32,698	- - -
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development				(777,886)	1,426,895	26,963	675,972	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE Highway Safety Cluster Speed Grant (Police) Bicycle Grant (Police) Internet Crims Against Child Total Highway Safety Cluster	20.600 20.600 20.600	Direct Program Direct Program Direct Program	3950982-40-16 N/A N/A	- - - -	19,577 4,754 1,936 26,267	- - - -	19,577 4,754 1,936 26,267	9,555 - - - 9,555
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	Direct Program	N/A	(5,650)	6,878	6,551	7,779	
Total U.S. Department of Justice				(5,650)	33,145	6,551	34,046	9,555
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Federal Transit Cluster Capital Assistance Grant	20.500	Direct Program	N/A	(774,958)	774,958	477,908	477,908	
Formula Grants for Rural Areas - COVID-19 Funding	20.509	Direct Program	N/A	(831,707)	1,287,421	587,791	1,043,505	
Total U.S. Department of Transportation				(1,606,665)	2,062,379	1,065,699	1,521,413	-
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY American Rescue Plan Act - State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027 21.027	WI Department of Admin Manitowoc County, WI	550.121 Unknown	1,704,998 	1,704,998 1,162,884	(1,717,803)	1,692,193 1,162,884	
Total U.S. Department of Treasury				1,704,998	2,867,882	(1,717,803)	2,855,077	
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY EPA Coliation Assessment Grant (2021)	66.818	Direct Program	N/A		262,794		262,794	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS				\$ (703.203)	\$ 6.671.094	\$ (618.590)	\$ 5.349.302	\$ 9.555

The notes to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are an integral part of this schedule.

# City of Manitowoc, Wisconsin

# SCHEDULE OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Grantor Agency/State Program Title	State I.D. Number	Pass-Through Agency	State Identifying Number	(Accrued) Deferred Revenue 1/1/22	Cash Received (Refunded)	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue 12/31/22	Total Expenditures	Subrecipient Payment
DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES Recycling Grant	370.670	Direct Program	N/A	\$ -	\$ 217,756	\$ -	\$ 217,756	\$ -
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Paratransit Aid Transit Operating Aids - Tier C Transit Total Transit Operating Aids	395.175 395.177	Direct Program Direct Program	N/A N/A		29,680 246,700 276,380		29,680 246,700 276,380	
Harbor Assistance - City Centre - Gantry Cranes Harbor Assistance - City of MTW - Car Ferry Harbor Assistance - City Centre - Kona Cranes Total Harbor Assistance	395.263 395.263 395.263	Direct Program Direct Program Direct Program	0495-21-06 0495-21-10 0495-23-01	(111,095) (111,095)	111,095	58,599 - 464,792 523,390	58,599 - 464,792 523,390	- - - -
Total Department of Transportation				(111,095)	387,475	523,390	799,771	
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES EMS-FAP Grant EMS - Flex Grant EMS - Flex Grant - ARPA	435.167 435.167 435.167	Direct Program Direct Program Direct Program	N/A N/A N/A	- -	16,818 10,638 12,195	(16,304) 10,638 (12,195)	514 21,275 	- -
Total Department of Health Services					39,650	(17,862)	21,789	
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE Law Enforcement Drug Tracking Response (2022) Law Enforcement Agency Grant Beat Patrol Overtime	455.169 455.169 455.275	Direct Program Direct Program Direct Program	2022-DT-01-16910 N/A 2022-BP-01A-16923		32,870 - 91,834	25,119 29,039	32,870 25,119 120,873	- - -
Total Department of Justice							178,863	
TOTAL STATE PROGRAMS				\$ (111.095)	\$ 644.881	\$ 505.529	\$ 1.218.177	_\$

The notes to the schedule of expenditures of state awards are an integral part of this schedule.

### **CITY OF MANITOWOC**

Notes to the Schedules of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

### **Note 1: Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance for the City are presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the *State Single Audit Guidelines* issued by the Wisconsin Department of Administration.

The schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance include all federal and state awards of the City. Because the schedules present only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the City.

### **Note 2: Significant Accounting Policies**

Expenditures in the schedules are presented in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting and are generally in agreement with expenditures reported in the City's 2022 fund financial statements. Accounts receivable at year-end consists of federal and state program expenditures scheduled for reimbursement to the City in the succeeding year while unearned revenue represents advances for federal and state programs that exceed recorded City expenditures. Because of subsequent program adjustments, these amounts may differ from the prior year's ending balances. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance and *State Single Audit Guidelines*, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

The City has not elected to charge a de minimis rate of 10% of modified total costs.

### **Note 3: Oversight Agencies**

The federal and state oversight agencies for the City are as follows:

Federal - U.S. Department of Transportation State - Wisconsin Department of Transportation

### **Note 4: Indirect Cost Rate**

A nonfederal and state entity may have a federal and state negotiated indirect cost rate that is being used for federal and state awards. In general, under 2 CFR 200.414(f), if an entity has never received a negotiated indirect cost rate, the entity may elect to use a 10% de minimis indirect cost rate. Further, 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) states that the notes to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance must include whether or not the nonfederal and state entity has elected to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate. The City has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate.

### **CITY OF MANITOWOC**

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Section	I - Summary	of Auditor's	Results
OCCLIOII	i Cuillillai	oi Auditoi o	ILCOUITS

Basic Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting

• Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?
 None Reported

Noncompliance material to basic financial statements noted?

Federal and State Awards

Internal control over major program:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?
 None Reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance

With the *Uniform Guidance*?

No

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with State Single Audit Guidelines?

Identification of major federal program:

ALN Name of Federal Program

21.027 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund

Identification of major state programs:

State ID Number	Name of State Program
370.670	Recycling Grant
	Transit Operating Aid Cluster
395.175	Paratransit Aid
395.177	Transit Operating Aids

Audit threshold used to determine between Type A and Type B programs:

Federal Awards \$750,000 State Awards \$250,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee

### **CITY OF MANITOWOC**

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

### Section II - Financial Statement Findings

There are no findings related to the basic financial statements required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* for the year ended December 31, 2022.

### <u>Section III – Federal and State Award Findings and Questioned Costs</u>

There are no findings related to the federal and state awards for the year ended December 31, 2022.

### Section IV - Other Issues

 Does the auditor have substantial doubt as to the auditee's ability to continue as a going concern?

No

2. Does the audit report show audit issues (i.e., material non-compliance, non-material, non-compliance, questioned cost, material weakness, significant deficiencies, management letter comment, excess revenue or excess reserve) related to grant/contracts with funding agencies that require audits to be in accordance with the *State Single Audit Guidelines*:

Department of Natural Resources Department of Transportation No No

3. Was a Management Letter or other document conveying audit comments issued as a result of this audit?

Yes

